

Illinois Wesleyan University Digital Commons @ IWU

John Wesley Powell Student Research Conference

2007, 18th Annual JWP Conference

Apr 14th, 11:00 AM - 12:00 PM

Optical Trap Arrays with Enhanced Uniformity

Jason M. Manuel Illinois Wesleyan University

John Butler University of Illinois-Urbana

Ivan Smalyukh University of Illinois-Urbana

Ryan J. Kershner IBM Almaden Research Center

Gabriel C. Spalding, Faculty Advisor *Illinois Wesleyan University*

Follow this and additional works at: http://digitalcommons.iwu.edu/jwprc

Jason M. Manuel; John Butler; Ivan Smalyukh; Ryan J. Kershner; and Gabriel C. Spalding, Faculty Advisor, "Optical Trap Arrays with Enhanced Uniformity" (April 14, 2007). *John Wesley Powell Student Research Conference*. Paper 1. http://digitalcommons.iwu.edu/jwprc/2007/oralpres8/1

This Event is brought to you for free and open access by The Ames Library, the Andrew W. Mellon Center for Curricular and Faculty Development, the Office of the Provost and the Office of the President. It has been accepted for inclusion in Digital Commons @ IWU by the faculty at Illinois Wesleyan University. For more information, please contact digitalcommons@iwu.edu. ©Copyright is owned by the author of this document. Oral Presentation O8.1

OPTICAL TRAP ARRAYS WITH ENHANCED UNIFORMITY

Jason M. Manuel (1), John Butler(2), Ivan Smalyukh(2), Ryan J. Kershner(3) and Gabriel C. Spalding* Physics Department, Illinois Wesleyan University Department of Materials Science & Engineering, University of Illinois-Urbana IBM Almaden Research Center, San Jose, California

Optical traps are concentrations of light that restrict the movement of physical objects by way of conservation of momentum. Acoustic-optic deflectors (AODs) can steer light far more rapidly than conventional mirrors, which are limited by the inertia of the material involved. AODs work by sending controlled sound waves through a transparent medium: one can set up a periodic variation in the optical index of refraction, thereby causing light transmitted through the material to be deflected to a degree that is set by the frequency of the acoustic wave. We have written software to provide control, calibration, and analysis for AOD-generated arrays of optical traps. This software compensates for changes in efficiency and in beam aberration as the beam is deflected, modifying the laser power so as to normalize trap strengths.