

Numerical characterization of premixed methane flames in vitiated atmosphere at supercritical conditions

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3rd International Seminar on Non-Ideal Compressible-Fluid Dynamics for Propulsion & Power

Delft, 29th - 30th October 2020

Numerical characterization of premixed methane flames in vitiated atmosphere at supercritical conditions

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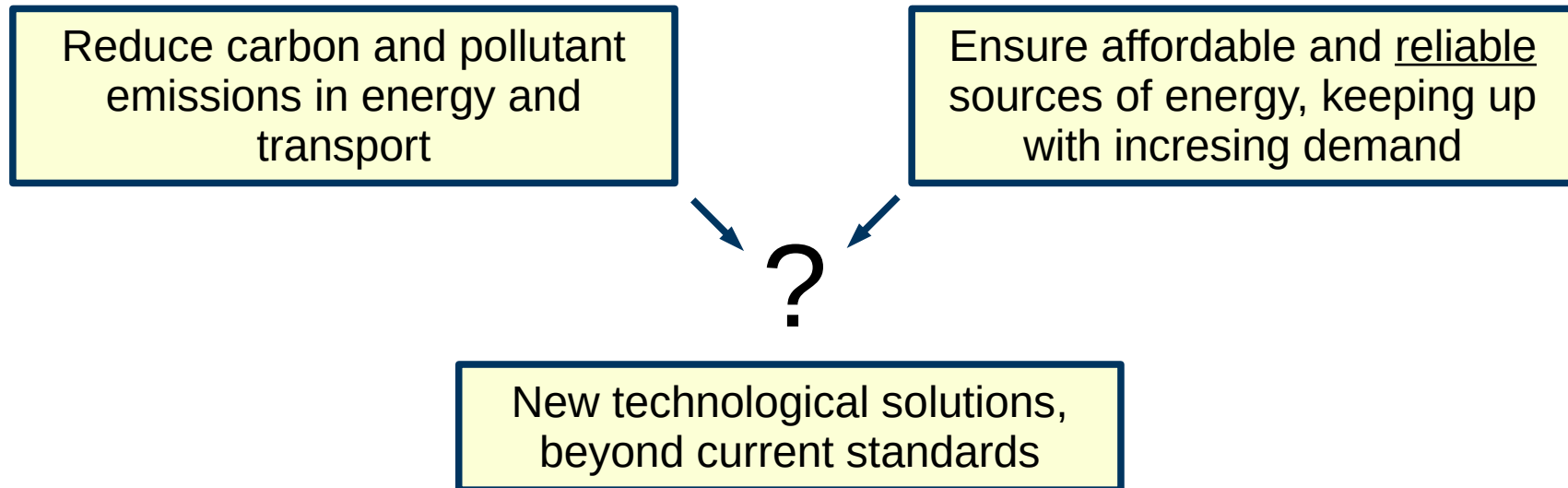


RUHR-UNIVERSITÄT BOCHUM

CHAIR OF THERMAL TURBOMACHINES AND AEROENGINES

Introduction and motivation

Fundamental technological challenges in the next future

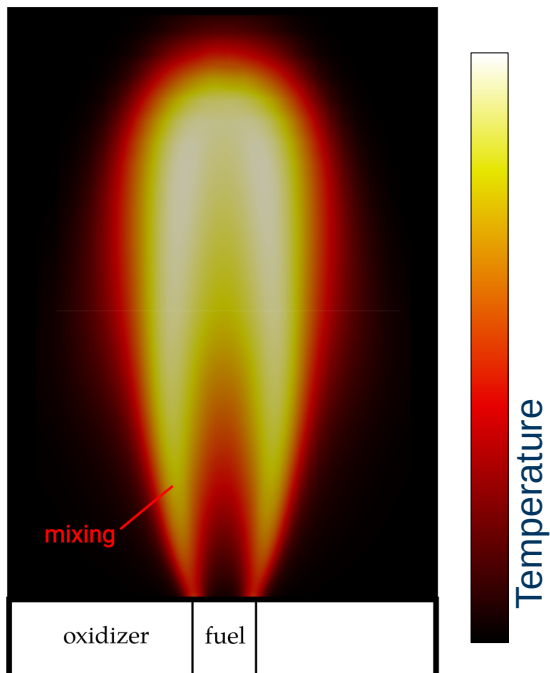


Some research trends in gas turbines:

- Hydrogen combustion
- Carbon Capture and Sequestration
e. g. in directly fired supercritical CO₂ power cycles $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \bullet \text{ reduce CO}_2 \text{ emissions} \\ \bullet \text{ oxyfuel: no NO}_x \\ \bullet \text{ higher density: lower size} \end{array} \right.$

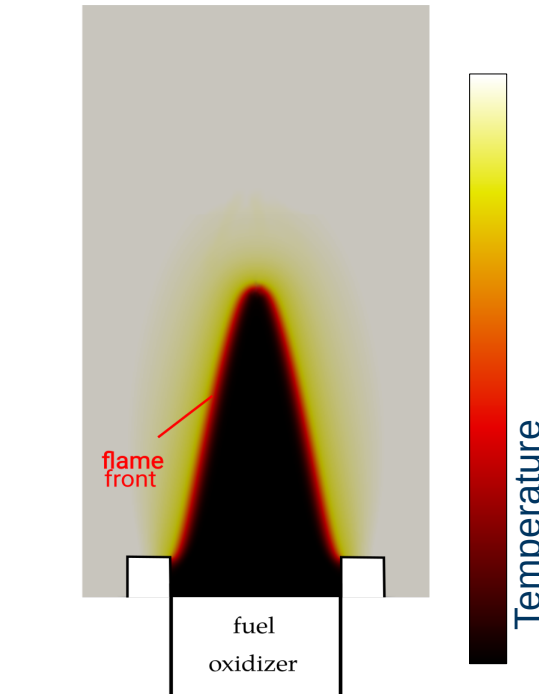
Introduction and motivation

Non-premixed



Most application of supercritical combustion

Premixed



Unexplored field at very high pressures

Stability critical issue

Purpose:

Characterize flame properties

Develop numerical model for stability studies

Outline

- Introduction and Motivation
- One dimensional flames:
 - Chemistry solver
 - Chemistry mechanisms
 - Equation of state, thermodynamics and transport
- Two dimensional application
 - Coupling CFD and chemistry solver
 - Bunsen flames results
- Conclusions and outlook

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One dimensional flames

Chemistry solver

CHEM1D¹

- One-dimensional laminar flame code
- Complex chemistry reaction mechanisms

Extended with

- Peng Robinson EOS with consistent thermodynamics
- High pressure Chung's method for mixture transport properties

¹CHEM1D, A one-dimensional laminar flame code, Eindhoven University of Technology. <http://www.combustion.tue.nl/chem1d>

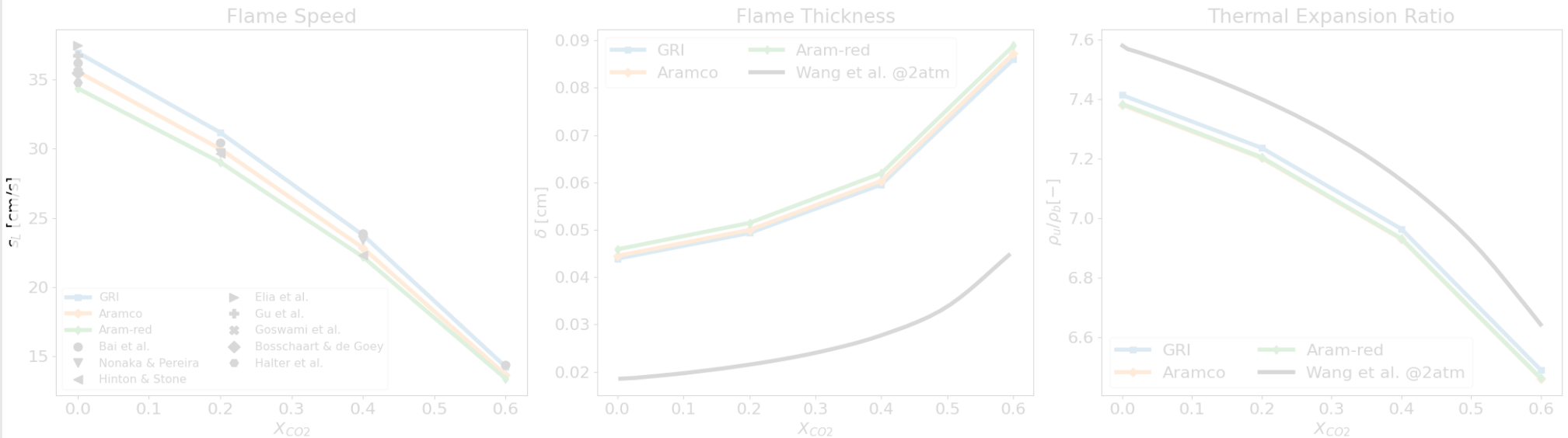
One dimensional flames

Biogas mixtures

| Φ | Fuel | | Oxidizer | | |
|--------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|-------|
| | CH ₄ | CO ₂ | N ₂ | O ₂ | Ar |
| 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.781 | 0.21 | 0.009 |
| 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0.781 | 0.21 | 0.009 |
| 1.0 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.781 | 0.21 | 0.009 |
| 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.781 | 0.21 | 0.009 |

Unburnt mixture T=300K

Validation at low pressure



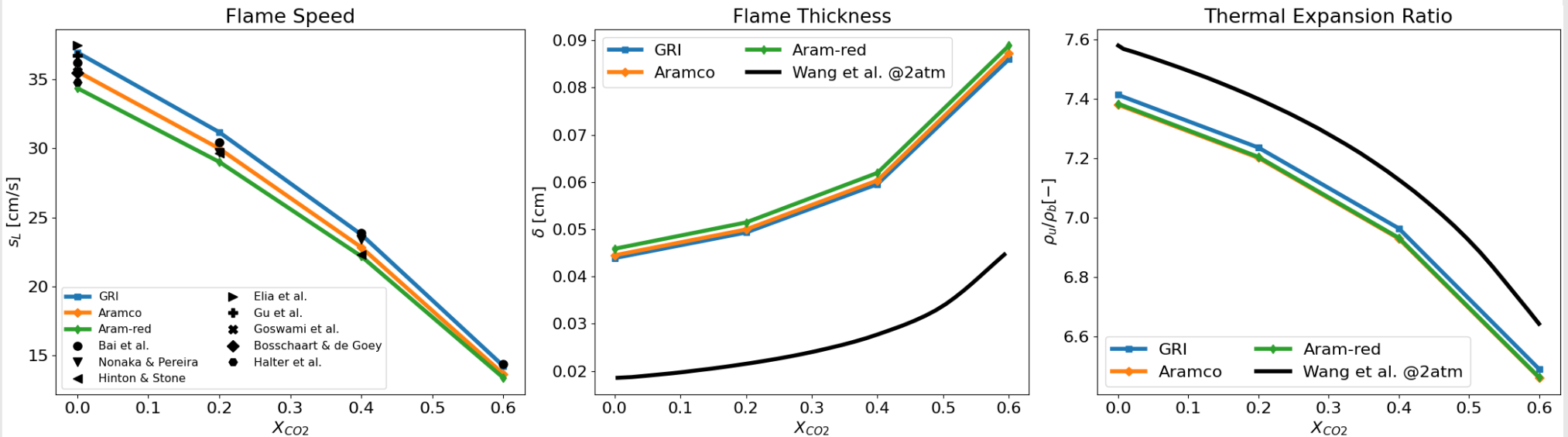
One dimensional flames

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Unburnt mixture T=300K

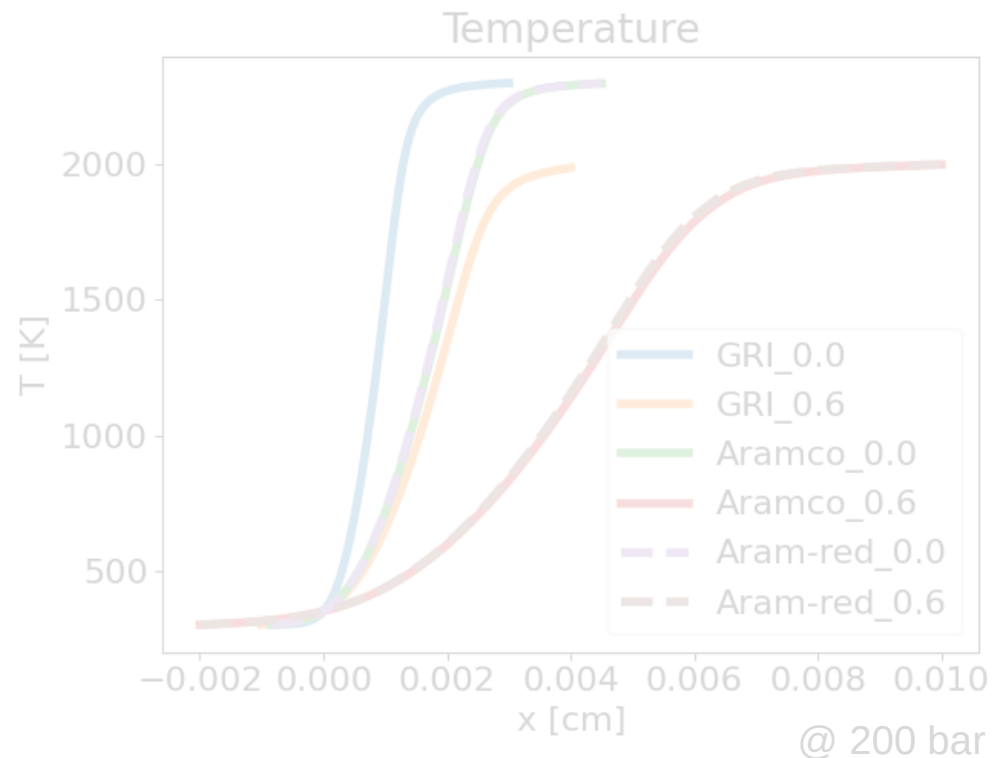
Validation at low pressure



One dimensional flames

Chemistry mechanism

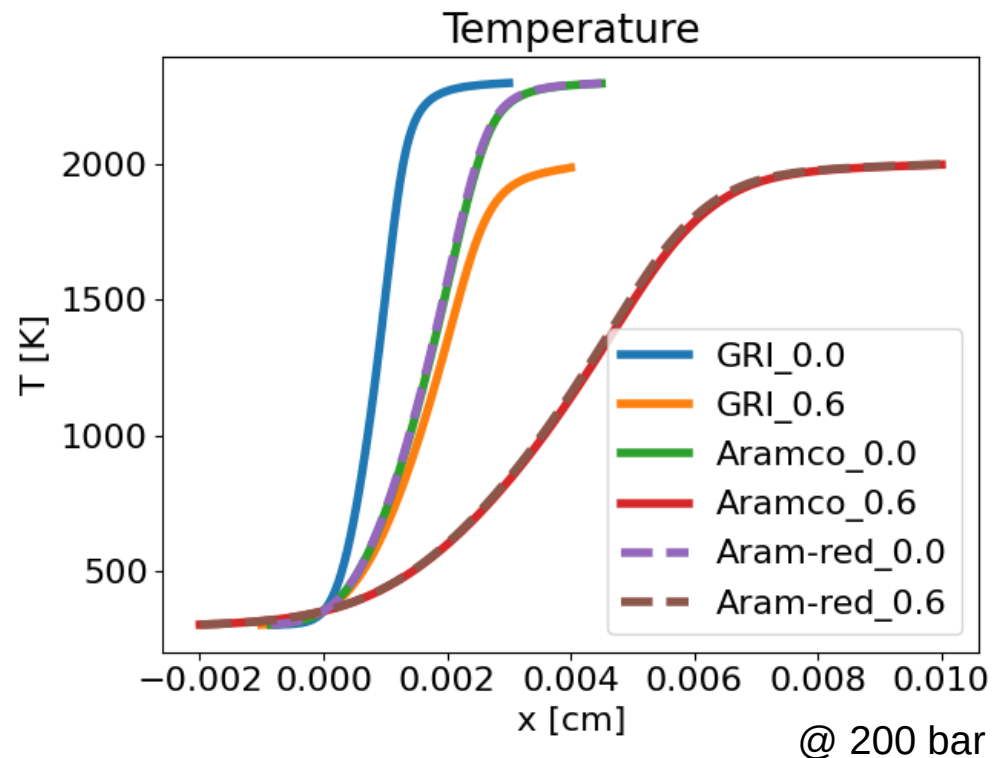
- GRI 3.0 (53 species and 255 reactions, not validated for high p)
- AramcoMech2.0 (493 species and 2716 reactions, computationally expensive)
- AramcoMech2.0 – reduced (37 species and 223 reactions)



One dimensional flames

Chemistry mechanism

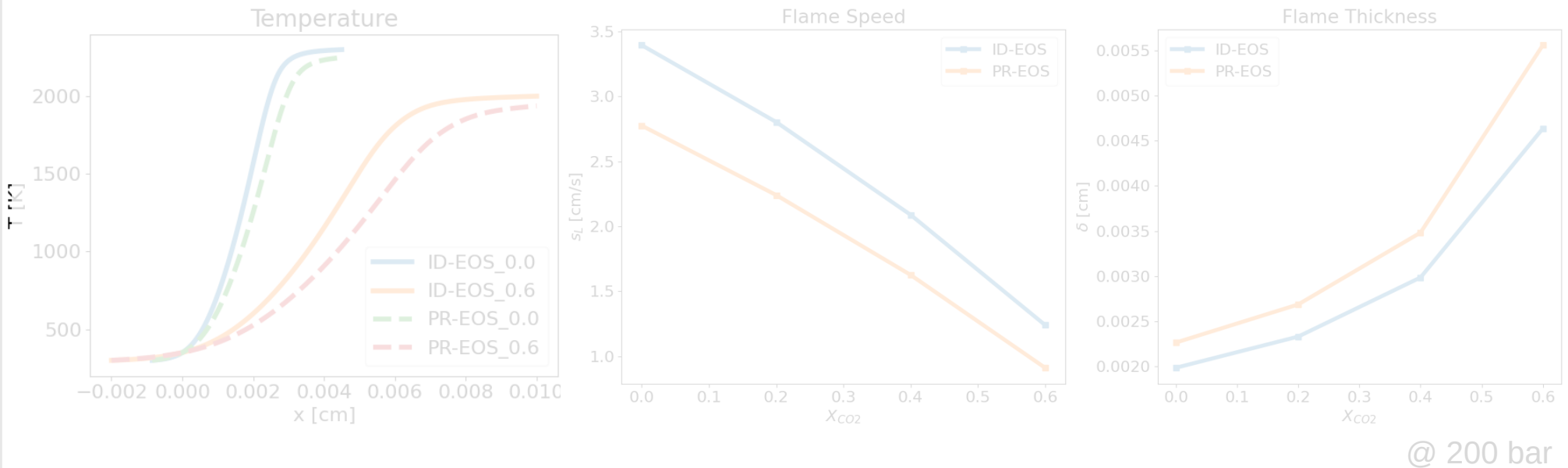
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One dimensional flames

EOS, thermodynamics and transport

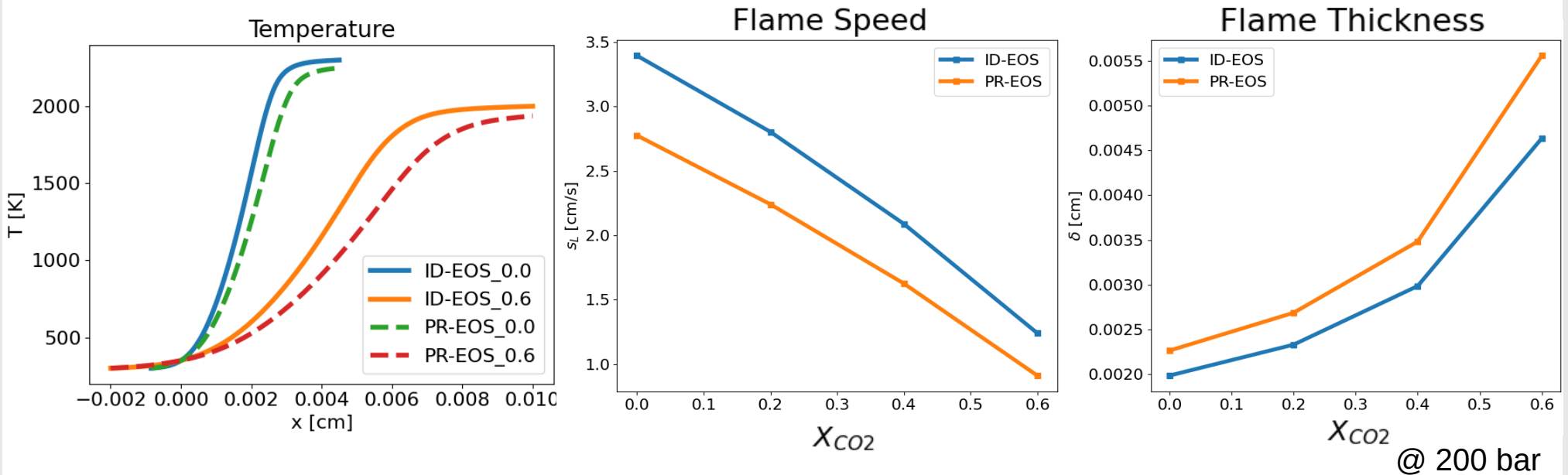
- ID: Ideal Gas EOS, Nasa Polynomials, Power Law
- PR: Peng Robinson EOS, NASA Polynomials + correction, Chung's method



One dimensional flames

EOS, thermodynamics and transport

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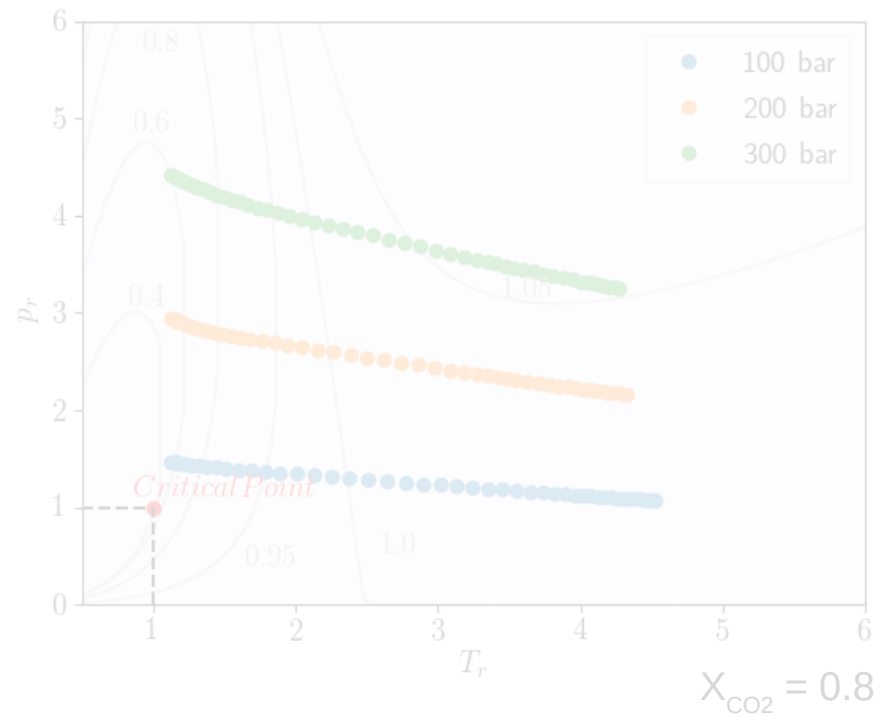
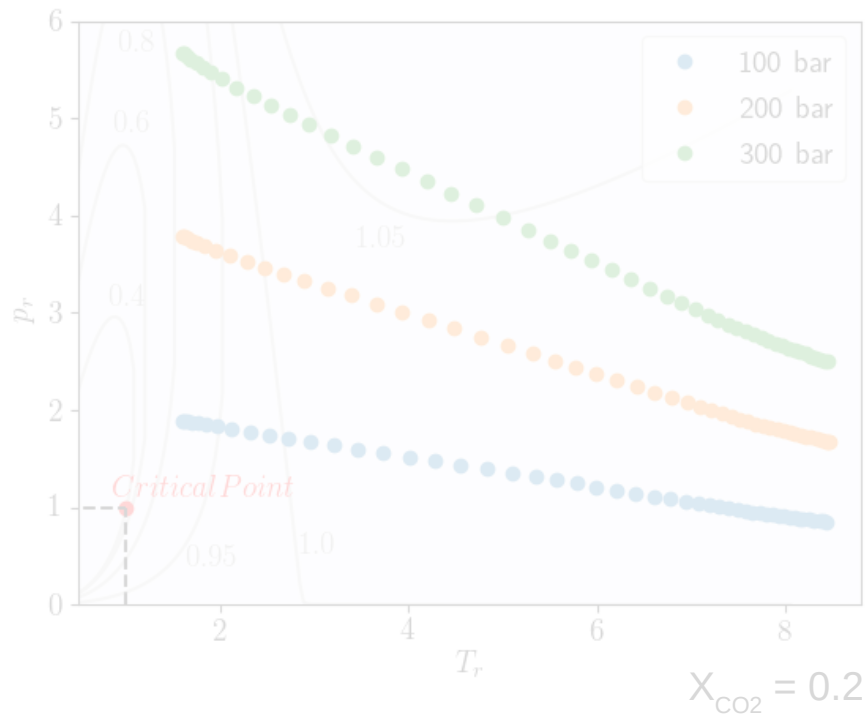


One dimensional flames

OxyFuel combustion

| | Fuel | | Oxidizer | |
|--------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|--|
| Φ | CH ₄ | CO ₂ | O ₂ | |
| 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.2 | 0.8 | |
| 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.6 | |
| 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 0.4 | |
| 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.2 | |

Unburnt mixture T=300K

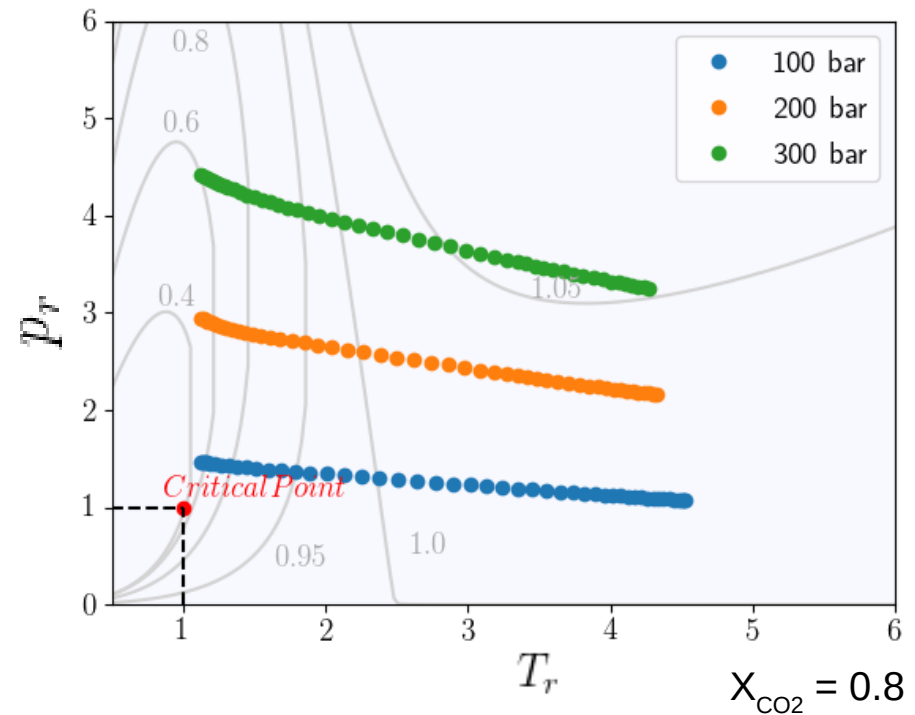
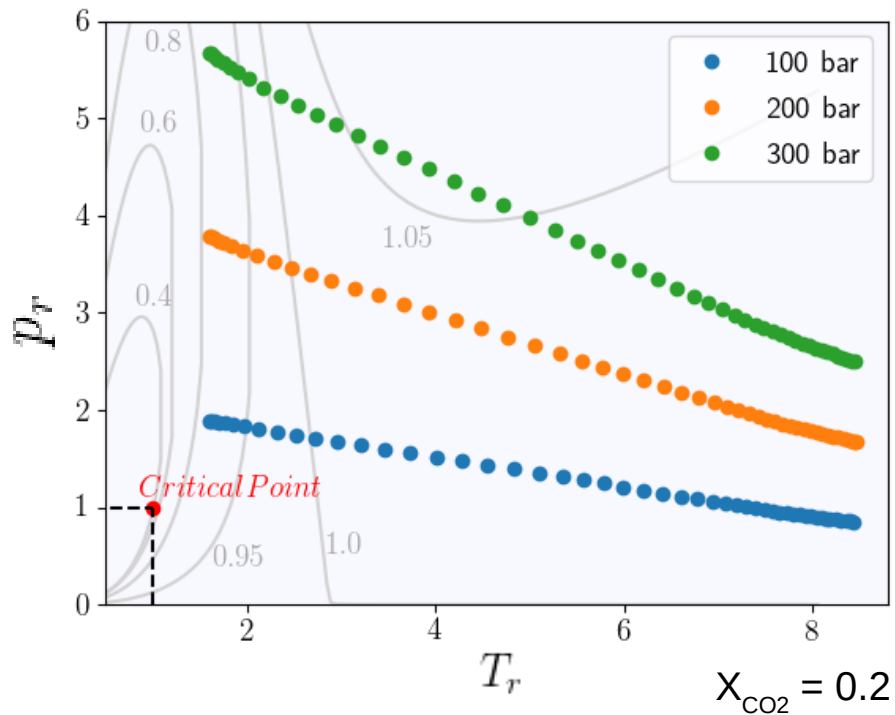


One dimensional flames

OxyFuel combustion

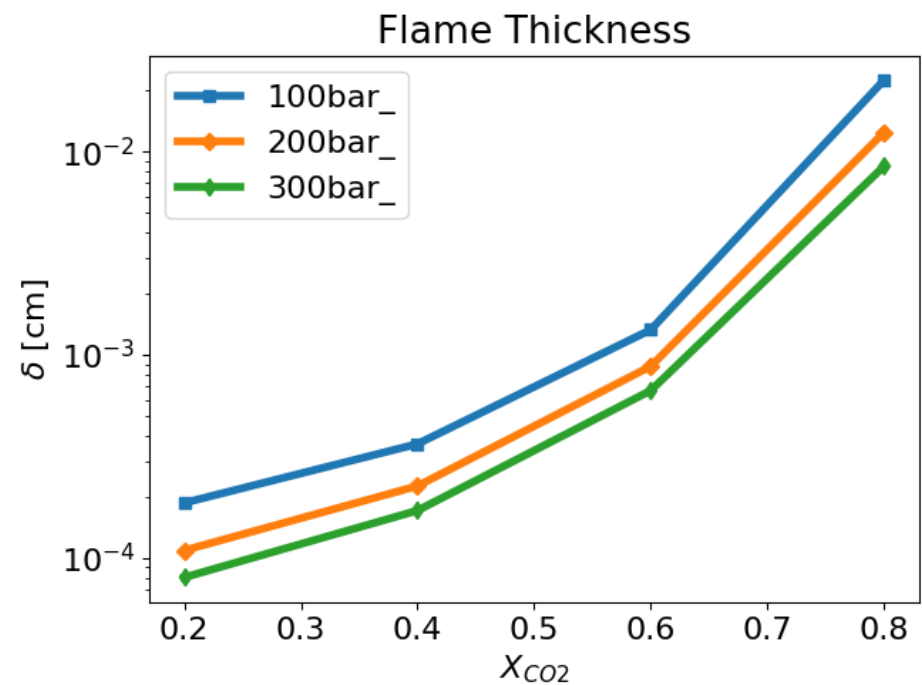
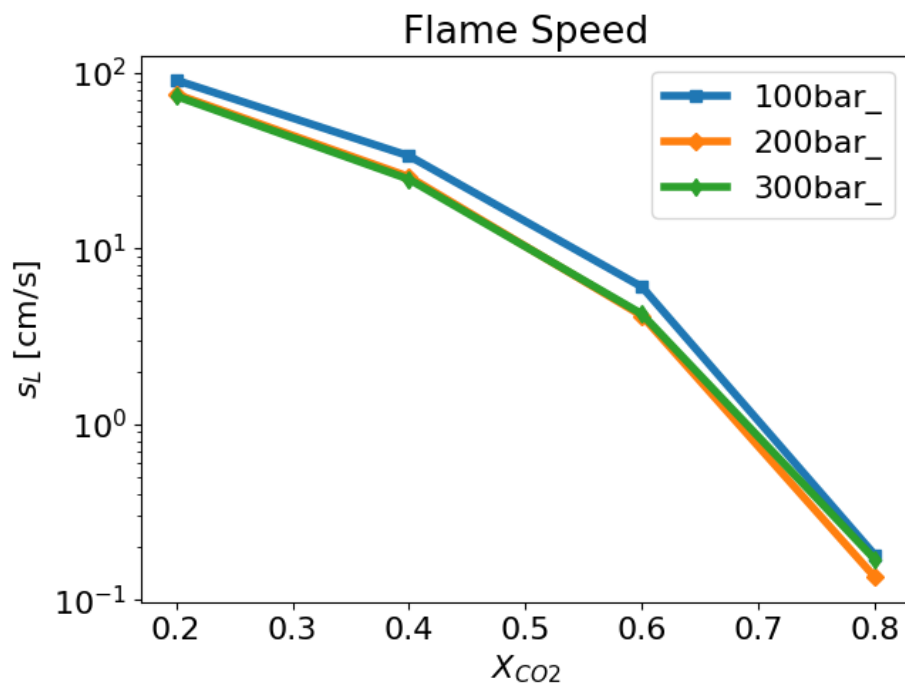
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Unburnt mixture T=300K



One dimensional flames

OxyFuel combustion

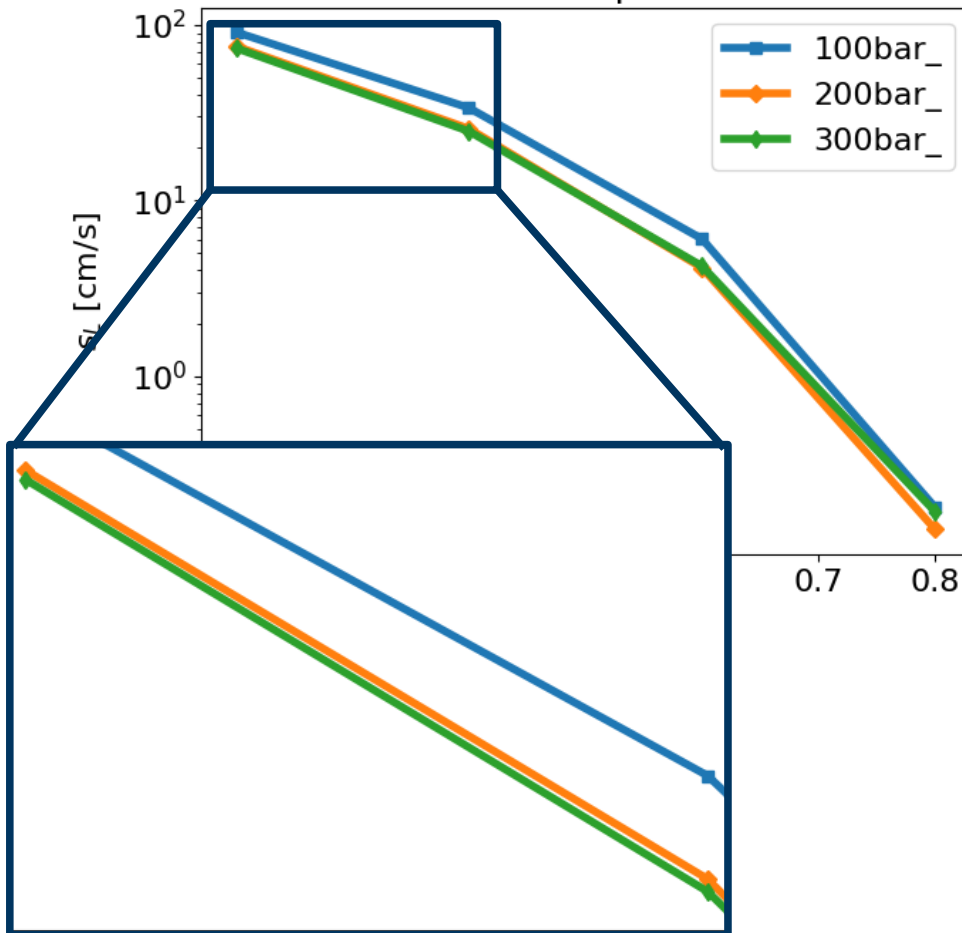




One dimensional flames

OxyFuel combustion

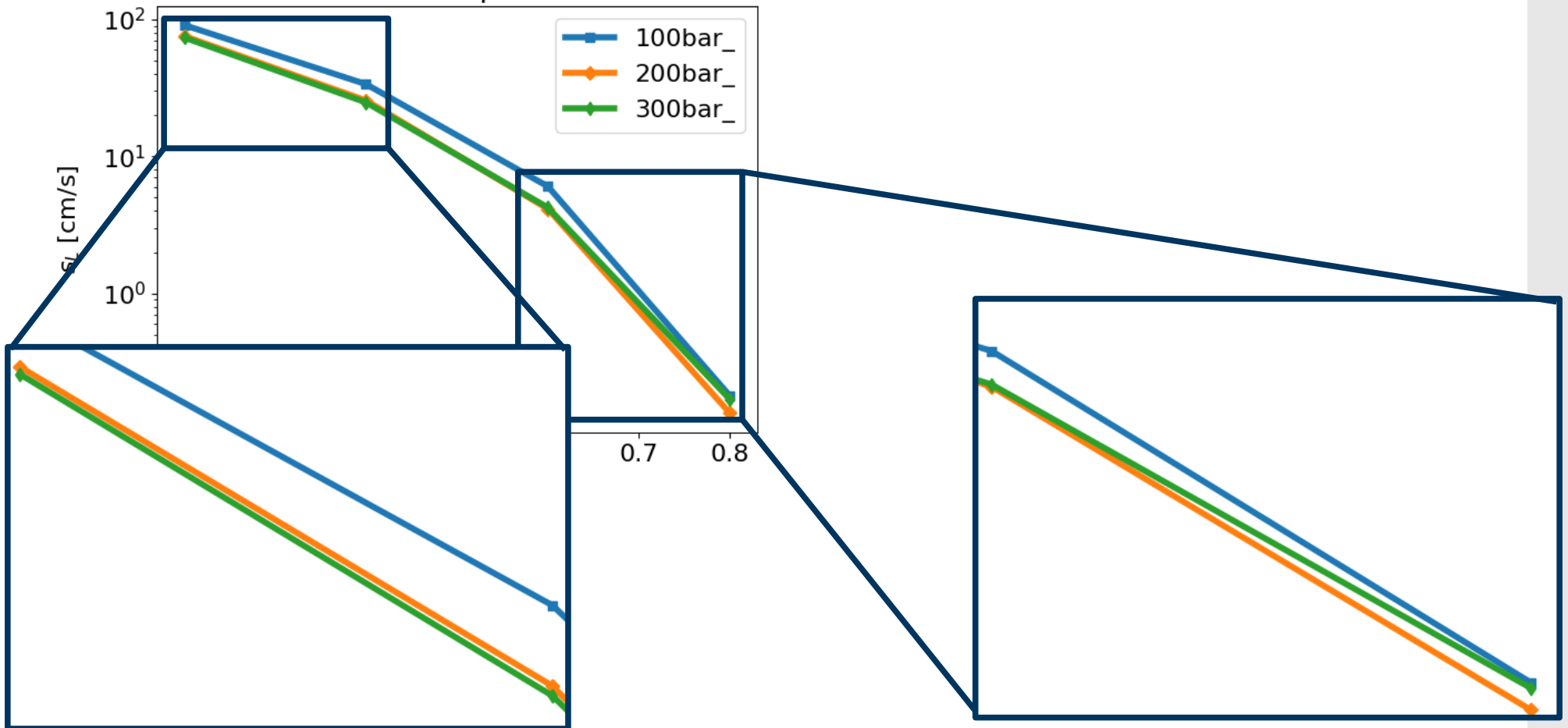
Flame Speed



One dimensional flames

OxyFuel combustion

Flame Speed

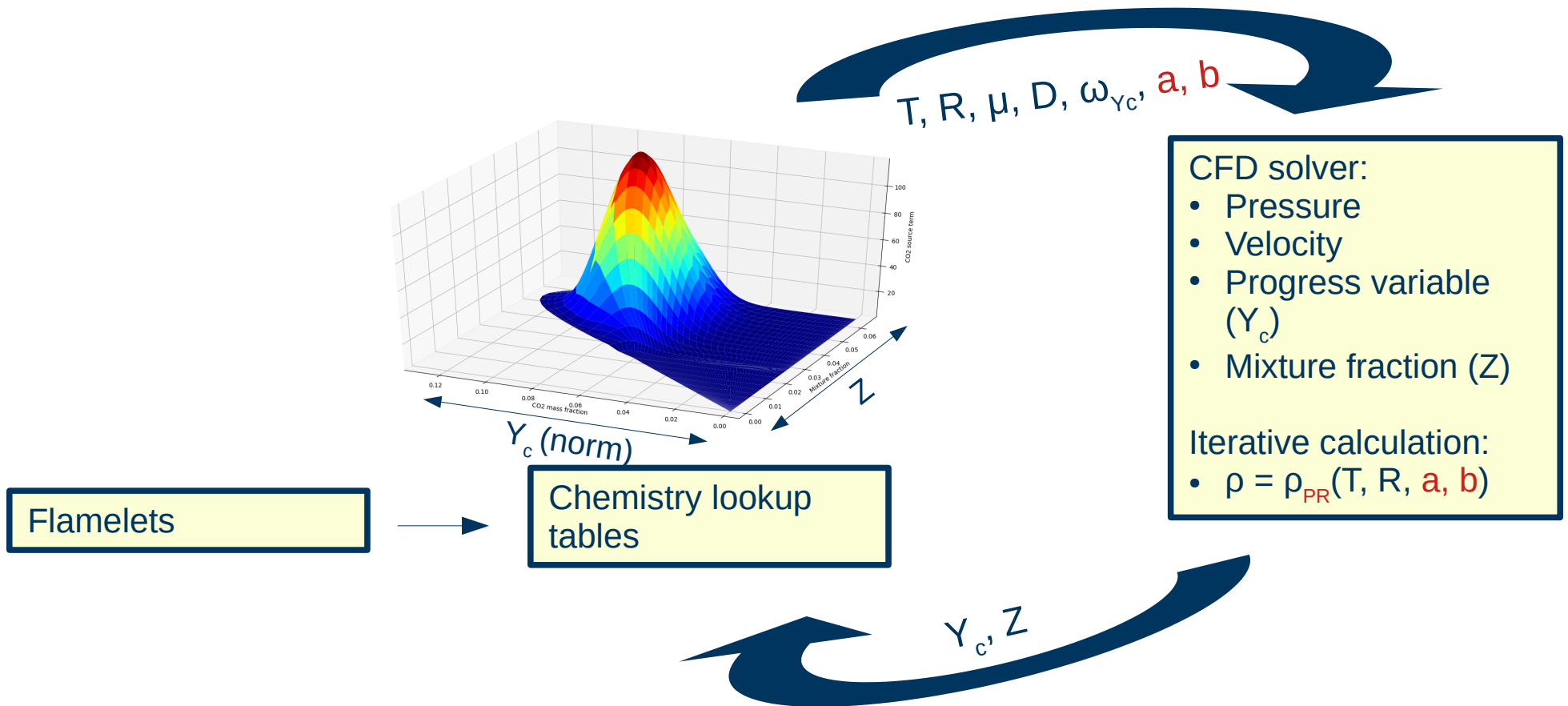


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- Conclusions and outlook

Two dimensional flames

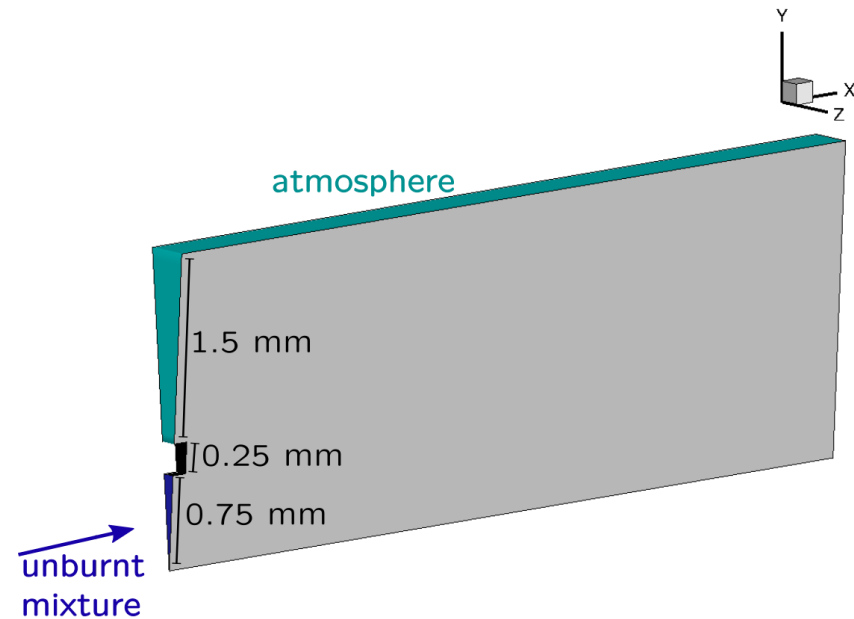
Coupling CFD solver with chemistry tables



Two dimensional flames

Results

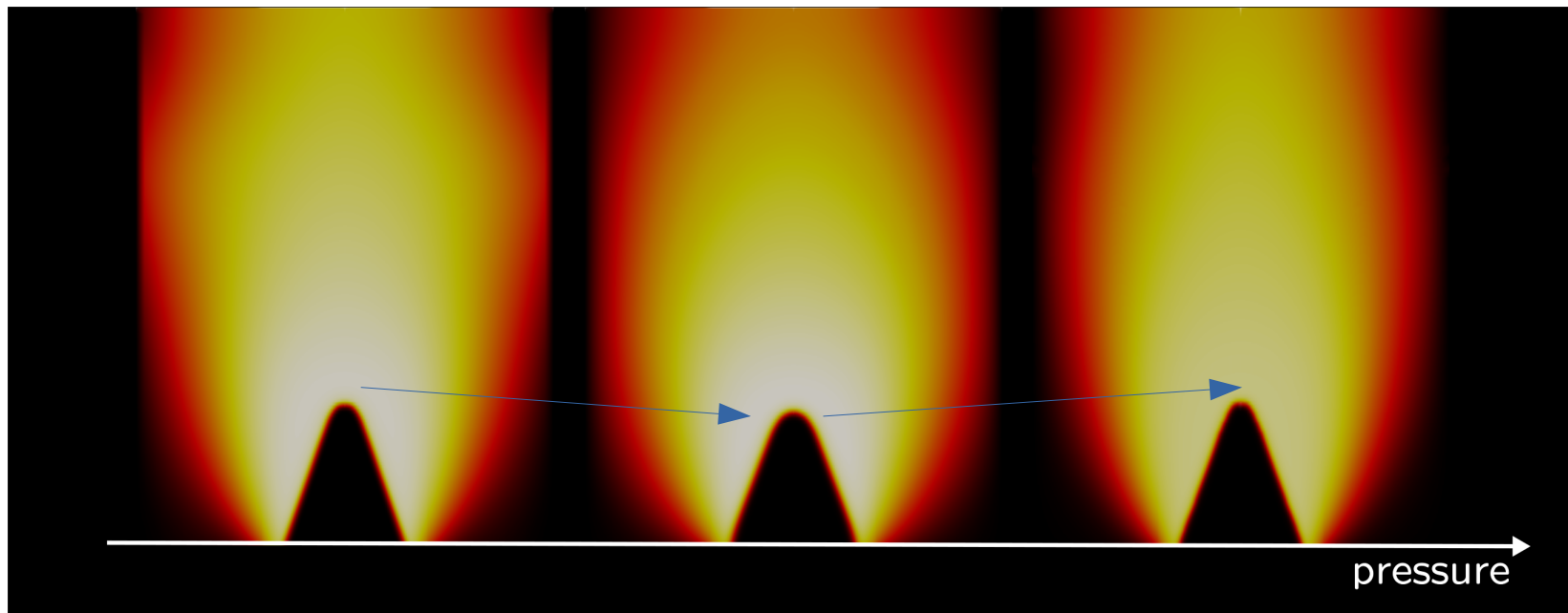
- OpenFOAM + CHEM1D tables
- Unconfined Bunsen configuration
- Fuel: CH_4 , Oxidizer: 80% CO_2 , 20% O_2
- Pressure: 100/200/300 bar
- $\text{Re} = 47 - 206$



Two dimensional flames

Results

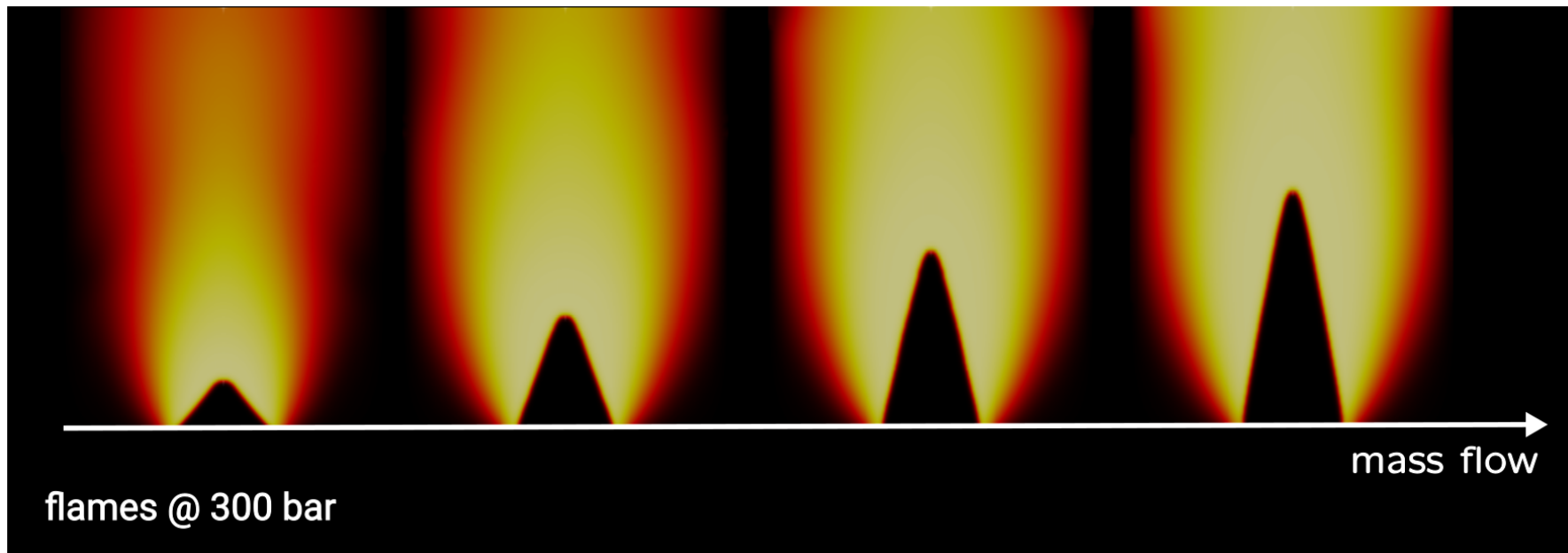
| Pressure | Laminar Flame Speed | Unburnt Mixture Velocity |
|----------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| 100 bar | 1.6926 mm/s | 6.7704 mm/s ($4 s_L$) |
| 200 bar | 1.2691 mm/s | 5.0764 mm/s ($4 s_L$) |
| 300 bar | 1.5988 mm/s | 6.3925 mm/s ($4 s_L$) |



Two dimensional flames

Results

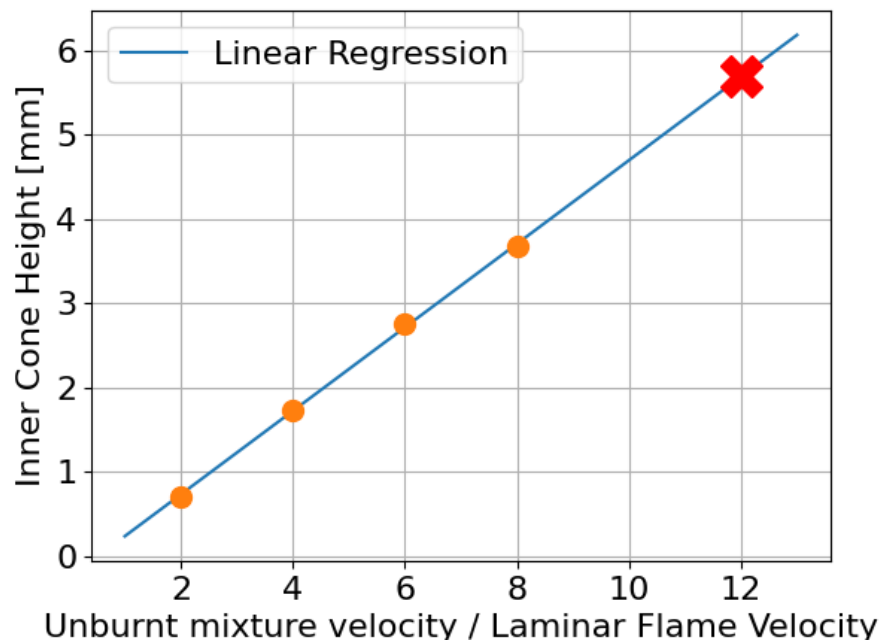
| Pressure | Unburnt Mixture Velocity |
|----------|---------------------------|
| 300 bar | 3.1976 mm/s ($2 s_L$) |
| 300 bar | 6.3925 mm/s ($4 s_L$) |
| 300 bar | 9.5928 mm/s ($6 s_L$) |
| 300 bar | 12.7904 mm/s ($8 s_L$) |
| 300 bar | 19.1856 mm/s ($12 s_L$) |



Two dimensional flames

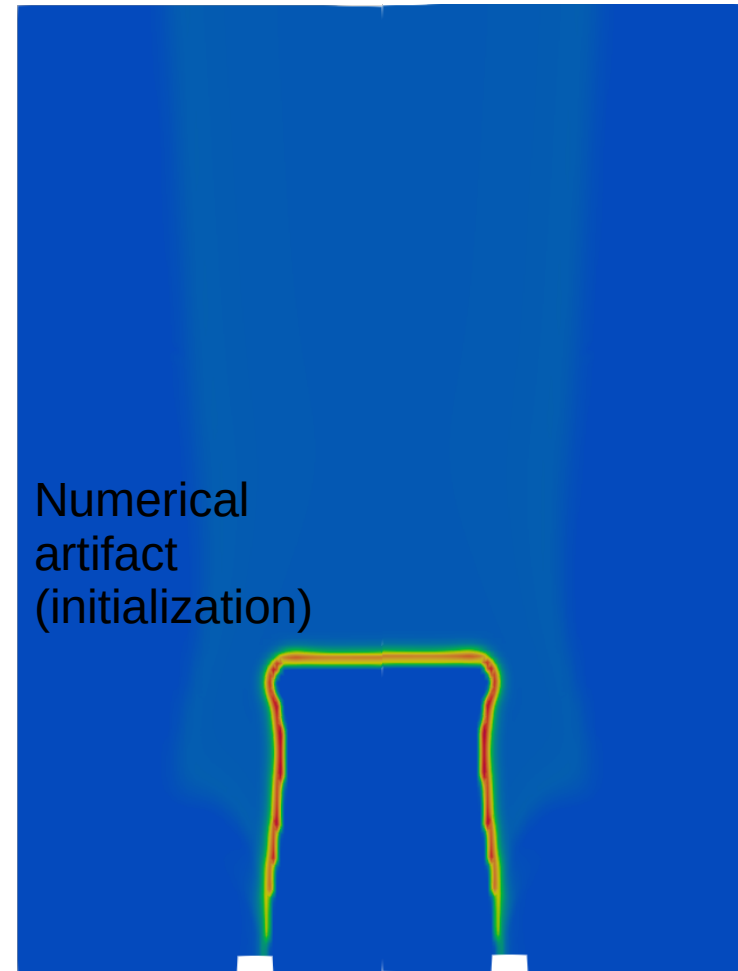
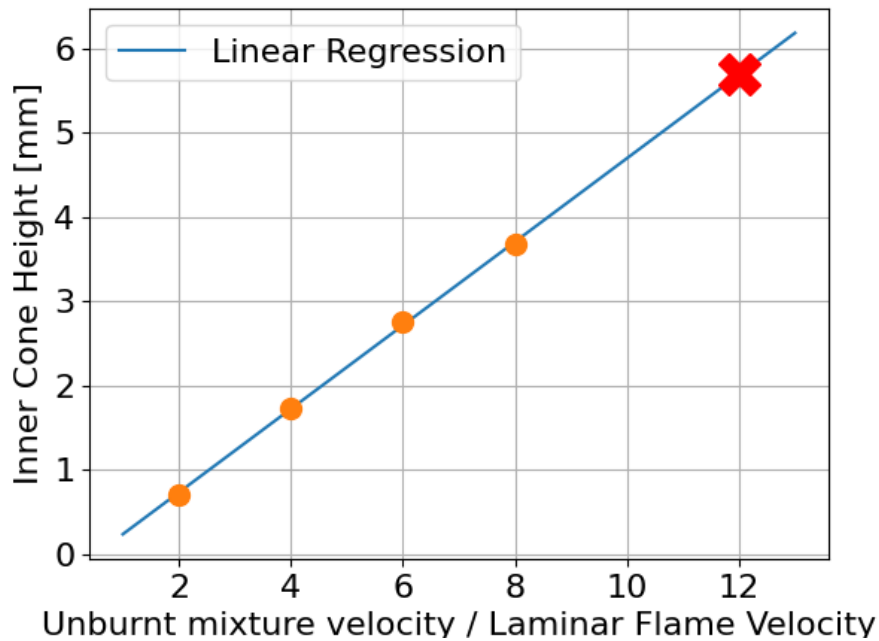
Results

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Two dimensional flames

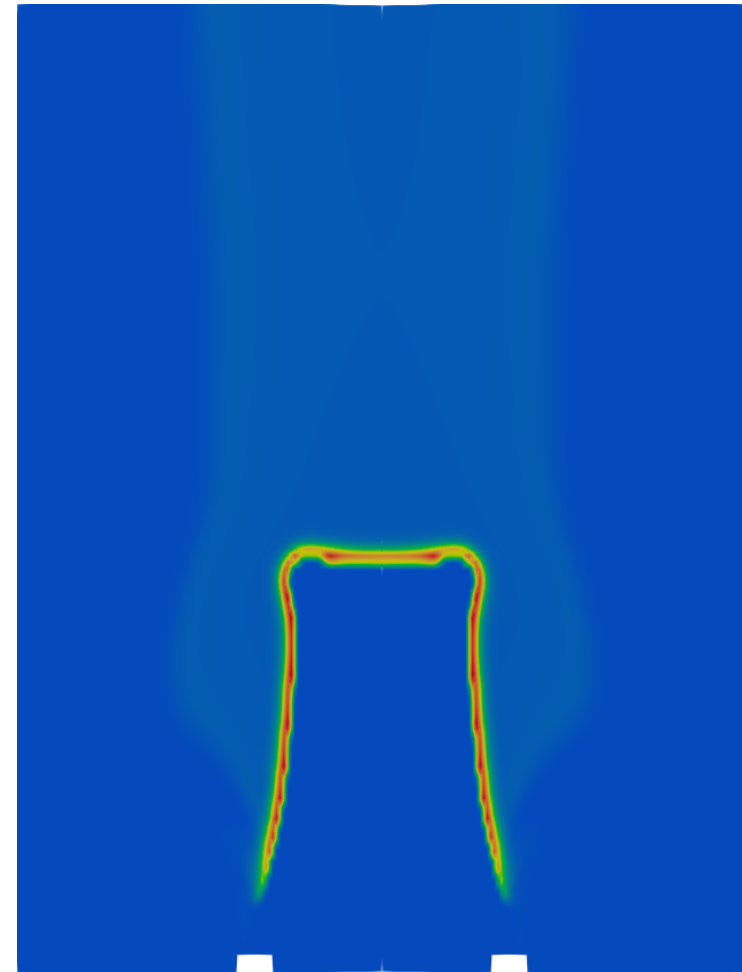
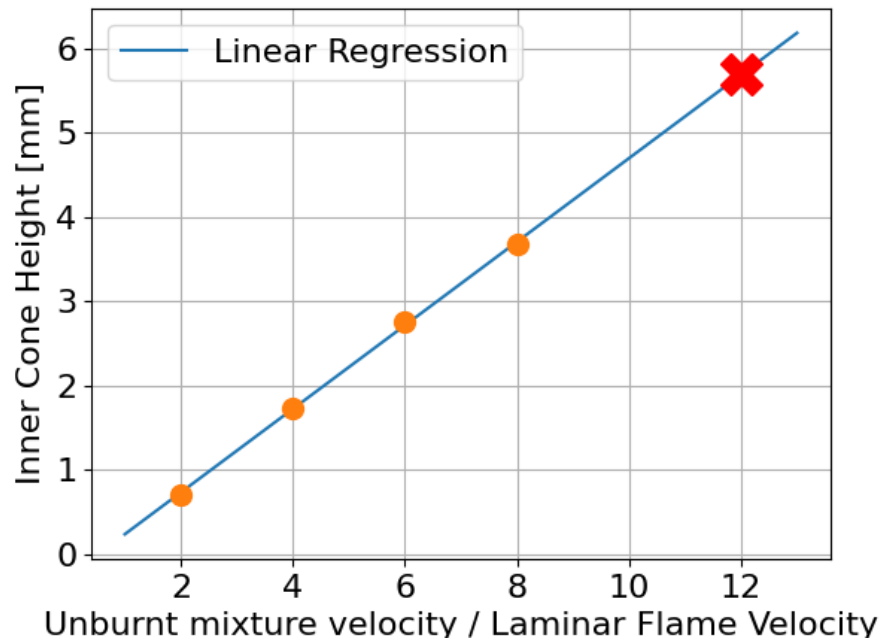
Results



Progress variable reaction rate
@ $t = 0.15s$

Two dimensional flames

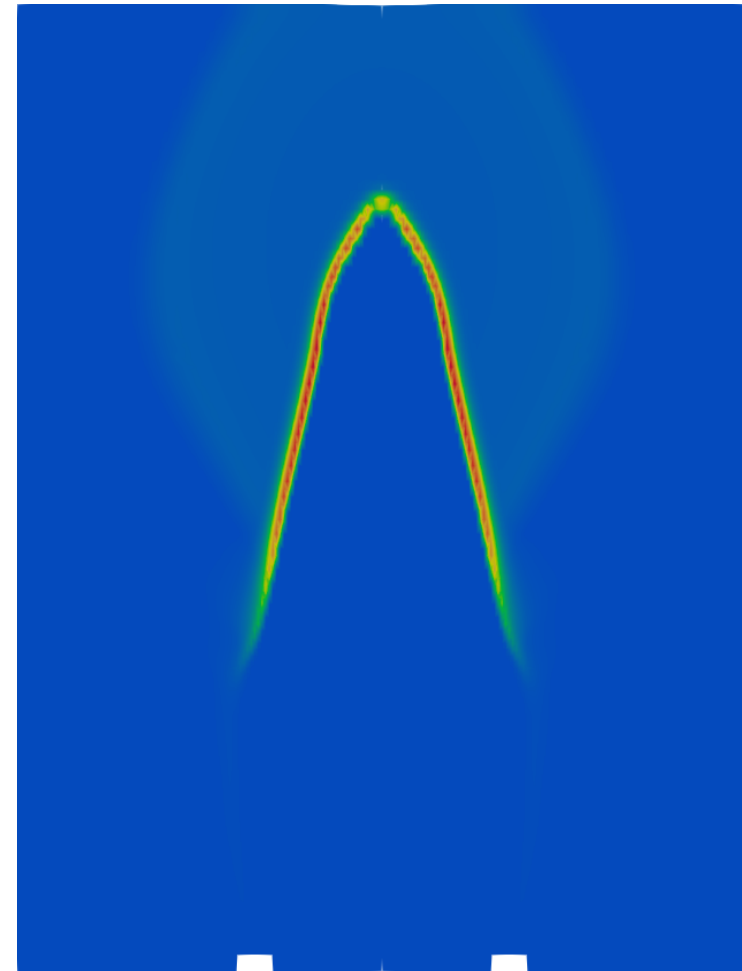
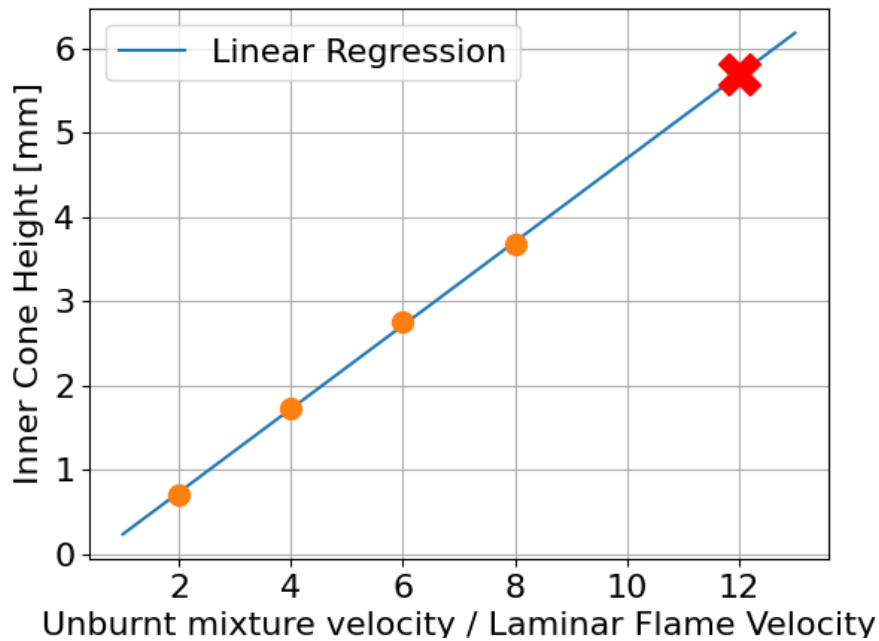
Results



Progress variable reaction rate
@ $t = 0.20s$

Two dimensional flames

Results



Progress variable reaction rate
@ $t = 0.46s$

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- **Conclusions and outlook**

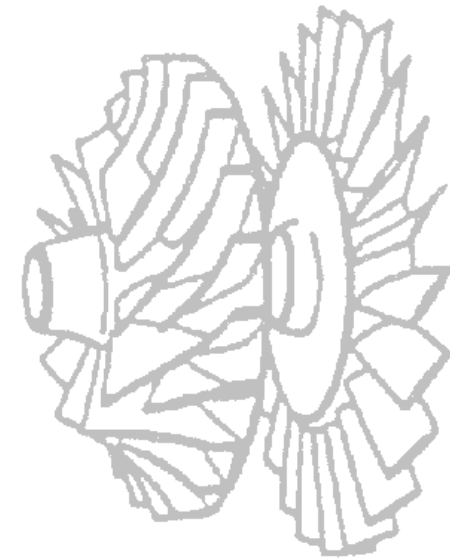
Conclusions and outlook

- Non ideal equation of state, thermodynamics and transport integrated in detailed chemistry solver
- Reduced detailed chemistry mechanism
- Characterization of 1D premixed flames at very high pressure
- Chemistry lookup tables
- Coupled CFD and detailed chemistry solver taking care of new EOS
- Ongoing study on parameters influencing stability of laminar flames
- Future work:
 - Further validation of results
 - Turbulent flames

Thank you for your attention.

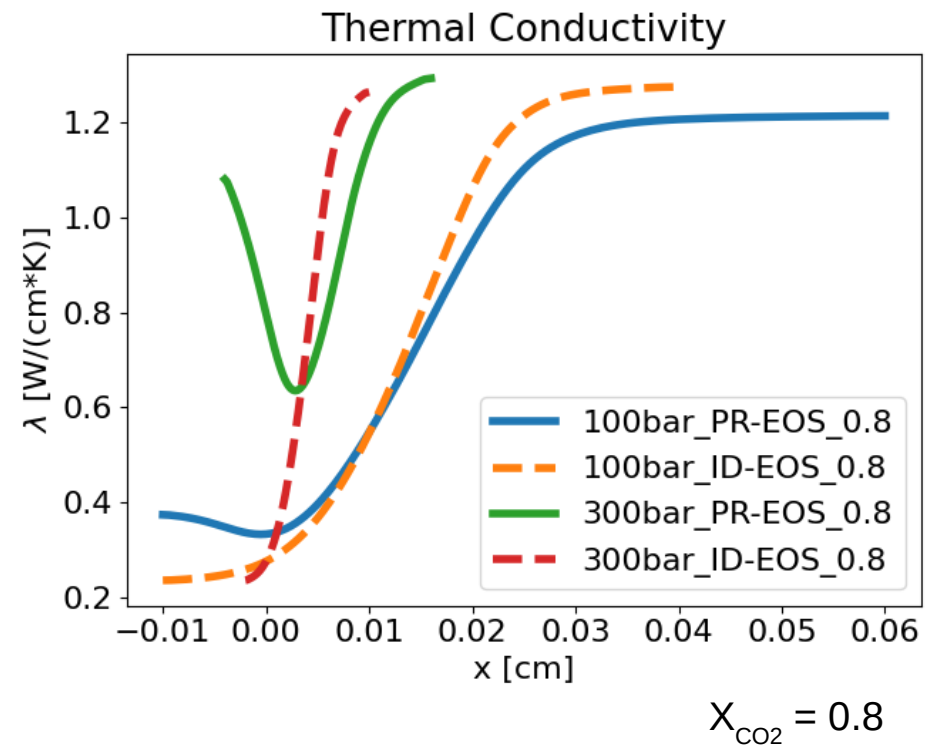
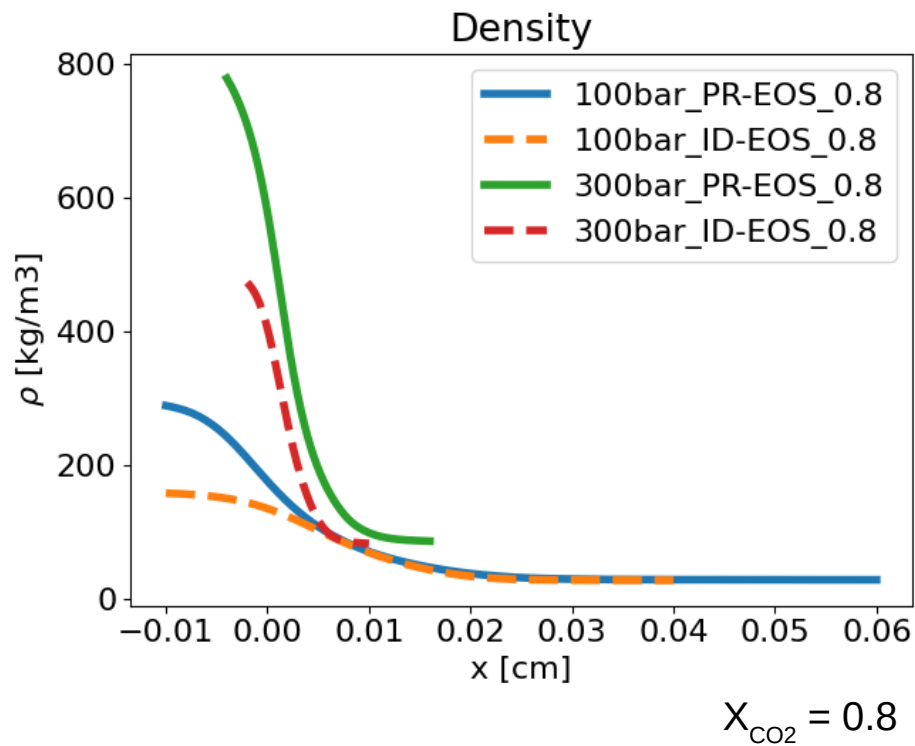
Federico Lo Presti

federico.lopresti@rub.de



One dimensional flames

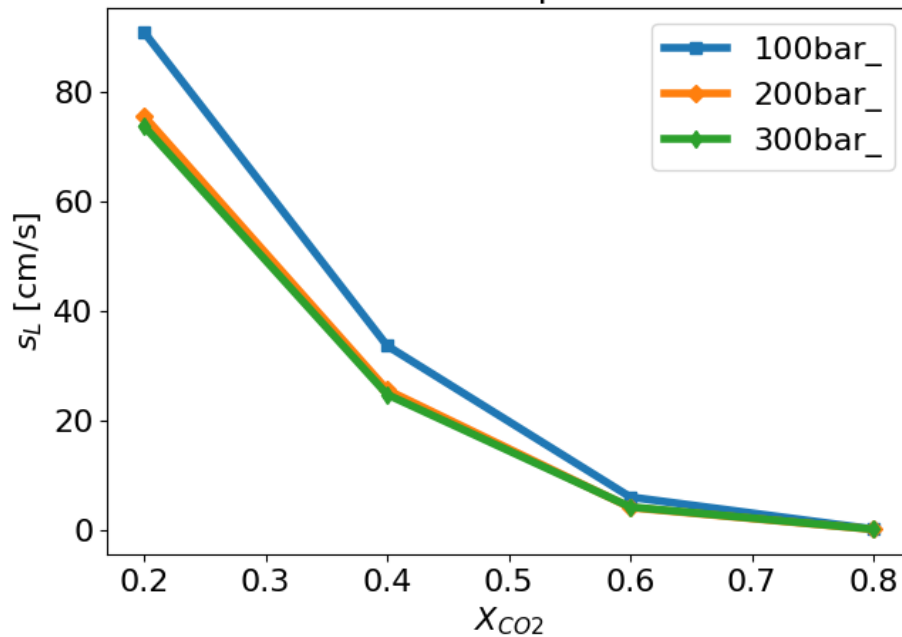
OxyFuel combustion



One dimensional flames

OxyFuel combustion

Flame Speed



Flame Thickness

