

TITLE:

Complete Genome Sequencing of a Community-Associated Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus ψUSA300 Strain JICS127, a Uniquely Evolved USA300 Lineage in Japan

AUTHOR(S):

Shinohara, Koh; Baba, Tadashi; Sasaki, Takashi; Teruya, Katsuji; Uehara, Yuki

CITATION:

Shinohara, Koh ...[et al]. Complete Genome Sequencing of a Community-Associated Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus ψUSA300 Strain JICS127, a Uniquely Evolved USA300 Lineage in Japan. Microbiology Resource Announcements 2022, 11(9): e007 ...

ISSUE DATE: 2022-09-15

URL: http://hdl.handle.net/2433/285594

RIGHT:

© 2022 Shinohara et al.; This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International license.





AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR

MICROBIOLOGY





GENOME SEQUENCES



Complete Genome Sequencing of a Community-Associated Methicillin-Resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* ψ USA300 Strain JICS127, a Uniquely Evolved USA300 Lineage in Japan

Microbiology[®]

Resource Announcements

Koh Shinohara,^a Tadashi Baba,^{b,c} Takashi Sasaki,^d Katsuji Teruya,^e Yuki Uehara^{b,f}

^aDepartment of Clinical Laboratory Medicine, Kyoto University Graduate School of Medicine, Kyoto, Japan ^bDepartment of Microbiology, Juntendo University Faculty of Medicine, Tokyo, Japan ^cGraduate School of Nursing, Seisen Jogakuin College, Nagano, Japan ^dAnimal Research Center, Sapporo Medical University School of Medicine, Sapporo, Japan ^eAIDS Clinical Center, the National Center for Global Health and Medicine, Tokyo, Japan ^fDepartment of Infectious Diseases, Fujita Health University School of Medicine, Toyoake, Aichi, Japan

ABSTRACT A ψ USA300 clone of MRSA, a derivative of USA300, is uniquely found in Japan and has 12-bp deletion on *ccrB2* in type IVa staphylococcal cassette chromosome *mec* element. We hereby present the complete genome of ψ USA300 strain JICS127.

ethicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA) is a global concern in both communityassociated and health care-associated infections (1). The USA300 clone is a predominant MRSA linage in North American countries since early 2000s (2). Although the USA300 clone was rarely isolated in Japan, recent studies have suggested an increased prevalence (3–6). In Japan, ψ USA300 was identified as a USA300-like clone that had a 12-bp deletion on *ccrB2* gene in SCC*mec* (7), and the whole genomic structure has remained unknown. Here, we report the complete genome sequence of a ψ USA300 strain JICS127 isolated from a subcutaneous abscess of an HIV-infected patient in Tokyo. This study was approved by the Human Research Ethics Committee of the National Center for Global Health and Medicine (no. NCGM-G-003353-00).

Strain JICS127 was isolated using mannitol-salt agar (Kyokuto Pharmaceutical Industrial Co., Ltd., Tokyo, Japan) and incubated at 37°C for 48 h. Bacterial culture was grown under the same conditions, and DNA was extracted using a DNA isolation kit ISOPLANT II (Nippon GENE Co., Ltd., Tokyo, Japan). DNA library was constructed using an SMRTbell Express Prep kit v2.0 (PacBio, Menlo Park, CA, USA). Single-molecule real-time (SMRT) sequencing was performed by a PacBio RS II using standard protocols (MagBead Standard Seq v2 loading; 1×180 -min movie). De novo assembly was performed by HGAP v.3.0. Next, the DNA library was prepared using a Nextera XT DNA sample prep kit (Illumina, San Diego, CA, USA), and sequencing was performed using a MiSeq reagent kit v2 and a paired-end 2 imes 250-bp cycle run on the system. To correct sequencing errors, the Illumina reads were mapped to the PacBio contigs and consensus sequences were built using bwa-0.7.5a and samtools-0.1.19 (8, 9). Default parameters were used for all software unless otherwise specified. No genome overlap was identified in a dot plot analysis based on Blast alignment against the reference strain TCH1516 using NCBI Blast Server. The start position of DNA sequence was determined with reference to other complete genome-sequenced S. aureus strains. Gene annotation was performed on the Rapid Annotations using Subsystems Technology (RAST) server (10) and checked and modified manually.

The complete circular genome contains three contigs, consisting of one chromosome of 2,879,025 bp (151-fold coverage) and two plasmids of 40,253 bp (368-fold coverage) and 17,851 bp (265-fold coverage), respectively. The overall G + C content is 32.72%. The chromosome of JICS127 consists of 2,805 genes, of which there are 2,726 coding DNA

Editor Steven R. Gill, University of Rochester School of Medicine and Dentistry

Copyright © 2022 Shinohara et al. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International license.

Address correspondence to Tadashi Baba, t.baba@sjc-nagano.ac.jp.

The authors declare no conflict of interest.

10.1128/mra.00717-22

Received 16 July 2022 **Accepted** 30 July 2022 **Published** 15 August 2022





Announcement

sequences, 19 rRNA subunits (7 genes for 55, 6 for 16S, and 6 for 23S), and 60 tRNAs. The two plasmids consist of 60 and 19 coding DNA sequences, respectively. According to both results in mapping using Illumina short reads and assembly using PacBio long read, a 12-bp deletion on the *ccrB2* in the SCC*mec* was identified in the strain JICS127.

This entry into the GenBank database of the strain JICS127 will contribute to investigations into molecular epidemiology and infection control strategies for MRSA.

Data availability. The genome sequence of strain JICS127 has been deposited in the GenBank database under accession no. AP025693 (chromosome), AP025694, and AP025695 (plasmids JICSp1 and JICSp2). The raw data from Illumina (DRR227240) and PacBio (DRR374827) have been deposited in the SRA.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This study was supported by a grant from the Japan Agency for Medical Research and Development (AMED) (Study on the management of HIV-related opportunistic infections associated with early and prolonged ART: grant no. 19fk0410016h0002).

REFERENCES

- Turner NA, Sharma-Kuinkel BK, Maskarinec SA, Eichenberger EM, Shah PP, Carugati M, Holland TL, Fowler VG. 2019. Methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*: an overview of basic and clinical research. Nat Rev Microbiol 17:203–218. https://doi.org/10.1038/s41579-018-0147-4.
- Planet PJ. 2017. Life after USA300: the rise and fall of a superbug. J Infect Dis 215:S71–S77. https://doi.org/10.1093/infdis/jiw444.
- Takadama S, Nakaminami H, Aoki S, Akashi M, Wajima T, Ikeda M, Mochida A, Shimoe F, Kimura K, Matsuzaki Y, Sawamura D, Inaba Y, Oishi T, Nemoto O, Baba N, Noguchi N. 2017. Prevalence of skin infections caused by Panton-Valentine leukocidin-positive methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* in Japan, particularly in Ishigaki, Okinawa. J Infect Chemother 23:800–803. https://doi .org/10.1016/j.jiac.2017.04.016.
- Takadama S, Nakaminami H, Sato A, Shoshi M, Fujii T, Noguchi N. 2018. Dissemination of Panton-Valentine leukocidin–positive methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus USA300 clone in multiple hospitals in Tokyo, Japan. Clin Microbiol Infect 24:1211.e1–1211.e7. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cmi.2018.02.012.
- Ikeuchi K, Adachi E, Sasaki T, Suzuki M, Lim LA, Saito M, Koga M, Tsutsumi T, Kido Y, Uehara Y, Yotsuyanagi H. 2021. An outbreak of USA300 methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* among people with HIV in Japan. J Infect Dis 223:610–620. https://doi.org/10.1093/infdis/jiaa651.
- 6. Kobayashi T, Nakaminami H, Ohtani H, Yamada K, Nasu Y, Takadama S,

Noguchi N, Fujii T, Matsumoto T. 2020. An outbreak of severe infectious diseases caused by methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* USA300 clone among hospitalized patients and nursing staff in a tertiary care university hospital. J Infect Chemother 26:76–81. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jiac.2019.07.009.

- Takadama S, Nakaminami H, Takii T, Noguchi N. 2019. Identification and detection of USA300 methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* clones with a partial deletion in the *ccrB2* gene on the type IV SCC*mec* element. Diagn Microbiol Infect Dis 94:86–87. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.diagmicrobio.2018.11.016.
- Li H, Durbin R. 2009. Fast and accurate short read alignment with Burrows–Wheeler transform. Bioinformatics 25:1754–1760. https://doi.org/10.1093/bioinformatics/btp324.
- Danecek P, Bonfield JK, Liddle J, Marshall J, Ohan V, Pollard MO, Whitwham A, Keane T, McCarthy SA, Davies RM, Li H. 2021. Twelve years of SAMtools and BCFtools. GigaScience 10:giab008. https://doi.org/10.1093/gigascience/ giab008.
- Aziz RK, Bartels D, Best AA, DeJongh M, Disz T, Edwards RA, Formsma K, Gerdes S, Glass EM, Kubal M, Meyer F, Olsen GJ, Olson R, Osterman AL, Overbeek RA, McNeil LK, Paarmann D, Paczian T, Parrello B, Pusch GD, Reich C, Stevens R, Vassieva O, Vonstein V, Wilke A, Zagnitko O. 2008. The RAST server: rapid annotations using subsystems technology. BMC Genomics 9:75. https:// doi.org/10.1186/1471-2164-9-75.