## RICHARD HENRY CLOYD

By John E. Luttrell\*

Few men in a long and active life have given as much service their community, state and country, as did Richard H. Cloyd. Born August 9, 1891, in the "Volunteer State" of Tennessee and one of seven children, he moved with his parents, Henry and Lave Cloyd, to Western Okishosen in the servir 1900's.

In his youth he learned three lessons of industry, integrity and moral and intellectual herecty which characteried his late 18th. He was graduated from Southwestern State Trachers College 18th and 18th

He entered Oklahoma University in 1917, working after classes to help pay his way through college. While an undergraduate, Dick, as all his friends knew him, was initiated into Sigma Alpha Epsilon Fraternity and served one year as President of the Oklahoma University chapter.

When World War I came along, he enlisted in the army as a private and was homenby discharged with he man of Listtenant. After being discharged from the army he returned in the control of the Alumni Association of the University of Ottahoma which posiing the control of the control of the control of the did the drive to construct the Union and Studium. After stepping for the control of the Secretary of the Libror Stedium Fund Drive.

While Secretary of the Alumni Association, he attended the College of Law of the University of Oklohoma, and received his Law Degree in 1928. He sazned, and there was conferred upon him, the Order of the Coif, the highest law school academic honor which can be attained by a student in the Law School.

While attending the College of Law be was appointed Province President of Phi Delta Phi legal fraternity. He became national president for a longer period of time than any other

<sup>\*</sup>Adapted for The Chronicles from the irribute to Colonel Richard R. Cloyd read by John E. Luttrell, Attorney of Norman, Oklahomi, evfor the Annual Meeting of the Oklahoms Historical Society on April 28, 1955.



Richard Henry Cloyd

international President of Phi Delta Phi, which enganization was drawys dear to his heart. He sarved Phi Delta Phi is 315 incr. mm, from 1941 until 1947. After his retirement as President he continued to be parliamentarian of the organization and his long service to it as an officer and as parliamentarian endeared him, to the hearts of many young delegates to the International Cop., ventions who rewarded his warmth and friendship with geouline affection.

He served the City of Norman as one of itn City Commissioners two terms and was elected Mayor and served two years. He was a representative in the State Legislature from Cleveland County six years and in the following session was made Clerk of the House of Representatives.

He was again undered to active duty with the army on September 18, 1940, with the 45th division, and served with the 45th until transferred to the 8th Corp Area Headquarters at Fort Sam Houston, Texas. He became a Lieutenant-Colonel in 1942 and a full Colonel in 1944 and was retired in 1951. Immedistely after his retirement he began work as Assistant Chief Attorney in the Oklahoms City office of the Veterans Administration. He served there until 1955 when he was transferred to the Muskogee Veterans Administration office as General Attorney and opinion writer. In August of 1961 he retired from the Veterans Administration and shortly thereafter returned to his old home town of Norman and was appointed Judge of the City Court, which position he held until the time of his death, on December 7. 1964. He was a life member of Oklahoms Historical Society. and served us a member of its Board of Directors from May 27. 1963 until his death. Burial was in the LO.O.F. Cemetery at Norman Oklahoma.

During a long and active life he made many friends around men and women of prominent pestilion as well as those in the humbler walks of life. He counted among his friends legislators, proveners, members of Congress and Captains of Industry at growing and the counter of the counter of the counter of in contact. In extending his friendship to others he made to diftinction between men of prominence and the common man. True worth, to him, did not depend upon wealth or position. He loved opposite for themselves and whether a man are warms was of wealth, political or social prominence made no difference in him in this critical of their worth. He had less examine and

In the performance of his duties, both with the Veterans Administration, and as Judge, many persons came before him unfamiliar with such surroundings and were in swe of the mandesire and purpose to find and be guided by the truth, quickly

who was to hear and decide their cause. His warmth and evident mittered any such awar or embarament. Young lawyers appearing before him were the object of his special solicitude. The fact fact they were not as familiar with trial procedures as their apportest was understood and his quiding hand assisted them in the presentation of their case. His purpose was to do justice beberent man and ram, and not to decide the matter on the relative shilly by Constelling lawyers.

His demestic life was one of devotion and attachment to his wife and daughter and when his daily chore was completed he could always be found at home in the companionabin of his family. "In him . . . life was gentle; and the elements so mixed in him that nature might stand up and say to all the world: This was a man."

Our life on earth is but a short interlude between two eternities. Our knowledge of the one past, consists of our own experiences and what we learn from recorded history. The eternity beyond this life rests in our hope of life hereafter and faith in God that that hope will be fulfilled.

He whose memory we honor here lived in the belief and faith that man's sojourn here on earth is not the end, but that there is immortality of the soul and life hereafter for those who believe in God, and that for those who live and die in that faith "there is a house not made with hands, eternal in the heaven."

In the Bible we find this saterna admostition, "Whatboover with what find the tode, for it with the might." Whatever task was his he did promptly, theroughly, and efficiently. He was a prefectionist and was never satisfied with needlectic. When he pit his shad to the plow he locked straight alread, plowed a was partful for the things of the satisfied he had not in his long career of public service, but he lived for the future; what it half do min, those he locked and his country. He was a man of strong envircions and with strict adherence to principle and followed, developed the satisfied here in the satisfied here. The satisfied here is not always the dictates of his own conceiver, and not the opinion of the multifulate. Though a man of strong conviction and adherence the satisfied here is the satisfied here in the satisfied here is the satisfied here in the satisfied here is the satisfied here in the satisfied here in the satisfied here is the satisfied here in the satisfied here is the satisfied here in the satisfied here is the satisfied here in the satisfied here. The satisfied here is the satisfied here is the satisfied here in the satisfied here. The satisfied here is the satisfied here is the satisfied here in the satisfied here.

He lived by the principle that all men are equal before the law and as a lawyer and judge be brooked no distinction by <sup>70</sup>2500 of social position, wealth, race or creed. Loyalty and strained the second of the law of the