Can avocado oil enriched fresh cheese modulate the obesity-related metabolism?

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Currently, obesity is one of the most important public health problems. Strategies for its prevention involve modifications in the diet, and in this way, functional foods have an important contribution. In this regard, virgin avocado oils present an interesting nutritional profile due to the presence of high levels of oleic acid and other bioactive



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compounds, such as alpha-tocopherol and beta-sitosterol. This composition enables them to be used as a functional ingredient in the management of several health conditions such as hypercholesterolemia, diabetes, and fatty liver disease. In this work avocado oil structured as a bigel was used to develop a fresh cheese rich in oleic acid. After gastrointestinal tract simulation, the oleic acid permeability was evaluated using the intestinal Caco-2/HT29-MTX co-culture model. The impact of permeated fatty acid in obesity-related metabolism was evaluated in terms of hepatic lipid accumulation, adipolysis, and adipokines secretion. In addition, inflammation biomarkers were monitored in 3T3-L1 and RAW cell lines.

Methods



Results and Conclusions

Permeability



Obesity-related Metabolism



Anti-inflammatory Potential





✓ Only 11 % of total amount of oleic acid was bioavailable
✓ 21 % was retained in Caco-

2/HT29-MTX membranes

✓ Cheese reduce by 22% the accumulation of triglycerides

in differentiated adipocytes

✓ Reduce 15 % the adiponectin secretion

✓ Increase 5 % the leptin secretion



 $\checkmark\,$ Avocado oil enriched cheese reduced the

pro-inflammatory cytokines secretion

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