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Promoting Pelvic Health: Strategies in Your Toolbox

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Promoting Pelvic Health: Strategies in Your Toolbox

with Carlin Daley Reaume, OTD, OTR/L, PMH-C, DipACLM and Lindsey Vestal, OTR/L

Learning Objectives

- 1. Explain how the evaluation and treatment of pelvic floor dysfunction is within the scope of OT practitioners.
- Explain the relationship between pelvic health and occupational engagement.
- Identify intervention strategies to address pelvic health that are within the capabilities of OT practitioners, without extensive additional training.
- Identify opportunities for applications across populations and practice settings.

Can OTs Treat the Pelvic Floor?

OTs Scope of Practice



Where Can We Address Pelvic Health?

• In All Settings!

What We Treat

- Urinary Incontinence (involuntary leaking)
- Urinary Frequency (more than 6-8 x a day)
- Urinary Urgency (can't hold it)
- Bowel Issues (fecal incontinence, constipation)
- Pelvic Pain

So Many Myths

- Normal Part of Aging
- Normal Part of Having Kids
- That We Just Have to "Put Up With It"

Nothing Could Be Further From the Truth!

We are uniquely suited to address this + **profoundly** impact self-efficacy, mental health, occupational engagement + balance by utilizing skill sets that **you** already have!

How Prevalent Are Pelvic Issues?

- It is estimated that 25% of women in the United States will have at least one pelvic floor disorder within their lifetimes (Dieter et al, 2015; Good & Solomon, 2019).
- An estimated 50% of the population aged 50 and older experiences urinary incontinence, which has a direct impact on quality of life (Alden et al, 2020).
- These statistics are likely to be low given that symptoms are often underreported (Dieter at al, 2015)

UI As a Normal Part of Aging?

- Studies reported that 43.3%-67.7% of older people perceive UI as a part of normal aging and expect the symptoms of UI would worsen with age
- Although older people had regular contact with their general practitioners, many did not discuss UI with them. Therefore, they missed opportunities to gain timely treatment.

Fricke, A., Lark, S. D., Fink, P. W., Mundel, T., & Shultz, S. P. (2021). Exercise Interventions to Improve Pelvic Floor Muscle Functioning in Older Women With Urinary Incontinence

Far Reaching Effects of UI

- Women perceive UI as a negative, unpleasant and stressful experience, which causes feelings of shame, lack of control, malaise, insecurity, suffering and guilt. Women with involuntary urine leakage, feel dirty and impure, describing this situation as their defect or failure, to the point of experiencing guilt for being that way.
- Moderate/severe anxiety or depression increased the prevalence of UI from 27.6% to 37.8%. (10.2% more likely to have UI with anxiety/depression)
- Women with urinary incontinence report higher rates of depression and lower levels of self-worth than those who don't suffer with the condition.

Good, M. M., & Solomon, E. R. (2019). Pelvic Floor Disorders. Obstetrics and Gynecology Clinics of North America, 46(3), 527–540. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ogc.2019.04.010

Direct Impact on Mental Health

- Urinary incontinence significantly contributes to mental health concerns by > social isolation, depression, anxiety.
- It effects quality and length of sleep, sex participation + employment.
- People reported feeling stigmatized, a reduction in self-confidence and self-worth leading to periods of absence from the workplace.
- Direct Impact on areas of occupation including social participation, leisure participation, sexual activity, rest and sleep, home and community mobility.



Who Experiences Incontinence?

- Athletes
- Birthing individuals
- •LGBTQIA+
- ·All Genders
- Pediatrics

Refer Out If Needed

- First try the things we discuss today
- Helping our clients with their pelvic health issues often comes down to the bread and butter of OTs....

Addressing Roles, Habits + Routines.

Why Is Pelvic Health Unaddressed?

- Sensitive topic for both OTP + client
- Taboo, shame, embarrassment
- Resulting in: isolation, social exclusion, low selfesteem, depression, anxiety + delay in seeking treatment, directly influencing the QoL and forcing them to undergo changes in their daily habits.
- Lack of information about the pathology, false beliefs and myths can enhance the negative perception

Such An Opportunity for OTPs!

- We have the time + necessary skills
- Education around OTs + PTs role should be the first level of the referral system with an emphasis on maintaining clients' dignity

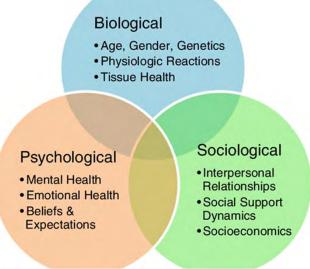
This could have a significant effect on the changes in the attitudes and awareness, modify myths and increase the health literacy level of society

You Are Already Equipped!

Holistic Outlook on Pelvic Health

 All of these factors align with the holistic philosophy of an OT. So much of pelvic health comes back to a BPS approach

- Bio: tissue health
- Psych: mental and emotional health
- Social (interpersonal relationships + social support)



Holistic Outlook on Pelvic Health

- Behavioral
- Environmental, Social + Contextual
 - Key in door
- Physical
 - Core Map
 - Push Pee

Leveraging Therapeutic Use of Self to Ask about Socially-Sensitive Topics

- Integral part of our collective identity
- It's how and when we choose to customize education
- Empathy
- Client Collaboration
- An in-tuned OT knows when to shift from pragmatic steps to empathy. Therapeutic use of self guides when we encourage, hint, state clearly, or simply hold a safe pause for our clients. This is how we honor what our clients bring to each session. A Trauma-Informed approach is so important in pelvic health.

The Fun Part: Interventions for Positive Outcomes

Simple Ways to Make Profound Impacts

Critical Components for Pelvic Health Interventions



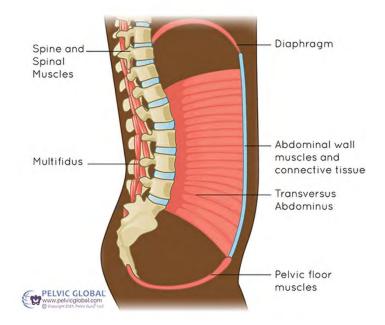
Pelvic health can be impacted positively by weaving in body awareness, nervous system downtraining, and teaching clients how to incorporate these protective lifestyle factors throughout their day



Simple Ways to Make Profound Impacts

Body Awareness: Posture

- Ergonomic considerations
- Intraabdominal pressure
- Activity analysis



Nervous System Regulation

- Relaxation techniques to reduce sympathetic activation
- Mindfulness
 - Urinary urgency (Adelstein & Lee, 2016)
 - Urinary incontinence (Baker, Costa, & Nygard, 2012)
 - Pelvic pain (Clark Donat et al, 2022)

Nervous System Regulation Tools

Body Scan

Awareness of pelvic bowl

Breathing:

- 3D breathing / balloon breath
- Lengthen the exhale (4-7-8 breathing)
- Alternate nostril breathing
- Orient: (Dropping the Anchor) (5,4,3,2,1)
 - 5 things to see, 4 things to hear, 3 things to touch, 2 things to smell, 1 thing to taste

OT Practitioners are Habit Experts!

- Down Training: Clients may need to be reminded that our central nervous system needs down time built into each day. Diaphragmatic breathing, yoga, or other mindfulness techniques can improve continence.
- Habit Stacking: We are experts at suggesting ways clients can embed new habits into already-established routines. This small success will give them the confidence to be consistent and to expand skills.

Optimal Habits

- Drink enough water
 - Half your body weight in ounces (sipped)
- Pee 1 x every 2-4 hours (6-8 x per day)
- No peeing at night unless > 65 or pregnant
- Wait for the need. Peeing "just in case" undermines communication
- Consume enough fiber
 - o 38 g for men, 25 g for women
- Don't sit on toilet longer than 5 mins

Let's Practice!



Discussion

• What opportunities do you see to incorporate these tools across practice settings?

Want More **Pelvic Health** Resources?

- AOTA Occupation-based Pelvic Health Community of Practice!
- OTs for Pelvic Health Facebook Group (weekly OT Empower Hours)
- OTs in Pelvic Health Podcast

Thank You!

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