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Chemical Control/New Products

Codling moth programs and material evaluations in southern Oregon pear orchards

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Abstract: Several different programs for the control of codling moth were used in southern Oregon pear orchards during the 2002 season. Programs using mating disruption generally achieved high levels of codling moth control, although elevated levels of pear psylla required supplemental applications of materials such as Assail and Danitol in some instances. Field trials conducted at the Research Center compared Imidan to other materials, including Assail, Avaunt, Dimilin, and novaluron. Novaluron in combination with 0.25% horticultural mineral oil resulted in control of codling moth equal to Imidan and better than Dimilin.

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