

High temperature endoscopic-laser PIV/DIA technique for the study of hydrodynamics of gas-solid fluidized beds

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High Temperature Endoscopic-Laser PIV/DIA Technique for the Study of Hydrodynamics of Gas-Solid Fluidized Beds

<u>I. Campos Velarde</u>, F. Gallucci M. van Sint Annaland

Chemical Process Intensification – Department of Chemical Engineering and Chemistry - TU/e – The Netherlands



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Where innovation starts

ΤU

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- Motivation
 - Why high temperature Hydrodynamics?
- PIV/DIA
 - Working principle?
- Novel high temperature PIV/DIA
 - How to extend PIV/DIA?
 - Validation
 - Demonstration
- Conclusions and future work

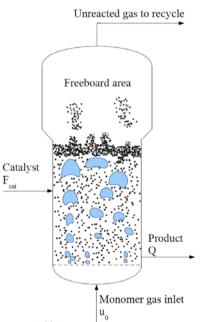


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Motivation

- Wide spread industrial application
 - Catalytic oil cracking
 - **Chemical Looping**
 - **Polymerization**
 -
 - High temperature process > 500°C
- Features
 - Vigorous solids mixing
 - Strong bubble and emulsion phase interaction
 - Excellent heat and mass transfer
 - Performance dependent on hydrodynamics
 - Design relies on constitutive equations (K-L model)
- Gaps
 - Scarce quantitative information of macro scale circulation patterns
 - Experimental research on hydrodynamics focused on emulsion OR bubble phase
 - Constitutive equations obtained and validated at low temperatures with air



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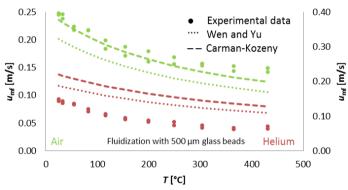
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Motivation

Quality of minimum fluidization velocity predictions



Minimum fluidization velocity vs. temperature

RESEARCH GOAL

- Study the hydrodynamics at elevated temperatures
 - Effect explained by gas viscosity and density? Inter particle interaction?

Characterization of bubble hold up and internal solids circulation. Available techniques?

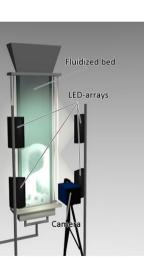
- ⇒ No suitable correlation (among at least 63 available) exists that can predict the minimum fluidization velocity of different gas mixtures at elevated temperatures!
- \Rightarrow Note that all other correlations to describe hydrodynamics depend on u_{mf} !



Measurement techniques

- Capacitance probes
 - + 3-D characterization
 - Invasive, several sampling points
 - Hard to calibrate
 - Correlate frequency to a bubble or particle
- Radioactive Tracking Tomography
 - + 3-D characterization
 - Hard to describe bubble hold up
 - Use of radioactive material, safety
- > Particle Image Velocimetry (PIV) & Digital Image Analysis (DIA)
 - + Non-invasive technique,
 - + Whole field of measurement
 - (bubble hold up and solids circulation)
 - Optical access, restricted to pseudo 2-D









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Coupling PIV and DIA

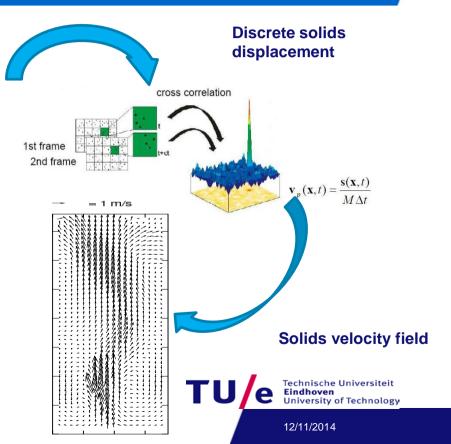
PIV: Particle Image Velocimetry



Pseudo 2D PIV setup with visual high speed camera (2016 x 2016 px @1600 Hz)



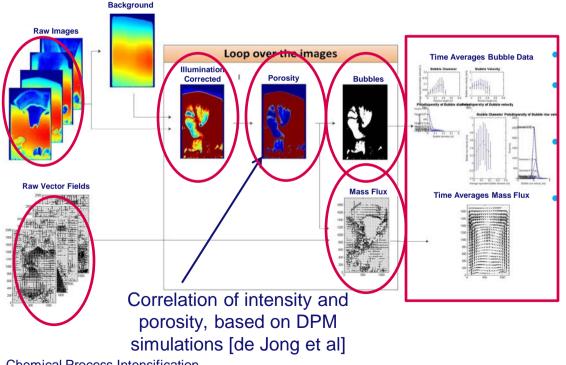
Double frame with small time delay $(\Delta t = 1 \text{ ms})$





Coupling PIV and DIA

Digital Image Analysis (DIA)



In-house Matlab script Distinghuishes between bubble and emultion phase Conversion of pixel intensity to bed porosity Bubbles can be tracked

How to extend PIV/DIA to high temperature?





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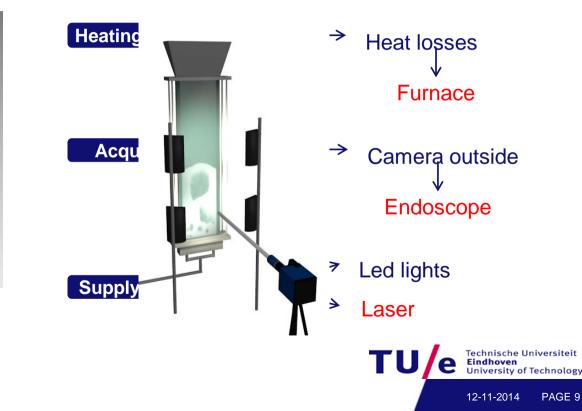
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PIV/DIA at High Temperature

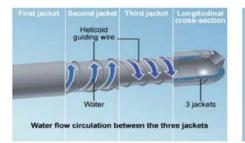


LED PIV/DIA



Multiphase Reactors Group

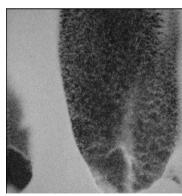
Endoscopic PIV/DIA



End tip lens Air outlet Air inlet Air flow circulation in the lens

Can we run PIV/DIA?

Without Endoscope



at room Temperature

5x inter frame time

20x exposure time

FAIL TO RUN PIV/DIA

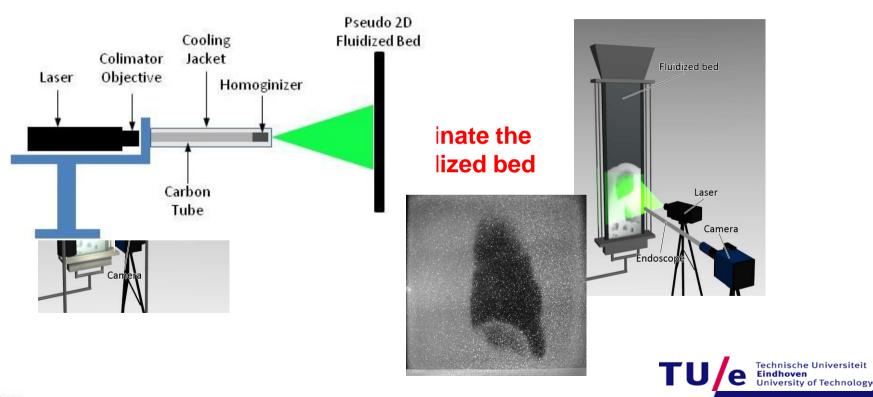
With Endoscope



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Endoscopic-Laser PIV/DIA (ePIV/DIA)

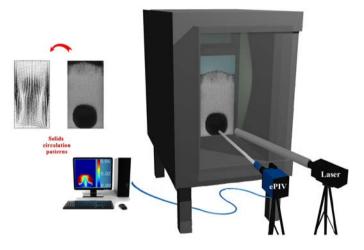


Chemical Process Intensification

High Temperature ePIV/DIA

• Extension of PIV/DIA/IR to high temperatures and reactive conditions!

Essential to have non-invasive, whole-field measurements of gas and solids phases simultaneously!





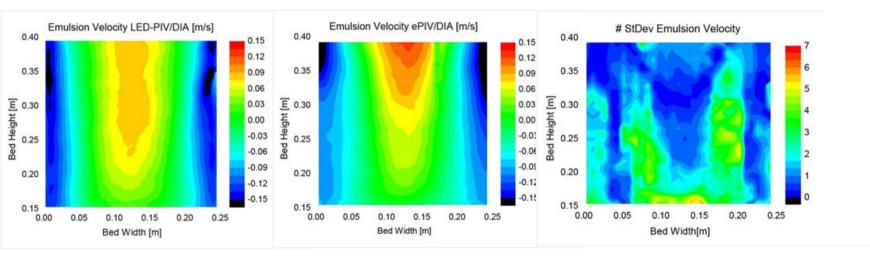
DOES IT WORK?





Validation

Time Averaged Emulsion Velocity at room temperature



Chemical Process Intensification

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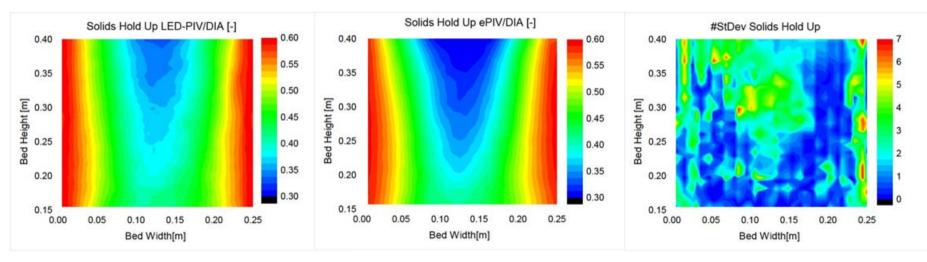
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Time Averaged Emulsion Velocity at room temperature





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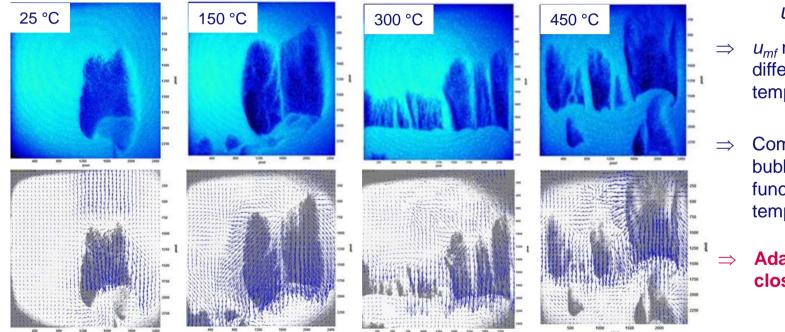
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Demonstration HT-ePIV/DIA



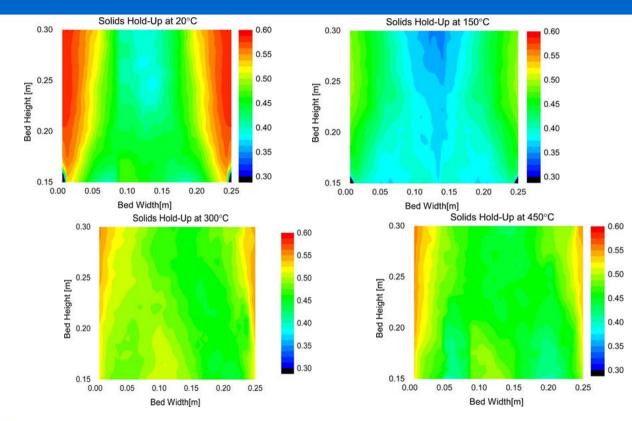
 $u = 3u_{mf}$

 u_{mf} measured at different temperatures

- Completely different bubble behaviour as function of temperature!!!
- Adaptation of closures required!

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Demonstration HT-ePIV/DIA



- \Rightarrow Expected similar porosity
- ⇒ Completely different bubble behaviour as function of temperature!!!
- ⇒ Porosity estimation need to be revized!!!!



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High Temperature ePIV/DIA

CONCLUSION

- Development and demonstration of the novel non-invasive High Temperature ePIV/DIA
- Difference in bubble behavior
- Closures have to revised

FUTURE WORK

- Record larger area of the fluidized bed (whole bed if possible)
- Influence of temperature on hydrodynamics bubble properties and solids circulation (different particles and gases)





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A Green Deal in Energy Materials

Technicians at SMR group (Joris, Joost, Lee) Master students Jeroen, Sven, Jason





High Temperature ePIV/DIA

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Ildefonso Campos Velarde STW 0.35 T: +3140 247 3685 <u>i.camposvelarde@tue.nl</u>

Fausto Gallucci STW 0.38 T: +3140 247 3675 <u>f.gallucci@tue.nl</u>

Martin van Sint Annaland STW 0.39 T: +3140 247 5833 M.v.SintAnnaland@tue.nl



Chemical Process Intensification

QUESTIONS?



A Green Deal in Energy Materials





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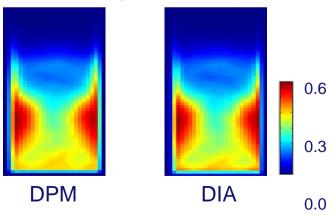
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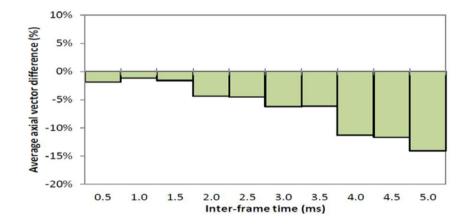
PIV/DIA validation

Artificial images from DPM simulation

+ Exact location of particles

Time average porosity plot





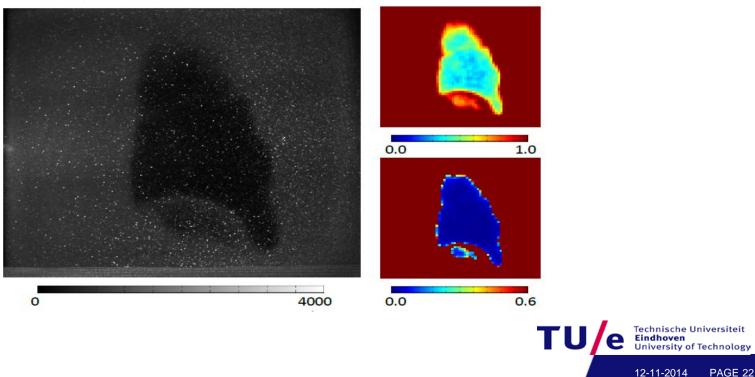


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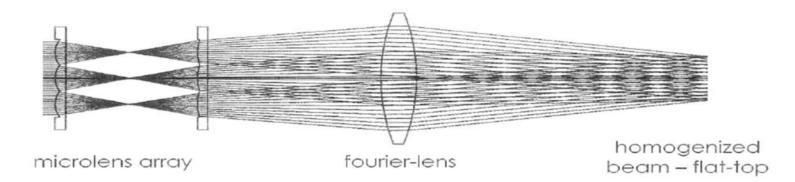
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Endoscopic-Laser PIV/DIA

Porosity Plots – Bubble hold up at room temperature



Homoginizer



Bayerisches Laserzentrum



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