

The importance of strain and stiffness index in the assessment of the function and structure of the left atrium

- ©Krešimir Šutalo¹*,
- [®]Ana Šutalo²,
- ®Renato Filjar³,4

¹General Hospital "Dr. T. Bardek", Koprivnica, Croatia

- ²University Hospital Centre Zagreb, Croatia
- ³University of Rijeka, Faculty of Engineering, Rijeka, Croatia
- ⁴Krapina University of Applied Sciences, Krapina, Croatia

KEYWORDS: left atrial size and function, left atrial strain, atrial stiffness index.

CITATION: Cardiol Croat. 2023;18(5-6):129. | https://doi.org/10.15836/ccar2023.129

*ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDENCE: Krešimir Šutalo, Opća bolnica "Dr. T. Bardek", Ž. Sellingera bb, HR-48000 Koprivnica, Croatia. / Phone: +385-48-251-000 / E-mail: kresimir.sutalo@kc.t-com.hr

ORCID: Krešimir Šutalo, https://orcid.org/0000-0003-0719-0065 • Ana Šutalo, https://orcid.org/0000-0002-7644-6362 Renato Filiar, https://orcid.org/0000-0002-7040-9931

Introduction: Assessment of left atrial size and function is a routine part of any echocardiographic examination. These parameters reflect volume and/or pressure load, pathology of the left ventricle, arrhythmias, storage diseases, and congenital heart defects¹. The presented research aims to evaluate the significance of the atrial stiffness index (ASI) and left atrial strain (LAS) in assessing the function and structure of the left atrium.

Patients and Methods: The analysis was performed using statistical methods applied on the observations of 57 male individuals split into three groups: G1 (22 healthy individuals), G2 (25 patients with arterial hypertension), and G3 (10 patients with heart failure with reduced ejection fraction). All subjects were in sinus rhythm and without a significant degree of calcification of the mitral annulus. Patients underwent classical echocardiographic examination along with 2D speckle tracking analysis. Variable observations related to group pairs (G1-G2, G1-G3, G2-G3) were statistically analyzed using t-test for differences of means and F-test for analysis of variance.

Results: Statistically significant difference (p<0.05) between means was found for all group pairs for ASI and reservoir LAS, while latter showed p<0.05 for difference between variance as well. Median ASI value was 0.28 (interquartile range (IQR) 0.2-0.31), 0.44 (IQR 0.35-0.7), and 1.66 (IQR 0.91-2.77) for GI, G2 and G3 respectively, measured in mmHg/ml. Median reservoir LAS value (average of two and four chamber views) was 29.75% (IQR 27.87-33.73), 24.13% (IQR 20.32-27.57), and 14.39% (IQR 9.12-18.24) for GI, G2 and G3 respectively.

Conclusion: ASI and reservoir LAS showed significant difference in patient subgroups. Taking that into account, it is reasonable to include them in everyday echocardiographic practice for diagnosis both clinical and subclinical cardiac dysfunction.

RECEIVED: March 16 2023 ACCEPTED: March 29, 2023



Smiseth OA, Baron T, Marino PN, Marwick TH, Flachskampf FA. Imaging of the left atrium: patophysiology insights and clinical utility. Eur Heart J Cardiovasc Imaging. 2021 Dec 18;23(1):2-13. https://doi:10.1093/ehjci/jeab191