

ACTH Challenge: Stress Response Across Tadpole Development

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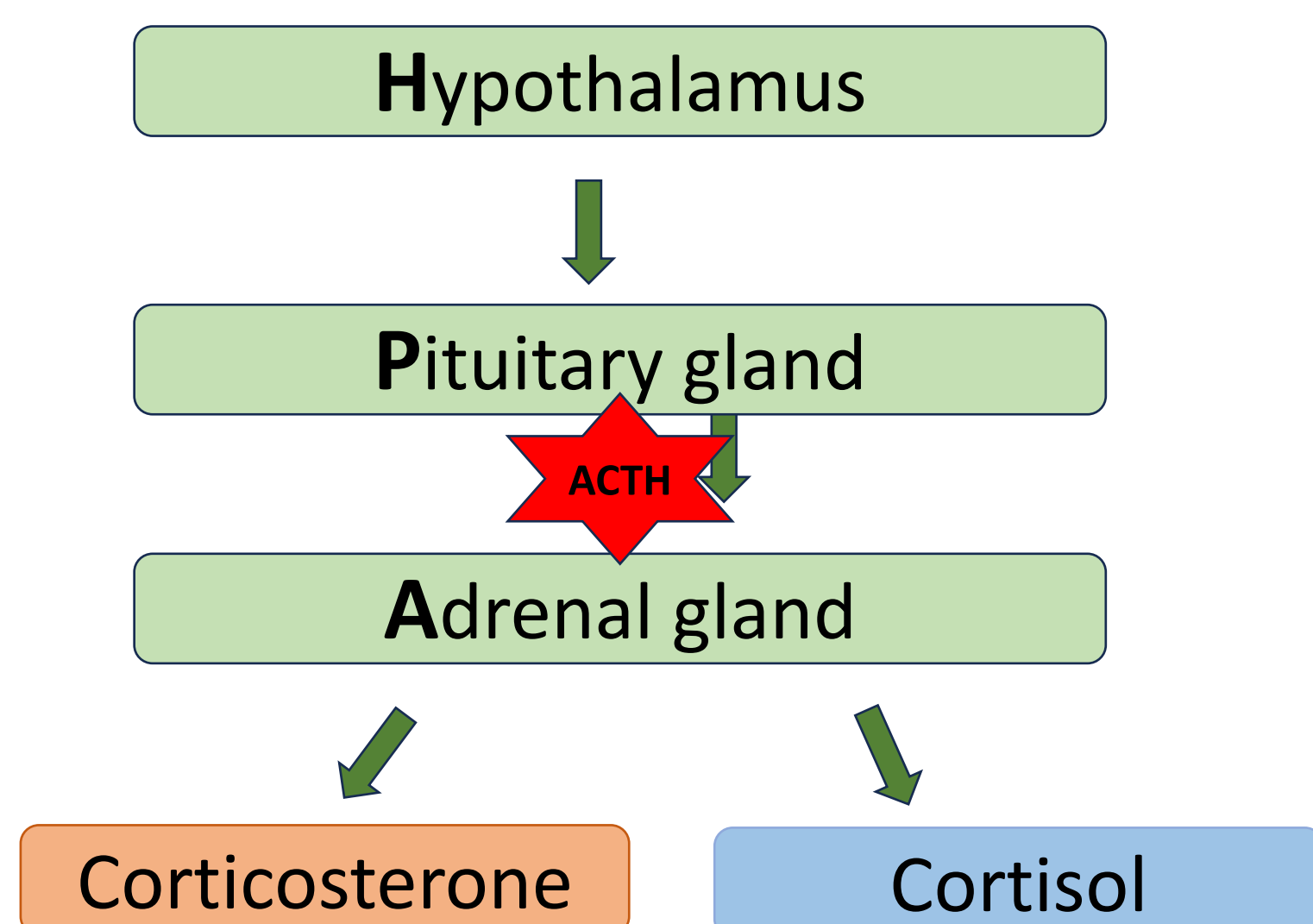
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PRECS Phenotypic Plasticity Research Experience for Community College Students

Background

HPA AXIS



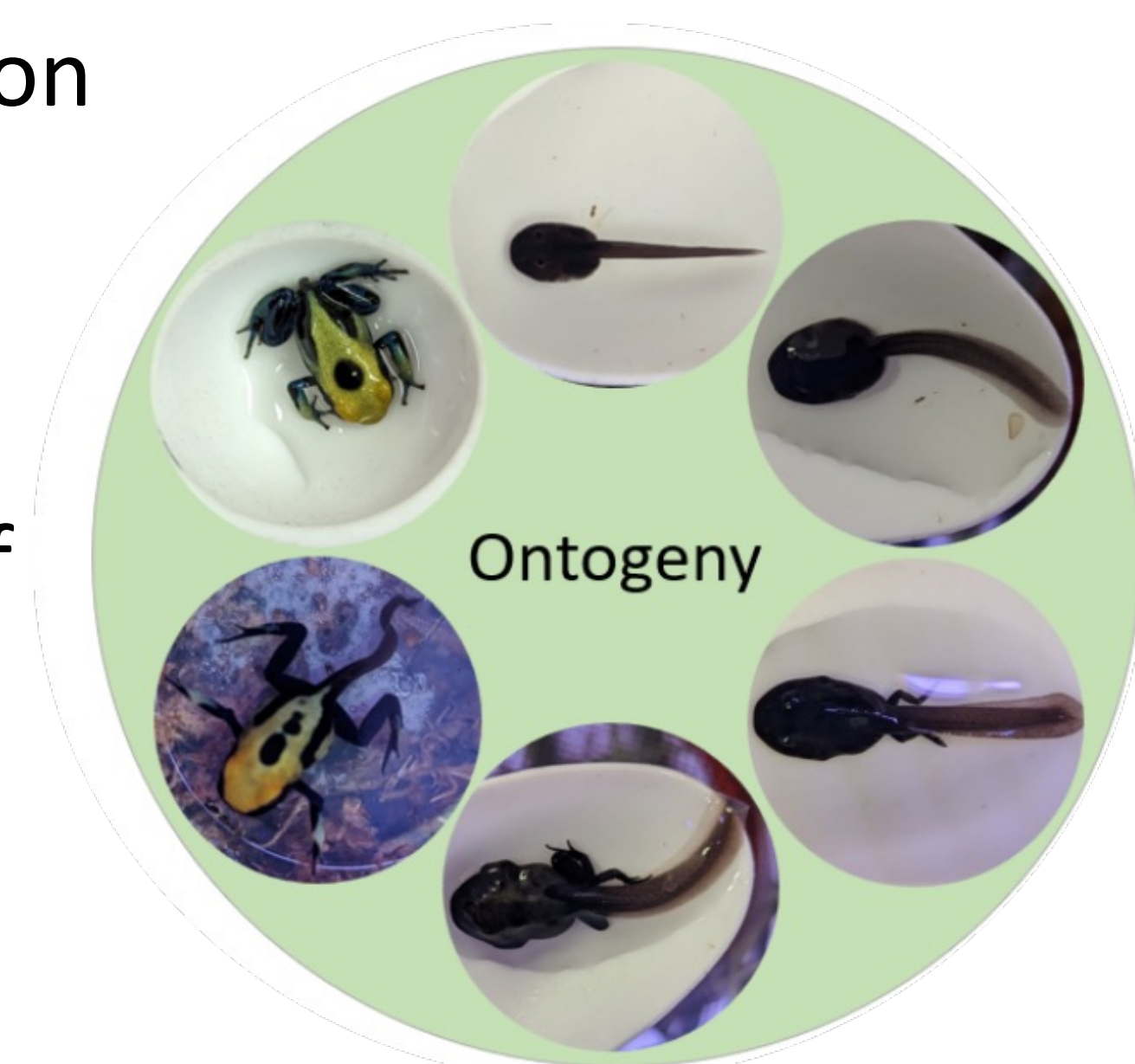
HPA axis: the pathway that the body takes in response to stress

Adrenocorticotrophic hormone (ACTH) tells the adrenal gland to release glucocorticoids which are considered “stress” hormones¹

Glucocorticoids (**GCs, cortisol and corticosterone**) move energy in the body to facilitate flight or flight responses

Prolonged increase of GCs can have a long-term impact on morphology, immune response, and overall survival

In amphibians, **glucocorticoids have a role in metamorphosis**, so we predicted that different stages of development have a different response in the HPA Axis



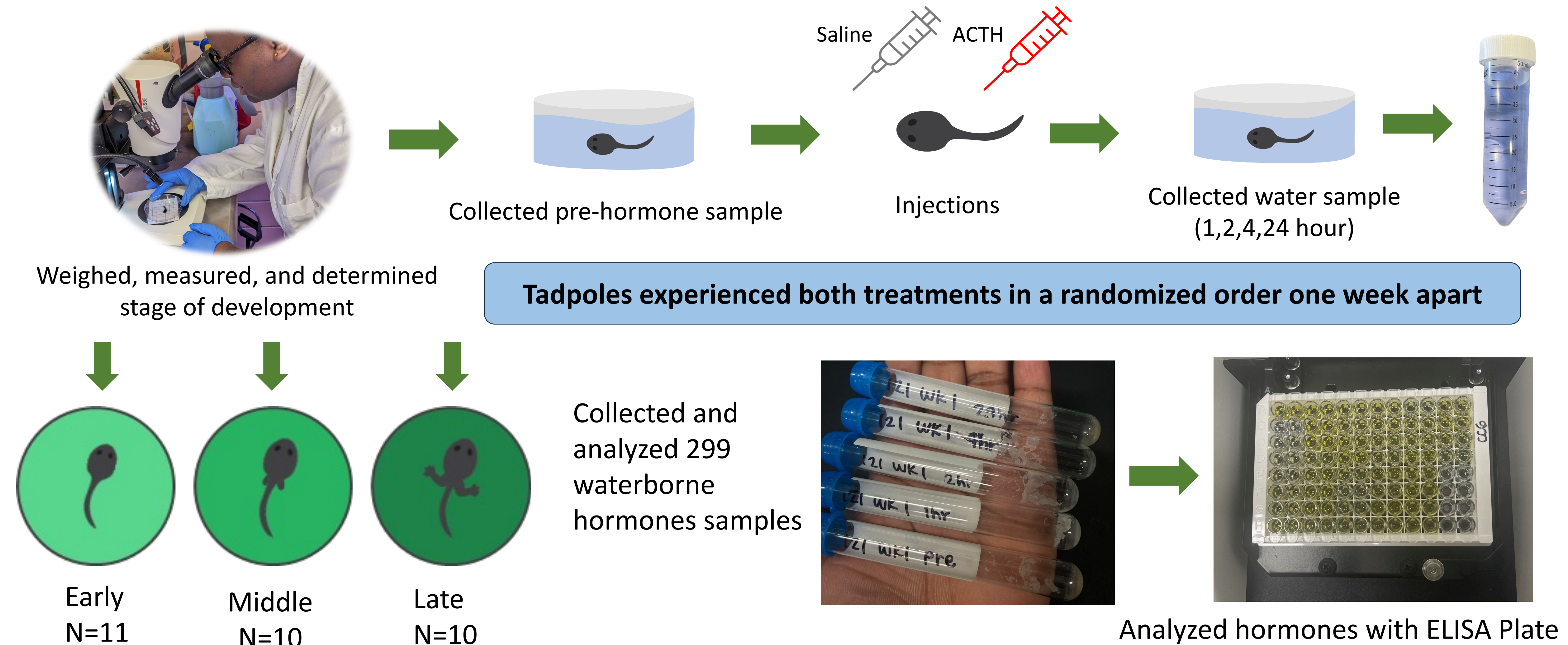
Some stressors of **Dyeing Poison Frog (*Dendrobates tinctorious*)** tadpoles are predators, cannibalistic conspecifics, temperature and salinity changes

Research Questions

- 1) Do tadpoles excrete more cortisol or corticosterone?
- 2) Do tadpoles excrete more corticosterone after ACTH injections?
- 3) Does the ACTH stress response change across development?

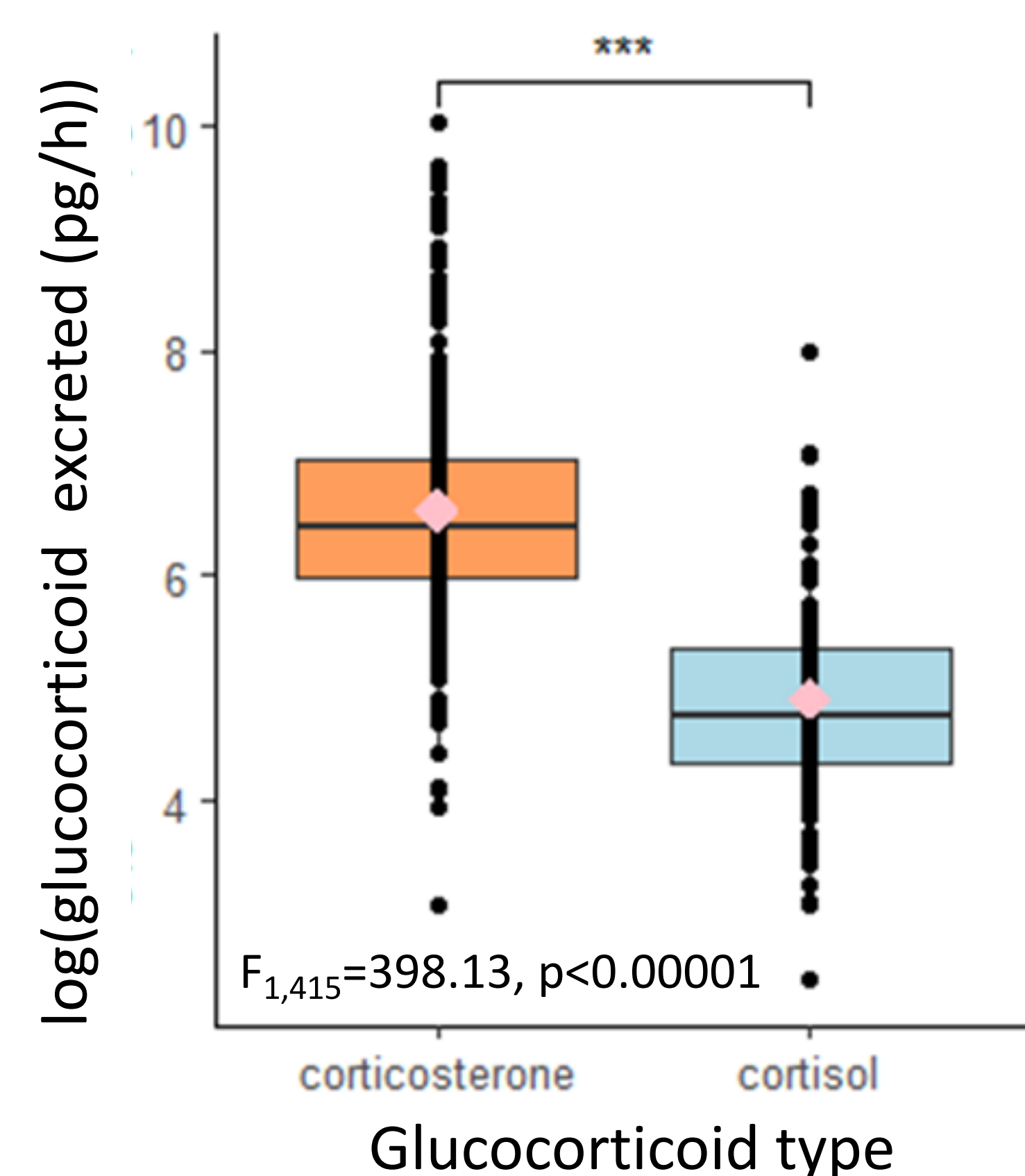
Methods

ACTH challenge: a test used across vertebrates in which the HPA axis is stimulated via ACTH injection to find the primary glucocorticoid and to generally look at the HPA-axis response²

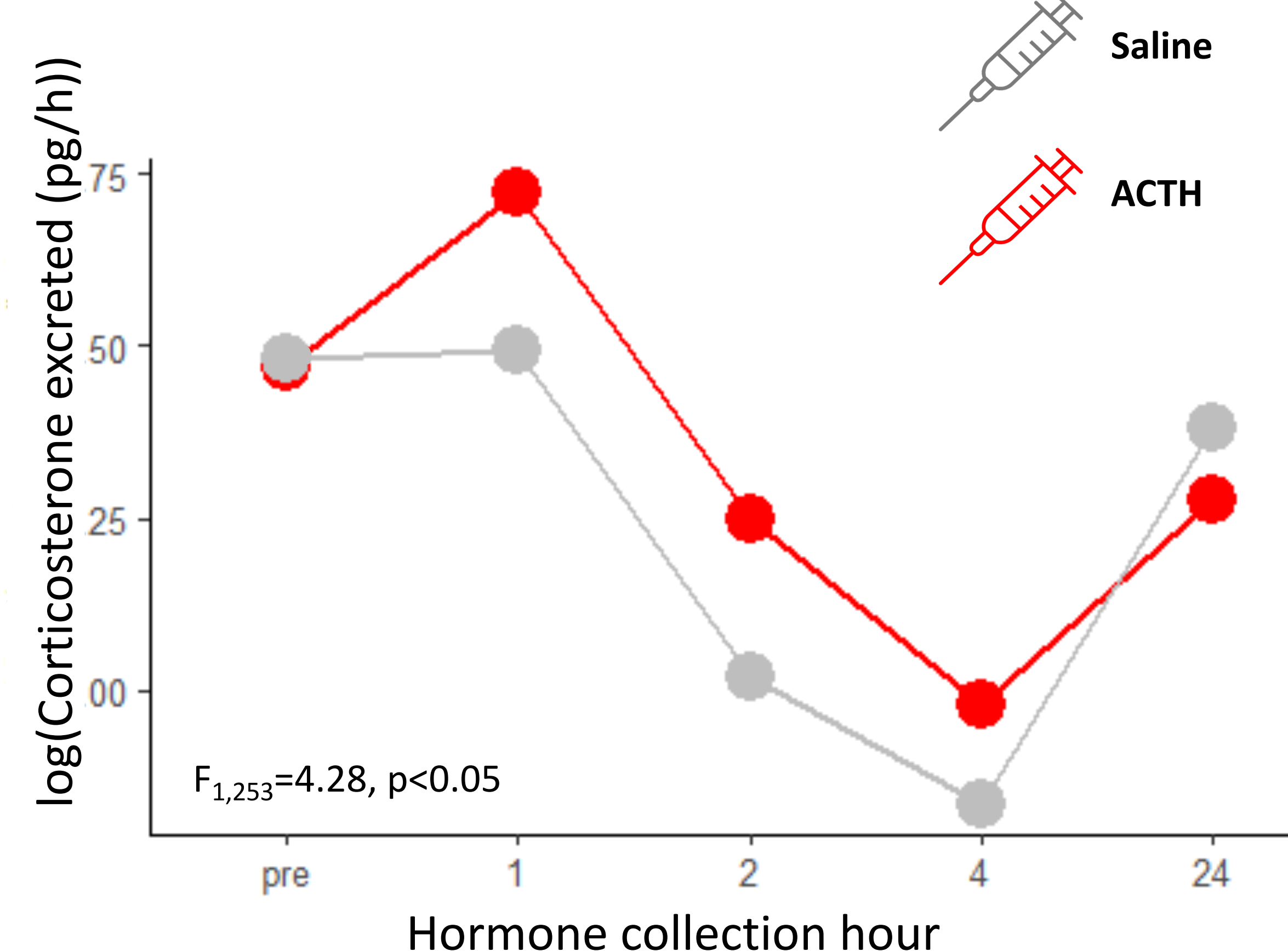


Results

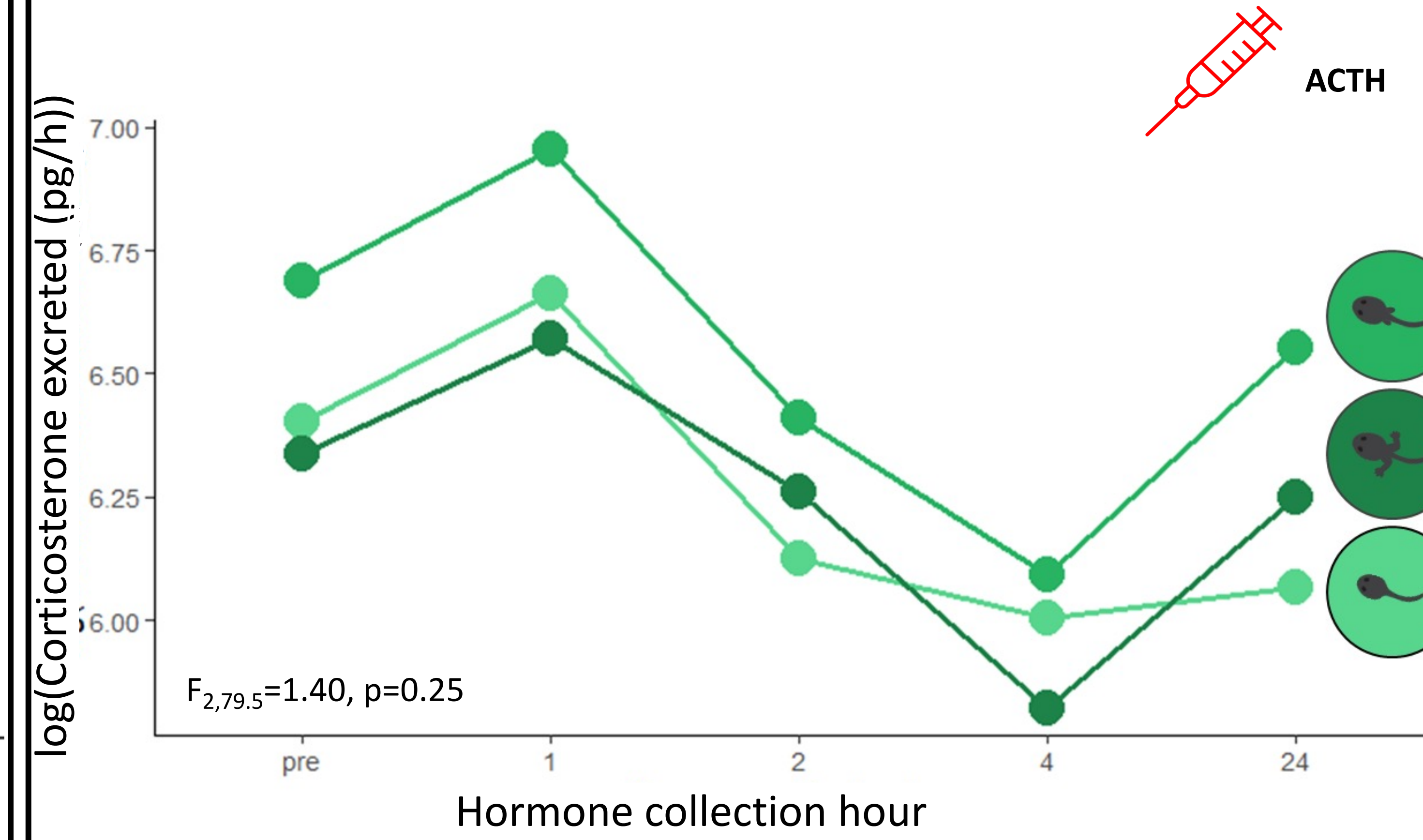
1. Tadpoles excrete more corticosterone than cortisol



2. Tadpoles increase corticosterone after ACTH injection compared to saline control



3. ACTH stress response does not differ across developmental stages



Discussion

Tadpoles produced both glucocorticoids and corticosterone is more abundant

Corticosterone increased in response to an ACTH challenge

We found no difference in stress response across developmental stages

WHY?

- More variation in stress response among individuals than between developmental stages
- Stress response through HPA is important for all the life stages

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References

- [1] Becker, Jill B. *Behavioral Endocrinology*. A Bradford Book, 2002.
- [2] McClelland, S. J., & Woodley, S. K. (2021). Water-borne corticosterone assay is a valid method in some but not all life-stages in Northern Leopard Frogs. *General and comparative endocrinology*, 312, 113858history .