

Illinois Wesleyan University Digital Commons @ IWU

John Wesley Powell Student Research Conference

2000, 11th Annual JWP Conference

Apr 15th, 10:00 AM - 11:00 AM

Are there Differences in Nutrient Assimilation among Cell-Lineages of Sea Urchin Embryos?

Ketaki K. Patel Illinois Wesleyan University

William Jaeckle, Faculty Advisor Illinois Wesleyan University

Follow this and additional works at: http://digitalcommons.iwu.edu/jwprc

Ketaki K. Patel and William Jaeckle, Faculty Advisor, "Are there Differences in Nutrient Assimilation among Cell-Lineages of Sea Urchin Embryos?" (April 15, 2000). *John Wesley Powell Student Research Conference*. Paper 19. http://digitalcommons.iwu.edu/jwprc/2000/posters/19

This Event is brought to you for free and open access by The Ames Library, the Andrew W. Mellon Center for Curricular and Faculty Development, the Office of the Provost and the Office of the President. It has been accepted for inclusion in Digital Commons @ IWU by the faculty at Illinois Wesleyan University. For more information, please contact digitalcommons@iwu.edu. ©Copyright is owned by the author of this document. Poster Presentation 39

ARE THERE DIFFERENCES IN NUTRIENT ASSIMILATION AMONG CELL-LINEAGES OF SEA URCHIN EMBRYOS?

<u>Ketaki K. Patel</u> and William Jaeckle* Department of Biology, Illinois Wesleyan University

Embryos of the sea urchins Arbacia punctulata and Lytechinus variegatus were used to test the hypothesis that differences exist among specific cell-lineages in the ability to assimilate nutrients from seawater. Embryos at different developmental stages (from unfertilized eggs to prism stage larvae) were incubated in a seawater solution of the iron-containing protein ferritin (2 mg/ml) for fixed time periods. Following each incubation period, specimens were fixed in neutral buffered formalin. To detect the presence of iron (from ferritin) in cells, experimental specimens and individuals not exposed to ferritin (controls) were incubated in a 3:2 mixture of 1% HCl and 2% Potassium ferrocyanide. The formation of a blue reaction product revealed those cells containing iron. Results indicate that the ability to assimilate nutrients is detectable between the 8-cell stage and a multicellular pre-blastula stage; and, assimilation is uniform among different cell-lineages.