

CubeSat **Proximity Operations Demonstration** (CPOD) **Mission Results**

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CPOD INTRODUCTION



Motivation: Advance technology for low-cost RPO missions, e.g.

Space debris remediation

Inspection/servicing/assembly of other systems

Mission: Develop a physical satellite platform and GNC

framework for CubeSat rendezvous & formation flight

Vehicles: Two identical 3Us

Presentation Focus: Optimization-based guidance for RPO emphasizing:

Autonomy

Safety

Reference tracking performance

Fuel economy

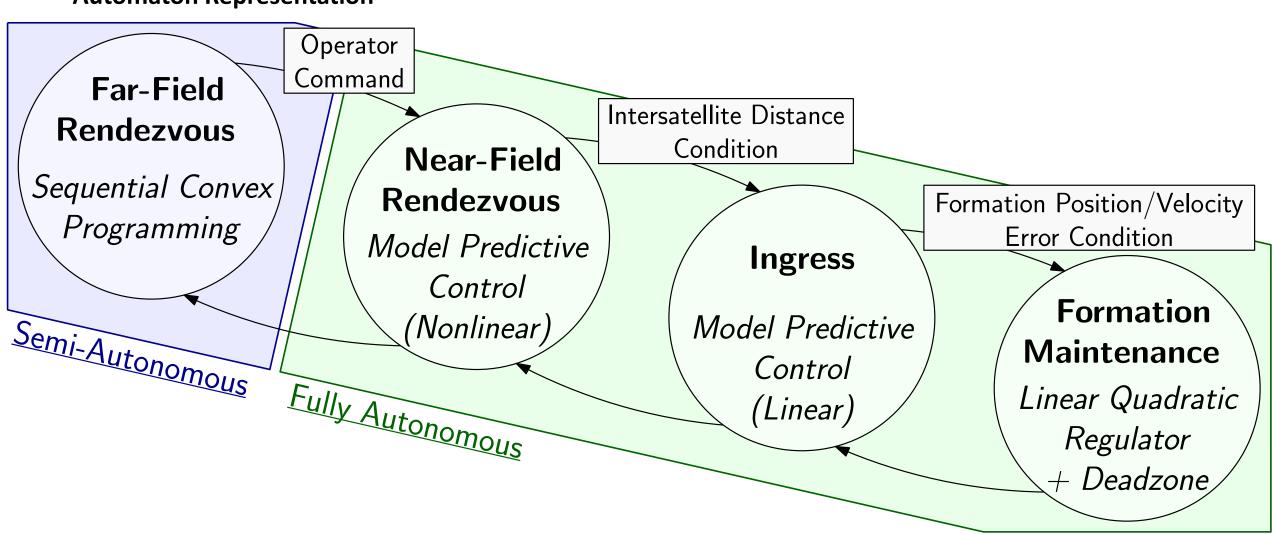


Funding: NASA Space Technology Mission Directorate



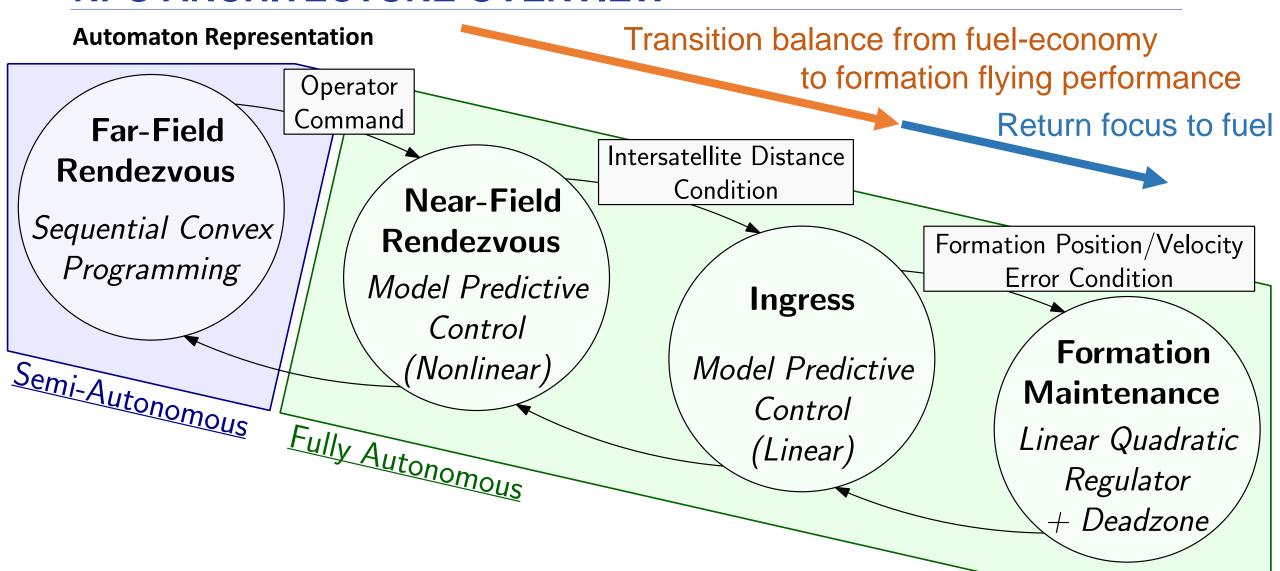
RPO ARCHITECTURE OVERVIEW

Automaton Representation





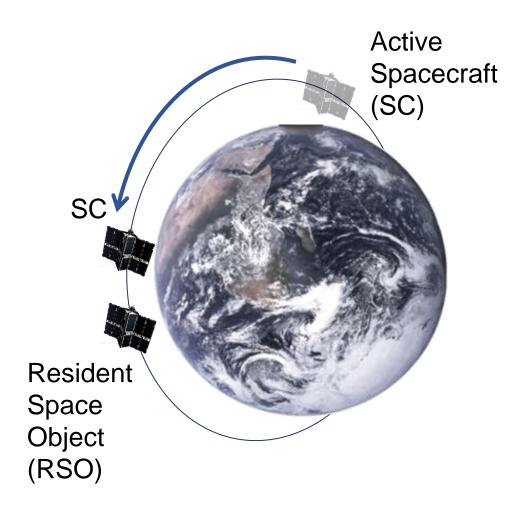
RPO ARCHITECTURE OVERVIEW







Close the Vast Majority of Intersatellite Distance



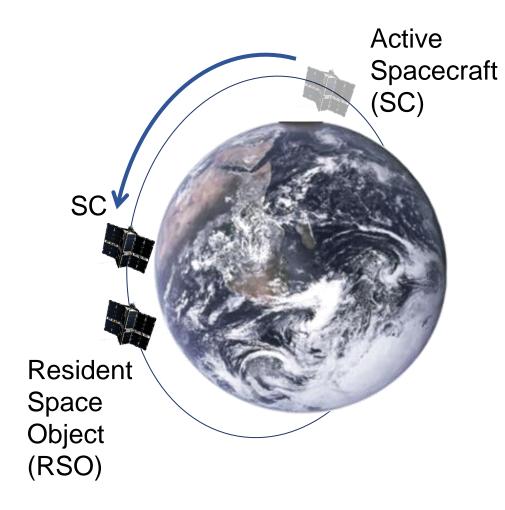


FAR-FIELD RENDEZVOUS

Close the Vast Majority of Intersatellite Distance

Optimization Structured for Fuel Economy

- Once terminal state error is "good enough", exclusively focus on minimizing fuel use
- Cost function design yields more impulsive thrust trajectory than typical optimal controllers





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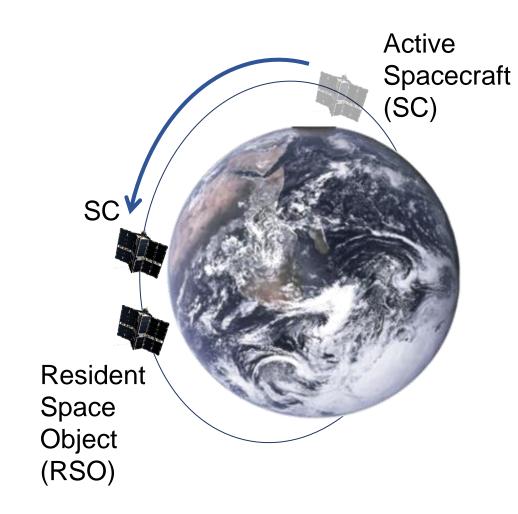
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Optimal Feedforward Net Thrust Trajectory

Generated by Sequential Convex Programming

- Numerous optimizations with nonlinear models
- Optimization i informs optimization i + 1





NEAR-FIELD RENDEZVOUS

Compensate for Error Accumulation of Feedforward Guidance in Far-Field Rendezvous



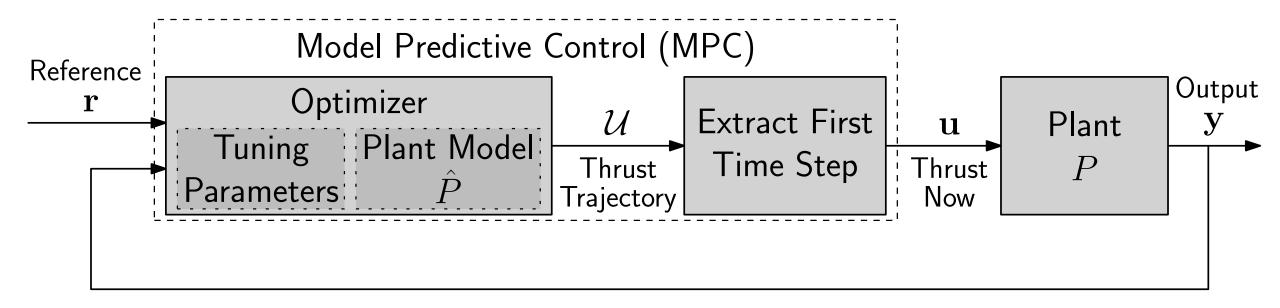
NEAR-FIELD RENDEZVOUS

Compensate for Error Accumulation of Feedforward Guidance in Far-Field Rendezvous

Model Predictive Control

Periodic reoptimization of thrust trajectory

- + Online measurement feedback
 - = Disturbance rejection





NEAR-FIELD RENDEZVOUS

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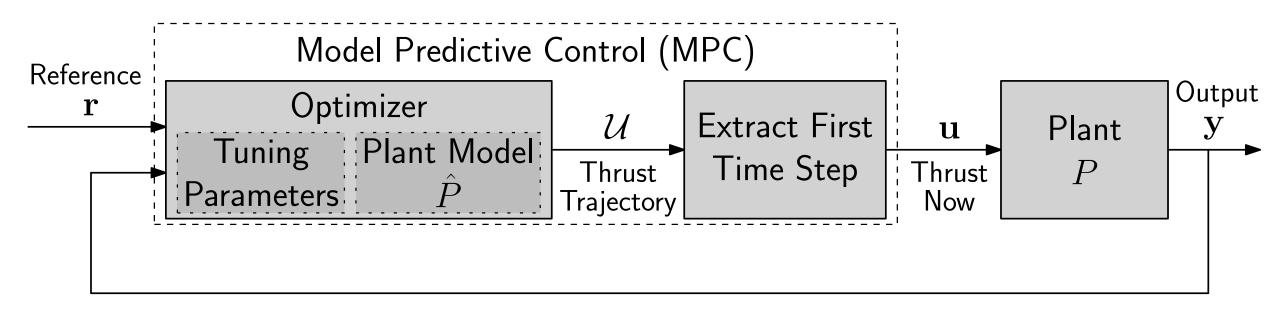
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Full Autonomy & Onboard Optimization

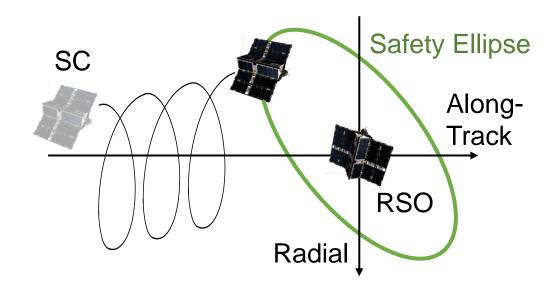
Enabled by switching to typical quadratic cost function

Feedback includes both SC & RSO states









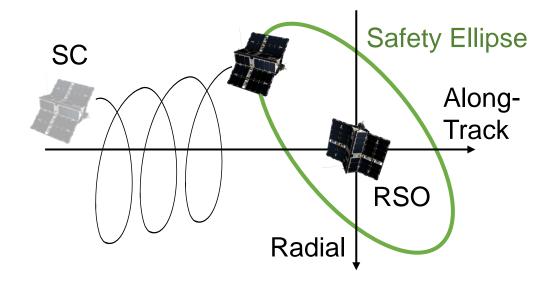




"Safety Ellipse" Formations

⇒ Collision Avoidance & Fuel Economy

Safety Ellipse: unforced response of Clohessy-Wiltshire linearization of relative astrodynamics



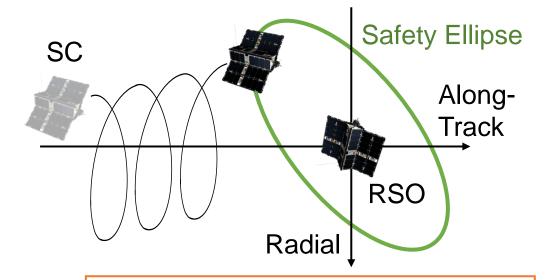




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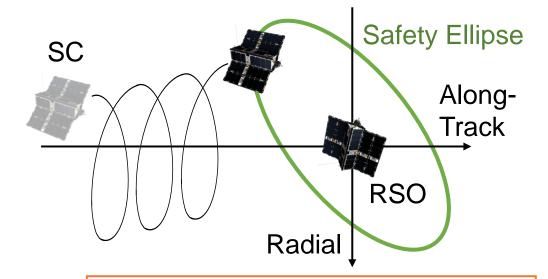




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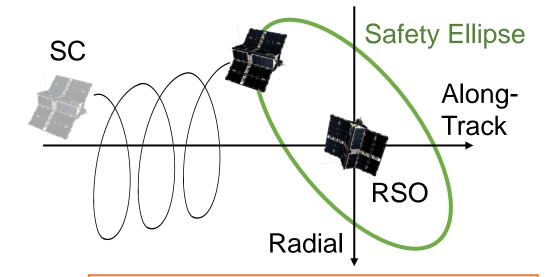




"Safety Ellipse" Formations

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Safety Ellipse: <u>unforced</u> response of Clohessy-Wiltshire <u>linearization</u> of relative astrodynamics Enables switch from nonlinear to linear MPC



INGRESS



Attain Desired Flying Formation

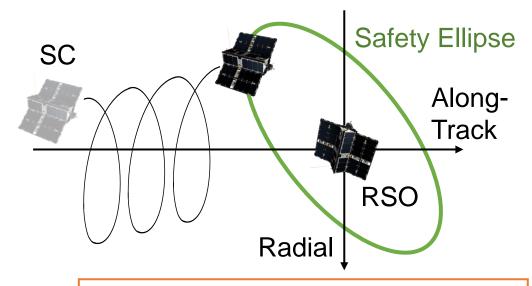
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Ingress Requires More Accuracy than Other Stages

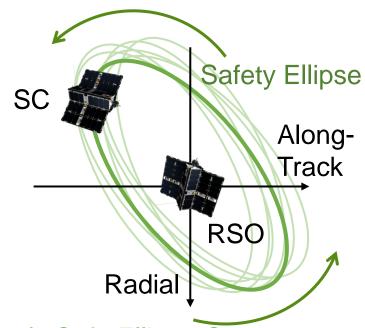
- MPC tuned for greater robustness & aggression
 - e.g. 75% shorter reoptimization period







Indefinite Compensation for Disturbances



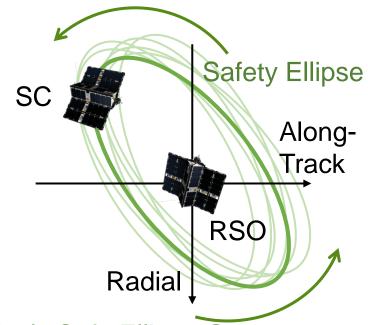


FORMATION MAINTENANCE

Indefinite Compensation for Disturbances

Disturbances Degrade Formation Over Time

Ingress error, linearization error, knowledge error, non-spherical gravitation, drag, etc.





FORMATION MAINTENANCE

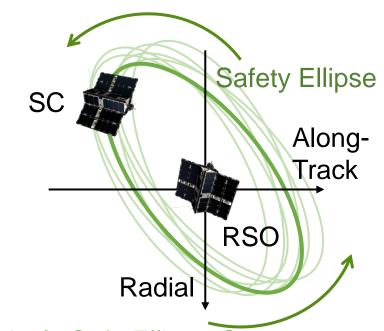
Indefinite Compensation for Disturbances

Disturbances Degrade Formation Over Time

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Reference Tracking is Relaxed to Reduce Fuel Use

- Formation is easier to hold than enter
- Deadzone: error below threshold is treated as zero





ON-ORBIT HARDWARE CHALLENGES

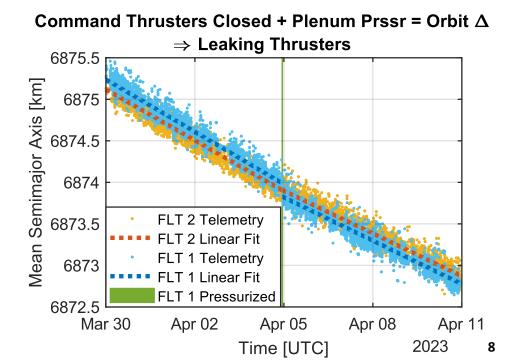
Reduced Solar Power Generation

- Both vehicles lost 5-10 W of generation capacity
- Likely due to an inaccurate integrated circuit spec
- Risk known before launch; redesigned MPPT rolled out to other vehicles, but did not fit in 3U CPOD bus

Out on Flight 1 Flight 2

Disturbances from Cold Gas Prop System

- Rebuilds by system vendor reduced total Δν
- 2 thrusters stuck open on one vehicle
- Plenum pressure varied widely (up to 75% error)
 ⇒ Thrust force likely varied widely

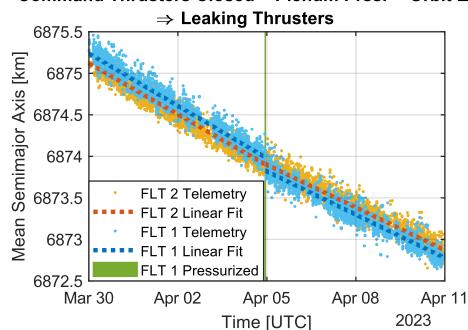


ON-ORBIT HARDWARE CHALLENGES



Challenges from external hardware limited the mission and stress-tested RPO capabilities

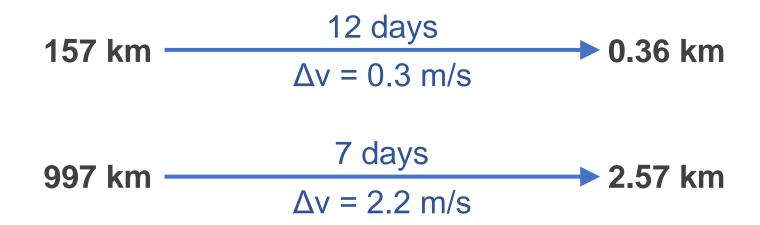








Two major semi-autonomous experiments were performed







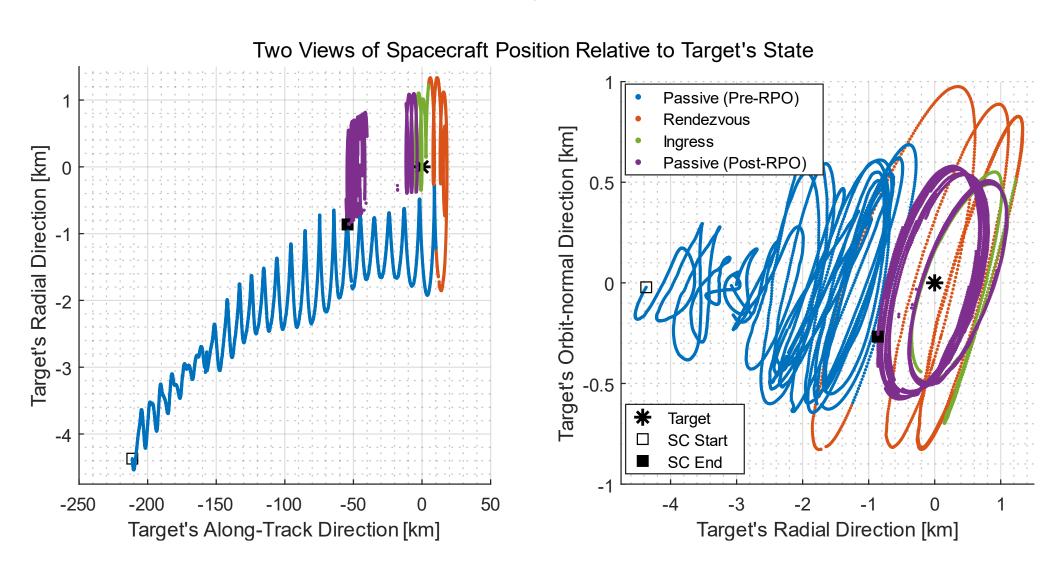
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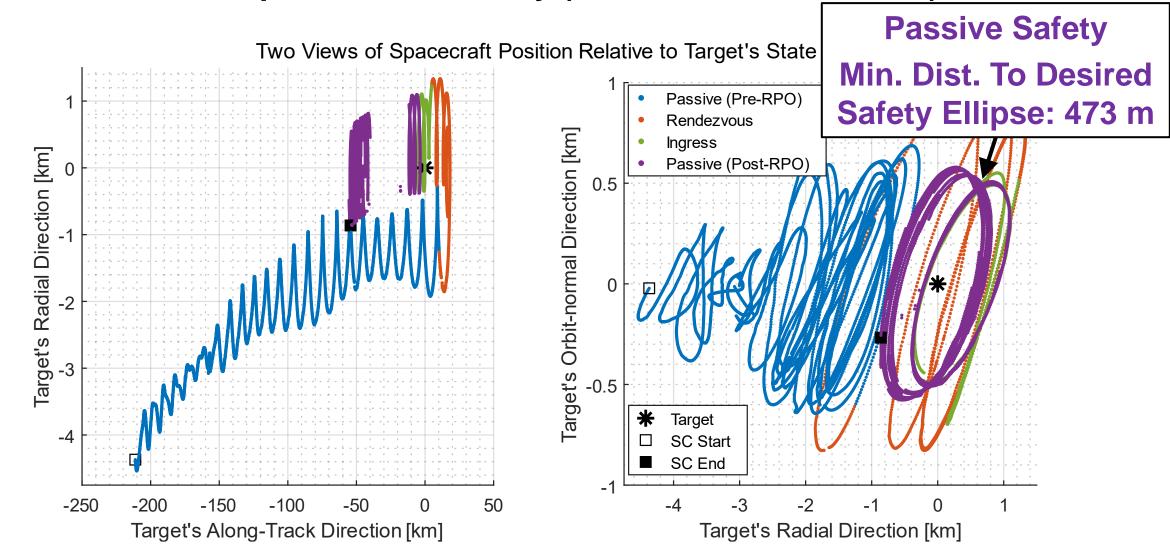
Substantially better than the closure desired to switch to full autonomy (5-50 km)



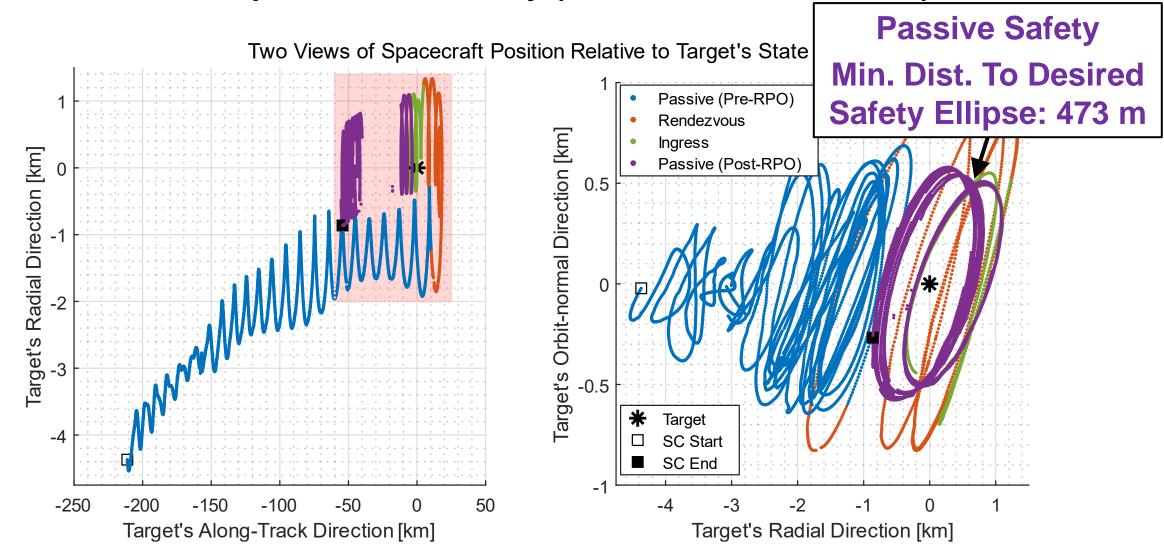




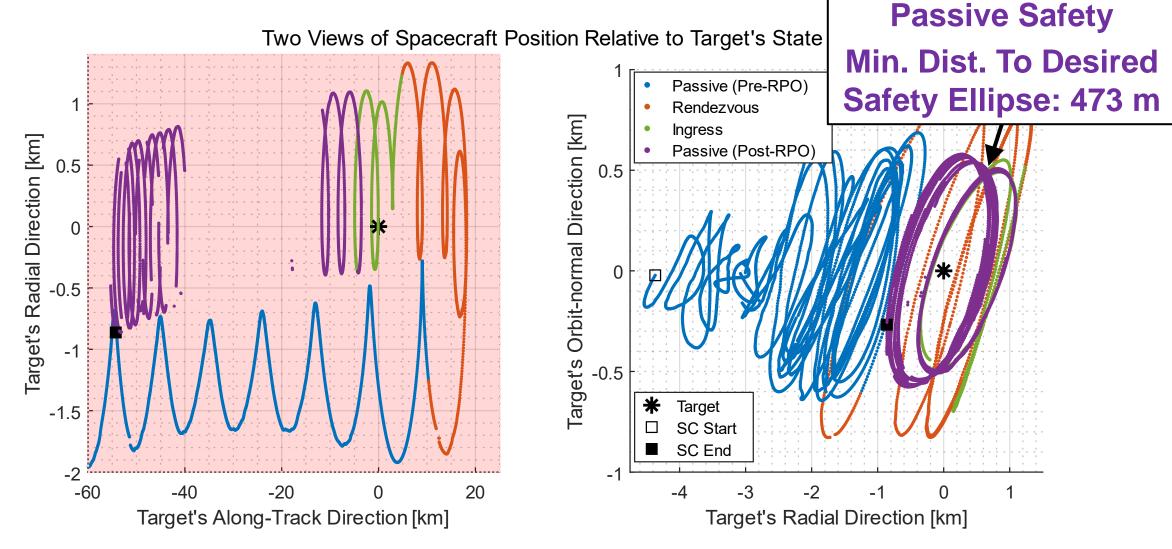




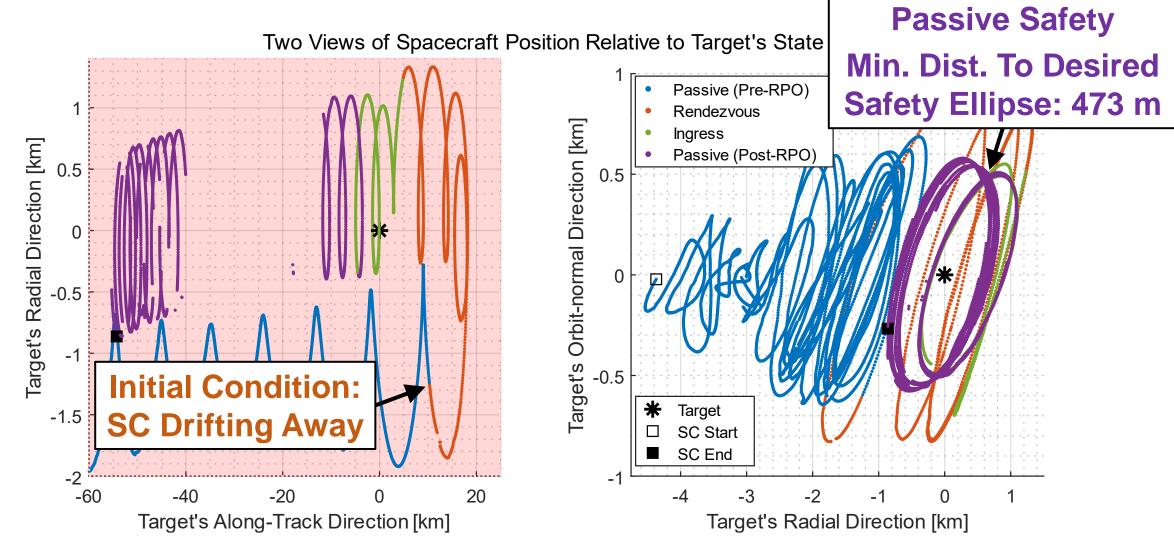




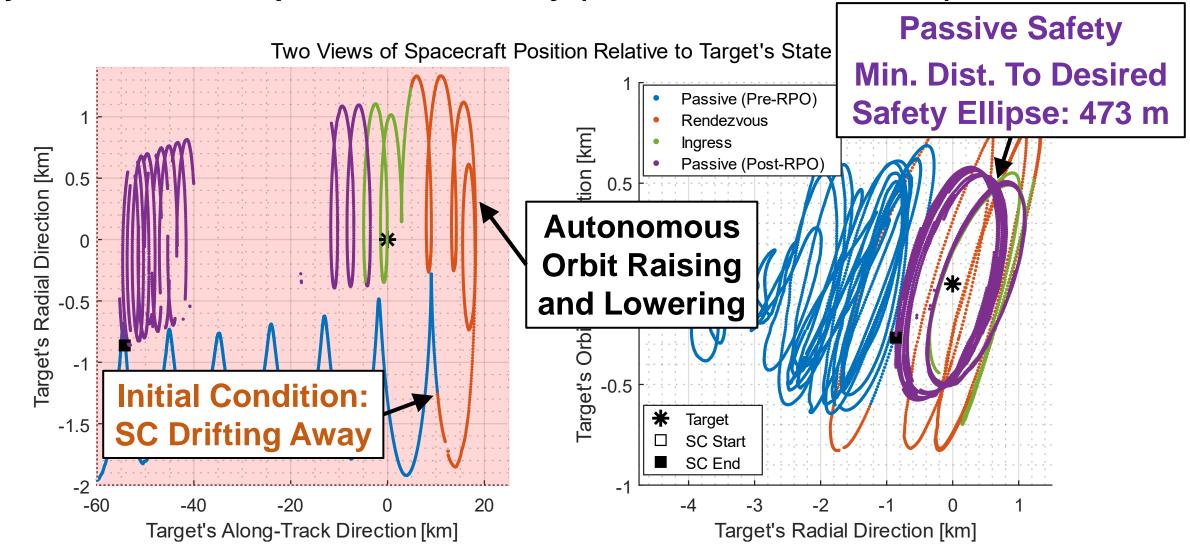




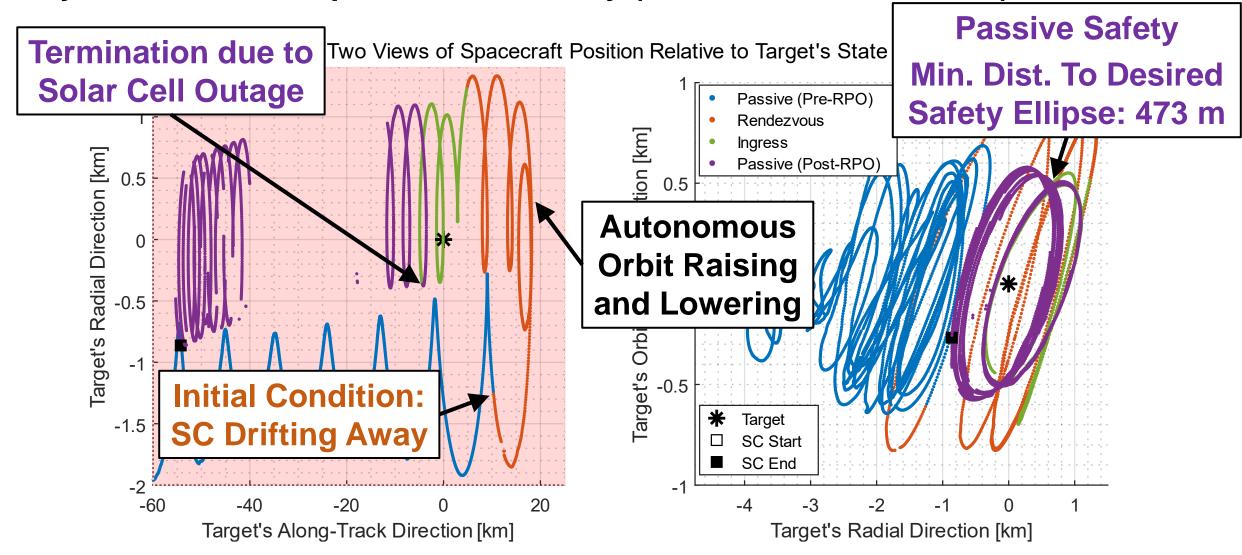




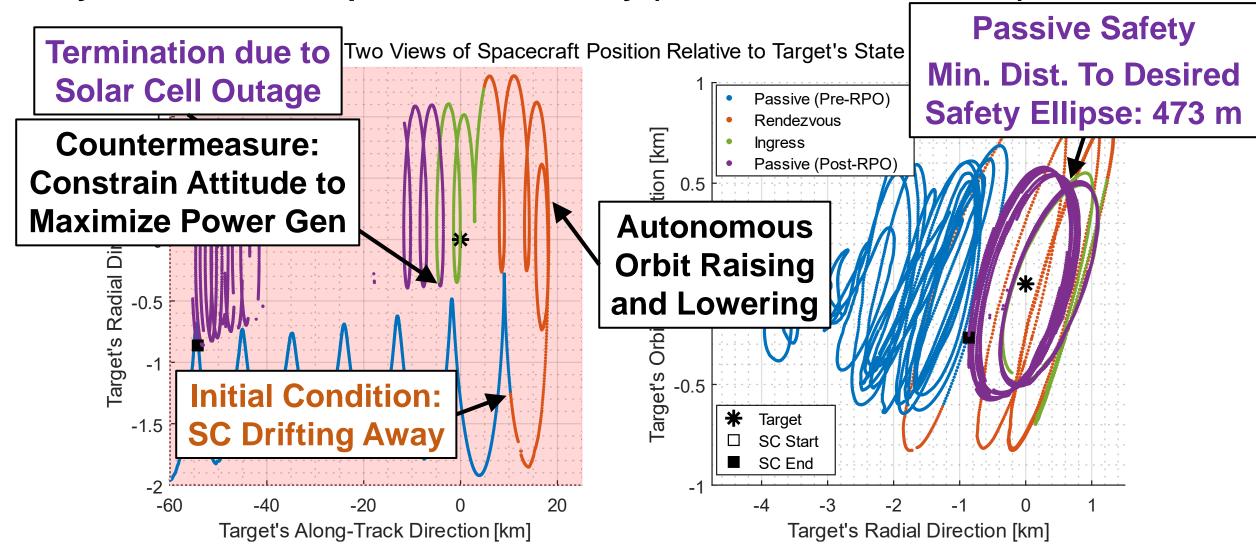




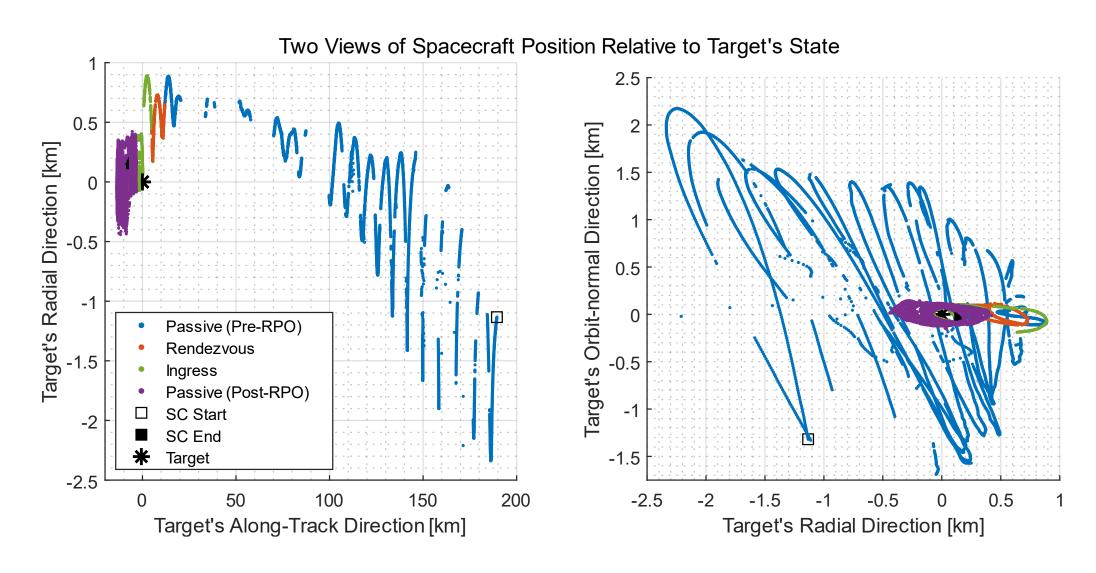




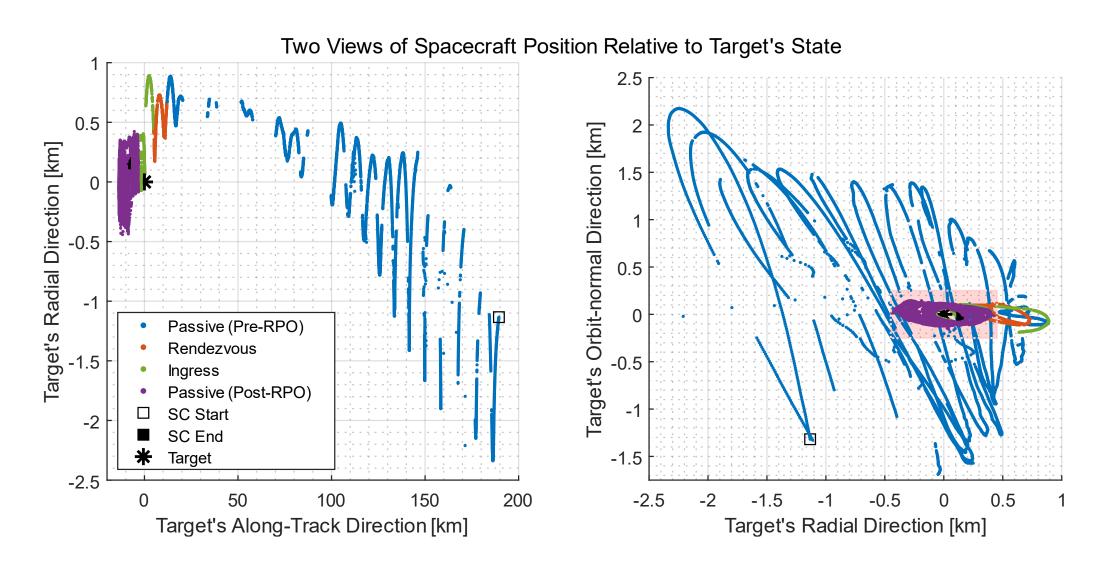






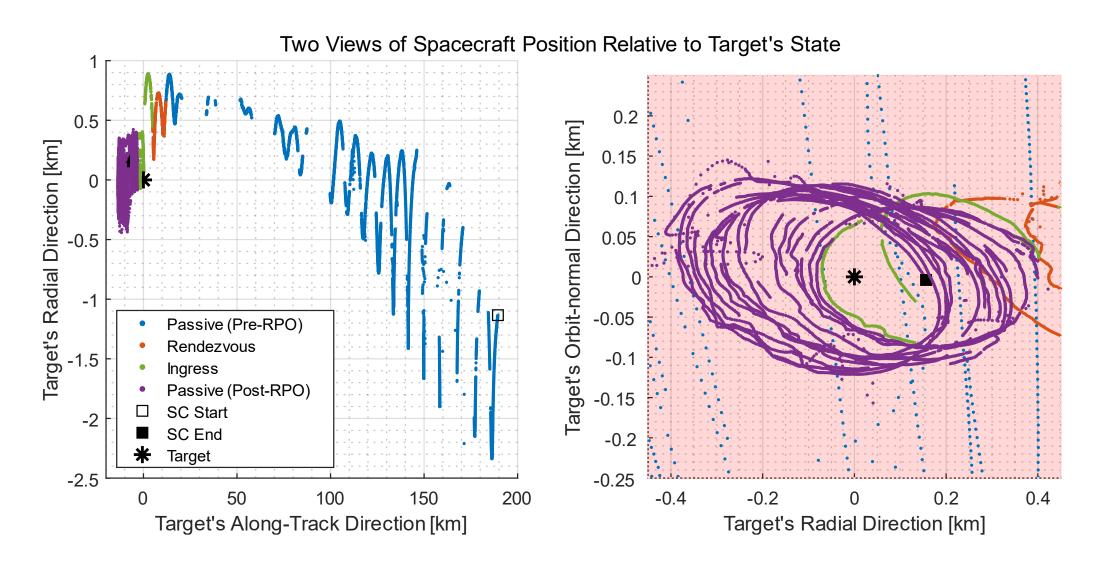






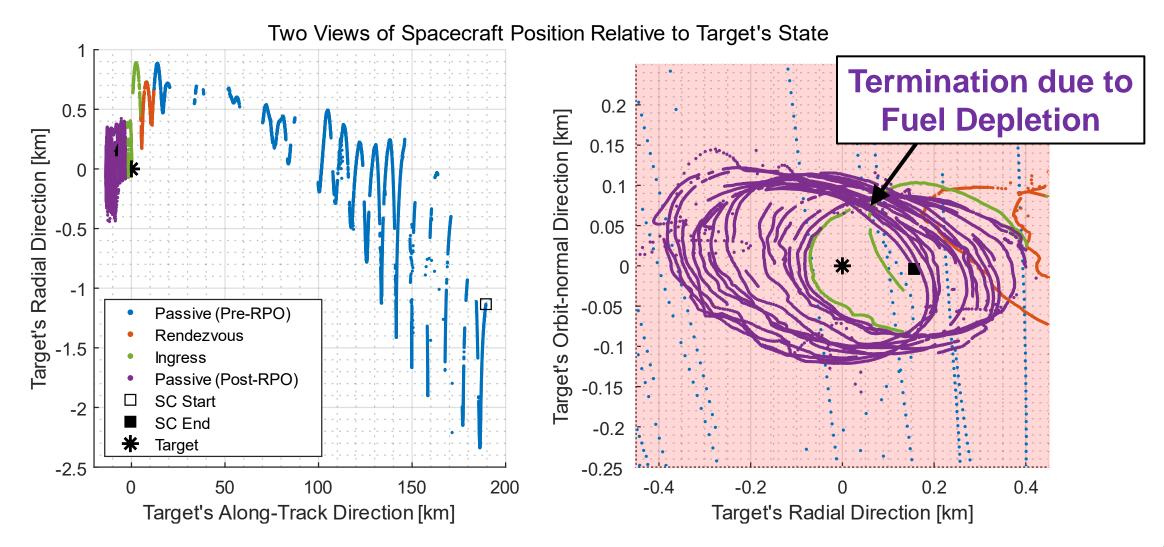








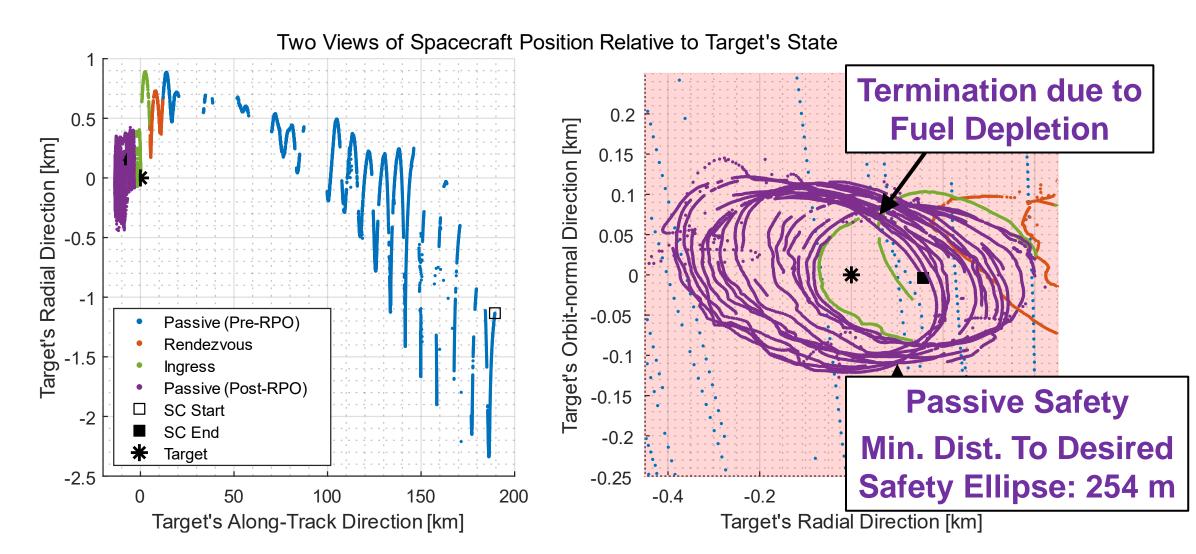






TERRAN ORBITAL www.terranorbital.com

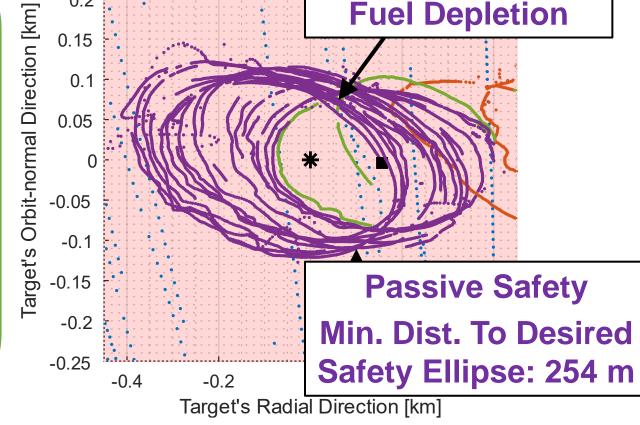
ON-ORBIT RPO RESULTS





Fully Autonomous Experiment Telemetry (2 Thrusters Stuck Open)

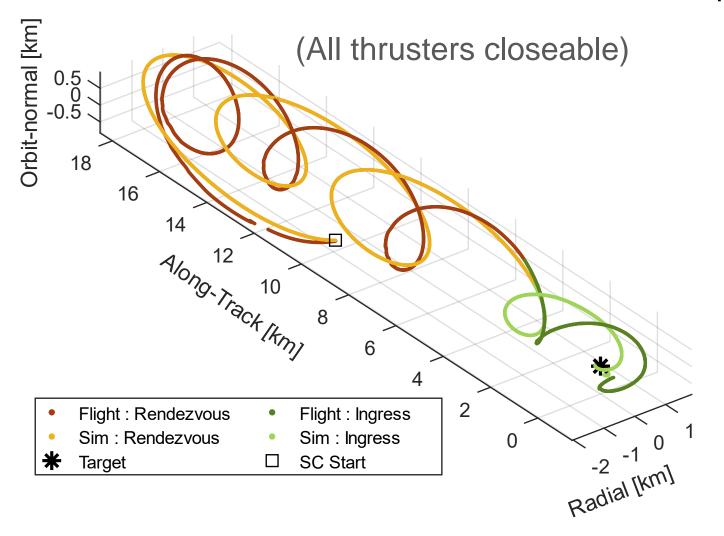
Two Views of Spacecraft Position Relative to Target's State **Termination due to** 0.2 **Fuel Depletion** 0.15 0.05 Robustness: Rejection of Propulsion System -0.05 **Disturbances** -0.1-0.15





Flight Telemetry vs. Simulation With Constant Thruster Force

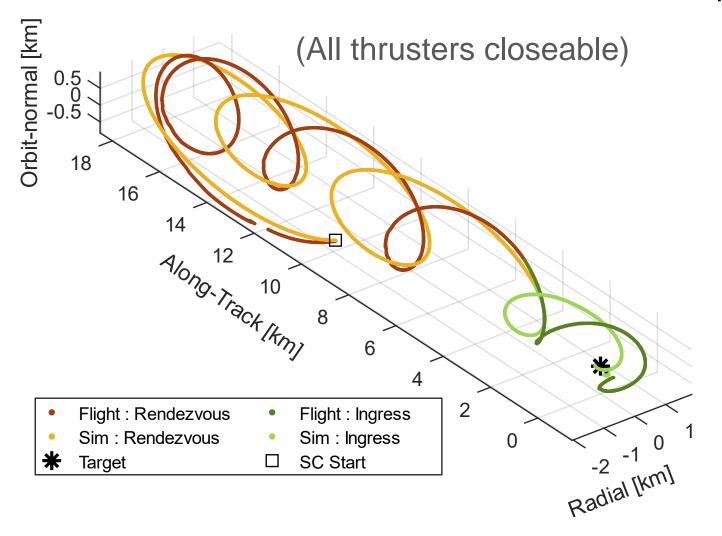
Plotted from RPO start time to time of minimum position error on-orbit





Flight Telemetry vs. Simulation With Constant Thruster Force

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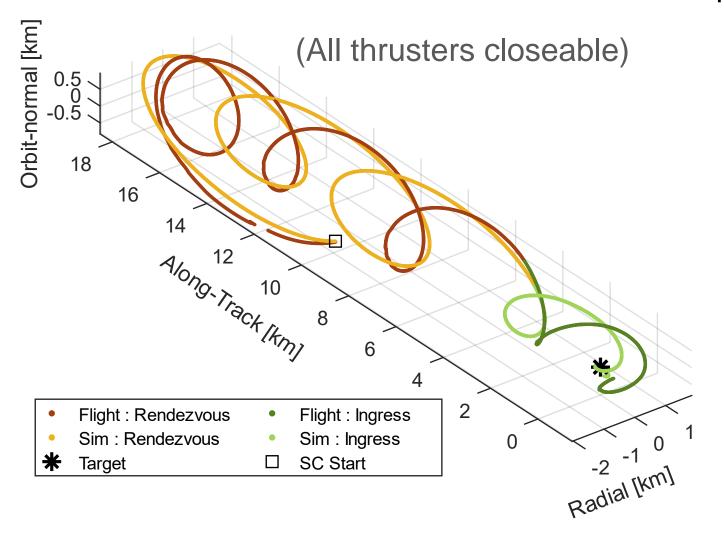


Largest Simulation Assumption: Known Constant Thruster Force



Flight Telemetry vs. Simulation With Constant Thruster Force

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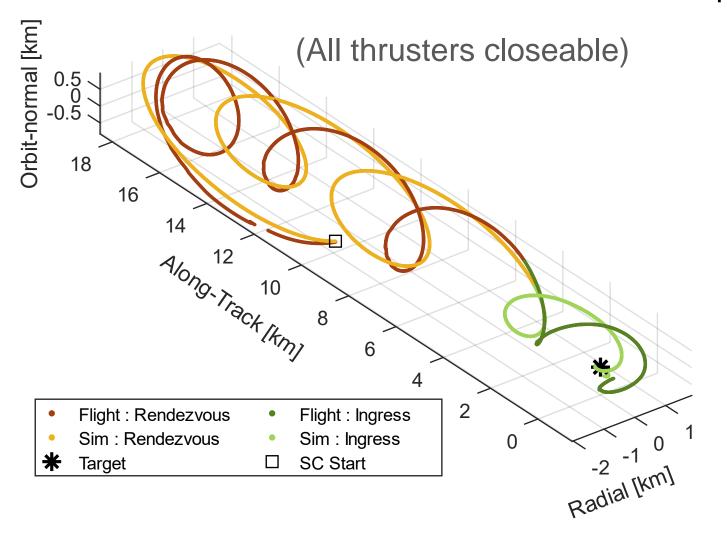
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Plenum pressure error varies widely
 ⇒ assumption violated in reality



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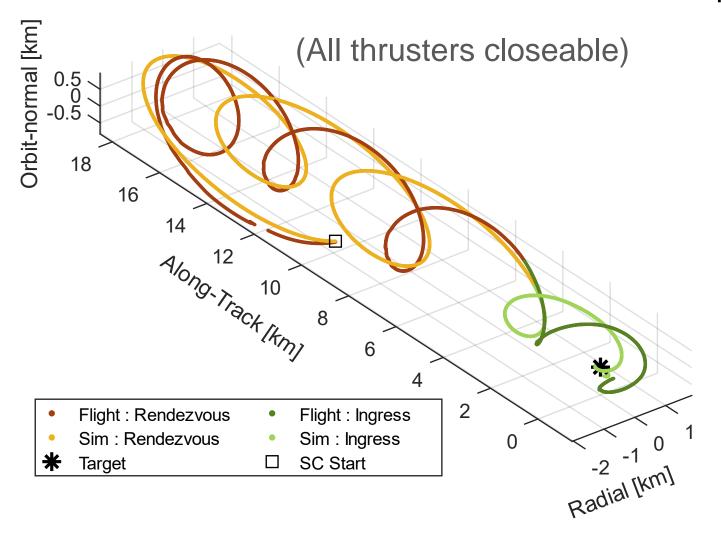
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RPO Design Provides Robustness



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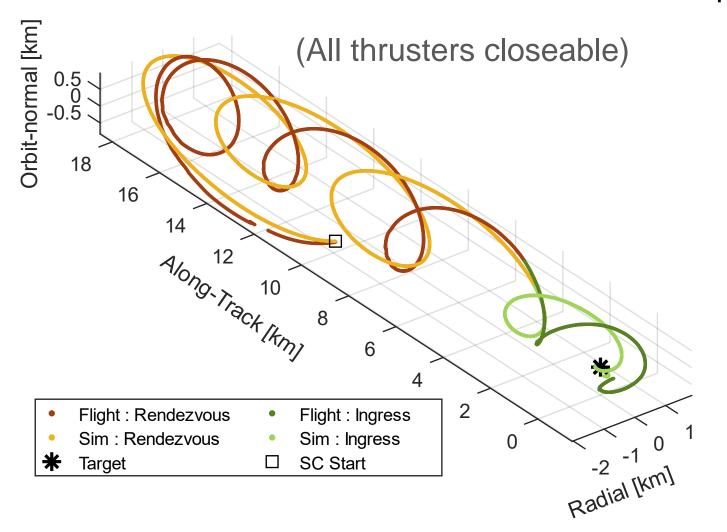
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SC stably converges to target



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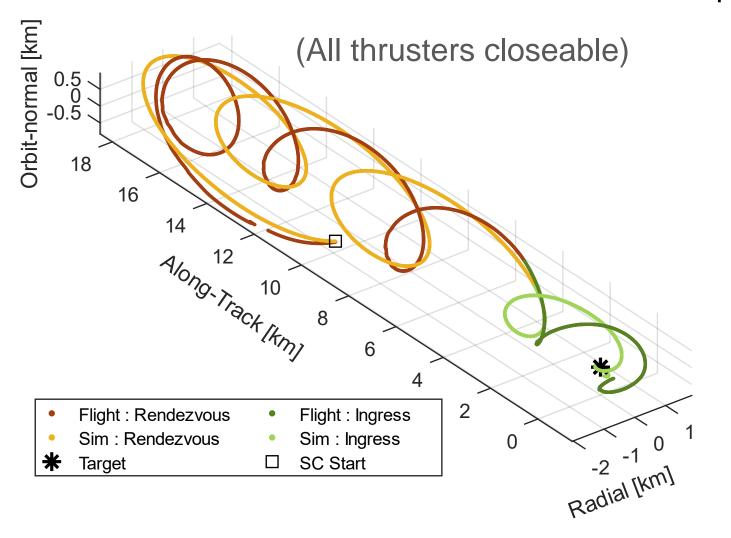
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Disturbances still impact outcome



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RPO Design Provides Robustness

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Disturbances still impact outcome

Simulation converges faster

CPOD CONCLUSION



Key Accomplishments

- 5 major experiments yielding rendezvous and passively safe formations
- 3 guidance algorithms validated on-orbit for autonomous RPO
- Exceptional robustness to disturbance forces

Key Lesson Learned

- Primary performance bottleneck: propulsion system reliability
 - Dynamic modeling will improve performance with existing hardware
 - Improved hardware will further increase performance and flexibility

Funding Acknowledgment

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