

A note on ordered bipartite graphs

Citation for published version (APA):

Bruijn, de, N. G. (1974). A note on ordered bipartite graphs. (Eindhoven University of Technology : Dept of Mathematics : memorandum; Vol. 7403). Technische Hogeschool Eindhoven.

Document status and date: Published: 01/01/1974

Document Version:

Publisher's PDF, also known as Version of Record (includes final page, issue and volume numbers)

Please check the document version of this publication:

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 The final published version features the final layout of the paper including the volume, issue and page numbers.

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N 40 69650

EINDHOVEN UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

Department of Mathematics

Memorandum 74-03

Issued, January 7,1974

A NOTE ON ORDERED BIPARTITE GRAPHS

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A note on ordered bipartite graphs

by N.G. de Bruijn.

The result explained in this note is implicit in a paper by M. Aigner [1].

Let (A,B,Z) be a bipartite graph, i.e. A and B are sets, and Z is a subset of A × B. A <u>matching</u> is a subset M of Z with the property that if (a,b) \in M, (c,d) \in M then a \neq c and b \neq d. M is not necessarily maximal.

Now assume both A and B linearly ordered. By recursion we define an algorithm for obtaining a matching:

<u>Algorithm 1</u>. If $Z = \emptyset$, we take $M_1 = \emptyset$. If $Z \neq \emptyset$, let a_1 be the first (first in the sense of the linear order) element of A for which there exists $b \in B$ with $(a,b) \in Z$; let b_1 be the first b with $(a_1,b) \in Z$. Take $Z^* = Z \setminus \{ (V_{a \in A} (a,b_1) \} \cup (V_{b \in B}(a_1,b)) \}$. Apply the algorithm to (A,B,Z^*) ; this produces a matching M^* . Now take

$$M = M^* \cup \{(a_1, b_1)\}.$$

We also consider

<u>Algorithm 2</u>. The definition is the same as the one of algorithm 1 but for the definition of (a_1, b_1) . We now take b_1 to be the first element of B for which an $a \in A$ exists with $(a, b_1) \in Z$, and a_1 the first a with $(a, b_1) \in Z$.

<u>Theorem.</u> Algorithm 1 and algorithm 2 produce the same M. <u>Sketch of proof</u>. Induction with respect to |Z|. The case |Z| = 0 is trivial. Take |Z| > 0. It is easy to show that there is a pair $(a_0, b_0) \in Z$ such that

$$(\forall_{b\in B} (a_{o},b) \in Z \Rightarrow b \ge b_{o}) \land (\forall_{a\in A}(a,b_{o}) \in Z \Rightarrow a \ge a_{o});$$

Take

$$\hat{z} := z \setminus \{ (V_{a \in A} (a, b_0)) \cup (V_{b \in B} (a_0, b)) \}.$$

Applying Algorithm 1 to (A,B,\widehat{Z}) we get \widehat{M}_1 . It can be shown that application of Algorithm 1 to (A,B,Z) produces $M_1 = \widehat{M}_1 \cup \{(a_0,b_0)\}$. And we can show a similar thing with algorithm 2 and \widehat{M}_2 , M_2 . By induction hypothesis $\widehat{M}_1 = \widehat{M}_2$. Hence $M_1 = M_2$.

[1] M. Aigner, "Lexicographic matching in boolean algebras". Journal of Combinatorial Theory (B)<u>14</u>, 187 - 194 (1973).