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Gender identity asylum seekers in Ireland

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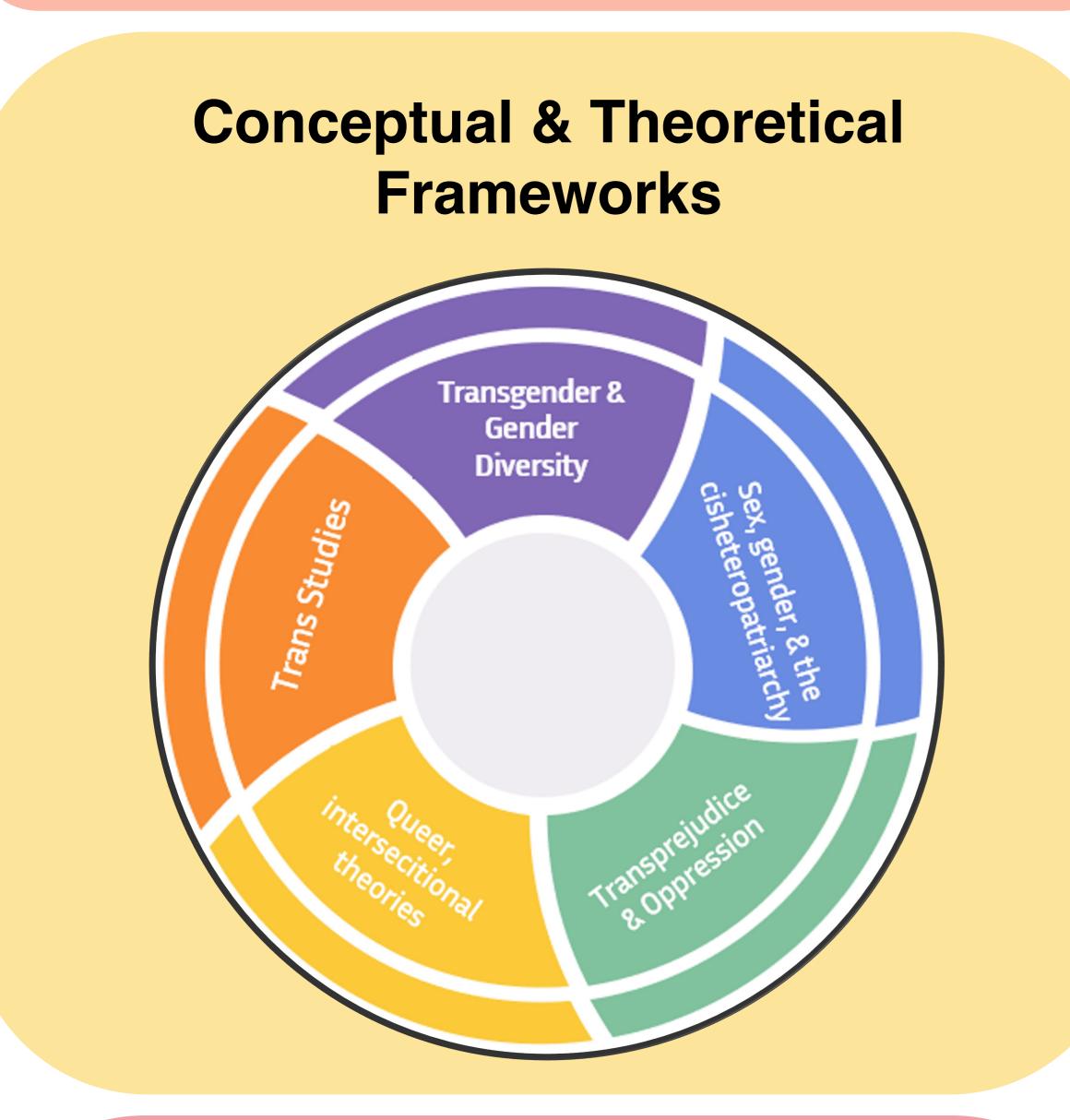
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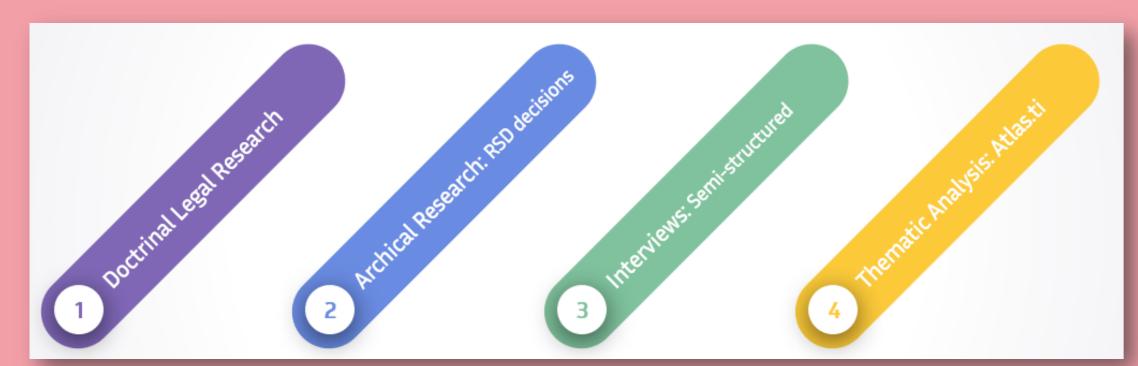
Gender Identity Asylum Seekers in Ireland: A Critical Step for the Trans Liberation Movement

Research Question

What are the social and legal barriers facing gender identity asylum seekers in Ireland, and to what extent do these issues compound the oppression of transgender and gender diverse people?



Methods & Data Sets



Data Set 1: RSD Decisions

| | Country of Origin | Year of Decision |
|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| Applicant 1 | Taiwan | 2013 |
| Applicant 2 | Mauritius | 2016 |
| Applicant 3 | Malawi | 2017 |
| Applicant 4 | Zimbabwe | 2017 |
| Applicant 5 | Mauritius | 2020 |
| Applicant 6 | Albania | 2020 |

Data Set 2: Interviews

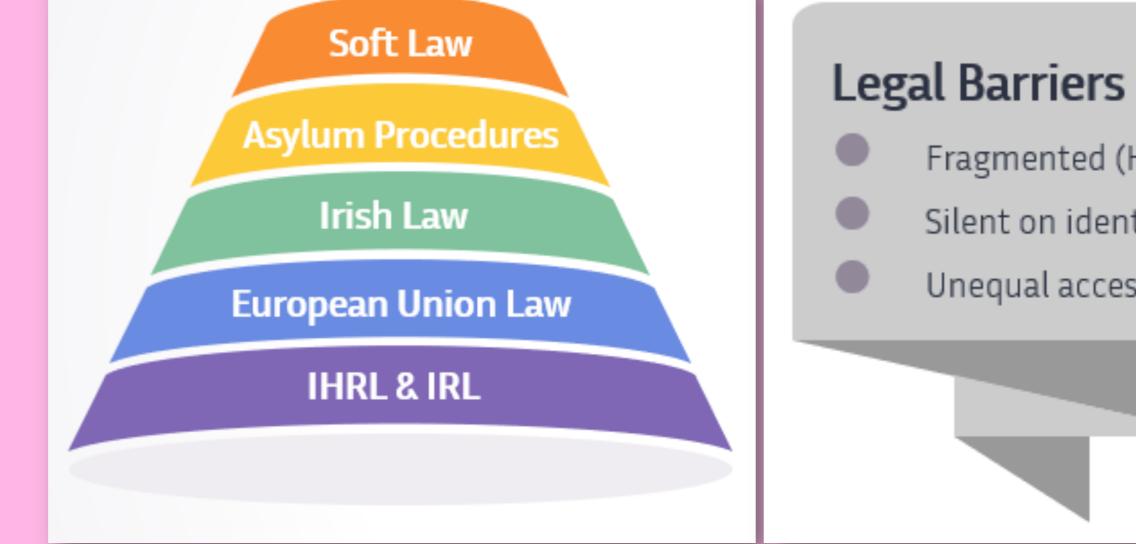
Pole

| ROIE | | |
|----------------|---------------|--|
| Lawyer | Interviewee 1 | |
| Lawyer | Interviewee 2 | |
| Decision-maker | Interviewee 3 | |
| Decision-maker | Interviewee 4 | |
| Decision-maker | Interviewee 5 | |
| NGO worker | Interviewee 6 | |
| NGO worker | Interviewee 7 | |
| NGO worker | Interviewee 8 | |

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This paper explores the social and legal issues gender identity asylum seekers face when seeking international protection in Ireland. It argues that these issue compound the oppression of gender minorities. Through interviews with professionals involved in the asylum process and analysis of Refugee Status Determination decisions, the challenges gender identity asylum seekers face are revealed. Drawing on queer and intersectional perspectives, as well as theories from contemporary transgender studies, this paper critically assesses the legal landscape as it pertains to transgender and gender diverse individuals. It arrives at the conclusion that there are many, unique issues facing gender identity asylum seekers in. It similarly concludes that the law requires a conceptual shift to better promote and protect gender minorities from oppression under the cis-heteropatriarchy and to achieve equality and fairness for gender identity asylum seekers.





Abstract

Need for more training

"everybody that's involved in the process from start to finish, including agents at the port, or airport, they need to be literate as well, in not just basic LGBTQ+ knowledge but also specific knowledge towards the trans community"

Conflation of gender identity and sexual

"conflation can give rise to issues in the context of misguided social group analysis"

Inordinate evidential burden "[T]he Appellant has a masculine appearance which might explain the ridicule she was exposed to [...]. I find that the Appellant is more likely than not to be perceived to be transgender given her appearance"

Subpar supports and resources "[clients who are trans] come with their own unique set of issues that are somewhat similar to their heteronormative and cisgendered counterparts, but they are unique"

- communities.
- be extended to all gender identities.
- to their cis-gender counterparts.
- appropriate protection.

Fragmented (Handmaker & Arts 2018)

- Silent on identities
- Unequal access and application

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Conclusion

• Gender identity asylum seekers in Ireland face a number of unique legal and social challenges, which can amount to their re-traumatization and re-victimization, compounding the oppression of the transgender and gender diverse

A REAL

• Better training is needed for decision-makers and lawyers; claimants must to be identified early in the process to extend supports to them; appropriate accommodation must be provided; the system must be monitored to ensure adherence to good standards; and legal protections must

• The legal landscape is considerably fragmented, making it difficult mobilize and access the protections that are offered

• A conceptual shift is needed within the legal landscape internationally and domestically to create space for a wider range of gender geometrics to be recognized and offered

• There is a trend towards "queering" the law, but this move is failing to account for identities that do not fit genderbinary normativity (either woman or man) or cisnormativity (identifying and expressing an identity according to the sex assigned at birth) on which much of society is predicated.

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