14th IST Conference 2023 Responsibility and reflexivity in transitions



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How researchers can empower actors in sustainability transitions – insights from a transition management process towards climate neutrality in the Swiss Alps



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What we did

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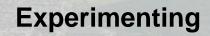
Transdisciplinary & participatory process towards a climate neutral region

- Local and regional governments
- Industry
- Civil society

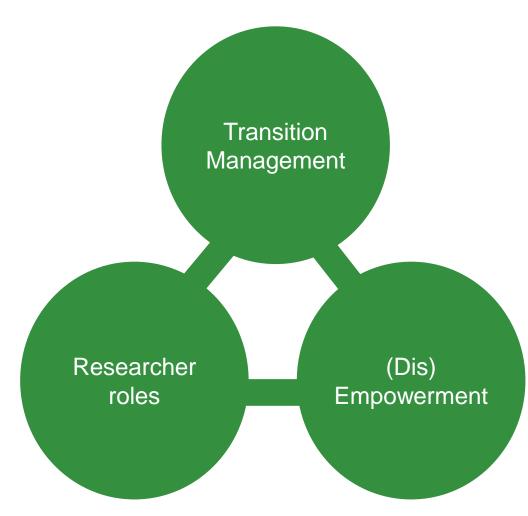
Problem Framing



Transition pathways



How to design an empowering transdisciplinary transition processes? CENTRE FOR DEVELOPMENT



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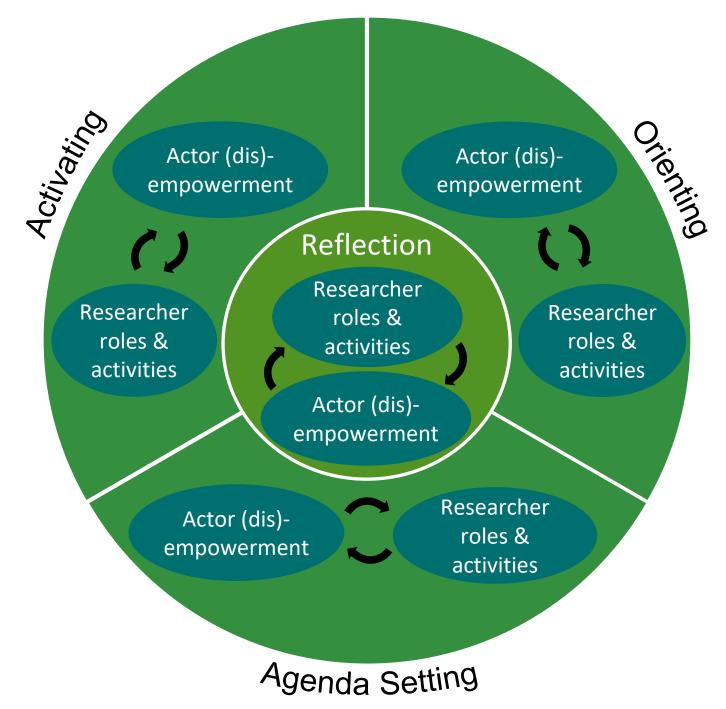
Framework

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Framework based on:

- Transition management (Roorda et al., 2014; Frantzeskaki et al., 2018)
- Roles of researchers (Bulten et al., 2021; Huning et al., 2021; Wittmayer & Schäpke, 2014)
- (dis)empowerment (Avelino, 2017)





Framework

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CENTRE FOR DEVELOPMENT AND ENVIRONMENT Perform researcher Transition Analyse actors' Adopt researcher **Analyse impact** Management (dis)empowerment roles activities on actors' Intervention dimensions (dis)empowerment Reflective Provide dimensions scientist knowledge to inform decision Access Access Self-reflexive making scientist Find realistic Knowledge Agenda Strategies problem-**Strategies** broker setting solution couplings Process facilitator Willingness Willingness Facilitate Change learning agent 5

Best practices card deck

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Best practices card deck



Transition Management Intervention	Analyse actors' (dis)empowerment dimensions	Adopt researcher roles	Perform researcher activities	Analyse impact on actors' (dis)empowerment dimensions
start? Willingnes Feeling of b minority reg	Uncertainty on where to	Knowledge broker	Develop a 'best- practice' card deckto provide practical examples	The best practice examples supported project development
	Willingness Feeling of being alone/a minority regarding climate concern	Knowledge broker	 Develop a 'best- practice' card deck include examples from within case- study region) 	Local actors became aware of other climate initiatives in their region



Provide knowledge to inform decision making

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Transition	Analyse actors'	Adopt	Perform	Analyse impact
Management	(dis)empowerment	researcher	researcher	on actors' (dis)empowerment
Intervention	dimensions	roles	activities	dimensions
Agenda Setting	 Willingness Uncertainty on the impact of project ideas Uncertainty on public opinion 	Reflective scientist	Provide knowledge to inform decision making	Actors found the information very relevant, but also expressed uncertainty how to use this knowledge during project development



Provide knowledge to inform decision making

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Agenda Setting	 Willingness Uncertainty on the impact of project ideas Uncertainty on public opinion 	Reflective scientist	Provide knowledge to inform decision making	Actors found the information very relevant, but also expressed uncertainty how to use this knowledge during project development

Sector

Housing

Visions

Priorities based on assessment

Heating systems

Fossil-fueled heating systems are replaced with systems based on regional renewable energy. The required energy is produced by the building's own facilities as much as possible.

GHG Reduct. Synergies Residents

Skilled workforce

Local architecture and planning offices, building owners, construction companies, licensing authorities and other relevant actors in the construction sector have well-trained specialists at their disposal who provide homeowners with up-to-date, correct and comprehensible information regarding home renovations.

GHG		
Reduct.	Synergies	Residents
Indirect		



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Thank you!



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Images:





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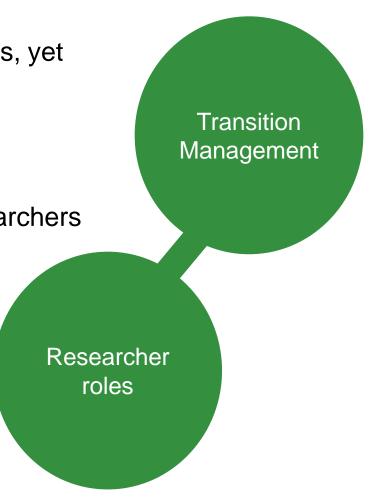
How to design an empowering transdisciplinary transition process?

Transition management

 Could be described as an empowerment process, yet focus on power/empowerment is rather indirect (Hölscher et al., 2019)

Researcher roles

- Lots of literature on the <u>roles</u> and <u>activities</u> researchers can adopt (Bulten et al., 2021; Huning et al., 2021; Wittmayer & Schäpke, 2014). Yet, little attention on how well researchers <u>perform</u> these roles.
- What actually makes a good or bad 'reflective scientist', or 'process facilitator'?



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How to design an empowering transdisciplinary transition processes?

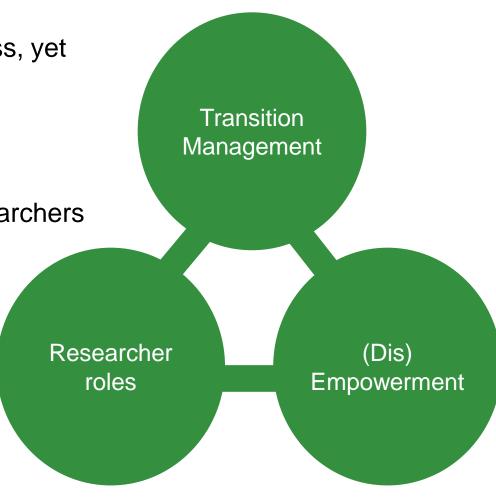
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- What actually makes a good or bad 'reflective scientist', or 'process facilitator'?

To enhance the impact and reflexivity of the transition process we added insights on (dis)empowerment (Avelino, 2017).



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Theoretical background

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Roles and activities

Role	Activities
Reflective scientist	Performs traditional research activities i.e., observing, analysing and interpreting data.
Reflexive scientist	Reflects on positionality, power dynamics and normativity.
Knowledge broker	Aims to mediates and synthesize different perspectives and provide tangible and context- specific knowledge.
Process facilitator	Initiates the process, invites participants. Creates a collaborative and supportive space for co-design and co-learning.
Change agent	Actively participates in processes aiming to implement interventions.





Theoretical background



(dis)empowerment

Dimension	
Access	Possibility of obtaining resources as well as the awareness that those resources exist.
Strategies	Methods used to exercise power i.e., lobbying, networking, experimenting, voting, or protesting.
Willingness	Intrinsic motivation, besides the wish to act, an actor should also believe they are able to act.

