1 Clinical communication to the Editor

2 Adrenal and Testicular Tumor Formation due to 21-Hydroxylase

- 3 **Deficiency**
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- 15 E-mail address: pi291nd8@s.okayama-u.ac.jp
- 16 Key words: congenital adrenal hyperplasia, hypogonadism, obesity, and
- 17 glucocorticoid.
- 18 **Running head:** Tumors in 21-Hydroxylase Deficiency.
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- 23 submission process. HH contributed to the clinical management of the patient.
- FO organized the manuscript.

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25 To the Editor:

26	A 34-year-old man was referred for organic investigation of general
27	fatigue. The patient had a medical history of 21-hydroxylase deficiency (21-
28	OHD), for which glucocorticoid replacement therapy was commenced from birth.
29	He was obese (154.1 cm, 71.1 kg), but results of physical examination were
30	unremarkable. Basal plasma adrenocorticotropin (ACTH) level was elevated to
31	183.0 pg/mL (reference range: 7.2-63.3). Serum level of basal cortisol was low
32	(0.3 μ g/dL, 7.07-19.6) and free testosterone level was also low (5.3 pg/mL), but
33	levels of gonadotropins were normal. Computed tomography showed adrenal
34	myelolipomas (Figure 1A). Magnetic resonance imaging suggested testicular
35	adrenal rest tumors (Figure 1B), and semen analysis revealed oligospermia.
36	21-OHD is a common form of congenital adrenal hyperplasia in which
37	production of cortisol and aldosterone is impaired and androgen is excessively
38	secreted. ¹ Insufficient glucocorticoid treatment results in continuous
39	upregulation of ACTH secretion, leading to the development of adrenal
40	myelolipomas and testicular adrenal rest tumors. ² Men with 21-OHD have been
41	reported to have a high risk of hypogonadism and spermatogenic abnormality. ³
42	Our case indicates the possibility of tumors developing in adult patients with 21-

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43	OHD and the possibility that testicular adrenal rest tumors are associated with								
44	hypogonadism.								
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46	Ethics statement: Written informed consent was obtained from the patient to								
47	publish this case report.								
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49	Figure Legend: Figure 1. A) Abdominal computed tomography revealed bilateral								
50	adrenal myelolipomas (arrowheads). B) T2-weighted image of magnetic								
51	resonance imaging suggested bilateral testicular adrenal rest tumors.								
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