

## Psilocybin's Effects on Neuritogenesis in Cancer Associated Neurons

Josiah Miller, Shamima Akhter, Tongxin Xie, Frederico Netto, Blake Myers, Sahana Lothumalla,

Shajedul Islam, Adewale Adebayo, Moran Amit

**University of Notre Dame** 

# THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS MODANderson Cancer Center

Making Cancer History®

## Introduction

- Psilocybin is a psychoactive component in psychedelic mushrooms.
- Used medically for PTSD and Depression<sup>1</sup>
- Why are we interested?
  - Experiments showed ability to increase neuronal filament generation (neuritogenesis)<sup>2</sup>
  - Cancer cells have been suggested to interact with neurons and damage the neuronal filaments
- Our investigation focuses mainly on hiPSC DRG neurons and PCI-13 cancer cells

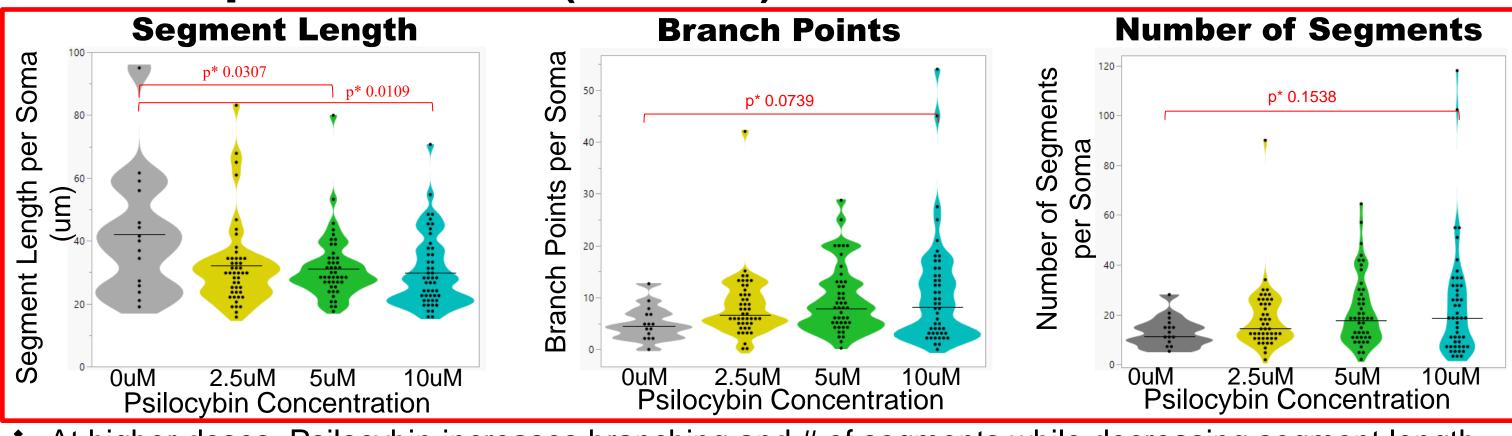
## Hypothesis

• **Overall Goal**: Determine if Psilocybin is a potential drug therapy to reduce effects of cancer on neurons in patients.

## Results

#### Morphology

#### **Dose Dependent Effect (Neurons)**

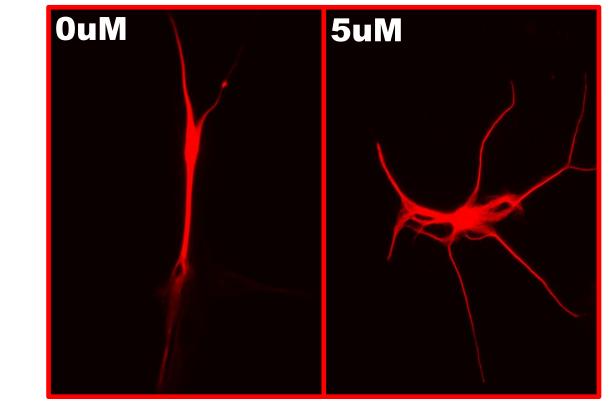


✤ At higher doses, Psilocybin increases branching and # of segments while decreasing segment length

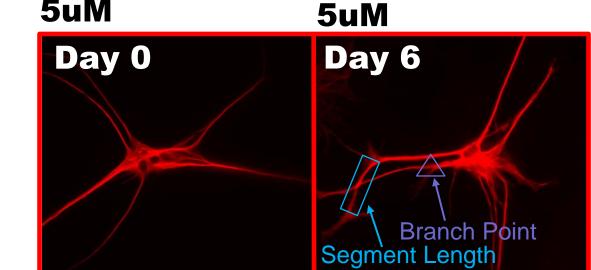
#### **Day of Administration Effect (Neurons)**

Samont Lanath	Duanah Daluta	
Segment Length	Branch Points	Number of Segments
<b>U U</b>		

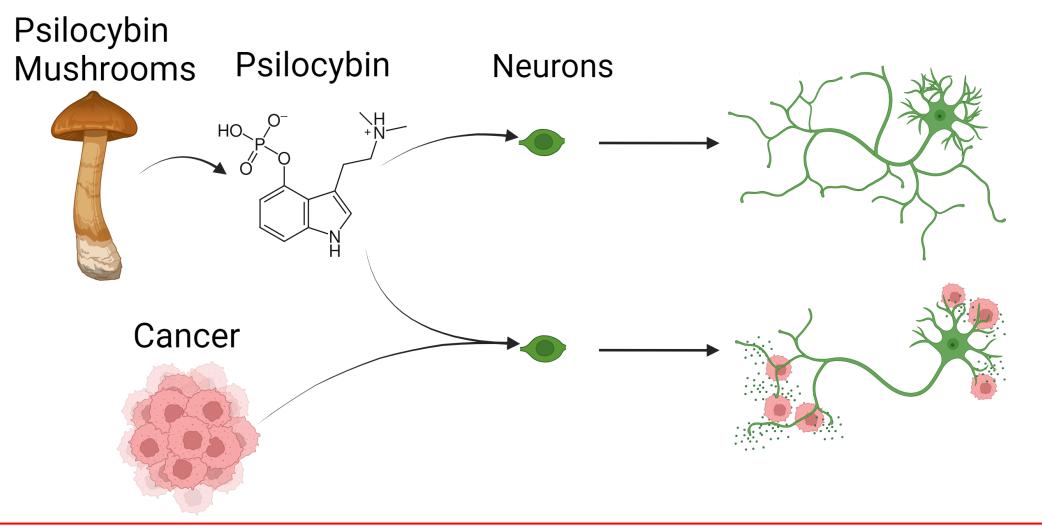
#### Dose Dependent Effect (Monoculture)



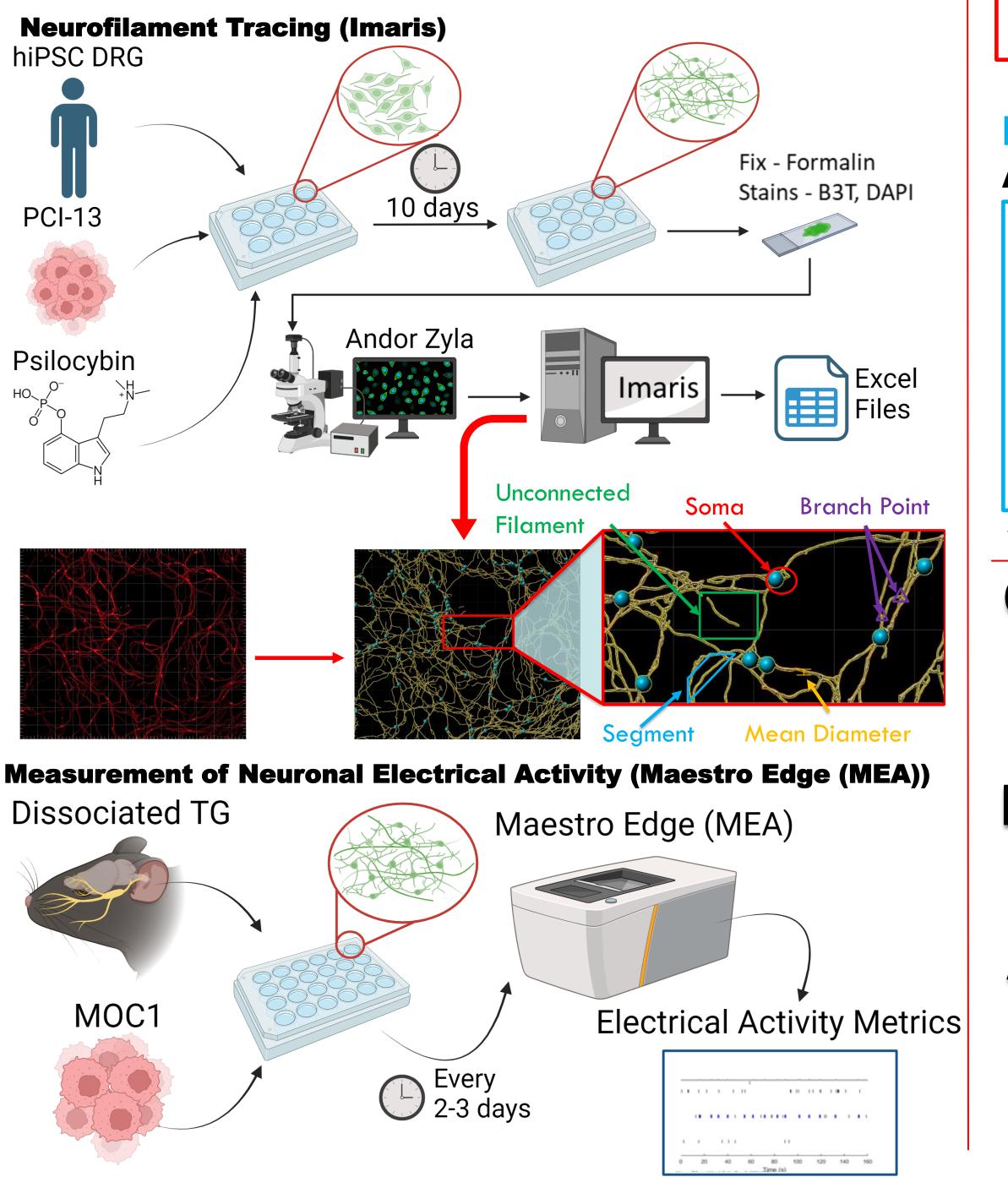
#### **Day of Administration Effect** 5uM 5uM

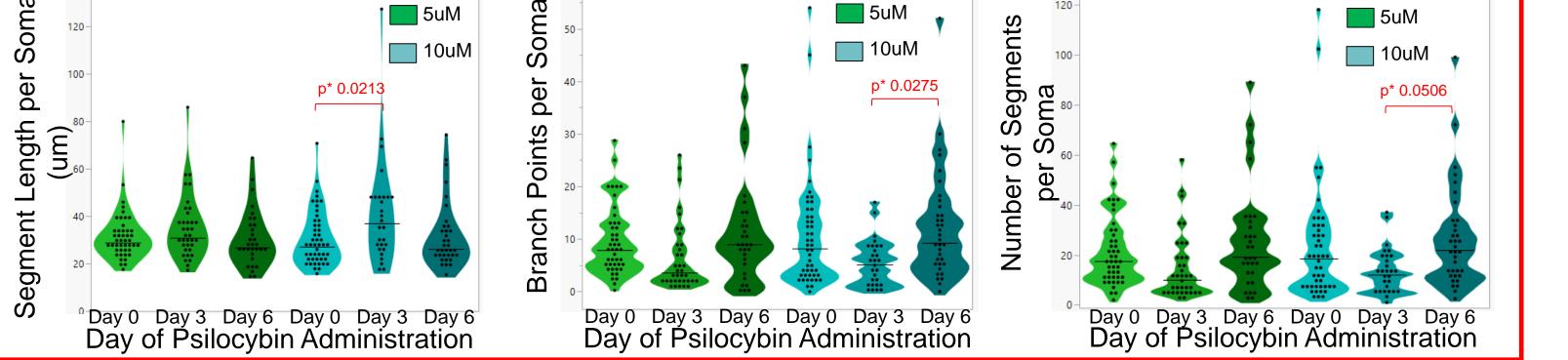


 Hypothesis: Psilocybin will cause change in neuronal structure in presence and absence of cancer.



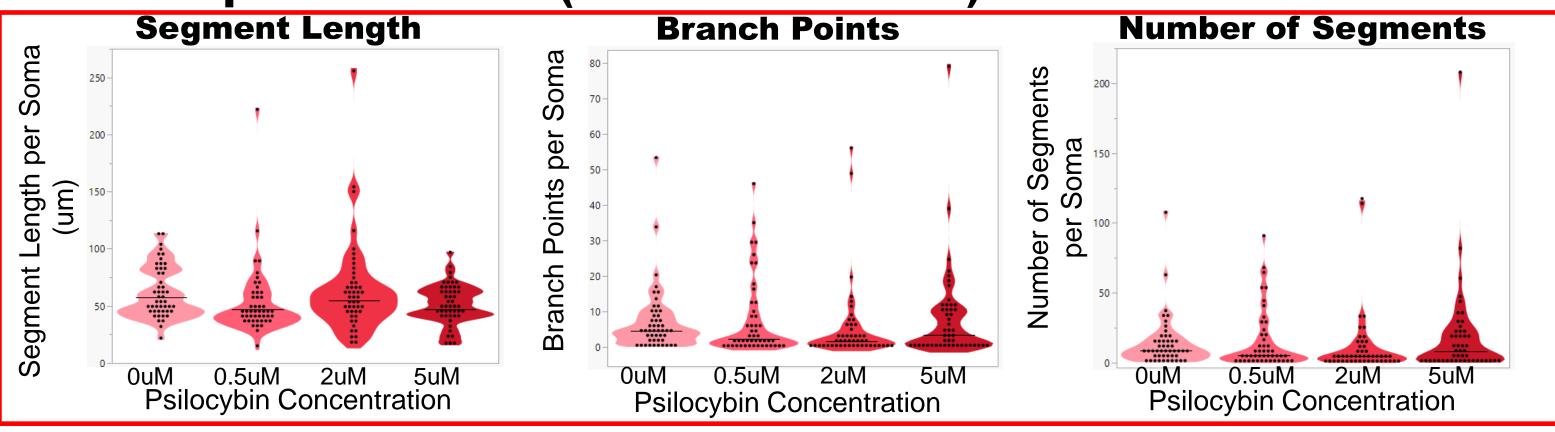
## Methods





✤ At later time points, Psilocybin increases branching, # of segments and segment length

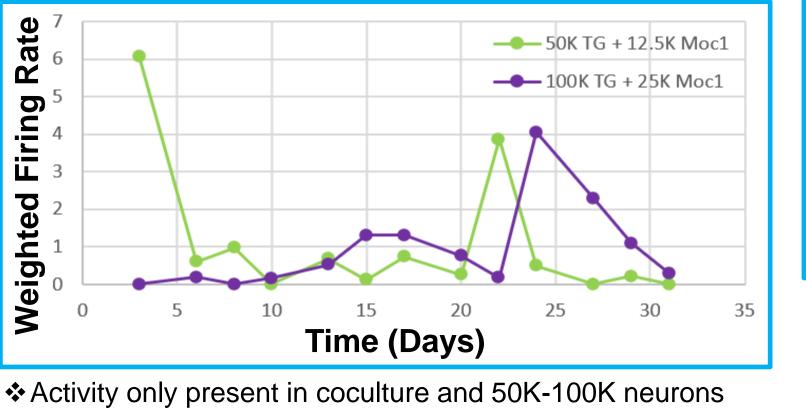
#### **Dose Dependent Effect (Cancer + Neurons)**



In Cancer Associated Neurons, a trend differing from neurons alone appeared with increasing doses of Psilocybin.

#### **Electrical Activity**

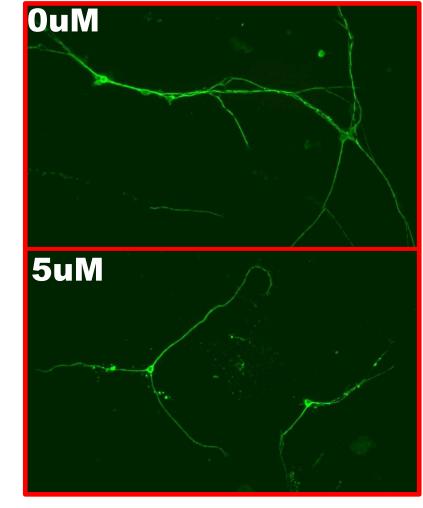
#### **Activity of TG in Presence of Moc1**



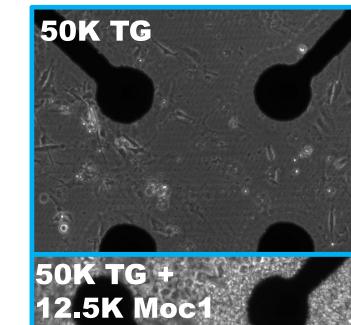
#### **Real Time Activity Plots (Raster Plot)**

Day 8	Day 10	Day 13
та стала и полати с Парада и полати стала и полати и пола Парада и полати и пол	I. I.	

#### Dose Dependent Effect (Coculture)



#### **Cell Density**



## Conclusions

- Silocybin leads to increase in filament growth, branching, and number of segments at higher doses and a later administration of the drug.
- In Neuron + Cancer Coculture, Psilocybin trends toward a decrease in filament length, branching and number of segments but needs further investigation.
- Neurons give electrical activity in the presence of cancer.

## **Future Experiments**

Investigate Cancer Associated Neuronal structure and electrical activity in vitro and in vivo by using neurofilament tracing, RNA

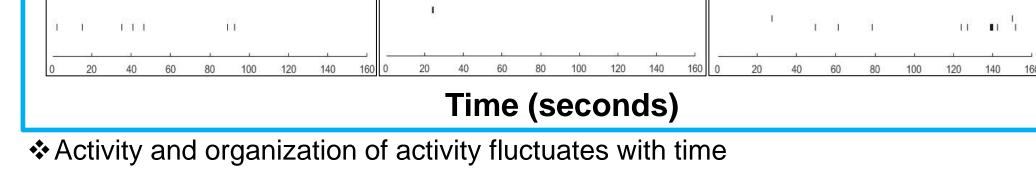
sequencing, Antibody Staining, Electron Microscopy and a microelectrode array.

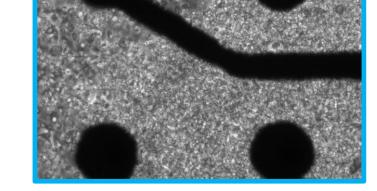
## Acknowledgments

- Dr. Andrew Shephard (Symptom Research CAO), Dr. Patrick Dougherty (Pain Medicine)
- Lab Members: Hinduja Sathishkumar, Kala Debnath

## References

1. Ly C (et al.) Cell Rep. 2018; 23(11):3170-3182

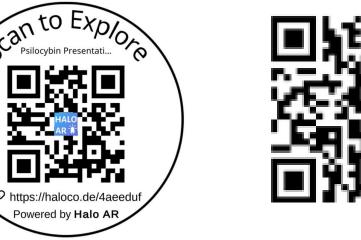




Proliferation Rate of Moc1 was excessive

> **Cancer Neuroscience**





**Augmented Reality** 

Linked In

