

# Satellite Software Development Framework with Rust that Improves Developer Enablement

SSC23-P5-24

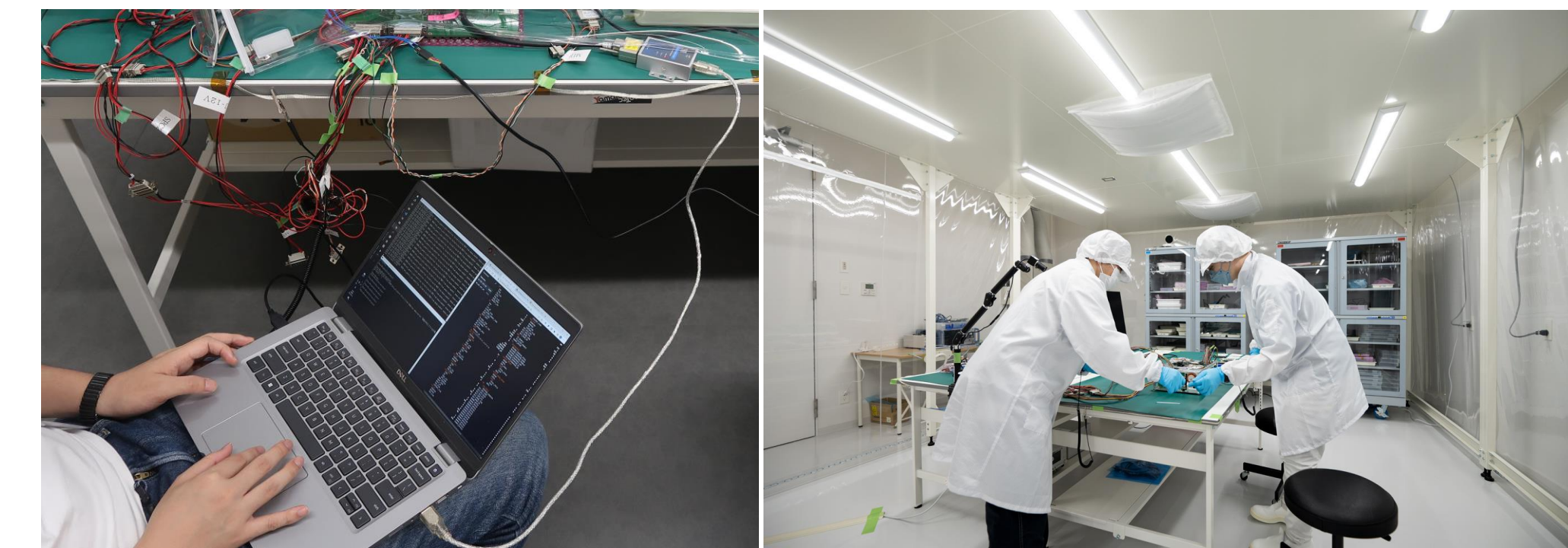


Yuta Sakamoto, Hidekazu Kobayashi, Ryo Suzumoto, Toshifumi Akima, Shumon Fujita, Masato Hoshika, Yoshiki Iwasa, Kanta Yanagida

✉ sksat@arkedgespace.com

## Our challenge: developing various satellites with a small team in a short period

C-language: not able to scale	Rust ecosystem: high productivity
<b>No standard toolchain</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Difficult to setup a reproducible environment in all environments</li></ul>	<b>rustup: Rust toolchain installer</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Install every Rust toolchain with one command</li><li>• Also install standard formatter, linter, etc</li></ul>
<b>No standard build-system</b> <b>No common package-manager</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Almost the only way to reuse libraries is to simply copy them</li></ul>	<b>Cargo: Rust package manager</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Integrated build-system</li><li>• Custom build-script (It can be share build logic as package)</li></ul>
<b>No package-registry</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Downloading methods have to be provided (e.g., Git-submodule)</li></ul>	<b>crates.io</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Many useful packages: serde, embedded-hal, zerocopy, etc.</li></ul>
<b>Low reusability of libraries</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• We are using C2A<sup>[1]</sup>, as an existing FSW (flight software): written in C</li><li>• Lack of language features: prevents proper partitioning of libraries according to responsibilities</li></ul>	<b>Many support for reuse implementation</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Some no_std crates can use in bare-metal environment</li><li>• Language features: module system, strong type-system, etc</li></ul>



Testing the OBC using C2A DevTools

Assembling our satellite

## Conclusion

We have been challenged to develop a variety of satellites in a short period of time with a small team. However, our development structure based on C2A (our C language asset) was not productive enough: there are no common toolchain, difficulty to reuse code for similar satellites/components, etc.

To solve these problems, we have introduced the Rust ecosystem into the C2A development structure. Rust's high degree of interoperability with C allows us to significantly improve productivity without throwing away existing assets.

As a result, our **developer enablement** has been unified and improved across the entire team, allowing us to develop software for multiple satellites with a small team in a short period. Even when developing software for our new satellites, we can get started immediately by adding a few lines to Cargo.toml.

## References

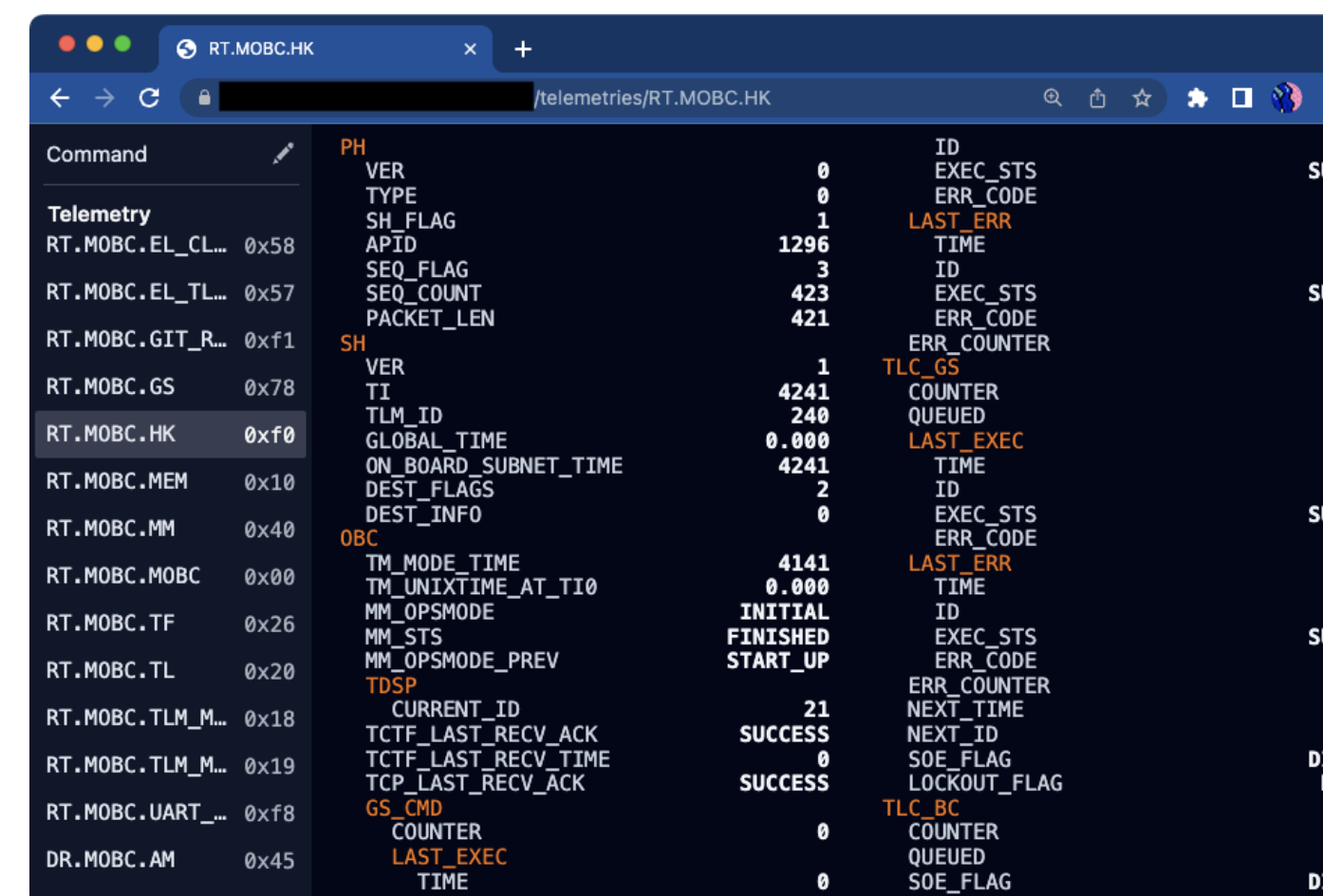
- [1] Ryo Suzumoto, *et al.*, Open-source Software Suite for Small Satellites: C2A (Command Centric Architecture), S2E (Spacecraft Simulation Environment), and WINGS (Web-based Interface Ground-station Software), 36<sup>th</sup> smallsat, 2022.
- [2] Rust: <https://www.rust-lang.org/>
- [3] rustup: <https://rustup.rs/>
- [4] Cargo: <https://github.com/rust-lang/cargo>
- [5] bindgen: <https://github.com/rust-lang/rust-bindgen>

## Rust ecosystem reinforces C2A

- Integrating all build tools with Cargo
- Packaging C library as Rust library (We can reuse it by writing 1-line in Cargo.toml)
- Automatically generated glue code (bindgen)
- High functionality SILS (Software In The Loop Simulation) environment

```
# Install whole toolchain
> curl -sSf https://sh.rustup.rs | sh
info: downloading installer
...(collapsed)...
# Clone your FSW repository
> git clone https://github.com/arkedge/c2a-sample
# Run FSW
> cd c2a-sample; cargo run
-- C2A SAMPLE Flight S/W (H-ON, F-ON) --
BUILD: Jul 11 2023 20:03:57
Git rev: CORE 0x772e7ca, USER 0x4148014
CYCLE: TOTAL 00000021, MODE 00000021
MODE: STAT 1, PREV 0, CURR 1
CMD: GS 0, RT 0, Ack 0, ID 0x00, Sts 0, E...
```

Starting FSW development instantly  
SILS runtime enables run actual FSW on your PC



C2A DevTools  
Web-based human friendly telecommand/telemetry interface