

Digital innovations to support extension, breeding and data capture in smallholder dairy systems

Gebregziabher Gebreyohanes^{1*}, Chinyere Ekine-Dzivenu¹, Julie Ojango¹, Selam Meseret¹, Susan Kahumbu², Raphael Mrodel¹ and Okeyo A. Mwai¹

¹ International Livestock Research Institute, Nairobi P.O. Box 30709

² Green Dreams Tech, Nairobi

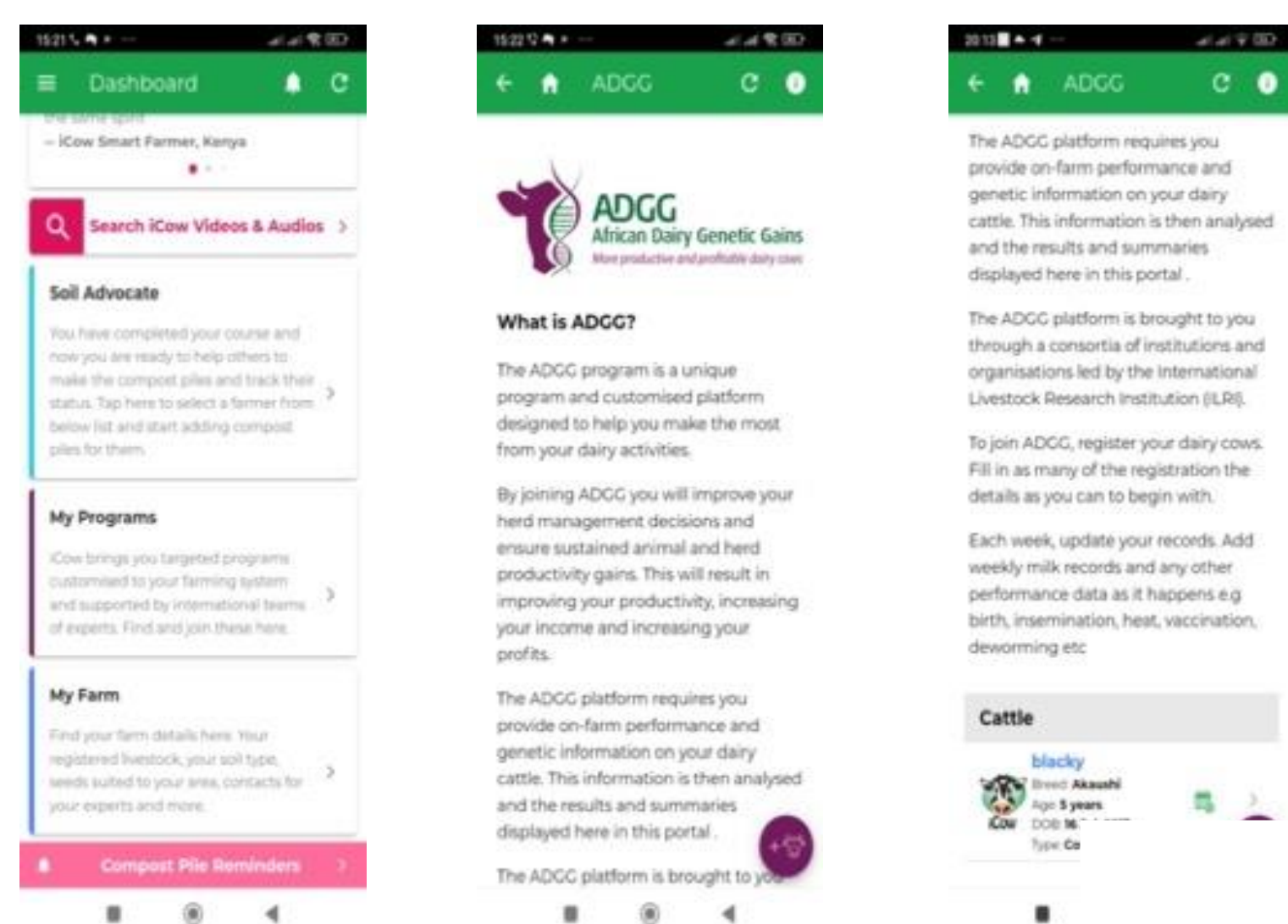
* Corresponding author e-mail: g.gebreyohanes@cgiar.org

Goal

Adapting Genomic and ICT technologies to transform dairy breeding in Smallholder production systems of middle and low-income countries of Africa and Asia.

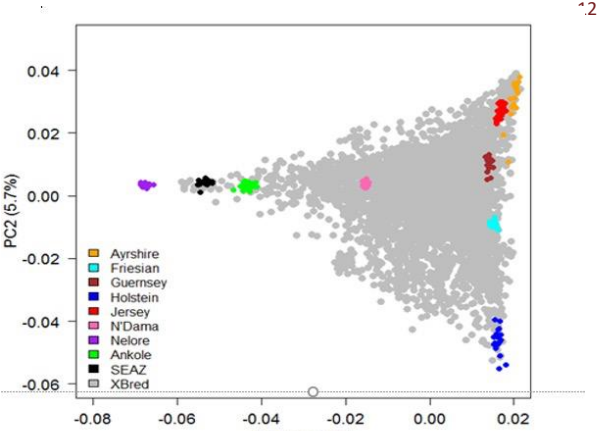
Opportunities in smallholder dairy systems

- Smallholder farmers collectively contribute to >70% of the milk produced in middle and low-income countries
- Huge gaps exist in the production, supply & access to productive and adapted seedstock for smallholder systems.
- Contextualized information to enhance smallholder dairy enterprises is limited.
- Supportive public-private sector policies: institutions key value chain actors willing to support smallholder dairy producers
- ICT based information sharing tools are readily used across farming communities and can be adapted to provide targeted relevant information for smallholder dairy enterprises



Genotyping

- > 10,000 animals sampled for Genotyping
- GeneSeek Genomic Profiler (GGP) Bovine 50K used for genotyping
- 40581 SNPs imputed to high density



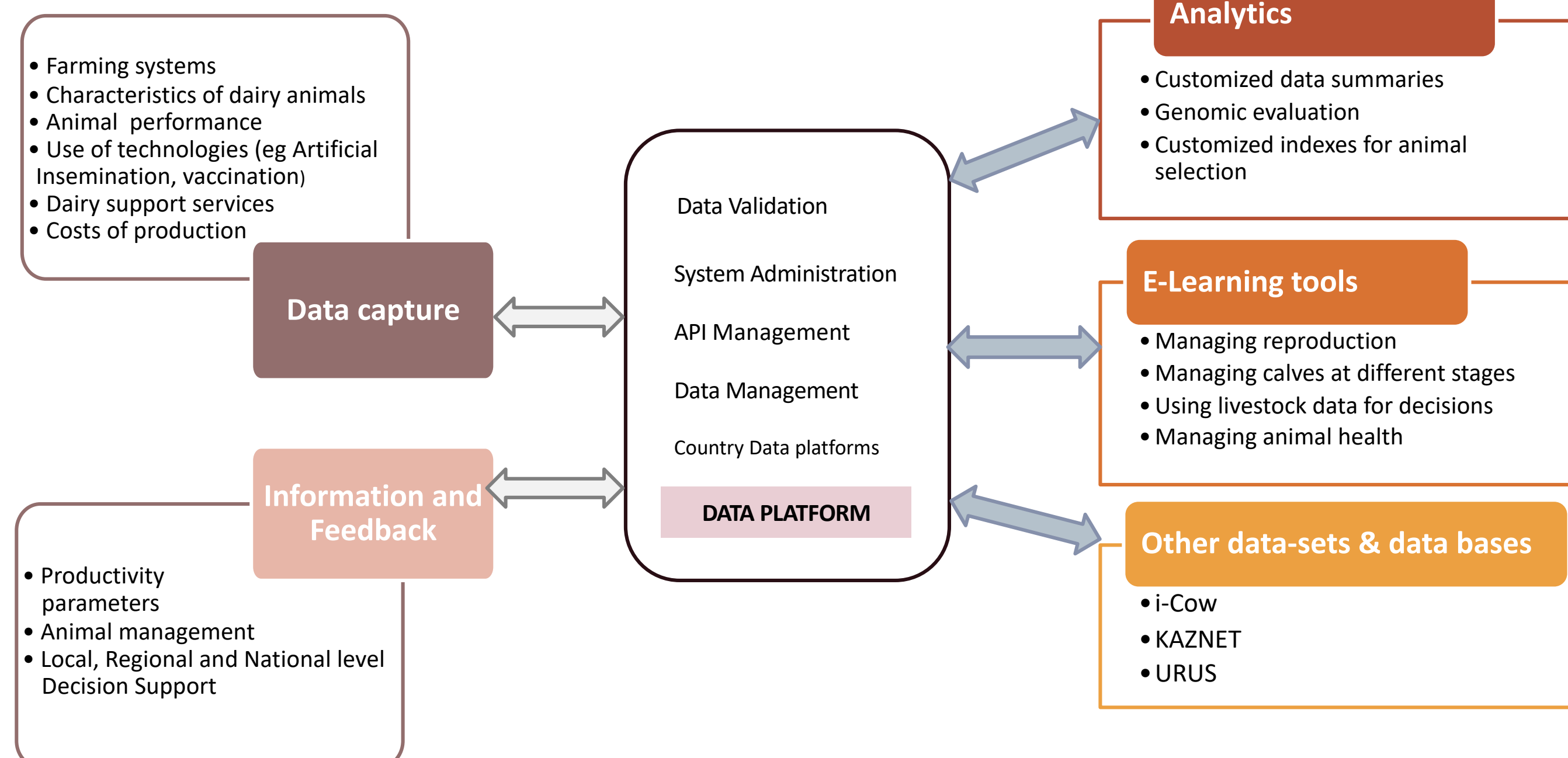
Index for selecting seed animals

- Index developed using results from genomic evaluation to improve milk production without increasing body weight

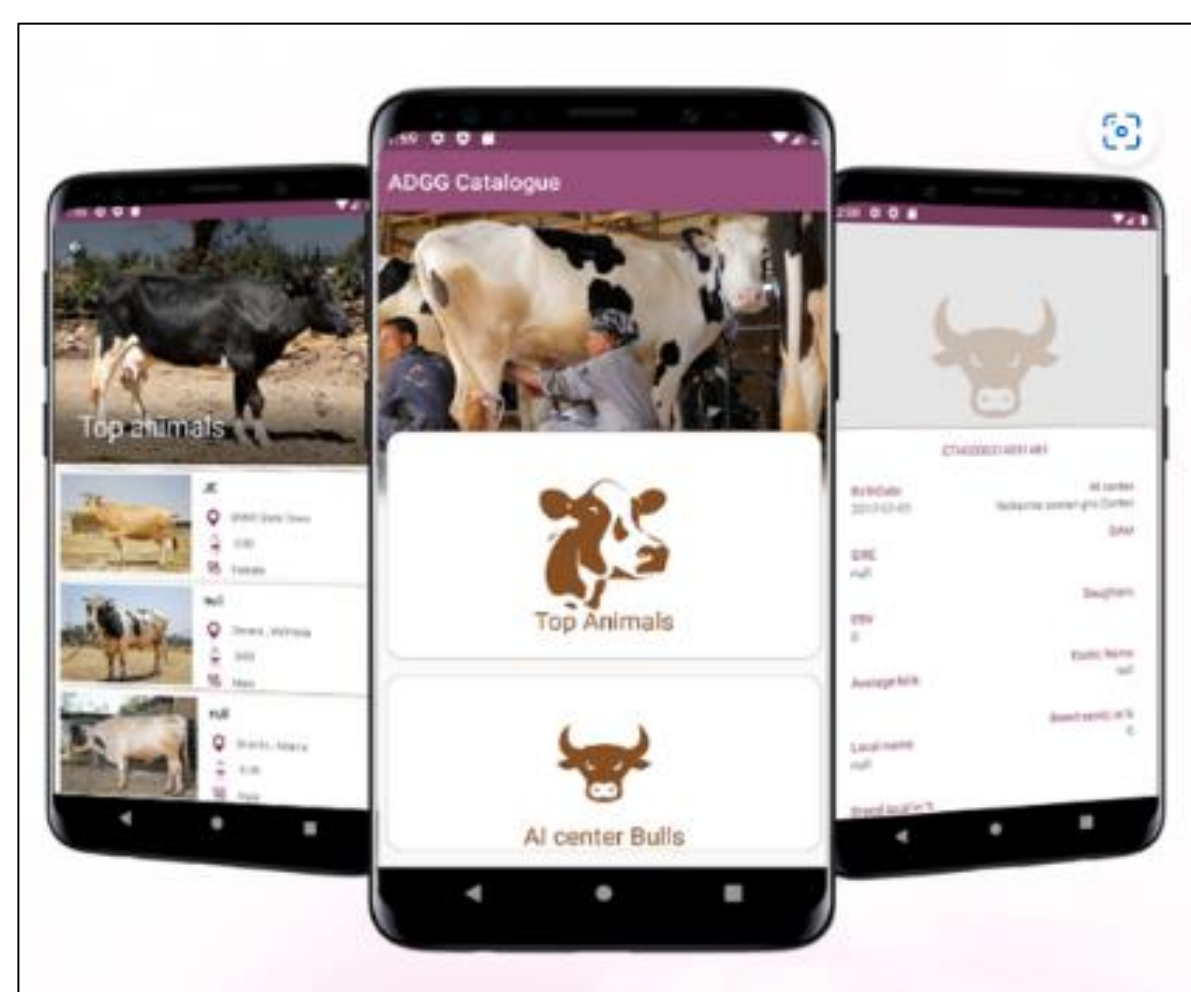


The AADGG-Data Platform

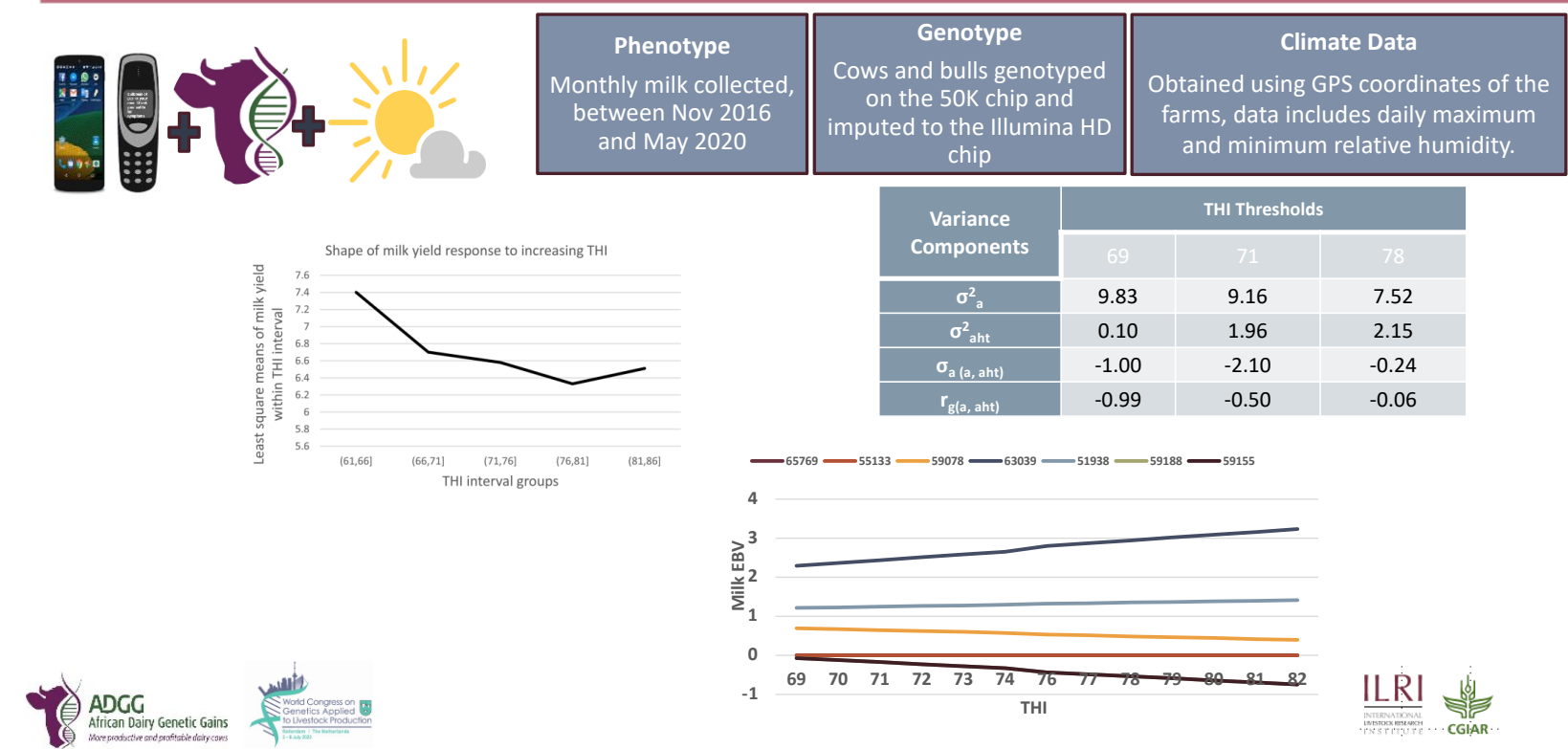
Country	Animals registered
Tanzania	69,792
Kenya	232,482
Ethiopia	141,454
Nigeria	346
Zambia	82
Uganda	16,935



<https://portal.adgg.ilri.org/>



Genomic analysis of milk yield and heat tolerance for small holder dairy system of sub-Saharan Africa



Facilities and Enabling Conditions

- ❖ National Dairy Performance Recording Centers with a robust and agile database for herd and cow performance data collection
- ❖ Harmonized animal identification and registration
- ❖ Pipelines for continuous genetic evaluations to identify superior purebred and crossbred bulls
- ❖ Certification systems for dairy seedstock established
- ❖ Private-public partnerships options to sustainably resource recording, genetic evaluation and digital extension



All Africa Conference on Animal Agriculture 8th Conference, September 26-29, 2023, Travelodge, Gaborone, Botswana

Acknowledgement: This work was conducted as part of the CGIAR Initiative on Sustainable Animal Productivity for Livelihoods, Nutrition and Gender Inclusion. CGIAR research is supported by contributions to the CGIAR Trust Fund. CGIAR is a global research partnership for a food-secure future dedicated to transforming food, land, and water systems in a climate crisis