



Editors: Prof. Alexandra Ioannidou, Prof. Pavel Povinec, Eleftheria Ioannidou

Welcome

We are glad to welcome you to the 6th International Conference on Environmental Radioactivity, ENVIRA 2021: Fukushima Accident – 10 years of Environmental Investigations, and New Challenges in Environmental Radioactivity Studies which will take place on-line, from December 6th to 10th, 2021.

The ENVIRA 2021 conference is assembling people from different scientific fields, from Europe and the rest of the world, dealing with similar issues. Invited plenary keynote talks by leading experts and world renowned scientists, a big variety of special sessions, panel discussions aligned with the most pressing issues in the field of Environmental Radioactivity, as well as informative technical sessions, poster sessions, and social functions will be organized during the Conference.

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Pavel P. Povinec

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INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON ENVIRONMENTAL RADIOACTIVITY, ENVIRA2021

PROGRAM

(online)

Hours are given in the Central European Time (CET) Zone

Honolulu (-11) - Los Angeles (-9) - New York, Ottawa (-6) - Rio de Janeiro (-4) - London (-1) CET (Paris, Berlin, Vienna,...) Athens (+1) - Moscow (+2) - Dubai (+3) - New Delhi (+4.30) - Beijing (+7) - Tokyo (+8) - Sydney (+10)

	Monday 6/12/2021
8.00-8:30	Conference Opening Chair: Alexandra Ioannidou, Pavel Povinec
8.00	WELCOME



Tuesday 7/12/2021				
Terrestrial radioactivity				
Chair: D. Patiris, A. Ioannidou				
13:30-14:30	Antonio Oliver Ramon Unversity of the Baleric Islands, Palma	Underground water natural radioactivity in Mallorca (Spain)		
13:30-14:30	Itzhak Orion Ben-Gurion University of the Negev, Beer-Sheva	Thorium and Radon Radioactive Half-Life Affected by Solar Flares		
13:30-14:30	Prasoon Raj Emirates Nuclear Technology Center (ENTC), Khalifa University, Abu Dhabi	Determination of soil-to-plant transfer factors in UAE vegetables, artificially spiked with salts of caesium-133 and strontium-88 – a pilot study.		
13:30-14:30	Andrey Panitskiy Institute of Radiation Safety and Ecology, of National Nuclear Center of Kazakhstan, Kurchatov	Nature of distribution of radionuclides in the vertical soil profile of Semipalatinsk Test <u>Site</u>		
13:30-14:30	Assiya Kunduzbayeva Institute of Radiation Safety and Ecology, of National Nuclear Center of Kazakhstan, Kurchatov	Research into the vertical distribution of 137Cs, 241Am speciation in soils of test places of radiological warfare agents.		
13:30-14:30	Sixuan Li Department of Physics, Peking University, Beijing	Level and distribution of plutonium in surface soils cross China: a review		
13:30-14:30	Zhao Huang Xi'an AMS Center, Institute of Earth Environment, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Xi'an	Sources and transmission of uranium isotopes in surface soil in Northeast China		
13:30-14:30	Pavel Krivitskiy Branch 'Institute of Radiation Safety and Ecology' RSE NNC RK, Kurchatov	Current radiological situation at venues of nuclear tests of 'Sary-Uzen' site		
13:30-14:30	N.V. Larionova Instit. Pf Radiation Safety and Ecology, Kurchatov	Transfer factors of artificial radionuclides to plants for conventionally 'background' areas at the Semipalatinsk test site		
13:30-14:30	Qiaoyan Jing School of Physical Science and Technology, Guangxi University, Nanning	Responses of moss to air radioactive pollution in karst landform of Leye, GuangXi		
13:30-14:30	Shenzhen Wang School of Physical Science and Technology, Guangxi University, Nanning	Source and migration of plutonium isotopes in the West Lao-Ye-Ling Mountain, Northeast China		
13:30-14:30	Krzysztof Gorzkiewicz Institute of Nuclear Physics Polish Academy of Sciences, Krakow	Gamma-ray emitting isotopes in ground level air at Marambio and Aboa, Antarctica		
13:30-14:30	Ivana Vukašinović Univ. of Belgrade Faculty of Agriculture, Belgrade	Analysis of 238U, 226Ra and 210Pb transfer factors form soil to the leaves of broadleaf tree species		
13:30-14:30	Chrysoula Betsou Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Thessaloniki	In-situ and laboratory gamma spectrometry measurements for the radiological characterization of a contaminated area near a coal power plant in Northern Greece		
13:30-14:30	Ping Xu University of Science and Technology of China, China	Analysis for Radioactivity of Negative Ion Powder		

Analysis of ²³⁸U, ²²⁶Ra and ²¹⁰Pb transfer factors form soil to the leaves of broadleaf tree species

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¹Faculty of Agriculture, University of Belgrade, 11080 Belgrade, Serbia Keywords: natural radionuclides, soil-to-leaves transfer factors, broadleaf trees.

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The analysis of ²³⁸U, ²²⁶Ra and ²¹⁰Pb transfer factors (TFs) from soil to the mature leaves of broadleaf trees was done by using available data from a few published studies performed at sites modified by uranium presence for Quercus pyrenaica, Quercus ilex rotundifolia, Populus sp. (Charro and Moyano 2017), Eucalyptus botryoides Sm. (Galhardi et al. 2017) and Quercus ilex, Quercus suber, Eucalyptus camaldulensis (Blanco Rodriguez et al. 2010) and at site of background radioactivity level for Tilia spp. and Aesculus hippocastanum L. (Vukašinović et al. 2019). Activity concentration datasets for ²³⁸U, ²²⁶Ra and ²¹⁰Pb in soil in the range (Bqkg $^{-1}$): 22-6606 (n=15), 38-7700 (n=14) and 37-7500 (n=14), respectively and in the leaves $(Bqkg^{-1})$: < mdc-138 (n=10), 2.6-134 (n=14) and 27-77(n=14), respectively indicated no significant departure from normality after log-transformation. Values of measured basic soil parameters of pH, total Ca, percentages of sand fraction and silt+clay fraction could also be retrieved.

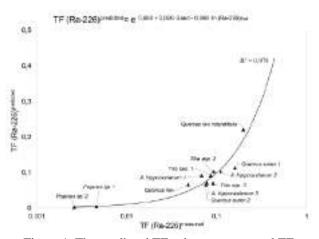


Figure 1. The predicted TF values vs measured TF values for ²²⁶Ra from soil to the leaves of examined broadleaf species.

It was examined whether there were any differences between soil-to-leaves TFs found at affected sites compared to the background site. Differences at the 95% confidence level were not found between TF values for ²³⁸U and ²²⁶Ra, while ²¹⁰Pb TFs were found significantly higher at background site. Additionally, prediction of ²³⁸U, ²²⁶Ra (Figure 1) and ²¹⁰Pb TF values was performed based on the available data using multiple linear regression. Results indicated that differences between examined broadleaf species had lesser influence on transfer of investigated radionuclides from soil to tree

leaves compared to the impact of basic soil parameters, especially activity concentrations in soil.

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Charro, E., Moyano, A. 2017. Soil and vegetation influence in plants natural radionuclides uptake at a uranium mining site. Radiat. Phys. Chem. 141, 200-206

Galhardi, J.A., García-Tenorio, R., Bonotto, D. M., Francés, I. D., Motta, J. G., 2017. Natural radionuclides in plants, soils and sediments affected by U-rich coal mining activities in Brazil. J. Environ. Radioact. 177, 37-47.

Blanco-Rodríguez, P., Vera Tomé, F., Lozano, J. C., Fernández, M. P. 2010. Transfer of ²³⁸U, ²³⁰Th, ²²⁶Ra, and ²¹⁰Pb from soils to tree and shrub species in a Mediterranean area. Appl. Radiat. Isot. 68, 1154-1159

Vukašinović, I., Todorović, D., Krneta–Nikolić, J., Rajačić, M., Životić, Lj. 2019. Seasonal variations of naturally occurring radionuclides and ¹³⁷Cs in the leaves of deciduous tree species at sites of background radioactivity levels, Rom. J. Phys. 64, 812