Pure

## Scotland's Rural College

Efficacy of a novel protease produced by fermentation in Bacillus Licheniformis on growth performance of broiler chickens fed a wheat-soybean meal-based diet

Khattak, F; Pappenberger, Guenter; Otavio Berti-Sorbara, Jose-; Smith, Adam; J. Cowieson, Aaron ; Umar Faruk, Murtala

First published: 11/07/2022

Link to publication

Citation for pulished version (APA):

Khattak, F., Pappenberger, G., Otavio Berti-Sorbara, J., Smith, A., J. Cowieson, A., & Umar Faruk, M. (2022). Efficacy of a novel protease produced by fermentation in Bacillus Licheniformis on growth performance of broiler chickens fed a wheat-soybean meal-based diet. Abstract from PSA Annual meeting, San Antonio, Texas, USA (July 11 – 14 2022), San Antonio, United States.

Copyright and moral rights for the publications made accessible in the public portal are retained by the authors and/or other copyright owners and it is a condition of accessing publications that users recognise and abide by the legal requirements associated with these rights.

- Users may download and print one copy of any publication from the public portal for the purpose of private study or research.
  You may not further distribute the material or use it for any profit-making activity or commercial gain
  You may freely distribute the URL identifying the publication in the public portal?

Take down policy

If you believe that this document breaches copyright please contact us providing details, and we will remove access to the work immediately and investigate your claim.

Download date: 02. Aug. 2023

**Title:** Efficacy of a novel microbial serine sfericase endopeptidase expressed in *Bacillus Licheniformis* on growth performance of broiler chickens fed a wheat-soybean meal-based diet.

Presentation Type: Oral

**Current Category**: Metabolism and Nutrition, Feed additives

**Authors**: Farina Khattak<sup>1</sup>, Guenter Pappenberger<sup>2</sup>, Jose-Otavio Berti-Sorbara<sup>2</sup>, Adam Smith<sup>3</sup>, Aaron J. Cowieson<sup>2</sup> and Murtala Umar Faruk<sup>2</sup>

## **Institutions:**

1Monogastric Science Research Centre, SRUC, Edinburgh, UK, <sup>2</sup> DSM Nutritional Products, Wurmisweg 576, 4303 Kaiseraugst, Switzerland.

3DSM Nutritional Products Ltd, Heanor, Derbyshire, United Kingdom

## **Abstract Body:**

This study investigated the efficacy of a novel microbial serine sfericase endopeptidase expressed in *Bacillus licheniformis*, in broilers fed wheat and soybean meal-based diets under simulated commercial conditions.

A total of 576, male, day-old Ross 308 broilers were used in this 35-day study in a randomized complete block design. The study contained 2 treatments, each containing 24 replicates. The control cohort was fed a basal diet meeting Ross 308 nutrient requirements. This diet was then supplemented with 30,000 NFP/kg feed protease and represented the second treatment. The experimental diets were fed as crumbs during starter (0-14d) and pellets during grower (14-28d) and finisher (28-35d) phases. Feed and water were supplied *ad libitum*. Average daily feed intakes (ADFI) and average body weights (ABW) were recorded per pen at 0, 14, 28 and 35-d and average daily weight gain (ADWG) and mortality-adjusted feed conversion ratios (FCRc) were calculated. Data were analyzed by one-way ANOVA with blocks using Genstat 19.

The in-feed recovery of protease in starter, grower and finisher feeds were 27,740, 30,460 and 29,520 NFP/kg, respectively. The ABW of birds fed diets supplemented with protease were +17%, +13%, and +11.9% higher (P<0.05) during starter, grower, and finisher phases, respectively. The ADFI was also higher (P<0.05) during starter (+2.5%), grower (+5.6%), and finisher phase (+7.1%) in birds fed diets containing protease compared with the control. This improvement in ABW and ADFI in protease fed birds was reflected in significantly lower FCR values during starter (-12%) and grower (-5.2%) phase only. Over the entire trial duration (0-35d), birds receiving the diet that was supplemented with protease had +6.3% and +3.3% higher (P<0.05) ADWG and ADFI, respectively, and -5.1% lower (P<0.05) FCRc values compared to un-supplemented control birds. The overall mortality remained low (3.2%).

It can be concluded that this novel sfericase protease is effective in improving broiler growth performance and can be used in animal production industry to optimize broiler performance.

**Key words:** Sfericase, Protease, Bacillus licheniformis, feed additive, broilers, growth performance