

Illinois Wesleyan University Digital Commons @ IWU

John Wesley Powell Student Research Conference

2004, 15th Annual JWP Conference

Apr 17th, 1:15 PM - 2:30 PM

Redefining Participation: Towards the Understanding and Creation of an Inclusive Definition

Amy K. Atwood
Illinois Wesleyan University

David Hibbard, Faculty Advisor *Illinois Wesleyan University*

Follow this and additional works at: http://digitalcommons.iwu.edu/jwprc

Amy K. Atwood and David Hibbard, Faculty Advisor, "Redefining Participation: Towards the Understanding and Creation of an Inclusive Definition" (April 17, 2004). *John Wesley Powell Student Research Conference*. Paper 2. http://digitalcommons.iwu.edu/jwprc/2004/posters2/2

This Event is brought to you for free and open access by The Ames Library, the Andrew W. Mellon Center for Curricular and Faculty Development, the Office of the Provost and the Office of the President. It has been accepted for inclusion in Digital Commons @ IWU by the faculty at Illinois Wesleyan University. For more information, please contact digitalcommons@iwu.edu. ©Copyright is owned by the author of this document.

THE JOHN WESLEY POWELL STUDENT RESEARCH CONFERENCE - APRIL 2004

Poster Presentation P4

REDEFINING PARTICIPATION: TOWARDS THE UNDERSTANDING AND CREATION OF AN INCLUSIVE DEFINITION

Amy K. Atwood and David Hibbard* Department of Psychology, Illinois Wesleyan University

Although a great deal of research has been conducted regarding class participation (e.g., Wade, 1994; Howard & Henney, 1998; Fritschner, 2000; Bean & Peterson, 1998), researchers have systematically disregarded those students who participate best through means other than vocal contribution to class discussion. This study examined student and professor definitions of participation and the impact of those definitions on student behavior in class. It was hoped that, by investigating alternate definitions of "participation" and its ability to be objectively graded in a classroom setting, a better understanding of the culture of participation would emerge. Professors were surveyed regarding if, why, and how they require participation in their classes. Students were surveyed regarding whether or not they believe making participation mandatory helps or hinders students. A primary focus was on student motivation to participate or not to participate. Both professors and students were asked to rate how likely they thought students would be to participate in hypothetical classroom situations. Quantitative and qualitative data were collected. It is hypothesized that (a) students will be shown to have different participation styles, (b) students will have broader definitions of participation than professors, and (c) students and professors will have different perceptions of student participation in selected situations.