

Washington, D.C.: Public Relations: General: 94th-100th Legislative Accomplishments (1 of 2)

Senator Daniel K. Inouye Papers

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I N D E X

94th - 95th

Legislative Accomplishments from 1975 to 1978

96th 1st session

December, 1979; from Gregg to Senator; summary of legislative accomplishments of 96th Congress, First Session

96th 2nd session

October, 1980; from Gregg to Senator; summary of legislative accomplishments of 96th Congress, Second Session

96th - 99th

Legislative Report Covering 1980 to 1985

98th

From Eric and Pat to Senator; list and summary of legislative measures

98th 1st session

January, 1984; from Eric to Senator; status report of bills from 98th Congress, First Session

1959 - 1986

November, 1986; from Dan to Senator; summary of legislative accomplishments covering 1959-1986

1981 - 1987

July, 1987; from Senator to Governor Waihee; summary of legislation covering 1981-1987

100th Comm, Trade & State

November, 1988; from Dan to Senator; summary of legislative accomplishments during 100th Congress in Telecommunications, Trade, and State Department

100th 1st session

January, 1988; from Phyliss to Senator; end of the year summary

100th 2nd session

December, 1988; from LA's to Senator; summary of legislative accomplishments during 100th Congress, Second Session

101st

February, 1989; from LA's to Senator; federal issues concerning the State of Hawaii during 101st Congress

101st 1st session

January, 1990; from LA's to Senator; summary of legislative accomplishments during 101st Congress, First Session

101st 2nd session

federal issues concerning the State of Hawaii during 101st Congress, Second Session

94th - 95th

94th to 95th

SAVE

LEGISLATIVE ACCOMPLISHMENTS

(1975-1978)

RS

AGRICULTURE

1978:

P.L. 95-448

Agriculture Appropriations Bill.
University of Hawaii College of Tropical Agriculture is eligible to participate in a \$2.2 million appropriation under the Food for Peace program of increasing tropical and subtropical agricultural research for poor countries.

1977:

P.L. 95-113

Food and Agriculture Act.
Guarantees sugar subsidy payments of not less than 52.5% of parity or 13.5¢/lbs. for the next two years. Change in de la Garza Amendment. \$57,000,000 to Hawaii for the 1977 crop.

P.L. 95-97

Agriculture and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill FY 1978.
Directs the Secretary to conduct a thorough study of the Hawaii Fruit Fly Program.

1976:

P.L. 95-455

Tax Reform Act.
Deletion of farm corporation accounting section. Requirement for "crop method" accounting dropped. It is estimated the value of this provision is in excess of \$25 million to Hawaii's sugar and pineapple companies in deferring taxes.

COMMERCE

1978:

P.L. 95-381

Introduced 4/17/78

A bill to amend the International Investment Survey Act of 1976,
and for other purposes.

S. 1866

Introduced 7/15/77

Passed Senate, referred to the House Committee on Interstate and
Foreign Commerce.

A bill to amend section 222 of the Communications Act of 1934 in
order to include Hawaii in the same category as other States for the
purposes of such section.

DEFENSE

1978:

P.L. 95-457

Included in the Department of Defense Appropriations Bill, 1978:

Prohibits the Defense Department from using the Competitive Rate Program for shipping military goods to, or from Hawaii. This one year prohibition will allow time for the department to complete its study of the economic impact of the CRP of Hawaii and Alaska.

Competitive Rate Bill.

None of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be obligated under the competitive rate program of the DOD for the transportation of household goods to or from Alaska or Hawaii.

Independent reimbursement for nurse midwives to assess and prevent illness.

Also in the Senate report are provisions requesting CHAMPUS to conduct a study and work with the Biofeedback society of America to delineate the conditions under which biofeedback might be acceptable as health care service that can be reimbursed by CHAMPUS.

Implementation report: The office of CHAMPUS has entered into a formal contract with both the American Psychiatric Association and the American Psychological Association to develop comprehensive peer review procedures for use in evaluating the delivery of mental health services by psychiatrists and clinical psychologists. (refer to Senate Report No. 95-1264)

S. Res. 148

Introduced 4/25/77

Passed Senate.

A resolution authorizing additional expenditures by the Select Committee on Intelligence.

s.1539

Introduced 5/16/77

Passed Senate, referred to the House Committee on Intelligence.

A bill to authorize appropriations for FY 1978 for intelligence activities of the U.S. government, the intelligence community staff, the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System, and for other purposes.

DEFENSE (cont.)

1977:

P.L. 95-111

Department of Defense Appropriations Bill, 1978:
Provides for independent reimbursement of clinical psychologists
and psychiatric nurses under CHAMPUS.

1976:

P.L. 94-484

Health Professions Educational Assistance Act.
Authorizes special project support for health manpower development
in Trust Territories.
(see 1978, P.L. 95-480)

EDUCATION

1978:

P.L. 95-356

An amendment to the Military Construction Act.
Authorizes the Navy Secretary to transfer a 44-acre land parcel next to Leeward Community College over to the State, at a fair market price. (the money will pay for replacement fuel storage facilities for the Navy)

ENVIRONMENT

1978:

P.L. 95-___

Introduced 6/13/77 Sponsor: Murphy, N.Y. (H.R. 7749)
To implement the agreed measures for the Conservation of the Antarctic
Fauna and Flora of the Antarctic Treaty.

S. 3408 (H.R. 9370)

Introduced 8/14/78
Passed both houses of Congress, vetoed by President Carter.
Inouye-Leggett Bill--Aquaculture Bill.
This bill provides for the national development of the aquaculture
industry. Federal assistance would be provided through grants, fun-
ding of demonstration projects, loan guarantees, and insurance.
Authorizes future appropriations.

1977:

P.L. 95-217

The Clean Water Act.
Authorizes possible exemption for Hawaii and the Pacific Basin from
Secondary Sewage Treatment requirements; estimated saving \$500,00/yr
operating costs and \$15,000,000 capital construction cost. Places
the Trust Territory under jurisdiction of legislation.

S. 1529

Senate unprinted Amendment 519 to Water Resources Development Act.
Passed Senate.
Authorizes Army Corps of Engineers to complete emergency work for
control of lava flow from Mauna Loa.

FOREIGN AID AND ASSISTANCE

1978:

P.L. 95-481

Introduced 2/10/77 Sponsor: Kennedy, Mass.
Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriation Bill, 1979.
An amendment to provide \$1 million for the exchange of foreign
students to the University of Hawaii.

An amendment to establish U.S. refugee assistance provided on the
basis of need.

HAWAIIANS

1978:

P.L. 95-341

Introduced 12/15/77 Sponsor: Abourezk
Native American Religious Freedom Act.
Making it policy of the U.S. to protect and preserve the right of
native Americans (and Hawaiians) to visit religious sites and hold
worship services. Requires federal departments and agencies to con-
sult with religious leaders to ensure that their policies preserve
these rights.

P.L. 95-525

Introduced 2/23/78.
CETA amendments of 1978.
An amendment which allows native Hawaiians to participate in CETA
programs which subsidize employemtn by private businesses. Native
Hawaiians will be eligible for special training and jobs as native
Americans. Eligibility for jobs in the private sector is part of the
new national emphasis on private business involvement.

P.L. 95-___

Introduced 4/20/77 Sponsor: Matsunaga, Hawaii (S.1318)
A bill to permit the state of Hawaii to use the proceeds from the
sale, lease, or other disposition of certain real property for any
public purpose.

S. 857

Introduced 3/22/77
Passed Senate.
Native Hawaiian Education Assistance Act.
Establishes grants for schools with high numbers of Hawaiian students,
College fellowships, and adult education programs to combat illiter-
acy and unemployemnt.

1977:

S.J. Res. 4

Introduced 12/75
Passed Senate, recommitted by the House to the House committee on
Interior and Insular affairs.
Hawaiian Native Claims Settlement Study Commission.

HAWAIIANS (cont.)

P.L. 95-93

Youth Employment and Demonstration Projects Act of 1977.
Amends title III of CETA to include Native Hawaiians. Estimated
\$2.5 million per year for Hawaii.

1976:

P.L. 94-455

Tax Reform Act.
Amendment for Bishop Estate re "Acquisition Indebtedness." \$1,000,000
value to Hawaii. Allows Bishop Estate to develop their residential
land.

1975:

P.L. 94-138

Military Construction Appropriations Bill for FY 1976.
Directive to Department to study the feasibility of restoring and
returning Kahoolawe to the State of Hawaii.

HEALTH/SOCIAL SERVICES

1978:

P.L. 95-216

An amendment to the Social Security Act.
Would allow the remarried widow the choice of "wife benefits" from her new husband or maintaining 100 per cent of her widow benefits from her deceased husband.
(previously, elderly widows who remarried had to choose between a 50 percent cut in their Social Security benefits from their deceased husbands' benefits) (S364)

P.L. 95-480

Labor-HEW Appropriations bill, 1979:

Provides the Hawaii Leprosy Program with \$1.6 million in appropriations---a \$200,000 increase over last year.

HEW is instructed to study the problem of lack of health officers and doctors in the Trust Territory, and report back to the next Congress. As of last year, the Trust Territory's population of 126,600 was treated by only 13 physicians and 38 medical officers.
(refer to Senate report no. 95-1119, accompanying H.R. 12929, pp. 78-79)

(response to P.L. 95-484, 1976, Health Professions Educational Assistance Act)

P.L. 95-355

Included in the Second Supplemental Appropriations measure.
An unprinted amendment No. 1592.
Appropriating \$2.9 million for expansion of the Rehabilitation Hospital of the Pacific located in Honolulu. This will allow the hospital for the severely handicapped to expand its services from Hawaii to incorporate American Samoa, Guam, and the Trust Territories.

P.L. 95-___

Introduced 2/1/78 Sponsor: Kennedy, Mass. (S. 2474)
Public Health Service Act.
This act requires the development of national policy on immigrant health care, requiring the Secretary of the HEW to submit a special report to Congress by June 1979 assessing the health needs of immigrants in the U.S., and recommending a national policy to meet these needs.

HEALTH/SOCIAL SERVICES (cont.)

1977:

P.L. 95-205

Labor-HEW Appropriations Bill FY 1978:

Hawaii Leprosy Program
Additional funds allocated to this program.

Alcoholism Research
Additional \$7,500,000 in funds.

Special Report Language requesting study from Secretary of HEW on Hawaii's immigrant health problems and highlighting medical school's minority program.

The University of Hawaii Medical School will receive an increase of \$72,000 in the funding for its Imi Ho'ola program, which gives one year of remedial study to premedical students from educationally disadvantaged areas.

P.L. 95-216

Social Security Financing Amendments of 1977.
Includes a provision whereby marriage of senior citizens will not reduce their benefit eligibility.

1976:

P.L. 95-484

Health Professions Educational Assistance Act.
Authorizes special project support for health manpower development in Trust Territories.

1975:

P.L. 94-206

Department of Labor-HEW Appropriations Bill, 1976:

ACTION special volunteer program.
Services for immigrants and Vietnam refugees.

HEALTH/SOCIAL SERVICES(cont.)

Language relating to National Cancer Institute and Cancer Centers modified to allow construction of new Cancer facilities. Resulted in appropriations of \$5 million for Hawaii's center.

JAPANESE-AMERICANS/PACIFIC-ASIAN AMERICANS

1978:

P.L. 95-419

Pacific-Asian American Heritage Week.
Designating the first week in May as Pacific-Asian American
Heritage week.

P.L. 95-382

Introduced 1/14/77
WWII Internment Credit Law.
Provides civil service retirement credit to Japanese-Americans
who were interned during WWII.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTIONS/APPROPRIATIONS

1978:

P.L. 95-374

Military Construction Appropriations Bill.
Approval of \$43.8 million worth of projects to be completed in Hawaii. More than half will go to the Navy for housing renovations and Pearl Harbor Shipyard work. The bulk of the Army funds will go to Schofield Barracks housing renovation.

P.L. 95-___

Introduced 9/19/78 (H.J. res. 1139)
Public Works for Water and Power Development and Energy Research Appropriations Bill.

Harbors bill:

Includes several major construction projects for Hawaii--

\$5.5 million: Barbers Point Harbor

\$4.2 million: Iao stream flood control project

\$2.5 million: Dredging at Honolulu Harbor

\$230,000 dollars: Plan Kahoma Stream Flood control project on Maui

\$50,000 dollars: Study small boat harbor for Kikiaola on Kauai

\$65,000 dollars: Maalaea Small Boat Harbor study on Maui

H.R. 8309

The following five bills were incorporated into the Senate version of H.R. 8309. However, H.R. 8309 never reached the conference committee stage.

S. 1373 Honolulu Harbor.

To modify the plan for harbor improvements at Honolulu Harbor, as authorized by the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1965, by eliminating the State of Hawaii's cost-share contribution for the project set at \$185,000 of the total cost of project construction in August of 1977 of \$7,120,000.

S. 1374 Beach Erosion Control projects.

To allow beach erosion projects.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTIONS/APPROPRIATIONS (cont.)

S. 1376 To authorize the Secretary of the Army to make a study of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands to promote the improved utilization of water and related land resources. Modified to include the Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas. Effect of this legislation would be to provide the Pacific division of the Corps of Engineers with the specific authority required for them to provide assistance to the people of the TTPI and the Northern Marianas.

S. 1676 Lava Flow Control.
To amend the emergency flood control authorization to authorize emergency protection work in the event of anticipated volcanic eruption.

1977:

P.L. 95-82

Military Construction Authorization Bill for 1978.
Increase in authorization for the USS ARIZONA Memorial from \$2 million to \$3.3 million.

MERCHANT MARINE

1978:

- P.L. 95-475 An amendment to the Intercoastal Shipping Act of 1933. Requires the Federal Maritime Commission to speed up its decision-making process for rate applications by ocean carriers, and provides funds to shippers when rate charges are later ruled illegal.
- P.L. 95-483 Provides for the regulation of rates or charges by certain state-owned carriers in the foreign commerce of the U.S. The rate cutting practices of foreign state-controlled ocean carriers (soviet fleet) would be curtailed when bidding for U.S. cargo). (Cut rates are used to attract cargo by foreign carriers, possibly subjecting shippers to inflated rates if the U.S. merchant marine is forced from the cargo trade.
- P.L. 95-323 To amend section 216(b) of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936. To entitle Delegates in Congress from Guam and the Virgin Islands to make nominations for appointments to the Merchant Marine Academy.
- P.L. 95-173 To authorize appropriations for the fiscal years 1978 and 1979 for certain maritime programs of the Department of Commerce, and for other purposes.
- P.L. 95-298 To authorize appropriations for the fiscal year 1979 for certain maritime programs of the Department of Commerce and for other purposes.
- P.L. 95-364 Proclamation designating the seven calendar days beginning Sept. 17, 1978 as "National Port Week".
- S. 2008(H.R. 9518) Introduced 8/4/77
Passed by both houses in Congress, but pocket-vetoed by Pres. Carter. An amendment to the Shipping Act of 1916, To strengthen the provisions prohibiting rebating practices in the U.S. foreign trades.
- H.R. 11861 Introduced 3/2/78 Sponsor: Kemp
Passed both houses in Congress, vetoed by President Carter.
To establish a Navy-Maritime Advisory Board.

MERCHANT MARINE (cont.)

Private Law 95-20

Introduced 3/2/77

To authorize the Secretary of Commerce to sell two obsolete vessels to Mid-Pacific Sea Harvesters, Inc., and for other purposes.

P.L. 95-___

S. 2493

Excludes Hawaii from "open market" entry.

VETERANS

1976:

P.L. 95-378

HUD-Independent Agencies Appropriation Bill, 1977.
Punchbowl National Cemetery Construction of Columbarium/
Mausoleum.

PL 95-479

(S13)- Dependency & indemnity compensation to widows

TOURISM

1978:

S. 2552(H.R. 11870)

Introduced 2/21/78

Passed the Senate.

To amend the act of July 19, 1940, relating to travel in the United States, to authorize additional appropriations.

1978:

P.L. 95-___

Introduced 7/18/78 Sponsor: Ullman (H.R. 13511)
Defeated amendments in order to keep the tax deduction for
business meals.

AGRICULTURE

1977.....P.L. 95-113 - Food and Agriculture Act.
Guarantees sugar subsidy payments of not less than 52.5% of parity or 13.5¢/lbs. for the next two years. Change in de la Garza Amendment. \$57,000,000 to Hawaii for 1977 crop.

1977.....P.L. 95-97 - Agriculture and Related Agencies Appropriation Bill FY 1978. Directs the Secretary to conduct a thorough study of the Hawaii Fruit Fly Program.

~~1976.....~~P.L. 94-455 - Tax Reform Act. Deletion of farm corporation accounting section. Requirement for "crop method" accounting dropped. It is estimated the value of this provision is in excess of \$25 million to Hawaii's sugar and pineapple companies in deferring taxes.

ENVIRONMENT

1977.....(P.L. 95-217) The Clean Water Act.

Authorizes possible exemption for Hawaii and the Pacific Basin from Secondary Sewage Treatment requirements; estimated saving \$500,000/yr operating costs and \$15,000,000 capital construction cost; hearings in Hawaii March 18, 1974. Places Trust Territory under jurisdiction of legislation.

1977.....Senate Unprinted Amendment 519 to S.1529;

Water Resources Development Act. Passed Senate. Authorizes Army Corps of Engineers to complete emergency work for control of lava flow from Mauna Loa.

1976..... The Clean Water Act. Amendment placing Trust Territory under jurisdiction of the bill. Passed Senate.

HAWAIIANS

1977S.J.Res.4; Hawaiian Native Claims Settlement Study Commission. Passed Senate. First introduced December, 1975. Senate hearings in Hawaii by Interior Committee February 9-11, 1976, and joint hearings by Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of U.S. Senate and House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee on July 6-7, 1977.

P.L. 95-93; Youth Employment and Demonstration Projects Act of 1977. Amends Title III of CETA to include Native Hawaiians. Estimated \$2.5 million per year for Hawaii.

1976P.L. 94-455; Tax Reform Act. Amendment for Bishop Estate re "Acquisition Indebtedness". \$1,000,000 value to Hawaii. Allows Bishop Estate to develop their residential land.

1975P.L. 94-138; Military Construction Appropriations Bill for FY 1976. Directive to Department to study the feasibility of restoring and returning Kahoolawe to the State of Hawaii.

HEALTH/SOCIAL SERVICES

1977..... P.L. 95-111 - Department of Defense Appropriations Bill FY 1978. Provides for independent reimbursement of clinical psychologists, psychiatric nurses, and nurse-midwives under CHAMPUS.

P.L. 95-205 - Department of Labor-HEW Appropriations Bill FY 1978:

- a) Hawaii Leprosy Program: additional \$1 million; passed Senate; \$200,000 in P.L.
- b) Alcoholism Research: additional \$7,500,000; passed Senate.
- c) Special Report Language Requesting Study from Secretary on Hawaii's immigrant health problems and highlighting medical school's minority program.

P.L. 95-216 - Social Security Financing Amendment of 1977. Includes a provision whereby marriage of senior citizens will not reduce their benefit eligibility. (S. 368-95th Congress)

1976.....P.L. 94-484 - Health Professions Educational Assistance Act. Authorizes special project support for health manpower development in Trust Territories.

(MORE)

1975.....P.L. 94-206 - Department of Labor-HEW

Appropriations Bill FY 1976:

a) ACTION special volunteer program, services for immigrants and Vietnam refugees - \$3,170,000 amendment; passed Senate.

b) Language relating to National Cancer Institute & Cancer Centers modified to allow construction of new Cancer facilities. Resulted in appropriations of \$5 million for Hawaii's Center.

P.L. 94-212 - Department of Defense Appropriations Bill for FY 1976. Provided independent recognition of clinical psychologists under CHAMPUS.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

1977..... Fact Sheet Attached. FY 1978 Military
Construction Appropriations Bill.
P.L. 95-82 - Military Construction
Authorization Bill for FY 1978. Increase
in authorization for USS ARIZONA Memorial
from \$2,000,000 to \$3,300,000.

1976..... Fact Sheet Attached. FY 1977 Military
Construction Appropriations Bill.

~~1975.....~~ FY 1976 Military Construction Appropriations
Bill. Pearl Harbor Machine Shop Modernization.

July 28, 1977

FACT SHEET ON MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS IN HAWAII FOR FY 1978

Energy Conservation/Pollution Abatement Projects

Recommended by the Senate Committee on Appropriations
for funding in FY 1978, and approved in the bill

Naval Submarine Base, Pearl Harbor

Energy Conservation, Lighting Systems -- \$240,000 (funded in FY 1977
Supplemental Bill)

Naval Station, Pearl Harbor

Energy Conservation, Oil Spill Prevention -- \$850,000

<u>Regular Major Construction Programs by Service</u>	<u>Totals</u>
<u>U.S. Army</u>	<u>\$10,189,000</u>
Schofield Barracks	
Flight Control Tower (\$569,000)	
Barracks Modernization (\$9,620,000)	
<u>U.S. Navy</u>	<u>\$40,987,000</u>
Naval Air Station, Barber's Point	\$ 5,847,000
Removal of Safety Hazards to Runway (\$500,000)	
Airfield Lighting (\$2,000,000)	
Land Acquisition (\$3,347,000)	
Marine Corps Air Station, Kaneohe	\$ 160,000
Lighting Systems	
Commandant, 14th Naval District	\$ 4,200,000
Command Center Modernization	
Commander, Oceanographic Systems, Pac.	\$ 7,400,000
Processing Facility	
Naval Shipyard, Pearl Harbor	\$ 1,080,000
Dry Dock Support Facility (\$750,000)	
Distilled Water Distribution System (\$330,000)	
Naval Station, Pearl Harbor	\$ 4,050,000
Ship wastewater collection, ashore (\$2,050,000)	
Permanent Shoreside Facilities Project for the USS Arizona Memorial (\$2,000,000)	
Submarine Base, Pearl Harbor	\$ 1,440,000
Operational Trainer Facility addition	
Also, a Submarine Training Center Project was budgeted at \$410,000. However, this item was dropped out at the authorization conference. The original request, therefore, was \$1,850,000 for the Submarine Base at Pearl Harbor.	

July 28, 1977

FACT SHEET ON MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS FOR FY 1978 IN HAWAII
Page Two

<u>Regular Major Construction Programs by Service:</u>	<u>Totals</u>
<u>U.S. Navy (continued)</u>	<u>\$40,987,000</u>
Naval Supply Center, Pearl Harbor Fuel Storage	\$13,400,000
In addition, there had been a Senate Appropriations Committee budgeted item of \$3,700,000 for oil spill prevention, as part of the Committee add-on for energy conservation and pollution abatement projects. This item was lost in the authorization conference.	
Public Works Center, Pearl Harbor Power plant emission control (\$700,000) Steam system improvements (\$2,300,000)	\$ 3,000,000
Pearl Harbor Permanent Shoreside Support Facilities Project for the USS Arizona Memorial	\$ 2,000,000
<u>U.S. Air Force</u>	<u>\$ 2,140,000</u>
Hickam AFB Aircraft Fuel Supply System	
<u>U.S. Army Reserve</u>	<u>\$ 1,264,000</u>
Fort Shafter Organizational Maintenance Shop	\$ 1,264,000
<u>U.S. Army National Guard</u>	<u>\$ 340,000</u>
Fort Ruger Armory addition	\$ 340,000

* I believe that the grand total for projects in Hawaii is \$54,920,000.

ENERGY CONSERVATION/POLLUTION ABATEMENT - Continued
 RECOMMENDED ADDITIONAL PROJECTS - Continued
 (IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, NAVY - Continued

	<u>ENERGY CONSERVATION</u>	<u>POLLUTION ABATEMENT</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
Florida -- Continued			
Upgrade Sewage System	-	(140)	(140)
Naval Air Rework Facility, Jacksonville	1200	-	1200
Lighting Systems	1200	-	1200
Naval Training Center, Orlando	200	-	200
Building Alterations Cecil Field	200	-	200
Industrial Waste Collection	-	90*	90
Naval Public Works, Pensacola	-	1650	1650
Upgrade Sewage System	-	(1250)	(1250)
Solid Waste System	-	(400)	(400)
Georgia			
Marine Corps Supply Center, Albany	650	-	650
Steam and Condensate System	650	-	650
Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning	(100)	-	(100)
Lighting Systems	(330)	-	(330)
Electrical Energy Systems	(130)	-	(130)
	(90)	-	(90)
Hawaii			
Naval Submarine Base, Pearl Harbor	240	3700	3940
Lighting Systems	240*	-	240
Naval Station, Pearl Harbor	-	3700	3700
Oil Spill Prevention	-	3700	3700
Illinois			
Public Works Center, Great Lakes	850	-	850
Building Alterations	850*	-	850
Indiana			
Naval Avionics Facility, Indianapolis	90	-	90
Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning	90*	-	90
Maryland			
Naval Surface Weapons Center, White Oak	2729	800	3529
Insulation and Storm Windows	280*	-	280
NSRDC, Bethesda	200*	-	200
Lighting Systems	200*	-	200

Maryland -
NATC, Pa
Steam
Solid
NSRDC, A
Energy
Steam
Naval Or
Head
Heatin
Cond
Naval Ac
Steam :

New Jersey
Naval Ai
Lightin
Naval Ai
Buildin

North Caro:
Marine C
Cherry I
Lightin
Naval Ai
Cherry I
Lightin
Marine C
Lightin
Steam :

Pennsylvania
Naval Shi
Municip

Rhode Islan
Naval Edu
Center,
Energy
Contr

South Carol
Marine Co
Parris I
Boiler
Insulat
Sewage

news from

● Senator DANIEL K. INOUE

topic: CONFEREES AGREE ON HAWAII MILITARY CONSTRUCTION FUNDS

date: JUNE 29, 1976

release date: FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

WASHINGTON, D.C.---Senate and House conferees agreed today to appropriate \$42.521 million for military projects in Hawaii, with \$7.4 million earmarked for Pearl Harbor Naval Shipyard electric shop modernization and \$2 million for an overhaul of Tripler Army Medical Center.

The conferees trimmed all but \$1 million of the fiscal 1977 military construction appropriations intended for Hawaii that passed the Senate by unanimous vote last Saturday. A Senate-approved \$4.585 million appropriation for the Pearl Harbor Shipyard Quality Assurance facility was trimmed by conferees today to \$3.585 million.

"I am extremely pleased that the conference committee wisely maintained the funding that had been backed strongly by both the Senate Committees on Appropriations and Armed Services, and the full Senate," Daniel K. Inouye (D-Hawaii), a ranking member of the Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Military Construction and a conferee, said after today's meeting.

"So much must be done to improve and maintain our military facilities, especially at Tripler and in the Pearl Harbor area," he said.

The original \$43.521 million for Hawaii military projects approved by the Senate last Saturday matched the fiscal 1977 authorization figure set on May 13, 1976 by the Senate Armed Services Committee. But the original figure also represented a restoration of \$13.22 million cut by the House Appropriations Committee on June 8.

The Quality Assurance facility, the only project with funds cut by conferees, now performs chemical and metallurgical laboratory tests and research into welding methods in nine buildings, the oldest of which is 55 years old. The funds agreed to today would go towards consolidation of administrative and laboratory functions into one new two-story concrete block and steel building.

(MORE)

F Y ' 77

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Military construction appropriations approved by conferees today include:

- * \$7.4 million for renovations of the Pearl Harbor Naval Shipyard electric shop. Specific projects include the construction of three new buildings, installation of new equipment, improvement of power utilities and abatement of environmental hazards.
- * \$2 million for renovations at the 28-year-old Tripler Army Medical Center.
- * \$4.3 million for additions and alterations to an intelligence facility at Camp Smith. The funds would allow the Commander in Chief of the Pacific to consolidate general Far East and Pacific intelligence functions--previously performed elsewhere on Oahu--at Camp Smith.
- * \$1.9 million for electrical improvements at Kaneohe Marine Corp. Air Station.
- * \$1.046 million for electric power improvements at Fleet Marine Force Pacific headquarters at Camp Smith.
- * \$12.836 million for a municipal sewer connection at Barbers Point Naval Air Station.
- * \$4.051 million for onshore ship waste water collection at Pearl Harbor Naval Station.
- * \$975,000 for a torpedo retriever facility at the Pearl Harbor Naval Submarine Base.
- * \$283,000 for building additions at the Pearl Harbor Naval Environmental and Preventative Medicine Unit No. 6.
- * \$4.145 million for a Hickam Air Force Base apron and a fire training facility.

#

TRANSPORTATION

P.L. 94-353 -- Airport Development Act of 1976.

Modified definition of facility sponsor
so that Neighboring Island airports receive
a greater percentage of federal support.

(S. 115 - 94th Congress)

VETERANS

1976.....P.L. 94-378 -

HUD-Independent Agencies Appropriation

Bill FY 1977. Punchbowl National Cemetery

Construction of Columbarium/Masoleum.

\$2,800,000.

CENTER FOR CULTURAL AND TECHNICAL INTERCHANGE BETWEEN EAST AND WEST

CONTRACT NUMBER

AID/PHA-C-1094

(Contract)

AID Hawaii

LONG CONTRACT DESCRIPTION

TO DEVELOP AND TEST A LOW-COST FAMILY PLANNING DELIVERY SYSTEM IN KOREA

TOTAL VALUE OF CONTRACT	EFFECTIVE DATE OF CONTRACT	CURRENT EST. COMP. DATE OF CONT.	CONTRACT OFFICER
\$444,837	75/08/01	79/06/30	G. GOLD, PHA

LONG CONTRACTOR NAME

EAST WEST CENTER

CONTRACT NUMBER
AID/PHA-G-1058

(Grant)

LONG CONTRACT DESCRIPTION

DEVELOP STAFF, RESEARCH PROG, TRNG CAPACITIES & RELATIONS WITH GOVT AND INSTITUTIONS IN THE ASIAN AND PACIFIC AREAS.

TOTAL VALUE OF CONTRACT	EFFECTIVE DATE OF CONTRACT	CURRENT EST. COMP. DATE OF CONT.	CONTRACT OFFICER
\$2,843,409	74/06/24	78/03/31	G. GOLD, PHA

LONG CONTRACTOR NAME

HAWAII, UNIVERSITY OF
CONTRACT NUMBER
AID/PHA-G-1110

(Grant)

LONG CONTRACT DESCRIPTION

GRANT TO SUPPORT TRAINING PROGRAMS FOR POPULATION ON FAMILY PLANNING PROFESSIONALS FROM ASIAN LDCS.

TOTAL VALUE OF CONTRACT	EFFECTIVE DATE OF CONTRACT	CURRENT EST. COMP. DATE OF CONT.	CONTRACT OFFICER
\$1,213,283	75/06/30	78/06/30	G. GOLD, PHA

LONG CONTRACTOR NAME

EAST WEST CENTER
CONTRACT NUMBER
AID/PHA-G-1202

(Grant)

LONG CONTRACT DESCRIPTION

STUDY AND RESEARCH FOR A PROGRAM ON "DETERMINANTS/CONSEQUENCES OF FERTILITY"

TOTAL VALUE OF CONTRACT	EFFECTIVE DATE OF CONTRACT	CURRENT EST. COMP. DATE OF CONT.	CONTRACT OFFICER
\$87,530	77/09/30	79/09/29	G. GOLD, PHA

LONG CONTRACTOR NAME

HAWAII, UNIVERSITY OF
CONTRACT NUMBER
AID/IA-C-1108

(Contract)

LONG CONTRACT DESCRIPTION

DETERMINE SCIENTIFICALLY TRANSFERABILITY OF AGROPRODUCTION TECH. IN TROP. COUNTRIES

TOTAL VALUE OF CONTRACT	EFFECTIVE DATE OF CONTRACT	CURRENT EST. COMP. DATE OF CONT.	CONTRACT OFFICER
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LONG CONTRACT DESCRIPTION

RESEARCH IN ARTIFICIAL PROPAGATION OF MILKFISH
 TOTAL EFFECTIVE CURRENT CONTRACT
 VALUE OF DATE OF EST. COMP. OFFICER
 CONTRACT CONTRACT DATE OF CONT.
 \$1,510,116 75/01/13 80/01/12 M. DARVIN, IT

LONG CONTRACTOR NAME

HAWAII, UNIVERSITY OF
 CONTRACT NUMBER
 AID/TA-C-1204

(Contract)

LONG CONTRACT DESCRIPTION

PROVIDE SOIL SCIENTISTS WITH LATEST INFO ON BASIC PRINCIPLES GOVERNING BEHAVIOR OF TROPICAL SOILS
 TOTAL EFFECTIVE CURRENT CONTRACT
 VALUE OF DATE OF EST. COMP. OFFICER
 CONTRACT CONTRACT DATE OF CONT.
 \$25,000 75/05/01 79/04/30 V. PERELLI, TA

LONG CONTRACTOR NAME

HAWAII, UNIVERSITY OF
 CONTRACT NUMBER
 AID/TA-C-1207

(Contract)

LONG CONTRACT DESCRIPTION

CONDUCT RESEARCH TO DETERMINE MORE EFFICIENT LEGUME-RHIZORIUM ASSOC. IN TROPICAL SOILS
 TOTAL EFFECTIVE CURRENT CONTRACT
 VALUE OF DATE OF EST. COMP. OFFICER
 CONTRACT CONTRACT DATE OF CONT.
 \$932,307 75/06/01 78/05/31 V. PERELLI, TA

LONG CONTRACTOR NAME

HAWAII, UNIVERSITY OF
 CONTRACT NUMBER
 AID/TA-C-1227

(Contract)

LONG CONTRACT DESCRIPTION

RESEARCH IN VITRO CULTURE SYSTEMS FOR PRODUCTION OF MALARIA ANTIGENS FOR SUBSEQUENT USE IN MALARIA VACCINE STUDY
 TOTAL EFFECTIVE CURRENT CONTRACT
 VALUE OF DATE OF EST. COMP. OFFICER
 CONTRACT CONTRACT DATE OF CONT.
 \$249,114 75/06/30 78/06/30 V. PERELLI, TA

TOTAL
 VALUE OF CONTRACT
 CNT 9
 SUM \$10,351,742
 AVE \$1,150,193
 MIN \$25,000
 MAX \$3,046,146
 9 ENTRIES IFY
 NEXT:

Bill,
 This is a DEC. 20, 1977 computer
 PRINT OUT. I HOPE CONTAINS
 THE INFORMATION YOU NEED

*U of H 5,465,850
 E-U ctr 2,930,939
 Du. Found 1,510,116
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 Wash. C. J.*

96th 1st session

1 of 6
SAVE

12/26/79

MEMORANDUM -- (copies to staff and Honolulu office)

TO : SENATOR

FROM: Gregg

SUBJ: ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF 96TH CONGRESS, FIRST SESSION

1979-80

Began 1/15/79

1) Defense Department in June began reimbursing for biofeedback therapy under CHAMPUS. Department was directed, in report accompanying 1979 Defense Appropriations to study such direct reimbursement (proposed by DKI).

2) Optometrists will receive direct reimbursement under CHAMPUS, through insertion in 1980 Defense Appropriations bill by DKI. Also provides for six-month pilot study of possible reimbursement to psychiatric nurses and other nurse practitioners. Hawaii may be the subject of the demonstration study.

3) Nurse midwives began receiving reimbursement under CHAMPUS in October, retroactive to Oct. 1978, under insertion to 1979 Defense Appropriations by DKI.

4) University of Hawaii School of Public Health awarded \$4 million contract with Agency for International Development in September, to be the principal academic resource for family planning training in Southeast Asia. DKI had supported UH proposal for three-year contract.

5) Immigration and Naturalization Service amended a question on citizenship application which unfairly discriminated against persons who had received mental health treatment, in response to DKI complaint.

6) Hawaii leprosy program will receive \$1.8 million in FY1980, the third annual increase of \$200,000 obtained by DKI in the Labor-HEW Appropriations.

7) Native Hawaiians included as minority groups with top priority under Minority Access to Research Careers Program, in report accompanying Labor-HEW Appropriations inserted by DKI.

Accomplishments -2-

- 8) Bureau of Community Health Services, HEW, is directed to give priority funding to states with high-immigrant populations, including Hawaii, in DKI insertion to report of Labor-HEW Appropriations.
- 9) USS BOWFIN submarine transferred from Navy Reserve Fleet at Pearl Harbor to Pacific Fleet Submarine Memorial Assn. for restoration and opening as visitor site. DKI had provided initial support for group's request.
- 10) Military Property Requirements in Hawaii study released in mid-May, an update to Project FRESH study by Defense Department. Report details future military use of lands and notes future surplus property in Hawaii.
- 11) Lease approved between City of Honolulu and Navy for land near Pearl Harbor as site of fire training center and fire station. Five acres will be rented for \$1 for 25 years. Approval by Congress and Administration had been supported by DKI.
- 12) Central Accounting Office directed to investigate high rate of child abuse in Hawaii military community, in report language of 1980 Defense Appropriations obtained by DKI (member of Defense Subcommittee).
- 13) Competitive Rate Program for military shipping from Hawaii and Alaska is prohibited for one year, in the Defense Appropriations for 1980. DKI had similarly obtained one-year prohibition last session.
- 14) Military Construction Appropriations for 1980 includes \$33.53 million worth of projects in Hawaii, at urging of DKI (member of Mil. Con. subcommittee).
- 15) President in June signed Shipping Act Amendments introduced by DKI (S. 199) which crackdown on illegal rebating by foreign shipping carriers.
- 16) President signed DKI bill in November, granting authority for five cruise ships to operate domestically. One vessel, S.S. OCEANIC INDEPENDENCE, plans to begin interisland service in June 1980.
- 17) East-West Center budget for 1980 of \$14,667,000 is increase over 1979 budget of \$13.5 million, at request of DKI in State-Justice Appropriations.

-more-

18) Hawaii Federal Judicial Selection Commission established in January by DKI and Spark, to screen candidates for judicial appointment on the basis of merit.

19) DKI proposal added \$5 million to Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion (OTEC) programs under the Energy and Water Development Appropriations for 1980, for total of \$28.6 million for OTEC research and demonstrations.

20) Hawaii electric vehicle program of Hawaii Natural Energy Institute awarded \$366,000 federal contract for testing and research of 15 vehicles. DKI had supported Hawaii application to Dept. of Energy.

21) Commerce Dept. will sponsor Feb. 1980 Pacific Basin Development Conference in Honolulu, to discuss joint economic development ventures.

Also awarded \$80,000 to assess possible fishing programs in Pacific through National Marine Fisheries Service.

22) Economic Development Administration awarded grant of \$176,000 for supercold flash-freezer in Hilo, for shipping of sashimi to Japan. This is fourth fishing industry facility grant made by EDA in one year. All four were requested by Hawaii delegation (total cost \$1.25 million).

23) DKI chaired hearings on National Aquaculture bill in Honolulu and Washington DC for Senate Commerce Committee. Following Presidential veto of aquaculture bill last session, White House has begun study of national aquaculture plan.

24) US Dept. of Agriculture agreed to begin paying half of the cost of agricultural inspectors at Neighbor Island airports, starting April 1979, in response to DKI request. This allows air passengers to pre-check baggage for flights through Honolulu to Mainland.

25) President declared disaster on Big Island in February after \$5.8 million losses in flooding due to rains. DKI had visited stricken areas and asked for declaration.

26) Multi-Lateral Trade Negotiations considered reduction of US tariffs on imported canned pineapple, but decided to retain present tariff after opposition from Hawaii delegation.

Trade agreement, ratified by Senate, provides lower barriers for export of Hawaii products, such as nuts and flowers, to Japan.

Accomplishments -4-

27) DKI proposed, and established, an 18-member Travel and Tourism Industry Advisory Council to the Senate Commerce Committee, to advise panel on tourism-related legislation. It later made five recommendations to the President on the energy crisis.

28) President signed DKI bill in October, which provides 1980 funding for the US Travel Service of \$8 million to continue promotion offices in six foreign countries. Original Administration budget would have eliminated all overseas offices of USTS.

29) Sale of two Hawaii parcels by General Services Administration was cancelled after appeals by Hawaii delegation on behalf of local government and Hawaiian leaders, who wanted to keep land in public domain. Consisted of 53.7 acres in Oahu Waianae Mountains and 3.3 acres at Pauwela Pt. on Maui.

30) Federal officials in Hawaii began first meetings to discuss possible establishment of Temporary Intergovernmental Planning Commission for Hawaii, proposed by DKI to consider planning issues affecting the federal, State and county governments.

31) US Dept. of Labor will sponsor workshop in Honolulu to discuss job discrimination against Pacific Island and Asian women, in response to request by DKI.

32) Kaloko-Honokohau National Cultural Park land acquisition funded with \$7 million provided in Interior Appropriations at request of DKI.

Also provides \$2.9 million to state of Hawaii under state parks grants program. Initial Administration budget would have abolished this program.

33) Tropical agricultural research program receives \$2.8 million in Agriculture Appropriations, at request of DKI. Increase of \$600,000 over last year.

34) US Flood Insurance Administration, in response to DKI, agreed to postpone issuance of flood zone maps for Hawaii until special tsunami problems of Islands could be studied further. Now working with University research Doak Cox and Hawaii construction industry on maps which will affect federal flood insurance and disaster assistance programs.

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Accomplishments -5-

35) In recognition of Hawaii special needs, the US Flood Insurance Administration opened a Honolulu office in November to assist the implementation of the federal flood insurance program. Dedication attended by DKI and Insurance Administrator Gloria Jimenez.

36) US territories receive \$3 million appropriation for the Territorial Teacher Training Program for 1980, at request of DKI. The University of Hawaii College of Education may play an important role in this program, which allows the Commissioner of Education to provide teacher training through contract with an organization.

37) Hawaii is the subject of the first statewide study on foreign investment conducted by the US Office of Foreign Investment, in the Dept of Commerce, in cooperation with the Hawaii Dept. Planning and Economic Development. The December report is the first comprehensive ever done on foreign investment in a state. DKI authored the legislation which in 1976 established the Office of Foreign Investment.

38) Fish buoy program of the Pacific Tuna Development Foundation and National Marine Fisheries Service was assisted by DKI, who helped obtain surplus 3,000-pound anchors from the Navy for the experimental aggregation devices.

PENDING

1) Hawaii leasehold farmers would be eligible to participate in Farmers Home Administration loan programs, under a DKI amendment to the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act, redefining "owner-operator" to include "lease operator." The bill is in conference, but approval of this provision is assured.

2) Native Hawaiian Education bill chaired by DKI in Hawaii, passed Senate unanimously in November with DKI amendments slightly expanding bill coverage.

3) International Sugar Agreement ratified by Senate. DKI testified before Senate Foreign Relations Comm. in support. Implementing legislation pending in House.

4) Conference committee agreed to establish Presidential commission to study alcoholism problems of minorities, in response to Senate passage of DKI proposal to establish associate director for minority concerns within National Institute on Alcohol Abuse.

Still pending: DKI proposals for associate directors of minority concerns in National Institutes for Drug Abuse and Mental Health.

5) Hawaii exemption from the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) program was approved by the Senate Committee on Labor and Human Resources after testimony by DKI, Spark and Hawaii representatives. Now pending in Senate Finance Committee.

6) National Tourism Policy Act, to promote US travel and coordinate Federal programs, passed by the Senate unanimously in May. Introduced by DKI.

7) Senate passed bill to enable Hawaii and Pacific territories to form regional economic development commission to receive federal assistance. DKI introduced it and testified in support.

8) DKI introduced bill to establish commission to study possible redress to Japanese Americans interned during World War II.

9) Kahoolawe bill, by DKI, to provide pilot clearing project by Navy, pending before Armed Services Committee.

10) Bill to establish Native Hawaiian Claims Commission introduced by Spark and DKI.

11) DKI staff and Hawaii officials participated in Dallas, Texas, conference on problems of recent immigrants, which is expected to lead to administration policy on meeting the needs of immigrants.

9644 SALE
2nd session

MARYLOU:

Attached is a list of accomplishments
of DKI in 1980. I have shared copies
with the Senator and Honolulu office.
You may find it helpful.

gregg 10/2

1980 ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF SENATOR DANIEL K. INOUE

AGRICULTURE

Helped save the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service laboratory in Hilo from closing. The laboratory develops rodent control poisons to prevent losses to sugar and macadamia nut crops. Annual budget is \$174,000. (Pending)

Helped the University of Hawaii obtain a \$39,000 contract with the U.S. Department of Agriculture to study the possible use of Island-grown fruits and vegetables in combating nutritional problems in the Pacific Islands.

AQUACULTURE

Author of the National Aquaculture Policy Act, signed into law on Sept. 26, which directs the Federal government to promote the development of aquaculture. Authorizes \$70 million for financial assistance programs over the next three years.

Helped the Systemculture Seafood Plantation, in Kahuku on Oahu, obtain a \$6 million loan from the Farmers Home Administration to expand its oyster-growing operations. The number of employees was increased by 38, to a total of 48, at the farm owned by Taylor (Tap) Pryor.

ASIAN AMERICANS

Authored legislation signed into law on July 31 which establishes a commission to study the World War II internment of Japanese Americans and Alaskan Aleuts.

Sponsored the pending appropriation request of \$1.5 million for the operations of the internment commission.

Hosted the Asian/Pacific American National Leadership Conference dinner on May 22, at which President Carter expressed support for increased opportunities for Asian Americans.

BUSINESS

Sponsored the Federal Procurement Conference in Honolulu on June 27, to provide information to Hawaii businesses on how to sell goods and services to the Federal government.

1980 ACCOMPLISHMENTS

COLA

Supported the continued payments of cost-of-living allowances to federal white-collar workers in Hawaii. This was increased for Oahu workers in 1980 to 15 percent (from 12.5 percent).

CRIME

Helped the Neighborhood Justice Center of Honolulu, located in Makiki, obtain a grant of \$80,683 to expand its public mediation services throughout Oahu. The project, supported by the LEAA, is intended to settle disputes without legal action and before they escalate to possible violence.

Proposed Federal support for the Operation Green Harvest marijuana eradication program of Hawaii law enforcement agencies, through the LEAA.

EDUCATION

Supported continuation of the Federal Impact Aid program, through which Hawaii's Department of Education is receiving \$15.5 million this year. The program is intended to ease the burden on public schools of Federal personnel who do not pay local property taxes.

Requested an East-West Center budget of \$15,752,000, restoring a House cut of \$352,000. (Pending)

ENERGY

Authored an amendment to the Synthetic Fuels bill signed into law June 30, to provide \$1.2 billion for federal assistance to ethanol-producing plants, with priority to those powered by geothermal, biomass or solar energy.

Assisted the Hilo Coast Processing Co. obtain a grant of \$900,000 from the Department of Energy for an economic and technical study of a planned \$40 million plant to produce 27.5 million gallons of ethanol per year from molasses.

Helped the Pacific Resources, Inc., obtain a \$331,400 grant for a feasibility study of a proposed \$8.6 million ethanol plant on Oahu. which would produce 5 million gallons per year from molasses.

Requested legislation recommending possible transfer of Hawaii energy companies from Western region to Alaska region for federal royalty oil. Would make Hawaii eligible for more plentiful, cheaper Alaska oil. (Pending)

1980 ACCOMPLISHMENTS -- 2A

Helped provide \$3.75 million for community solar demonstration projects through a floor amendment to the Energy Appropriations bill. Among the projects which will be considered for funding under this program is a Molokai solar energy proposal.

Commended by the WASHINGTON POST for his vote to support an oil import fee as a step towards energy independence for America. Was one of only 10 senators to support the President's proposed fee.

1980 ACCOMPLISHMENTS - 3

Authored Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion bill, signed into law August 3, which establishes regulatory procedures for OTEC plantships under NOAA. Also extends to such facilities federal financing aid, including loan guarantees, that is available to shipbuilders. It establishes a \$2 billion fund for OTEC in the existing Federal Ship Financing Fund. Chaired OTEC hearings in Honolulu in April, and Washington in May.

FALLS OF CLYDE

Requested \$100,000 in federal aid to the historic sailing ship, which is owned by the Bishop Museum. The funds are needed to subsidize the operating losses of the ship, on display in Honolulu Harbor. (Pending)

FISHING

Helped obtain grant of \$195,600 for the University of Hawaii to develop South Pacific fishing industry in cooperation with the University of the South Pacific. UH will train fishing instructors and establish a baitfish facility for skipjack tuna fishing.

Assisted in other grants:

\$109,000 to the UH to study ciguatera, a fish toxin dangerous to humans. -

\$41,000 to the Hawaiian Divers, Ltd. in Kailua-Kona, for a one-year project to study feasibility of harvesting and marketing deep-water shrimp, and establish a cooperative for cold storage.

GOVERNMENT SPENDING

Introduced legislation to limit amount that may be spent by government agencies in the last quarter of the fiscal year, to eliminate "spending binges" in which they attempt to spend their appropriated budgets. Proposal would limit final quarter spending to a proportionate amount of preceding quarters. (Pending)

Introduced contract disclosure bill, which would require federal agencies to state preparers of any study or plan issued by the agency. Also, would mandate disclosures of type of bidding used for consultant contracts, amount of contracts, and names of principle experts or consultants who work on reports. (R. ...)

HAWAIIANS

Authored legislation increasing support for Hawaiian education, which led to establishment of Native Hawaiian Education Study Commission. The seven-member panel, chaired by Secretary of Education, will have two years to study special educational needs of native Hawaiians and recommend possible new Federal programs. Authorizes \$500,000 for commission expenses.

Helped make native Hawaiians eligible for economic assistance programs totaling \$1.5 million. One project funded was the Hikiola Cooperative, in Hoolehua, Molokai, which received \$100,000 (renewable for three years) to assist the marketing of vegetables. Other projects to be funded was a native Hawaiian community development project, and a technical assistance project to promote economic and social self-sufficiency among Hawaiians.

Authored legislation establishing an associate director for minority concerns in the National Institute of Mental Health, who would be responsible for coordinating research and Federal assistance to minorities -- including native Hawaiians -- in the mental health field. (Pending)

HEALTH

Chief supporter of Tripler Army Medical Center renovation project totaling \$140 million, to modernize and expand the facility serving the Pacific and Indian Ocean military forces. The first phase, costing \$84.5 million, is included in the Military Construction Appropriations. Phase one will construct a 450,000-square-foot addition adjacent to the TAMC main building.

Urged construction of a Veterans Administration facility for Hawaii, which the VA will be requesting in its FY 1982 budget. The 90-bed health center will include a psychiatric clinic and would be built on TAMC grounds.

Helped the UH School of Social Work obtain a \$372,885 grant to train graduate students to assist the mentally ill. The five-year project is expected to train 70-80 in this field.

1980 ACCOMPLISHMENTS -- 4a

Assisted the State of Hawaii in obtaining a grant of \$850,000 for a long-term care demonstration project to aid the elderly and chronically disabled. State will work with Queen's and Kuakini medical centers to identify clients and provide services. The new program will be helping about 600 persons in Honolulu with homemaking, meal delivery, feeding and dressing.

Introduced legislation establishing Federal standards for a network of health care malpractice screening boards. Such boards exist in 25 states, including Hawaii. It attempts to control rising costs of malpractice disputes and claims by limiting size of attorney fees in these cases and introducing Federal standards for health care facility risk management programs. (Pending)

1980 ACCOMPLISHMENTS -- 5

Helped the UH Medical School obtain a \$319,523 grant to train Pacific Island students in health professional careers.

Authored legislation directing the Defense Department to begin the direct reimbursement of certified nurse services, in an experimental program administered by the Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services (CHAMPUS).

Supported studies by the National Institute of Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism of Hawaii's unique population. The NIAA will study Hawaii's prisoner population to determine the effect of alcoholism and drug abuse problems on convicts, and attempt to explore possible remedies.

It will study Hawaii's Japanese American community to compare it with Japan, which has suffered major problems with alcoholism.

Will begin a project dealing with alcoholism problems of Pacific Islanders, particularly Samoans, in their adjustment to life in Hawaii. This group has had unusually high numbers of alcohol-related problems.

Authored legislation directing the General Accounting Office to monitor the military community's attempts to reduce child abuse and spouse abuse cases in Hawaii. The review was requested after disclosures of unusually high proportion of family problem cases in the military population in Hawaii.

Sponsored discussions in Hawaii between public administrators and military commanders of this problem.

Received award from the Emergency Department Nurses Association for legislative contributions to the nursing profession, on Sept. 25.

IMMIGRANT AID

Helped the State of Hawaii obtain a \$600,000 grant from ACTION for a six-month demonstration project to aid the resettlement of Indochinese refugees in Hawaii. The project is to encourage volunteer efforts and coordinate programs of the volunteer groups and government.

Directed the Federal government to prepare the first comprehensive report on the health problems of immigrants and refugees in the United States. The report, submitted in April, showed that health problems included tuberculosis, skin infections, leprosy, iron-deficient anemia, and emotional problems of readjustment. (Hawaii has 68,144 recent immigrant residents, the highest per capita population of any state and four times the national average.)

JOB

Chaired Senate Commerce Committee hearings on the role of U.S. service industries in world trade, the first hearings ever held by Congress on this matter. Service industries--including tourism, banking, shipping, and transportation--account for 70 percent of all U.S. jobs and 60 percent of the gross national product. They face increasingly difficult competition from foreign industries, while the U.S. lacks any coordinated national policy. Proposed legislation directing that all policies be coordinated by the Commerce Department, in the service field.

Authored legislation to provide financial incentives to employers hiring displaced homemakers. The Senate Finance Committee held a hearing on this bill in March. It would add displaced homemakers to list of disadvantaged groups for whom employers would receive tax credits for hiring. (Pending)

Led Congressional efforts to maintain overseas offices of the United States Travel Service in six countries. The USTS promotes travel in the U.S., but has been proposed for elimination by the Administration. Annual budget is \$8 million. (Pending)

Principal Senate supporter of Tourism Policy Act, which would combine all travel-related functions of the federal government in a quasi-governmental corporation. The agency would be responsible for promoting foreign travel to the U.S. (Pending)

KAHOOLAWE

Helped appropriate \$600,000 for the Navy to begin a pilot demonstration for the clearing of Kahoolawe of unexploded ordnance, in the Military Construction Appropriations bill.

KALAUPAPA

Authored legislation establishing the Kalaupapa National Historic Preserve, which implements the recommendations of a citizens advisory commission. The legislation would ensure protection for the privacy of leprosy patients while Kalaupapa operates as a national park. Authorizes \$8.8 million. (Pending)

MARINE RESEARCH

Helped the UH Sea Grant program obtain a \$1.8 million grant from NOAA for the development of Hawaiian marine resources, research of marine life and fisheries, and deep-ocean mining.

Helped the UH obtain \$500,000 as one of three national marine studies sites. The funds for underwater research will operate the Makai Research pier, submersible vessel and support vessels, to study marine fisheries, water pollution and seafloor processes.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

Supported Congressional approval of \$130.7 million for Hawaii military construction projects, the second highest total for any state. Among the major sites receiving construction funds will be Pearl Harbor Naval Shipyard, Schofield Barracks and Barbers Point Naval Air Station.

PACIFIC ISLANDS

Led Congressional efforts to retain the National Weather Service Pacific Region headquarters, located in Honolulu, which had been proposed for consolidation with the Alaska weather region. Closing would have meant loss of 11 Honolulu positions and transfer of 8 others, with reduction of services to Pacific Islands, which are included in Pacific region. (Pending)

Sponsored legislation included in the Higher Education Amendments bill, to provide federal land grant status to American Samoa and Micronesia community colleges. This makes them eligible for special federal endowments in lieu of land grant programs. (Pending)

PARKS

Helped obtain appropriation of \$675,000 for the Haleakala National Park, for the construction of restroom and sewage facilities. This had earlier been deleted by the House. (Pending)

Supported Kipahulu, Maui, residents in their request for a moratorium on the condemnation of land to expand Halekala National Park.

Assisted in obtaining \$2 million for the State to purchase Rainbow Bay park in Pearl Harbor, for public recreational boating and fishing.

Helped City and County of Honolulu obtain \$600,000 for Hanauma Bay Park landscaping and development of new picnic and camping grounds.

SHIPPING

Received Admiral of the Ocean Sea Award from the United Seaman's Service, regarded as the most prestigious award in the maritime field, for contributions to the U.S. merchant marine.

Received Vincent T. Hirsch Maritime Award from the Navy League.

Chief supporter of the Barbers Point Deep-Water Harbor, as a future harbor to meet Oahu's shipping needs. Pushed for \$700,000 appropriation for coordinated planning to preserve the endangered plant species discovered in the proposed harbor area.

Supported following appropriations:

\$758,000 for Hilo breakwater repairs and other maintenance work in Hilo Harbor.

\$352,000 for the Hilo Area Comprehensive Study, to evaluate navigational problems at Hilo Harbor.

\$265,000 for a comprehensive study of water problems throughout Hawaii, including harbors, beach erosion, flood control, and drinking water.

\$107,000 for design of major renovations at Kahului Harbor, Maui.

\$50,000 for advanced engineering of planned improvements at Kawaihae Small Boat Harbor, Hawaii.

The SS OCEANIC INDEPENDENCE began inter-island passenger cruises in Hawaii, under legislation authored by Senator Inouye which granted federal authorization for operations. Legislation was required for U.S. service because it was owned by a foreign firm after being built with Federal funds.

Led Senate passage of a major maritime bill which provides Federal assistance to the merchant fleet, through anti-trust immunity for ship conferences which set carrier rates, permits formation of shippers' councils, establish time limits on Federal Maritime Commission decisions on rates, and increases independence of the FMC from the executive branch. (Pending in Conference)

TAXES

Authored a bill and testified in its support before the Senate Finance Committee, which would provide increased tax credits for elderly citizens. Proposal would readjust existing elderly tax credits for those with little social security income, to a level more comparable to those receiving SS benefits or other tax-exempt retirement income. (Pending)

Received 100 percent rating for voting record on senior citizen issues, by the National Council of Senior Citizens.

TESTIFIED

In support of Mary Bitterman, as director of the Voice of America, before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee. Bitterman, former director of Hawaii Public Television, was confirmed by the Senate on February 28.

On behalf of Mrs. Shimeji Kanazawa, who was appointed to the Federal Council on Aging. She was former chairman of the Hawaii Commission on Aging.

In support of U.S. Attorney Walter Heen before the Senate Judiciary Committee, on his nomination to U.S. District Court Judgeship. (Pending)

TRADE

Authored legislation resulting in a report of the Commerce Department on the level of foreign direct investment in Hawaii, issued in March. This was the first in a series of state profiles by the Department.

Led effort to continue staffing of the Office of Foreign Investment in the Commerce Department, which is responsible for monitoring and assessing foreign investments in the United States. The 10-member staff, costing \$370,000 per year, was considered for elimination by the Administration. (Pending)

WORLD AFFAIRS

Supported adoption of the SALT II Treaty with the Soviet Union.

Received Legislator of the Month Award for April from the Population Action Council for his strong advocacy of meaningful humanitarian aid to improve the quality of life in the Third World and his recognition of the need to control global population growth.

96th - 99th

SAVE

96th - 99th

LEGISLATIVE REPORT, 1980-85

The past five years have been good for Hawaii. The Islands have fared relatively well in areas affected by federal policies and funding, such as sugar, military spending, travel and transportation, and social and educational services. The first half of the Decade of the Eighties establishes a record of success for Hawaii that promises a healthy future for the Islands.

There are challenges ahead. Over the past five years, the President's program has created tremendous debts. The newly enacted Gramm-Rudman law, which I opposed, mandates federal budget-cutting in a manner that threatens many worthy programs. In attempting to reduce the huge budget deficit, I believe we must not lose sight of our nation's commitment to principles of fairness, equal opportunity, and human needs.

In the months ahead I intend to continue my efforts on behalf of Hawaii and towards national policies that afford opportunity for all and invest wisely in our future.

The following describes my legislative record for the years from 1981 to 1985.

AIDING AGRICULTURE

Sugar. Without protection from subsidized foreign imports, Hawaii's largest agricultural industry would be driven out of business. In 1981 we succeeded in enacting legislation that added sugar to the list of farm crops protected with a minimum domestic price support level.

The Farm Act was renewed in 1985, with sugar included at a protected price of 18 cents per pound for the next five years. In 1981, 1982 and 1985, I and other sugar supporters successfully defeated amendments by Congressional opponents of the domestic sugar industry.

In addition, I helped gain appropriations amounting to \$2.8 million for research by the University of Hawaii and sugar growers into methods of improving sugarcane stock and yields, and to study possible alternative uses for land formerly planted in sugarcane.

Fruitfly eradication. Hawaii's unfortunate infestation by four varieties of fruitfly pests has been a major obstacle to the increased export of Hawaii-grown fruits and other

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produce to the Mainland and abroad. A Waimanalo facility for the production of sterile fruitflies to combat this infestation is being constructed under a \$5.7 million appropriation.

Aerial spraying of malathion against Hawaii fruitflies, a plan of the U.S. Department of Agriculture with potential environmental drawbacks, was successfully opposed. We appropriated \$1.1 million for scientific research into other solutions to Hawaii's fruitfly problem.

Alternatives to the chemical EDB for fumigating export-bound Hawaii produce are to be researched and developed appropriations totalling \$600,000 in the 1986 fiscal year.

Milk problem. Hawaii dairy farmers and milk processors were reimbursed for financial losses incurred in 1982, when heptachlor-tainted pineapple tops were used as feed. By Congressional action a total of \$8.8 million was reimbursed under the Dairy Indemnity Program.

Helped maintain federal funds for the Pesticide Hazard Assessment Project at the University of Hawaii, which researches and tests for the presence of contaminants in food. This program was to be phased out by the Reagan Administration to save money.

Watershed development. The long-delayed \$5 million Honolulu Watershed project on Maui and \$6.1 million Waimanalo Watershed on Oahu will proceed with federal funds. These funds were withheld by the Reagan Administration for cost-saving reasons, but I helped enact legislation in 1984 to force the release of the appropriated funds.

Federal offices. The Farmers Home Administration was prevented from moving its Hawaii State office from Hilo to Honolulu under an amendment I authored in 1983, and which has been reaffirmed annually.

The U.S. Agricultural Cooperative Service was directed in 1982 to open a Hawaii field office. This legislation earmarked \$139,000 per year for operations.

International research. The University of Hawaii is a world leader in tropical agricultural research. Federal support, through research grants and other assistance, was raised from \$2.8 million in 1982 to \$4 million in 1986.

EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT

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More Impact Aid. The federal Impact Aid law was amended in 1984 to qualify Central Oahu as a separate school district for purposes of Impact Aid funding. After a three-year phase which ends in 1987, the current level of impact aid received by Hawaii will be doubled. Hawaii is the only state to qualify for this special funding, because of our unique statewide school district and high numbers of federal dependents.

The East-West Center. A quiet success story of U.S. foreign policy is the East-West Center, which helps train leaders of Asian and Pacific nations and provides a forum for Asian-Pacific problem-solving. The Center is subsidized by foreign contributions and the U.S. government, which raised its annual funding from \$15.7 million in 1982 to \$19.3 million in 1986. Special funds of \$1.4 million to remove asbestos from several East-West Center dormitories were appropriated in 1985.

Maui County. Students on Molokai and Lanai will benefit from two-way television courses offered by Maui Community College. A federal grant of \$356,545 to the College was obtained with my assistance for the construction of a microwave transmitter in Kahului and receivers on Molokai and Lanai.

Maui Community College in 1981 received other federal communications grants for a 10-meter satellite receiving dish and related computer equipment. This enables the college to broadcast instructional television programs on the island of Maui.

Kauai grant. The Kauai Community College received grants amounting to \$870,500 to help develop courses in Hawaiian and Pacific Islands studies. The federal funds came from a special program to assist native American studies in higher education.

IMPROVING HEALTH

Pacific Islands. The U.S. has been trustee of the Pacific Islands since World War II, but our neglect of this region has allowed serious health problems to develop. An appropriation of \$2.5 million this year will establish a training program at the University of Hawaii's John A. Burns School of Medicine for the training of 75 medical officers for Micronesia and American Samoa, which face severe shortages of health personnel. This amount will pay for the first three years of the nine-year, \$10 million program.

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A research and training center to assist Pacific Islanders has been opened at Hawaii's Rehabilitation Hospital of the Pacific under a 1983 appropriation of \$750,000. I am working to maintain this level of federal support.

The possibility of opening an international center in Hawaii for Pacific Basin region health problems is currently under federal study. It would be financed by a \$1.5 million allotment for disease prevention centers which I have included in the 1986 budget.

Child services. Accidents comprise one of the leading causes of death for children. In 1985 I led the appropriation of \$2 million for special training of emergency room staff in child accidents and disease. Four demonstration centers will be opened under this program, with priority given to one in Hawaii.

Health education. Reversing planned 1985 budget cuts, I helped restore funds of \$2.4 billion for 1985-88 for the National Institutes of Health and other federal programs that provide health training, research and services, and study grants.

Minority graduate students studying psychology became eligible for financial aid under the Indian Health Manpower Program and also the U.S. Public Health Service's Disadvantaged Assistance Program, as a result measures I sponsored.

Hansen's Disease. The incidence of Hansen's Disease among foreign immigrants makes it important for Hawaii to maintain a leprosy program. In 1985 the Hansen's Disease program in Hawaii became entirely funded by the federal government at a cost of \$3.3 million. Also, I sponsored legislation enacted in 1985 that expands this program to cover outpatient, as well as inpatient, services for leprosy patients.

Prepaid health. The Hawaii Prepaid Health Care Act was protected from elimination by the federal government in 1982, under legislation exempting Hawaii from the mandatory provisions of the Employment Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA).

STRONGER MILITARY

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Defense spending. Hawaii ranks among the top states in its share of military spending, which in 1985 amounted to more than \$2.2 billion, or \$2,300 per each Hawaii resident.

Tripler renovation. When its renovation is completed in 1990, Tripler Army Medical Center will be the second largest Army hospital in the nation. Tripler serves as a military medical center for the Pacific and Indian Oceans. At a cost of \$106 million to erect three new hospital wings plus \$115 million to renovate its main building, this is one of the largest construction projects in Hawaii.

Military veterans will benefit from new Veterans Administration programs and services planned for the newly renovated Tripler Center.

Military families. The constant stress and demands on military families led to my proposal in 1980 to launch family counseling and child abuse programs for military families. Adopted by the military and funded by Congress, these programs now receive \$12 million annually and serve all services, including the Coast Guard.

Alternative health care. Legislation I authored has been enacted to give CHAMPUS beneficiaries direct access to the services of certified nurse midwives, nurse practitioners and clinical specialists, and clinical social workers. Similar legislation for federal government employees is awaiting the President's signature.

Veterans. A federal charter for the Pearl Harbor Survivors Association was approved in 1985, under legislation I authored.

Pacific bases. I led the appropriation of funds in 1983 for the U.S. Navy to obtain a 50-year lease for areas in the Northern Marianas (Saipan and Tinian) as possible sites of new military bases, in case our existing bases in the Philippines are jeopardized.

NATIVE HAWAIIAN AID

Of all Hawaii's ethnic groups, native Hawaiians suffer the lowest life expectancy, highest infant mortality, and the most deaths from heart disease, cancer and diabetes. They also have the lowest incomes and the least access to health care. To attempt to correct these problems, I have sponsored several initiatives in recent years.

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Education needs. The first comprehensive review of the educational needs of native Hawaiians was completed in 1984 as a joint project of the U.S. Department of Education and the Kamehameha Schools/Bishop Estate. This 18-month study resulted from legislation I initiated. Recommendations of this study are under consideration for Congressional funding.

Reading assistance. A total of \$590,000 for native Hawaiian grants was released in 1985 under a new provision, which I authored, of the Library Services and Construction Act. Among the projects funded are outreach services, including a Library-Museum Resource Van, increased reading materials for native Hawaiians, and tutoring for native Hawaiian adults.

Vocational education. Native Hawaiians became eligible for special funds earmarked for native Americans in the national Vocational Education Act enacted in 1984, under a provision I authored. This provides more than \$1 million annually to native Hawaiian organizations designated by the Governor of Hawaii.

Native Hawaiians now qualify for special native American training and employment services assistance from the U.S. Labor Department.

Higher education. The Secretary of Education was directed to study and report in 1986 on methods to increase the enrollment of native Hawaiians students in institutions of higher education.

Native Hawaiians and Pacific Islanders were made eligible for a \$5 million federal program to assist the development of community college programs for native Americans.

Study commission. Legislation establishing a Native Hawaiian Study Commission to study the culture, needs and concerns of native Hawaiians was enacted in December 1980. My efforts continued in 1981 after President Reagan attempted to dissolve this Commission.

Together with the rest of Hawaii's delegation, I have drafted a legislative package to implement the findings of the Commission report, with special emphasis on the proposals of the Commission members representing the Hawaiian community.

Hawaiian homelands. The U.S. Department of Interior has been directed, under 1985 legislation I sponsored, to designate an official with responsibility for identifying

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federal programs needed to meet pending obligations under the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act. The Department is required to prepare a report to Congress on this matter.

Maternal centers. Native Hawaiian family centers to dispense information and assistance for expectant mothers and infants are being planned for each Island by the Department of Health and Human Services and the Kamehameha Schools/Bishop Estate. The federal government will contribute \$500,000 for the annual operation of these centers, with matching funds from the Kamehameha Schools/Bishop Estate.

Health assistance. Native Hawaiians became a target population for special programs under the Developmental Disabilities Act of 1984. At my recommendation, the National Cancer Institute and the National Institute of Alcohol and Alcohol Abuse now assign "high priority" to the problems of native Hawaiians.

An assessment of the health care needs of native Hawaiians is being conducted by the Department of Health and Human Services, under legislation I sponsored. A report on the health care needs of the entire Pacific Basin is also underway.

SCIENTIFIC ADVANCES

Aquaculture. Several Hawaii aquaculture projects receive grants from the national aquaculture program, which was funded with \$8 million from 1981-85. National aquaculture policy is now consolidated at the U.S. Department of Agriculture instead of fragmented throughout several agencies.

Among the Hawaii projects funded were: \$1.5 million for shrimp research at the Oceanic Institute; and \$150,000 to assist the planning of a regional center for aquaculture research. The center in Hawaii--one of four in the nation--would focus on tropical marine research.

Ocean research. The Hawaii Undersea Research Lab received federal funds for the operation of a submersible craft, which conducts undersea research for the fishing industry, surveys for engineering projects, and exploration of ocean crust mining sites. The Makapuu center was established in 1980 by the University of Hawaii and the federal government.

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Hawaiian seals. The endangered Hawaiian monk seals are being saved through the recovery and study efforts of a marine wildlife team with federal funds I have helped appropriate annually since 1980. There are now fewer than 1,500 monk seals surviving off the Hawaiian Islands.

Astronomy. High-altitude housing for scientists using the Mauna Kea telescopes was constructed under a \$1.7 million amendment I authored in 1982.

Weather forecasting. I have helped defeat several efforts since 1981 by the Reagan Administration to reduce weather forecasting and monitoring services by closing National Weather Service offices in Honolulu and Hilo.

Another priority of mine is urging the federal government to speed up the purchase and deployment of a new weather satellite for the Pacific. Satellites that previously served Hawaii are in need of replacement.

El Nino research. In 1982 storms, floods and typhoons caused by the El Nino weather phenomenon created tragedy throughout the Pacific and Indian Oceans. El Nino will be studied by a 10-year international project in which the University of Hawaii will play a major role. Funds that I helped appropriate amount to \$3.2 million in 1984, \$2.2 million in 1985, and \$3.2 million in the current 1986 fiscal year.

Airline travel. Unknown to most air travelers, the environment in airline cabins is suspected of aggravating respiratory illness and transmitting bacterial infection. A measure I authored was passed in 1984 to appropriate \$500,000 for an 18-month scientific study of cabin air quality, which is currently underway by the National Academy of Science.

Communications. Competition among communications firms in the Hawaii-Mainland market was made possible under legislation I authored, which was enacted in December 1980. This measure ended Hawaii's designation as an international telecommunications area, served by a single carrier. This change opened the Hawaii market to all domestic firms, with resulting lower rates and increased telex and data services.

ASSISTING TOURISM

Federal promotion. Despite continual Administration efforts since 1981 to abolish the only federal agency that promotes

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travel to the U.S., I have succeeded in maintaining funds for the U.S. Travel and Tourism Administration. It is estimated that every dollar spent for U.S. travel promotion reaps \$18 in spending by foreign visitors to our nation.

The Agency has also been directed to open new travel offices in Japan, Australia, Italy and the Netherlands. In addition, federal funds provide foreign language assistance and information for arriving passengers at the Honolulu International Airport and several other major arrival ports.

Baggage inspections. Passenger congestion at Honolulu International Airport would have worsened if the U.S. Department of Agriculture was allowed to stop agricultural inspections at Neighbor Island airports for Mainland-bound travelers. My intervention halted federal plans to phase out inspectors on the Neighbor Islands, which would added 600,000 baggage inspections annually at the Honolulu airport.

Cruise ships. The vessels SS INDEPENDENCE (in 1980) and SS CONSTITUTION (1982) were allowed enter the Hawaiian interisland cruise business under legislation I authored. This measure restored U.S.-flag status to the ships, which each employs crew of 325, contributes to the Hawaii economy, and would be available for military use in case of national emergency.

Airport expansion. A surplus parcel of four acres at Hickam, valued at \$1.5 million, was given to the State of Hawaii at no cost for future expansion of the Honolulu International Airport. In 1983 legislation I sponsored successfully blocked the proposed federal sale of this property.

DRUG ENFORCEMENT

Green Harvest. Federal and Hawaii law enforcement officials say a helicopter is needed for more effective Green Harvest anti-marijuana campaigns. In 1985 I was successful in obtaining \$1.5 million for a Drug Enforcement Agency helicopter for marijuana eradication in Hawaii. Delivery of the helicopter is expected this year.

Federal support. A Hawaii task force was established in 1984 by the National Narcotics Border Interdiction System to coordinate federal drug enforcement and marijuana eradication efforts in the Islands.

The Drug Enforcement Agency was directed by Senate legislation to assign full-time personnel to the Island of Hawaii, which is among the nation's largest sources of marijuana cultivation.

WORLD AFFAIRS

African famine. Emergency famine relief to stricken African areas were increased through my efforts as ranking Democrat on the Foreign Operations Subcommittee. Congress appropriated \$800 million in 1985 for emergency food and other assistance to Africa.

El Salvador. An amendment I authored was adopted in 1984, to lessen U.S. military assistance to El Salvador. The President requested \$93 million for U.S. aid to the Salvadoran military, but this amount was reduced through my Senate amendment to \$61.7 million.

Nicaragua. I have led efforts in the Senate to prohibit the U.S. from engaging in the overthrow of the Nicaragua government. In 1984 I authored amendments to prohibit the use of intelligence funds to support military or paramilitary operations in Nicaragua. Although my amendments did not pass, they demonstrated significant Senate opposition to these plans, which succeeded in restricting U.S. involvement in Nicaragua.

VI

REPORT LANGUAGE CONTAINED IN SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS BILL FOR FY 1983
PUBLIC LAW 98-63

NATIVE HAWAIIANS -- Native Hawaiians have highest incidence of cancer in nation. Committee concerned and urges National Cancer Institute to give greater attention to this Native Hawaiian population. Committee also directs NCI to review its efforts to address unique needs of all native American peoples in Pacific Basin region, in light of Native Hawaiian data.

HEALTH PLANNING -- Amendment needed to assure Hawaii and Rhode Island and Trust Territories of Pacific get their local health planning funds in Fiscal Year 1983

HEALTH PLANNING -- ~~Amendment which clarified that health planning funds appropriated in Fiscal Year 1983 Continuing Resolution can be used for grants to States made eligible by section 935(b) of Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 (Section 1536 States)~~

CLINICAL TRAINING -- Amendment appropriated \$1,388,000 for "Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health". Senate includes \$375,000 for this account. Conferees agreed that \$188,000 of this amount should go for National Institute of Drug Abuse and \$1,200,000 for National Institute of Mental Health.

PACIFIC BASIN -- Recommended \$1,500,000 for two research and training centers under National Institute for Handicapped Research. \$750,000 was included to establish research and training center to address pressing and truly unique rehabilitation needs of residents of Pacific Basin.

EMERGENCY JOBS APPROPRIATIONS -- PUBLIC LAW 98-8

OFFICE OF HUMAN DEVELOPMENT -- Committee directs that no action be taken to transfer administrative functions of Administration for native Americans from Department of Health and Human Services to Bureau of Indian Affairs

NATIVE AMERICAN PACIFIC ISLANDER HEALTH

MANPOWER TRAINING ----- Committee directs Health Resources and Services Administration to provide a reasonable level of support for endeavor to give appropriate priority under disadvantaged assistance (health careers opportunity) program to insure that minorities from Pacific Basin will be able to pursue careers in health professions.

TRANSPORTATION APPROPRIATIONS BILL FOR FY 1984 -- PUBLIC LAW 98-78

COAST GUARD

CHILD ADVOCACY/FAMILY ADVOCACY PROGRAM -- Included \$500,000 to support 15 personnel to help reduce incidence of child and spouse abuse among its personnel (Coast Guard).

DOD APPROPRIATIONS BILL, FISCAL YEAR 1984 (Report language included by
DKI)

ANIMAL EXPERIMENTATION/TRAINING -- Prohibits use of dogs and cats in wound labs and requires that treatment of laboratory animals for training DOD students and other personnel shall adhere to standards of Federal animal welfare law and those prevailing in civilian medical community. Allows use of other animals.
PUBLIC LAW 98-212

BIOFEEDBACK SERVICES -- Directs Department of Defense to report to the Congress by April 1, 1984, on the date that CHAMPUS will establish benefits for limited biofeedback services. This has been under consideration since Fiscal Year 1978 appropriations bill deliberations
PUBLIC LAW 98-212

CHILD ABUSE/FAMILY ADVOCACY PROGRAM -- Included \$7.5 million an increase of \$5 million from Fiscal Year 1983. There are approximately 1,000 cases of military family violence reported each month.
PUBLIC LAW 98-212 (Approx. 1/3 of all fed. child abuse funds)

COORDINATED BENEFITS WITH THIRD-PARTY PAYERS -- Directed Department of Defense to identify necessary steps to implement changes to insure full recoupment from various third-party payers for care provided to nonactive duty personnel in all military health care facilities (CHAMPUS). PUBLIC LAW 98-212

\$10.00 CO-PAYMENT REQUIREMENT -- Directed Department of Defense to re-examine issue and report to Committee by July 1, 1984 their findings. The Committee will reconsider user fees in FY 1985 if this study by DOD does not adequately address problem and provide feasible and cost-effective alternatives to current system.
PUBLIC LAW 98-212

COST-CONTAINMENT -- Directs Department of Defense to take additional measures to curtail necessary cost expenditures. Committee proposed several initiatives which it believes will make significant dent in health care costs and will improve quality of care for military personnel and their families. Cost of CHAMPUS increasing rapidly. Total DOD health-related costs are nearly \$8 billion.

DENTAL CARE -- Committee questions whether current dental benefits provided to children of active duty military are adequate, but hesitated recommending funding to increase this benefit without further study. Committee therefore directed DOD to examine dental benefits for children of active duty personnel and report to Committee by June 30, 1984. This report should address several points and include an approach similar to that available to other Government employees in which military member and Government would share cost of the dental care. PUBLIC LAW 98-212

FRAUD AND ABUSE -- Committee supports CHAMPUS' efforts to counter individual provider and beneficiary fraud. Committee directed CHAMPUS to provide a report on its efforts in this area by July 31, 1984, including any programmatic recommendations that would be appropriate. Cooperation between DOD & HHS essential to control fraud. Any difficulties are to be reported in this area. PUBLIC LAW 98-212

HMO -- Recommends bill language to continue HMO program since it has major cost savings potential, especially regarding hospital costs. CHAMPUS should have maximum flexibility in developing its HMO package within \$125 million limitation. Committee interested in closed enrollment approach, such that beneficiaries would receive most of their care at military installations. PUBLIC LAW 98-212

LIVER TRANSPLANTS -- Directs Department of Defense to provide detailed report on this matter by March 15, 1984. Should include discussion of possibility of department establishing one particular military facility that would specialize in organ transplants so that dependents who need these types of operation could be served in a cost-effective manner. PUBLIC LAW 98-212

NONLICENSED HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS -- Committee pleased at extent to which Department of Defense has taken steps to insure that only the highest quality care would be provided. Is concerned, however, that department insists that physicians per se are appointed commanders of military health care facilities rather than selecting most qualified administrator. Committee will ask GAO to examine this issue. Committee also concerned that health care providers be licensed or certified by appropriate State agency. Asks department to reconsider its position on requiring licensure/certification for its active duty health care providers and report to Committee by March 15, 1984. PUBLIC LAW 98-212

NONPHYSICIAN HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS -- Committee remains concerned that Department of Defense has been unresponsive to morale problems which exist within nonphysician health care provider ranks as reported by Defense Audit Service Report (conducted at DKI request). Requests Assistant Secretary for Defense for Health Affairs to establish task force with membership including representatives from nonphysician health care professional disciplines and report to Congress by June 15, 1984. PUBLIC LAW 98-21

NURSING SERVICES -- Nurse-Midwives -- Committee pleased with CHAMPUS' work to ensure that services of certified nurse-midwives will be readily available to beneficiaries. Committee concerned that CHAMPUS does not recognize birthing centers as authorized providers. Systematically utilizing certified nurse-midwives should result in a savings from 33 to 66 percent and there is no evidence that nurse-midwives provide lower quality care. Department directed to establish procedure which will allow nurse-midwife administered birthing centers to authorized providers. PUBLIC LAW 98-212

ONBASE FACILITIES -- Committee directs Department of Defense and CHAMPUS to increase efforts to restrict issuance of certificates of nonavailability and to more fully utilize the existing capacity at military installations. Committee urges Department of Defense to consider utilizing closed enrollment approach under which an identifiable number of beneficiaries would receive all their care from designated base facility. Should allow base commander, therefore, to budget more accurately for health care needs and result in less waiting time for beneficiaries. PUBLIC LAW 98-212

OPTOMETRY -- Committee concerned that CHAMPUS beneficiaries have access to as comprehensive a vision care benefit as possible, within authorization statute. Vision care should be considered true prevention, and providing CHAMPUS beneficiaries with adequate vision care would improve morale. PUBLIC LAW 98-212

PEER REVIEW -- Directs CHAMPUS to increase its efforts to insure that mental health peer review system will become truly cost effective and further that it proceed to establish a similar approach for surgical care. PUBLIC LAW 98-212

PODIATRISTS -- Direct reimbursement for podiatrists. Committee concerned that department has been willing to directly reimburse podiatrists, who are not physicians, while at same time apparently resisting notion of direct reimbursement to nurse practitioners, whose qualifications for providing medical care at least commensurate with podiatrists. PUBLIC LAW 98-212

PROVIDER FEE PROFILE -- Delay upgrading of individual provider fee profiles -- committee recommended bill language allowing Department of Defense to delay upgrading base period to determine CHAMPUS reimbursement from present once a year requirement. It is estimated to save department \$20 to \$25 million during the next fiscal year. PUBLIC LAW 98-212

PSYCHIATRY -- Inpatient Care -- Approximately 78 percent of CHAMPUS mental health care costs are for inpatient care. Committee supports 60 day limitation and waiver procedure for truly exceptional cases as approved by authorization. Directs CHAMPUS to continue working with peer review in issuing waivers. Directs CHAMPUS to establish partial hospitalization benefit to insure that those individuals who need greater supervision than provided by outpatient care, but who do not need inpatient care, will have necessary services available to them. PUBLIC LAW 98-212

FY 1984 MILITARY CONSTRUCTION APPROPRIATIONS BILL P.L. 98-116

Total for military construction was \$91.4 million, \$6 million more than the budget request.

FY 1984 COMMERCE, STATE, JUSTICE APPROPRIATIONS BILL P.L. 98-166

U.S. TRAVEL AND TOURISM ADMINISTRATION - \$255,000 for the gateway receptionist program, with \$50,000 earmarked for Honolulu International Airport.

NOAA - \$1.17 million to maintain 24 hour, full staffing of National Weather Service Forecasting offices, including Honolulu.

- \$2.2 million for an international study of the El Nino phenomenon in the Pacific.

- \$150,000 for Hawaiian monk seal research.

- Saltonstall-Kennedy. Language added to increase the share of funds directed to the Western Pacific region.

- Satellite Field Service Station - language to assure no reduction of staffing at the Honolulu station.

BUREAU OF CENSUS AND INTERNATIONAL TRADE ADMINISTRATION - \$2.45 million to provide for improved study of services in the U.S. economy and to improve data collection in the Department of services.

Language to direct ITA to promote export of U.S. services.

USIA - East-West Center. \$18,362,000 was appropriated for the Center, an increase of \$362,000 more than FY 1983.

FY 1984 SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS BILL P.L. 98-181.

Department of Energy - \$3 million for the design and construction of a solar thermal parabolic dish project on the Island of Molokai.

FY 1984 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE APPROPRIATIONS BILL P.L. 98-212

Competitive Rate Program - amendment to DOD bill which prohibits implementing CRP in Hawaii.

From: PAT

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DOD APPROPRIATIONS BILL, FISCAL YEAR 1984 (Report language included by
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PODIATRISTS -- Direct reimbursement for podiatrists. Committee concerned that department has been willing to directly reimburse podiatrists, who are not physicians, while at same time apparently resisting notion of direct reimbursement to nurse practitioners, whose qualifications for providing medical care at least commensurate with podiatrists. PUBLIC LAW 98-212

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PROVIDER FEE PROFILE -- Delay upgrading of individual provider fee profiles -- committee recommended bill language allowing Department of Defense to delay upgrading base period to determine CHAMPUS reimbursement from present once a year requirement. It is estimated to save department \$20 to \$25 million during the next fiscal year. PUBLIC LAW 98-212

PSYCHIATRY -- Inpatient Care -- Approximately 78 percent of CHAMPUS mental health care costs are for inpatient care. Committee supports 60 day limitation and waiver procedure for truly exceptional cases as approved by authorization. Directs CHAMPUS to continue working with peer review in issuing waivers. Directs CHAMPUS to establish partial hospitalization benefit to insure that those individuals who need greater supervision than provided by outpatient care, but who do not need inpatient care, will have necessary services available to them. PUBLIC LAW 98-212

REPORT LANGUAGE CONTAINED IN SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS BILL FOR FY 1983
PUBLIC LAW 98-63

NATIVE HAWAIIANS -- Native Hawaiians have highest incidence of cancer in nation. Committee concerned and urges National Cancer Institute to give greater attention to this Native Hawaiian population. Committee also directs NCI to review its efforts to address unique needs of all native American peoples in Pacific Basin region, in light of Native Hawaiian data.

HEALTH PLANNING -- Amendment needed to assure Hawaii and Rhode Island and Trust Territories of Pacific get their local health planning funds in Fiscal Year 1983

HEALTH PLANNING -- Amendment which clarified that health planning funds appropriated in Fiscal Year 1983 Continuing Resolution can be used for grants to States made eligible by section 935(b) of Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 (Section 1536 States)

CLINICAL TRAINING -- Amendment appropriated \$1,388,000 for "Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health". Senate includes \$375,000 for this account. Conferees agreed that \$188,000 of this amount should go for National Institute of Drug Abuse and \$1,200,000 for National Institute of Mental Health.

PACIFIC BASIN -- Recommended \$1,500,000 for two research and training centers under National Institute for Handicapped Research. \$750,000 was included to establish research and training center to address pressing and truly unique rehabilitation needs of residents of Pacific Basin.

EMERGENCY JOBS APPROPRIATIONS -- PUBLIC LAW 98-8

OFFICE OF HUMAN DEVELOPMENT -- Committee directs that no action be taken to transfer administrative functions of Administration for native Americans from Department of Health and Human Services to Bureau of Indian Affairs

NATIVE AMERICAN PACIFIC ISLANDER HEALTH

MANPOWER TRAINING ----- Committee directs Health Resources and Services Administration to provide a reasonable level of support for endeavor to give appropriate priority under disadvantaged assistance (health careers opportunity) program to insure that minorities from Pacific Basin will be able to pursue careers in health professions.

TRANSPORTATION APPROPRIATIONS BILL FOR FY 1984 -- PUBLIC LAW 98-78

COAST GUARD

CHILD ADVOCACY/FAMILY ADVOCACY PROGRAM -- Included \$500,000 to support 15 personnel to help reduce incidence of child and spouse abuse among its personnel (Coast Guard).

Authorization Amendments not listed in list of bills sponsored by Senator Inouye

1. Establishment of Research and Training Center for Pacific Basin. Incorporated as a provision of S. 1340, Rehabilitation Amendments of 1983. Passed Senate, in conference.
2. Non-physician direction of Medicaid clinics. Incorporated as a provision of S. 2062, Omnibus Reconciliation Act of 1983, reported by committee, floor debate ongoing.
3. Inclusion of psychologists in Prevention Centers of National Institutes of Health, incorporated as a provision of S. 771, Health Promotion and Disease Amendments of 1983. Passed Senate.
4. Pacific Basin focus of National Institute of Health Prevention Centers. Floor colloquy with Senator Kennedy. Passed Senate 9/21/83.
5. Female Veterans unique health problems. Establishment of a women's advisory committee for VA. Incorporated as a provision of S. 578, Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983, P.L. 98-160.
6. Senate Day Care Program - S.Res. 269, passed Senate on Nov. 14, 1983.
7. Provisions of S. 1285, Education for Economic Security Act, regarding training for women and minorities. Phyllis handling.
8. Sixty-day limit on in-patient psychiatric care, part of DOD Authorization for FY1984. P.L. 98-44. (Taken from FY 1983 Appropriations bill for DOD)
9. Impact Aid - provision included in Education Consolidation and Improvement Act Technical Amendments (S. 1008/H.R. 1035, P.L. 98-211).
10. Assisted in the drafting of a compromise version of S. 800, Ocean and Coastal Impact Assistance Fund to provide for block grants to coastal states. Hawaii's share under this bill is substantially larger than original bill and H.R. 5. Pending on Senate calendar.

FY 1984 MILITARY CONSTRUCTION APPROPRIATIONS BILL P.L. 98-116

Total for military construction was \$91.4 million, \$6 million more than the budget request.

FY 1984 COMMERCE, STATE, JUSTICE APPROPRIATIONS BILL P.L. 98-166

U.S. TRAVEL AND TOURISM ADMINISTRATION - \$255,000 for the gateway receptionist program, with \$50,000 earmarked for Honolulu International Airport.

NOAA - \$1.17 million to maintain 24 hour, full staffing of National Weather Service Forecasting offices, including Honolulu.

- \$2.2 million for an international study of the El Nino phenomenon in the Pacific.

- \$150,000 for Hawaiian monk seal research.

- Saltonstall-Kennedy. Language added to increase the share of funds directed to the Western Pacific region.

- Satellite Field Service Station - language to assure no reduction of staffing at the Honolulu station.

BUREAU OF CENSUS AND INTERNATIONAL TRADE ADMINISTRATION - \$2.45 million to provide for improved study of services in the U.S. economy and to improve data collection in the Department of services.

Language to direct ITA to promote export of U.S. services.

USIA - East-West Center. \$18,362,000 was appropriated for the Center, an increase of \$362,000 more than FY 1983.

FY 1984 SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS BILL P.L. 98-181.

Department of Energy - \$3 million for the design and construction of a solar thermal parabolic dish project on the Island of Molokai.

FY 1984 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE APPROPRIATIONS BILL P.L. 98-212

Competitive Rate Program - amendment to DOD bill which prohibits implementing CRP in Hawaii.

FISCAL YEAR 1984 APPROPRIATIONS BILL FOR DEPARTMENT OF LABOR, HHS, EDUCATIO
Public Law 98-139 (Report language included by DKI)

HANSEN'S DISEASE PROGRAM -- \$1.2 million . Hawaii's Hansen's Disease incidence and prevalence rates are highest in nation.

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS -- Committee directs Bureau of Labor Statistics to expand service sector data collection program and study definitional problems, gaps in coverage, and conceptual measurement issues. Projected cost of this effort \$1.5 million and 40 positions. \$750,000 added in conference.

LABOR -- Committee urges Department of Labor to seriously consider funding a separate national organization, or at a minimum to assure the Committee during its forthcoming hearings exactly how the unique needs of these citizens are being met under current contract arrangements. (Pacific Island/Asiam American elderly under Community Service Employment for Older Americans Program). This is only minority population which does not have its own national organization.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR HEALTH -- Pleased with Assistant Secretary's decision to establish special Pacific Basin Task Force to develop comprehensive approach to Department of Health and Human Services unique responsibilities to inhabitants of that region. Committee also pleased to learn Task Force working closely with other Departments, such as Defense and Interior, which have similar interests in Pacific Basin. Committee looks forward to Task Force report at appropriate time.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR HEALTH/NATIONAL CENTER FOR
HEALTH SERVICES RESEARCH ----- Committee remains interested in Department addressing complex questions surrounding appropriate and efficacious delivery and reimbursement of mental health care under Medicare/Medicaid. Committee directs Assistant Secretary of Health to give this matter high priority. Considerable cost implications involved and Committee has difficulty understanding how forthcoming DRGs for mental health can be effectively implemented without appropriate policy determinations being made upon most clinical and scientific evidence available.

HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES ADMINISTRATION/MANPOWER

SUPPLY AND DISTRIBUTING ANALYSIS ----- Committee
understands Department is continuing efforts to collect necessary data to develop criteria for designation of more generic "mental health manpower shortage areas", rather than continuing to rely upon current "psychiatric shortage areas". Issue has significant long-term implications for delivery of quality mental health care in our nation and the Committee is pleased with the Department's efforts to date.

HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES ADMINISTRATION/NURSING SPECIAL PROJECT--

Institute of Medicine report "Nursing and Nursing Education: Public Policy and Private Actions" contained number of recommendations for federal action to address acute shorgage of professional nursing services currently available for high risk populations such as elderly, minorities, children, and pregnant women. Committee interested in Department's efforts to ensure that ethnic minorities, including hispanics and Native American Pacific Islanders, and others from disadvantaged backgrounds have opportunity to pursue careers in nursing. Committee pleased to see inactive nurses are encouraged to return to nursing and of efforts to provide continuing education targeted to those serving "high risk" populations .

HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES ADMINISTRATION/AREA HEALTH EDUCATION CENTERS--

Committee last year raised issue of whether Area Health Education Centers program would be appropriate vehicle for addressing unique health care needs of Pacific Basin. Committee awaiting a report from Assistant Secretary's Pacific Basin Task Force. It would appear Pacific Basin-oriented AHEC initiative would be logical approach to meeting federal government's responsibilities to that region.

CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL -- NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH -- Last year Committee directed NIOSH to give greater priority to targeting training efforts towards nurses. NIOSH been quite responsive to this directive and involving professional nurses in its efforts. Committee further recommends NIOSH give priority to address difficulties inherent in working within our nation's hospitals and urges NIOSH to work with American Nurses Association, its State affiliates, and American Association of Occupational Health Nurses to address these problems.

HEALTH CARE FINANCING ADMINISTRATION (HCFA)-- Committee feels every effort must be made to various federal Departments work as collaboratively as possible to ensure health care programs of federal government are as unified and consistent as possible. Committee pleased with HCFA and Department of Defense CHAMPUS programs joint working to develop Health Insurance Claim Form (HCFA-1500/CHAMPUS-105) for physician and supplier services.

HEALTH CARE FINANCING ADMINISTRATION (OFFICE OF DEMONSTRATIONS) -- Committee pleased with extent to which HCFA taken lead and requested quality applications that would address pressing areas as prevention, cost-containment, use of geriatric nurse practitioners, and relationship between providing mental health care and resulting physical health care expenditures.

ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE, AND MENTAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION (ADAMHA) -- Committee impressed by good-faith effort of ADAMHA to appoint more professional nurses to various public advisory committees. Committee feels further progress can be made. Committee also feels nursing profession has great deal to offer especially with their preventive and psycho-social approach to quality health care.

ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE, AND MENTAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION (ADAMHA) and NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ALCOHOL ABUSE AND ALCOHOLISM (NIAAA) -- Committee deeply regrets learning both authorization and appropriations committees have directed NIAAA to give priority to addressing pressing needs of Native Hawaiians, but that apparently no funds will be released this year targeted to Native Hawaiian population. Accordingly, NIAAA is directed again to make this a priority area. Hawaiians constitute only 22.6 percent of those in need of treatment, but only 7 percent actually receive care.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF MENTAL HEALTH (NIMH)/CLINICAL TRAINING -- Directs NIMH to ensure funds are allocated within each of four traditional mental health disciplines; i.e. psychiatric nursing, psychiatry, psychology, and social work, in equitable manner. Committee directs NIMH continue to give significant priority to Minority Fellowship Program, State Manpower Development Program, and paraprofessional training programs. NIMH must focus on children, minorities, and elderly. Special attention should also be given to incarcerated citizens in our nation's jails. Committee is awaiting GAO report and report from Library of Congress regarding "Payback" provisions of Mental Health Systems Act. Committee is aware of disparity between different disciplines for example, psychology reports 80+percent rate, whereas psychiatry reports 7 percent rate. NIMH strongly urged to establish formal policy regarding "payback requirement" and explain to Committee

why different disciplines should not be held to the same standards.

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH (NIH)/NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF AGING (NIA)--
Committee remains impressed with importance of Teaching Nursing Home demonstration program. Especially interested in ensuring that our nation's schools of nursing continue to be viewed as active participants in this endeavor.

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH (NIH)/NATIONAL CANCER INSTITUTE (NCI)--
Committee understands NCI been in contact with Cancer Center of Hawaii to ensure that unique needs of Native Hawaiians and other Native American Pacific Islanders will be appropriately addressed. Native Hawaiians have highest incidence of cancer in our nation and, accordingly, Committee was pleased to learn of NCI's willingness to directly address priority area.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF CHILD AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT (NICHD) -- Injuries replaced infectious diseases as leading cause of death and disability among younger Americans. Committee urges NICHD to expand its support of interdisciplinary studies of behavioral and developmental factors involved in childhood injury and its prevention. Committee intends to pursue this issue during forthcoming hearings and requests NICHD to be prepared to discuss long-term strategy at that time.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF CHILD AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT (NICHD) -- Committee aware of recent interdisciplinary conference at Vanderbilt University highlighting unique psycho-social and medical needs of families who have chronically ill children. NICHD directed to give serious consideration to establishing program which would cut across each of National Institute of Health's to ensure pressing needs of these children and their families are adequately addressed. NICHD further is strongly urged to review recommendation of Vanderbilt University conference.

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH (NIH)/NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF NEUROLOGICAL AND COMMUNICATIVE DISORDERS AND STROKE -- Committee understands 10-15 percent of all Chamorro adult deaths on Guam can be attributed to rare diseases Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis or Parkinsonism Dementia. Important for NINCDS continue its support for its Neurological Disease and Stroke Center on Guam.

PAGE FIVE -- FY 1984 LABOR-HHS-EDUCATION APPROPRIATIONS BILL

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH /RESEARCH RESOURCES -- Committee concerned that Native American peoples, including Native Hawaiians, are actively encouraged to pursue biomedical research careers.

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH (NIH)/RESEARCH RESOURCES -- Committee remains concerned about Department's recommendation to increase threshold to quality for biomedical research grants from \$200,000 level of last year. Any significant increase in threshold would preclude all Schools of Nursing from receiving support and would have similar effect on Schools of Pharmacy and Dentistry. NIH directed to ensure that small educational institutions will remain eligible for support during this fiscal year. Committee has great difficulty understanding how this can occur unless threshold level is maintained at \$200,000.

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH (NIH)/DIRECTOR'S OFFICE -- Last year Committee expressed strong interest in Department giving high priority to addressing numerous recommendations contained in Institute of Medicine's report "Health and Behavior: Frontiers of Research in Biobehavioral Sciences". Committee understands ADAMHA has been given lead in developing appropriate intervention strategies. Findings of Institute of Medicine report closely parallel those contained in the Surgeon General's Report on Health Promotion and Disease Prevention (1979): Healthy People. Committee directs NIH and ADAMHA to continue to give these documents very high priority and report back to Committee prior to hearings what actions it has taken.

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH (NIH)/DIRECTOR'S OFFICE -- Committee concerned that NIH has consistently played down role of nursing profession in spite of continuous urging that greater attention be given to their contributions. Less than \$1.5 million of total NIH budget goes to Schools of Nursing. Less than 2 percent of National Research Service (fellowship) Awards are targeted to nurses. Committee urges NIH to give greater attention to contributions of professional nurse scientists and clinicians. Urges NIH to increase nurse participation in NIH programs during next fiscal year.

OFFICE OF HUMAN DEVELOPMENT SERVICES/HEAD START -- Committee impressed by contributions to society of Head Start program and feels Administration should continue to give it high priority. Committee urges Office of Human Development Services to ensure that an amount at least equal to last year's allocation will remain available to Head Start program from Training and Technical Assistance, and Research, Demonstration, and Evaluation accounts.

OFFICE OF HUMAN DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM/ADMINISTRATION OF NATIVE AMERICAN PROGRAMS -- Committee concerned that Department is apparently considering termination of all support from Office of Native American Programs to Native Hawaiians within next two fiscal years. Since Native Hawaiian peoples included within jurisdiction of Administration of Native Americans, considerable progress and sensitivity to their needs has been documented. Department has not provided Committee nor Native Hawaiian organizations with any objective data to justify termination of federal support. To restrict federal support to federally-recognized reservation Indian tribes flies in face of Congressional intent and, given unique situation of Native Hawaiians, would effectively preclude any application from Hawaiians. Committee directs ANA to continue providing reasonable level of support to Native Hawaiian projects and not terminate such support unless Congress, through appropriations or authorization process, expressly determines these native peoples are no longer entitled to federal support.

OFFICE OF HUMAN DEVELOPMENT SERVICES/FOSTER CARE -- Committee is concerned about inadequate level of administrative oversight that federal government has been able to provide for Foster Care program. Committee concerned that federal funds being released to state and local programs without necessary "quality of care" assurances or that funds are being used for purposes intended. Committee aware that GAO currently conducting several studies of Foster Care program but wants to ensure, at a minimum, that federal government insist where federal funds are allocated there be an identifiable "audit trail".

OFFICE OF REFUGEE RESETTLEMENT (ORR) -- Committee pleased with extent Office of Refugee Resettlement has taken into account Committee's recommendations that appropriate attention be given to areas such as Hawaii with disproportionate concentration of refugees, rather than rely exclusively upon absolute numbers. High concentration of these future citizens create unique problems for local public health and educational entities. Committee also impressed with ORR's efforts to address unique mental health needs of refugees, especially children. Committee directs ORR to continue efforts during next fiscal year and to give priority to children's mental health needs.

EDUCATION/SPECIAL PROGRAMS -- Committee pleased with Department of Education's responsiveness to addressing unique educational needs of Native Hawaiian children. Committee understands department working closely with Kamehameha Schools/Bishop Estate on project and that formal report has now been submitted to Secretary by Native Hawaiian Educational Assessment Project. Recommendation submitted to National Institute of Education will establish Pacific Basin Lab program in Hawaii. Committee looks forward to testimony from department regarding its reactions to report at appropriate time.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION/SECRETARY'S SPECIAL PROGRAMS -- Committee continues to be impressed by importance of inexpensive Book Distribution Program (Reading Is Fundamental) RIF, and directs Secretary to use discretionary fund to support program at least at \$6,500,000 which is same figure recommended by House.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION/SECRETARY'S SPECIAL PROGRAMS -- Committee impressed by extent to which various educational television programs, such as Sesame Street and 3-2-1 Contact, have had positive impact upon nation's children. Committee urges Secretary to give educational television activities high priority this fiscal year.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION/LABS & CENTERS PROGRAM -- Committee last year was concerned that Labs and Centers program might not be adequately serving pressing needs of areas such as Pacific Basin which possess not only unique cultural nuances, but also are significantly distant from established Labs and Centers. Committee pleased with NIE's willingness to explore this matter during past year and of interest of educational leadership of Pacific Basin and of Kamehameha Schools/Bishop Estate in working cooperatively with Northwest Regional Educational Laboratory to ensure appropriate educational resources and professional expertise be made available. Committee intends to explore in more depth and expects that eventually a Pacific Basin Laboratory will be established in Hawaii. Also language in Conference Report.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF HANDICAPPED RESEARCH -- During hearings a number of public witnesses expressed need for increased federal support for training programs to ensure adequate number of health care providers of all disciplines would specialize in rehabilitation of disabled persons. Committee directs NIHR to develop a comprehensive manpower report for Committee which will include attention being given to training minority professionals, as well as "retraining" those currently in a profession, such as nursing, who would now be interested in specializing in rehabilitation care. Committee expects NIHR to work closely with and receive active support from appropriate experts in Health Resources and Services Administration of Department of Health and Human Services.

EDUCATION/IMPACT AID -- Hawaii only state with one statewide school district. Unfortunately this has resulted in situation in which Hawaii has not received its appropriate share of Impact Aid funds. Both House and Senate Authorization Committees passed technical amendments package including express language addressing Hawaii situation. Amendment qualified Oahu Central School District in Hawaii for Impact Aid. Allows states with single statewide school system to treat several administrative units within that system as school districts, only for purposes of impact aid formula.

EDUCATION/BILINGUAL EDUCATION -- Committee pleased of Department's intention to establish two Bilingual Education Centers to address unique cultural and geographical needs of residents of Pacific Basin. One center will focus upon Hawaii and American Samoa and the other upon Guam and Trust Territories. Committee understands there is considerable support from local educational leadership for this development and is pleased to learn of Department's decision.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION (NIE) -- National Commission on Excellence in Education's report "A Nation at Risk" impressed upon Committee need to target efforts to address unique needs of "gifted children". Committee directs that programs targeted towards "gifted children" be developed and that priority be given to encouraging initiatives which would focus upon teacher training or continuing education programs.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ARTHRITIS, DIABETES, AND DIGESTIVE AND
KIDNEY DISEASES (NIADDK)

Committee has reviewed NIADDK's report on lupus erythematosus and was pleased to learn of progress being made in this area with respect to care and treatment of lupus patients. Lupus is chronic disorder which has stricken more than 500,000 persons in this country. Victims usually women, most frequently black women, in child-bearing years. Committee urges NIADDK continue its efforts to find cause of dread disease. NIADDK should prepare report to Committee during its hearings on FY 1985 Budget, as to any new research findings in this area.

THERE HAVE ALSO BEEN SIGNIFICANT INCREASES IN MONIES FOR: Nursing, Public Health, Territorial Teacher Training (\$1 million), Child Welfare Program.



SAOE

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MEMORANDUM

TO: SENATOR
FROM: ERIC & PAT
RE: List of Legislative Measures -- summary

THE TOTALS ARE AS FOLLOWS:

- I. (A) Public Laws (6, including your non-bill provisions)
 - S. 202.....to grant eligibility for retired pay to certain reservists. PL 98-212 (DOD Appropriations)
 - S. 161.....CHAMPUS - provide reimbursement to providers PL 98-94
 - S. 162.....CHAMPUS DEMONSTRATION - authorize Secretary of Defense to conduct studies and demonstration projects. PL 98-94
 - S. 168.....NATIVE HAWAIIANS - included within Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention Treatment and Rehabilitation Act. PL 98-24
 - Female Veterans Program, incorporated as part of S. 578, Veterans' Health Care Amendments. PL 98-160
 - Impact Aid, included in Education Consolidation and Improvement Act Technical Amendments. PL 98-211

- I. (B). Floor Amendments that have become Public Law (4)

- II. Bills which have passed the Senate (5)
 - S. 164.....Psychology Scholarships for Indians. Passed, 9/21/83
 - S. 1424....Change the name of the Pacific Tuna Development Foundation. Passed, 9/30/83
 - S.J.Res. 19..National Psychology Days. Passed, 7/16/83
 - S.J.Res. 20..National Recovery Room Nurses Day. Passed 3/18/83
 - S.J.Res. 66..National Nurse Recognition Day. Passed, 5/4/83

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- III. Bills Pending Before Full Senate (3)
 - S. 165.....Clinical Psychologists for HMOs. Reported 5/16/83
 - S. 1427.....Service Industries Development Act. Reported 6/10/83
 - S. 1527.....Parity between Psychiatrists & Psycholgists
in Federal Criminal Code. Reported 8/4/83

- IV. Bills on Which Hearings Have Been Held (16 bills, plus 2 proposals)
of which two have become public law. Markups are scheduled on
five bills.

- V. Bills Which Have Accomplished Their Objective (3), No Further
Action Necessary.
 - S. 171.....Native Hawaiian Health Care. Pacific Basin Task
Force established.
 - S.Res.18...To disapprove deferral of funds for the Dairy
Indemnity Program. Passed, 3/10/83
 - S.Con.Res.4..Study of Merchant Seamen Health Care. GAO
Study based on DOD Appropriations Bill for FY 1983.

- VI. Fiscal Year 1984 Appropriation Initiatives

- VII. Immigration and Private Relief Bills (35), 34 pending, 1
scheduled for floor action.

BILLS INTRODUCED BY SENATOR INOUE IN THE 98th CONGRESS WHICH HAVE BECOME PUBLIC LAWS

I-A. PUBLIC LAWS

- S. 202, submitted 6/15/83, RESERVIST RETIRED PAY -- to grant eligibility for retired pay to certain reservists who did not perform active duty before 8/16/45.
Passed Senate 11/8/83 as part of H.R. 4185, passed the House 11/2/83
P.L. 98-212 enacted into law 12/8/83 (DoD Appropriations)
- S. 161, submitted 1/26/83, CHAMPUS -- to provide that reimbursement to providers of medical services may be made under CHAMPUS in accordance with Medicare reimbursement principles.

Passed Senate 9/15/83, passed House 9/15/83
Enacted into P.L. 98-94, 9/24/83 (DoD Authorizations)
- S. 162, submitted 1/26/83, CHAMPUS DEMONSTRATION -- authorize Secretary of Defense to conduct studies and demonstration projects to develop incentives for economy in administration of CHAMPUS program while maintaining or improving quality of health and medical care available under such program.

Passed Senate 9/15/83, passed House 9/15/83
Enacted into law, P.L. 98-94, 9/24/83 (DoD Authorizations)
- S. 168, submitted 1/26/83, NATIVE HAWAIIANS -- include Native Hawaiians within underserved population for Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act of 1970.

Passed Senate 4/15/83, passed House 4/13/83
Enacted into law, P.L. 98-24, 4/26/83 (included in S. 126, Alcohol, Drug Abuse Amendments of 1983)

BILLS INTRODUCED BY SENATOR INOUE IN THE 98th CONGRESS WHICH HAVE BECOME PUBLIC LAWS

I-A. Non-bills that have become Public laws

PROPOSAL -- to qualify the Central Oahu School District in Hawaii for impact aid. Incorporated in a provision included in Education Consolidation and Improvement Act Technical Amendments, (S.1008/H.R. 1035), as bill language.

Passed House 11/18/83
Passed Senate 11/29/83
Enacted into law 12/8/83, P.L. 98-211

PROPOSAL -- Establishment of women's advisory committee for Veterans Administration. Incorporated as a provision of S. 578, Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983. (H.R. 2920 passed in lieu of S. 578)

Passed House 11/2/83
Passed Senate 11/9/83
Enacted into law 11/21/83, P.L. 98-160

I-B. Floor Amendments that have become Public laws

S.Amdt. No. 1390 submitted 6/15/83, to prohibit the expenditure of funds to relocate the Hawaii State Office of the Farmers Home Administration from Hilo, Hawaii, to Honolulu, Hawaii.

Part of H.R. 3069, Supplemental Appropriations Act
Agreed to in Senate by voice vote 6/15/83
Enacted into law 7/30/83, P.L. Law 98-63

S.Amdt. No. 1399 submitted 6/15/83, to assure that certain funds relating to the Commission on Wartime Relocation and Internment of Civilians shall be available until 9/30/83.

Part of H.R. 3069, Supplemental Appropriations Act
Agreed to in Senate by voice vote 6/15/83
Enacted into law 7/30/63, P.L. 98-63

BILLS INTRODUCED BY SENATOR INOUE IN THE 98th CONGRESS WHICH HAVE BECOME PUBLIC LAWS

I-B. Floor Amendments that have become Public Laws (continued)

S.Amdt. No. 2276 submitted 10/4/83, to qualify the Central Oahu School District in Hawaii for impact aid.

Part of H.R. 3913, Labor, HHS, Appropriations
Agreed to in Senate by voice vote 10/4/83
Enacted into law 10/31/83, P.L. 98-139

S.Amdt. No. 2480 submitted 11/2/83, to prohibit the General Services Administration from selling or otherwise transferring the Hickam Air Force Base Administrative Annex to anyone other than the State of Hawaii or its agencies.

Incorporated into continuing resolution H.J. Res. 413
Passed House 11/ 10/83
Passed Senate 11/11/83
Enacted into law 11/14/83, P.L. 98-151

BILLS INTRODUCED BY SENATOR INOUE IN THE 98th CONGRESS WHICH HAVE PASSED

II. BILLS WHICH HAVE PASSED THE SENATE AND ARE IN THE HOUSE

- S. 164 (introduced 1/26/83) PSYCHOLOGISTS - make scholarships available to provide clinical psychologists for Indians (Indian Health Scholarship Program)
Included in S. 771, the Health Promotion and Disease Prevention Amendments of 1983.
Reported favorably S. Rept. 98-158
Passed Senate September 21, 1983
- S. 1424 (introduced 6/8/83) PACIFIC FISHERIES DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION - to change the name of the Pacific Tuna Development Foundation to the Pacific Fisheries Development Foundation.
Reported favorably July 5, 1983 S. 98-173
Passed Senate September 30, 1983
- S.J. Res. 19 (introduced 1/26/83) NATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY DAYS - designate August 25-30, 1983 as National Psychology Days.
Reported favorably without written report
Passed Senate July 16, 1983
- S.J. Res 20 (introduced 1/26/83) NATIONAL RECOVERY ROOM NURSES DAY - designate March 27, 1983 as National Recovery Room Nurses Day.
Reported favorably without written report
Passed Senate March 18, 1983
- S.J. Res. 66 (introduced March 22, 1983) NATIONAL NURSE RECOGNITION DAY - designate May 6, 1983 as National Nurse Recognition Day
Reported favorably without written report
Passed Senate May 4, 1983

BILLS INTRODUCED BY SENATOR INOUE IN THE 98th CONGRESS REPORTED BY COMMITTEE
AND PENDING BEFORE THE FULL SENATE

III.

Bills Pending Before the Full Senate

- S. 165, submitted 1/26/83, HMOs - to specify that Health Maintenance Organizations may provide services for clinical psychologists. Incorporated in S. 771, the Health Promotion and Disease Prevention Amendments of 1983
Reported to the Senate, 5/16/83, calendar no. 172
- S. 1427, submitted 6/8/83, SERVICE INDUSTRIES DEVELOPMENT ACT - to establish a program in the Department of Commerce to promote United States service industries, enhance their competitiveness, improve data collection.
Reported to the Senate 6/10/83, calendar no. 252
- S. 1527, submitted 6/23/83 - to provide for parity between psychiatrists and psychologists in the federal criminal code. Incorporated in S. 1762, Comprehensive Crime Control Act of 1983.
Reported to the Senate, 8/4/83, calendar no. 353

BILLS INTRODUCED BY SENATOR INOUE IN THE 98th CONGRESS ON WHICH HEARINGS WERE HELD:

IV. HEARINGS HELD

- S. 125, submitted 1/26/83, MARITIME CONSTRUCTION -- authorize appropriations for maritime construction differential subsidy for FY 84 to promote strong U.S. merchant marine
Hearings Held 4/14/83
- S. 157, submitted 1/26/83, VISION CARE (CHAMPUS) -- provide vision care under CHAMPUS to members of uniformed services. Hearings Held 5/26/82, DKI testified, Armed Services Committee.
- S. 158, submitted 1/26/83, CHAMPUS -- eliminate restrictions on types of medical care that uniformed services may provide directly or by contrast to dependents of members of uniformed services. Hearings Held 5/26/82, DKI testified, Armed Services Committee.
- S. 159, submitted 1/26/83, CHAMPUS & MEDICARE -- provide for payment under CHAMPUS of certain health care expenses incurred by certain members and former members of uniformed services and their dependents to extent that such expenses are not payable under Medicare. Hearings Held 5/26/82, DKI testified, Armed Services Committee.
- S. 162, submitted 1/26/83, CHAMPUS DEMONSTRATION -- authorizes Secretary of Defense to conduct studies and demonstration projects to develop incentives for economy in administration of CHAMPUS program while maintaining or improving quality of health and medical care available under such program. Included in DOD FY 1984 Authorization, PL 98-94. Hearings Held on 5/26/82, DKI testified, Armed Services Committee.
- S. 163, submitted 1/26/83, EMERGENCY CHILD HEALTH CARE -- amend title XII of Public Health Service Act to provide for demonstration programs relating to emergency health care for children. DKI submitted testimony on behalf of this bill on April 26, 1983.
- S. 172, submitted 1/26/83, NURSES -- provide payment under Government health plans for services of nurses not performed in connection with a physician. Hearings held before Subcommittee on Civil Service, Post Office & General Services on December 1, 1983. DKI testified. Markup will be held on this measure.
- S. 178, submitted 1/26/83, NURSE-MIDWIFE -- provide payments under Government health plans for services of nurse-midwives not performed in connection with a physician. Hearings held before Subcommittee on Civil Service, Post Office & General Services, December 1, 1983. DKI testified. Markup will be held on this measure. DKI testified.

BILLS INTRODUCED BY SENATOR INOUE IN THE 98th CONGRESS ON WHICH HEARINGS WERE HELD -- Page Two

IV. Hearings Held (continued)

- S. 182, submitted 1/26/83, MENTAL HEALTH SPECIALISTS -- provide payments under certain federal employee health benefit plans for services of mental health specialists. Hearings held before Subcommittee on Civil Service, Post Office & General Services, December 1, 1983. Markup will be held on this measure. DKI testified.
- S. 188, submitted 1/26/83, WELL BALANCED MERCHANT MARINE -- require that certain mail of U.S. be carried on vessels of U.S. registry. Hearings held 9/27&29/83. Markup will be held
- S. 197, submitted 1/26/83, AIRLINE HEALTH SAFETY -- direct Secretary of Transportation to conduct an independent study to determine adequacy of certain industry practices and FAA rules and regulations. Hearings held 11/9/83.
- S. 198, submitted 1/26/83, COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH CARE -- provide payments under certain federal employee health benefit plans for community mental health services. Hearings held before Subcommittee on Civil Service, Post Office & General Services, December 1, 1983. Markup will be held.
- S. 206, submitted 1/26/83, Increase role of Secretary of Transportation in administering Section 901 of Merchant Marine Act of 1936. Hearings held 9/27&29/83. Same as S. 125.
- S. 410, submitted 2/3/83, COMMUNITY NURSING CENTERS ACT OF 1983 -- Amend titles XVII and XIX of Social Security Act to provide coverage for community nursing center services under Medicare and Medicaid programs. Hearings held before Subcommittee on Health, Committee on Finance, 11/14/83.
- S. 593, submitted 2/24/83, FEDERAL MEAT & POULTRY PRODUCTS INSPECTION ACT OF 1983 -- amend Federal Meat Inspection Act and Products Inspection Act to permit distribution of certain State-inspected meat and poultry products. Hearings held 7/21/83.
- S. 591, submitted 2/24/83, OLYMPIC CHECKOFF ACT -- has been subject of hearings in the 97th Congress and probably does not need any for further action according to Subcommittee Chairman Packwood.

BILLS INTRODUCED BY SENATOR DANIEL INOUE IN THE 98th CONGRESS ON WHICH HEARINGS WERE HELD -- PAGE THREE

LEGISLATIVE PROPOSALS:

Establishment of Research and Training Center for Pacific Basin. Incorporated as a provision of S. 1340, Rehabilitation Amendments of 1983. Passed Senate and in conference presently. Hearings were held on March 23, 1983. DKI submitted testimony.

Female Veterans Unique Health Problems. Establishment of a Women's Advisory Committee for VA. Incorporated as a provision of S. 578, Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983, PL 98-160. DKI testified on March 10, 1983.

BILLS INTRODUCED BY SENATOR INOUE IN THE 98th CONGRESS WHICH HAVE ACCOMPLISHED
THEIR OBJECTIVE

V. Bills On Which No Further Action is Needed

S. 171, submitted 1/26/83, NATIVE HAWAIIANS & NATIVE AMERICAN PACIFIC ISLANDERS HEALTH CARE NEEDS ACT OF 1983 - to require the Secretary of Health & Human Services to prepare and transmit to Congress a special report on the health care needs of Native Hawaiians and other Native American Pacific Islanders.

Pacific Basin Task Force Established

S.Res. 18, submitted 1/26/83 - to disapprove the deferral of funds for the Dairy Indemnity Program.

Passed Senate 3/10/83. No further action is necessary.

S.Con. Res. 4, submitted 1/26/83 - to study Merchant Seaman Health Care.

GAO is pursuing this based on last year's conference report on the DoD Appropriations Bill for FY 1983.

 PRIVATE BILLS INTRODUCED BY SENATOR INOUE IN THE 98TH CONGRESS

(ALL BILLS PENDING COMMITTEE EXCEPT S. 195)
IMMIGRATION

<u>BILL NUMBER</u>	<u>DATE INTRODUCED</u>	<u>BENEFICIARY NAME</u>	<u>CONTACT AND/OR REQUESTED BY</u>
S. 316	02/01/83	Mrs. Lolita V. Calaro	Mr. Florentino G. Calaro
S. 317	02/01/83	Mrs. Ting Ping Cheung-Yeh	Mrs. Ting Ping Cheung-Yeh
S. 318	02/01/83	Mrs. Araceli Gushiken	Mr. Walter S. Kirimitsu, Esq.
S. 319	02/01/83	John K. Karaya, Mary W. Karaya, Martin M. Z. Karaya, Peter D. Karaya, and Andrew M. Karaya	Mr. and Mrs. John K. Karaya
S. 320	02/01/83	Victor Wu-Hsiung Kaw Shu-Yung Gloria Kaw and Pei-San Kaw	Mr. and Mrs. Victor Kaw
S. 321	02/01/83	Mr. Alfredo M. Maglinao	Elson S. Kagimoto, Esq.
S. 322	02/01/83	Drs. Benjamin C. and Paulita M. Mahilum	Dr. and Mrs. Benjamin C. Mahilum
S. 323	02/01/83	Mr. Andres B. Pasion	Wm. F. Thompson, III
S. 324	02/01/83	Ms. Kinisimere F. Suschnigg	Ms. Kini F. Suschnigg
S. 325	02/01/83	Joseph Y. Quijano; wife Marichu Larrazabqal Quijano; sons, Franz Joseph Quijano and Felix Ray L. Quijano; and daughter, Maria Estrella Quijano	Dr. Walter Quijano

PRIVATE BILLS INTRODUCED BY SENATOR INOUE IN THE 98TH CONGRESS

(ALL BILLS PENDING COMMITTEE EXCEPT S. 195)
IMMIGRATION

<u>BILL NUMBER</u>	<u>DATE INTRODUCED</u>	<u>BENEFICIARY NAME</u>	<u>CONTACT AND/OR REQUESTED BY</u>
S. 326	02/01/83	Arron P. K. Yung	Honorable Neil Abercrombie
S. 327	02/01/83	Mr. Faalilii Afele, Mrs. Liugalua Afele and Ms. Siliolo Afele	Peter A. Aduja, Esq.
S. 328	02/01/83	Ms. Saturnina V. Bonifacio	Wm. F. Thompson, III, Esq.
S. 411	02/03/83	Ms. Shon Ning Lee	Tin Chong Goo
S. 412	02/03/83	Sun Ok Kim, Ok Lyun Kim, Koang Hi Kim, Chin Hi Kim, Hyun Soo Kim	Robert G. Wealleans, Esq.
S. 1088	04/19/83	Ms. Loida Queja Caberto	Mr. and Mrs. Pastor Caberto
S. 1089	04/19/83	Mr. Vergil Rey Ravarra Flores	Officer Eliseo C. Flores
S. 1199	05/04/83	Mrs. Evelyn R. Millare	Mr. Roger M. Millare
S. 1216	05/05/83	Mr. Clement Esmail	Jack DeMello
S. 1217	05/05/83	Mrs. Lusia M. Loholoho	
S. 1246	05/10/83	Mrs. Wu Chih-Chu Liao, and sons, Chung-Chi, Feng-Yi, Chi-Hung	Herman Fong
S. 1357	05/25/83	Edward Lee Hatai Mou Sing Ching	Mrs. Marie Ching
S. 1358	05/25/83	Mr. Roman Agmata Baliza	Peter Aduja, Esq.
S. 1391	05/26/83	Dr. Eric S. Casino	Victor Agmata, Esq.

PRIVATE BILLS INTRODUCED BY SENATOR INOUE IN THE 98TH CONGRESS

(ALL BILLS PENDING COMMITTEE EXCEPT S. 195)
IMMIGRATION

<u>BILL NUMBER</u>	<u>DATE INTRODUCED</u>	<u>BENEFICIARY NAME</u>	<u>CONTACT AND/OR REQUESTED BY</u>
S. 1413	06/07/83	Dr. L. Neil Frazer and wife, Marie Sylvania Pauline Frazer	Dr. L. Neil Frazer
S. 1516	06/22/83	Mrs. Selva Gladys Orr	Mrs. Selva G. Orr
S. 1586	06/29/83	Mr. Johnny Guzon, Mrs. Juanita B. Guzon, Froilan B. Guzon and Genivy B. Guzon	Mr. Roger Tacdol
S. 1603	07/12/83	Ms. Pauline M. Lucas	Mr. and Mrs. Clemente Lucas
S. 1604	07/12/83	Ms. Marlene Savina Lajola	Peter Aduja, Esq.
S. 1829	09/12/83	Mrs. John Reginald Delaney	Ron Oldenberg, Esq.
S. 1909	09/30/83	Mr. George Hook Wo Young	
<u>NON-IMMIGRATION</u>			
S. 194	01/26/83	Mr. Donald Shrope and Mrs. Guadalupe L. Shrope	Mr. Dennis W. Potts, Esq.
S. 195**	01/26/83	Mr. Apolonio P. Tumamao Mr. Milton M. Ikawa Mr. Malcolm B. Shin Mr. Mamerto A. Garma Mr. John B. MacKinnon Mr. Kenneth A. Grigsby	BENEFICIARIES **Pending final action in U.S. Senate when they reconvene.
S. 199	01/26/83	Mark Maio Fernandez	Richard Fried, Esq.
S. 1933	10/06/83	Mr. Robert E. L. Parker	Mr. Robert E. L. Parker



SAUE

9825

MEMORANDUM - January 16, 1984

TO: Senator
FROM: Eric
RE: Status Report of bills introduced in the First Session

Summary

You introduced a total of 111 bills - 36 private and 75 public bills. The latter includes 69 bills, 4 joint resolutions, 1 concurrent resolution, and 1 Senate resolution.

Of the 75, 6 have been enacted into law separately or incorporated as part of another public law. In addition, one - S. Res. 18 on the dairy indemnity program deferral - effectively became law since Senate passage was all that was needed to restore budget authority for the program. Two health measures have been made moot by the establishment of a task force or GAO study team. This totals 9.

Four measures have passed the Senate and are before House committees.

Ten bills have been the subject of hearings. An additional bill not listed on the enclosure - S. 591, Olympic Checkoff Act - has been the subject of previous hearings and probably does not need any for further action according to Subcommittee chairman Packwood.

Three bills have been reported favorably and are on the calendar for floor action.

Two bills, S. 208 and S. 1673, have been incorporated in omnibus bills but neither has had any floor action.

Four amendments have been adopted. They are not in-

PAGE TWO

cluded as part of the 75 measures.

Finally, three bills may be offered as amendments without hearings according to the LAs.

Enclosures

Pages 1-3 are non-health bills on which some legislative action has been taken.

Pages 4-7 are health bills on which some legislative action has been taken.

The last pages are actions taken on authorization and appropriations bills that are not listed on the list of original bills.

BILLS INTRODUCED BY SENATOR INOUE IN THE 98th CONGRESS WHICH HAVE BEEN ACTED ON

II. BILLS WHICH HAVE PASSED THE SENATE AND ARE IN THE HOUSE

- S. 164 (introduced 1/26/83) PSYCHOLOGISTS - make scholarships available to provide clinical psychologists for Indians (Indian Health Scholarship Program)
Included in S. 771, the Health Promotion and Disease Prevention Amendments of 1983.
Reported favorably S. Rept. 98-158
Passed Senate September 21, 1983
- S. 1424 (introduced 6/8/83) PACIFIC FISHERIES DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION - to change the name of the Pacific Tuna Development Foundation to the Pacific Fisheries Development Foundation.
Reported favorably July 5, 1983 S. 98-173
Passed Senate September 30, 1983
- S.J. Res. 19 (introduced 1/26/83) NATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY DAYS - designate August 25-30, 1983 as National Psychology Days.
Reported favorably without written report
Passed Senate July 16, 1983
- S.J. Res 20 (introduced 1/26/83) NATIONAL RECOVERY ROOM NURSES DAY - designate March 27, 1983 as National Recovery Room Nurses Day.
Reported favorably without written report
Passed Senate March 18, 1983
- S.J. Res. 66 (introduced March 22, 1983) NATIONAL NURSE RECOGNITION DAY - designate May 6, 1983 as National Nurse Recognition Day
Reported favorably without written report
Passed Senate May 4, 1983

BILLS INTRODUCED BY SENATOR INOUE IN THE 98th CONGRESS WHICH HAVE BEEN ACTED ON

BILLS	DESCRIPTION	STATUS
S. 125	MARITIME CONSTRUCTION -- authorize appropriations for maritime construction differential subsidy for FY 84 to promote strong U.S. merchant marine (JOHN HARDY)	Introduced 1/26/83 <u>Hearings held 4/14/83</u>
S. 188	WELL BALANCED MERCHANT MARINE -- require that certain mail of U.S. be carried on vessels of U.S. registry (JOHN HARDY)	Introduced 1/26/83 <u>Hearings held 9/27&29/8</u>
S. 197	AIRLINE HEALTH SAFETY -- direct Secretary of Transportation to conduct an independent study to determine adequacy of certain industry practices and FAA rules and regulations (ERIC LEE)	Introduced 1/26/83 <u>Hearings held 11/9/83</u>
S. 202	RESERVIST RETIRED PAY -- grant eligibility for retired pay to certain reservists who did not perform active duty before August 16, 1945 (FRANK KELLY)	Introduced 1/26/83 Enacted into law 8/16/8 <u>P.L. 98-212 (DOD Appro.</u>
S. 206	Increase role of Secretary of Transportation in administering Section 901 of Merchant Marine Act of 1936	Introduced 1/26/83 <u>Hearings held 9/27 and 9/29/83</u>
S. 593	FEDERAL MEAT & POULTRY PRODUCTS INSPECTION ACT OF 1983 Amend Federal Meat Inspection Act and Products Inspection Act to permit distribution of certain State-inspected meat and poultry products (DAN CRAIG)	Introduced 2/24/83 <u>Hearings held 7/21/83</u>
S. 208	To amend the Hazardous Materials Transportation Act. (DAN CRAIG)	<u>Parts incorporated S. 757 (CHAFEE)</u>
S. 1424	PACIFIC FISHERIES DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION -- A bill to amend Public Law 92-444 to reflect the change in the name of the Pacific Tuna Development Foundation to the Pacific Fisheries Development Foundation (PETER SIMONS)	Introduced 6/8/83 <u>Passed Senate w/o amendment by voice vote 9/30/83</u>
S. 1427	SERVICE INDUSTRIES DEVELOPMENT ACT -- A bill to establish a program in the Department of Commerce to promote United States service industries, enhance their competitiveness, and for other purposes. (ERIC LEE)	Introduced 6/8/83 <u>Approved by Committee 6/10/83 and reported to Senate 7/21/83</u> <u>Rept. No. 98-157</u>

BILLS INTRODUCED BY SENATOR INOUE IN THE 98th CONGRESS WHICH HAVE BEEN ACTED ON

<u>BILLS</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>STATUS</u>
S. 1673	A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to exclude from gross income reduced airline fare benefits received by airline employees and their families. (ERIC LEE)	<u>Introduced 7/25/83</u> <u>Incorporated as part</u> <u>of H.R. 3398,</u> <u>currently before</u> <u>House Rules Committee,</u> <u>and S. 1817, on which</u> <u>no hearings have yet</u> <u>been held</u>
S. Res. 18	To disapprove the deferral of funds for the Dairy Indemnity Program (DAN CRAIG)	<u>Passed Senate 3/10/83</u>

AMENDMENTS INTRODUCED BY SENATOR INOUE IN THE 98th CONGRESS

AMENDMENTS	DESCRIPTION	STATUS
S.Amdt.No. 1390	To prohibit the expenditure of funds to relocate the Hawaii State office of the Farmers Home Administration from Hilo, Hawaii, to Honolulu, Hawaii. (DAN CRAIG)	<u>Amendment agreed to in Senate by Voice Vote on 6/15/83</u>
S.Amdt.No. 1399	To assure that certain funds relating to the Commission on Wartime Relocation and Internment of Civilians shall be available until September 30, 1983. (SABINA GOLDING)	<u>Amendment agreed to in Senate by Voice Vote on 6/15/83</u>
S.Amdt.No. 2276	To qualify the Central Oahu School District, in Hawaii, for impact aid	<u>Amendment agreed to in Senate by Voice Vote on 10/4/83</u>
S.Amdt.No. 2480	To prohibit the General Services Administration from selling or otherwise transferring the Hickam Air Force Base Administrative Annex to anyone other than the State of Hawaii or its agencies. (BRIAN NAKAMURA)	<u>Incorporated into into continuing resolution H.J.Res. 413 passed 11/14/83 P.L. No. 98-151</u>

- S. 161 CHAMPUS -- provide that reimbursement to providers of medical services may be made under CHAMPUS in accordance with Medicare reimbursement principles
(PAT) Introduced 1/26/83
Referred Committee on Armed Services
Included in the DoD FY 1984 Authorization--PL 98-94
- S. 162 (S.2104-97th) CHAMPUS DEMONSTRATION -- authorize Secretary of Defense to conduct studies and demonstration projects to develop incentives for economy in administration of CHAMPUS program while maintaining or improving quality of health and medical care available under such program
(PAT) Introduced 1/26/83
Referred Committee on Armed Services
Included in the DoD FY 1984 Authorization--PL 98-94
- S. 164 (S.2516--97th) PSYCHOLOGISTS -- make scholarships available to provide clinical psychologists for Indians (Indian Health Scholarship Program)
(PAT) Introduced 1/26/83
Referred Committee on Labor & Human Resources
Included in S.771, the Health Promotion & Disease Preventions Amendments of 1983
Reported Favorably--
Senate Report 98-158
- S. 165 (S.2711--97th) HMO PSYCHOLOGISTS -- specify that Health Maintenance Organizations may provide services for clinical psychologists
(PAT) Introduced 1/26/83
Referred Committee on Labor & Human Resources
Included in 773, Biomedical Research, Training, and Medical Library Assistan Amendments of 1983--
Reported Senate 98-110
- S. 168 (S.964--97th) NATIVE HAWAIIANS -- include Native Hawaiians within underserved population for Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act of 1970
(PAT) Introduced 1/26/83
Referred Committee on Labor & Human Resources
Included in S. 126, Alcohol, Drug Abuse Amendments of 1983--
Public Law 98-24

S. 171 NATIVE HAWAIIANS & NATIVE AMERICAN PACIFIC ISLANDERS
 (S.965--97th) HEALTH CARE NEEDS ACT OF 1983 -- require Secretary of Health & Human Services prepare and transmit to Congress special report on health care needs of Native Hawaiians and other Native American Pacific Islanders
 (PAT)

Introduced 1/26/83
 Referred Committee on Labor & Human Resources
 TASK FORCE was set up and hearings are being held this week in Hawaii by the Labor-HHS-Educational Appropriations Subcommittee

S. 172 NURSES -- provide payment under Government health plans
 (S.103--97th) for services of nurses not performed in connection with a physician
 (PAT)

Introduced 1/26/83
 Referred Committee on Governmental Affairs
 Hearings held before Subcommittee on Civil Service, Post Office, & General Services on Thursday, December 1, 1983 -- DKI testified

S. 178 NURSE-MIDWIFE -- provide payments under Government
 (S.162--97th) health plans for services of nurse-midwives not performed in connection with physician
 (PAT)

Introduced 1/26/83
 Referred Committee on Governmental Affairs
 HEARINGS HELD, SAME AS ON S. 172

S. 182 MENTAL HEALTH SPECIALISTS -- provide payments under certain
 federal employee health benefit plans for services of mental health specialists
 (PAT)

Introduced 1/26/83
 Referred Committee on Governmental Affairs
 HEARINGS HELD, SAME AS ON S. 172 & 178

S. 198 COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH CARE -- provide payments under
 certain federal employee health benefit plans for community mental health care services
 (PAT)

Introduced 1/26/83
 Referred Committee on Governmental Affairs
 HEARINGS HELD, SAME AS ON S. 172, 178 & S. 182

- S. 209
(S.2013--97th) HEROIN -- amend Controlled Substances Act to establish temporary program under which heroin would be made available through qualified hospital pharmacies for relief of pain of cancer patients
(PAT)
- Introduced 1/26/83
Referred Committee on
Labor & Human Resources
- This will be a possible floor amendment submitted by Senator DeConcini to NIH Reauthorization
- S. 410
COMMUNITY NURSING CENTERS ACT OF 1983 --Amend Titles XVII and XIX of Social Security Act to provide coverage for community nursing center services under Medicare and Medicaid programs
(PAT)
- Introduced 2/3/83
Referred Committee on
Finance
Hearings held before
Subcommittee on Health,
Committee on Finance,
November 14, 1983
DKI did not testify
- S. 1527
Provide parity for Psychiatrists & Psychologists in Title 18, USC
(PAT)
- Introduced 6/23/83
Referred Committee on
Judiciary
Included in
Comprehensive Crime Control
package of 1983

S.J.Res. 19	NATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY DAYS -- designate period of August 25-30, 1983, as such (PAT)	Introduced 1/26/83 Referred Committee on Judiciary Passed Senate 7/16/83
S.J.Res. 20	NATIONAL RECOVERY ROOM NURSES DAY -- designate period of March 27, 1983, as such (PAT)	Introduced 1/26/83 Referred Committee on Judiciary Passed Senate 3/18/83
S.J.Res. 66	NATIONAL NURSE RECOGNITION DAY -- designate May 6, 1983 as such (PAT)	Introduced 3/22/83 Referred Committee on Judiciary Passed Senate 5/4/83
S.Con.Res. 4	STUDY OF MERCHANT SEAMAN HEALTH CARE (PAT)	Introduced 1/26/83 Referred Committee on Commerce, Science & Transportation GAO is pursuing this bas on last year's conferenc report on the DoD Appropriations Bill for FY 1983

BILLS INTRODUCED BY SENATOR INOUE IN THE 98th CONGRESS WHICH HAVE BECOME PUBLIC LAWS

I. PUBLIC LAWS

- S. 202, submitted 6/15/83, RESERVIST RETIRED PAY -- to grant eligibility for retired pay to certain reservists who did not perform active duty before 8/16/45. Passed Senate 11/8/83 as part of H.R. 4185, passed the House 11/2/83 P.L. 98-212 enacted into law 12/8/83 (DoD Appropriations)
- S. 161, submitted 1/26/83, CHAMPUS -- to provide that reimbursement to providers of medical services may be made under CHAMPUS in accordance with Medicare reimbursement principles.

Passed Senate 9/15/83, passed House 9/15/83
Enacted into P.L. 98-94, 9/24/83 (DoD Authorizations)
- S. 162, submitted 1/26/83, CHAMPUS DEMONSTRATION -- authorize Secretary of Defense to conduct studies and demonstration projects to develop incentives for economy in administration of CHAMPUS program while maintaining or improving quality of health and medical care available under such program.

Passed Senate 9/15/83, passed House 9/15/83
Enacted into law, P.L. 98-94, 9/24/83 (DoD Authorizations)
- S. 168, submitted 1/26/83, NATIVE HAWAIIANS -- include Native Hawaiians within underserved population for Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism Prevention Treatment, and Rehabilitation Act of 1970.

Passed Senate 4/15/83, passed House 4/13/83
Enacted into law, P.L. 98-24, 4/26/83 (included in S. 126, Alcohol, Drug Abuse Amendments of 1983)

BILLS INTRODUCED BY SENATOR INOUE IN THE 98th CONGRESS WHICH HAVE BECOME PUBLIC LAWS

I. NON-Bills that have become Public Law

S. Amendment No. 2480, submitted 11/2/83, to prohibit the General Services Administration from selling or otherwise transferring the Hickam Air Force Base Administrative Annex to anyone other than the State of Hawaii or its agencies.

Incorporated into continuing resolution H.J. Res. 413
Passed House 11/10/83
Passed Senate 11/11/83
Enacted into law 11/14/83, P.L. 98-151

PROPOSAL ----- to qualify the Central Oahu School District in Hawaii for impact aid.

Incorporated in a provision included in Education Consolidation and Improvement Act Technical Amendments (S. 1008/H.R. 1035,)
Passed House 11/18/83
Passed Senate 11/29/83
Enacted into law 12/8/83, P.L. 98-211

PROPOSAL ----- Establishment of women's advisory committee for Veterans Administration.

Incorporated as a provision of S. 578, Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983. (H.R. 2920 passed in lieu of S.578)

Passed House 11/2/83
Passed Senate 11/9/83
Enacted into law 11/21/83, P.L. 98-160

IV

TOTAL: 16 bills
2 authorization measures

BILLS FOR WHICH HEARINGS HELD:

<u>BILLS</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>STATUS</u>
S. 125	MARITIME CONSTRUCTION -- authorize appropriations for maritime construction differential subsidy for FY 84 to promote strong U.S. merchant marine (JOHN HARDY)	Introduced 1/26/83 <u>Hearings held 4/14/83</u>
S. 157 (S.138--97th)	VISION CARE (CHAMPUS) -- provide vision care under CHAMPUS to members of uniformed services (PAT)	Introduced 1/26/83 Referred Committee on Armed Services HEARINGS HELD AND DKI Testified on this bill May 26, 1982
S. 158 (S.2399--97th)	CHAMPUS -- eliminate restrictions on types of medical care that uniformed services may provide directly or by contrast to dependents of members of uniformed services (PAT)	Introduced 1/26/83 Referred Committee on Armed Services HEARINGS HELD AND DKI Testified on this bill May 26, 1982
S. 159	CHAMPUS & MEDICARE -- provide for payment under CHAMPUS of certain health care expenses incurred by certain members and former members of uniformed services and their dependents to extent that such expenses are not payable under Medicare (PAT)	Introduced 1/26/83 Referred Committee on Armed Services HEARINGS HELD AND DKI Testified on this bill May 26, 1982

BILLS	DESCRIPTION	STATUS
S. 162 (S.2104-97th)	CHAMPUS DEMONSTRATION -- authorize Secretary of Defense to conduct studies and demonstration projects to develop incentives for economy in administration of CHAMPUS program while maintaining or improving quality of health and medical care available under such program (PAT)	Introduced 1/26/83 Referred Committee on Armed Services Included in the DoD FY 1984 Authorization--PL 98-94
S. 163 (S. 132--97th)	EMERGENCY CHILD HEALTH CARE -- amend title XII of Public Health Service Act to provide for demonstration programs relating to emergency health care for children (PAT)	Hearings held on May 26, 1982--DKI Testified Introduced 1/26/83 Referred Committee on Labor & Human Resources DKI Submitted Testimony on behalf of this bill, did not personally deliver testimony on April 26, 1983
S. 172 (S.103--97th)	NURSES -- provide payment under Government health plans for services of nurses not performed in connection with a physician (PAT)	Introduced 1/26/83 Referred Committee on Governmental Affairs Hearings held before Subcommittee on Civil Service, Post Office, & General Services on Thursday, December 1, 1983 -- DKI testified MARKUP WILL BE HELD.
S. 178 (S.162--97th)	NURSE-MIDWIFE -- provide payments under Government health plans for services of nurse-midwives not performed in connection with physician (PAT)	Introduced 1/26/83 Referred Committee on Governmental Affairs HEARINGS HELD, SAME AS ON S. 172 MARKUP WILL BE HELD.
S. 182	MENTAL HEALTH SPECIALISTS -- provide payments under certain federal employee health benefit plans for services of mental health specialists (PAT)	Introduced 1/26/83 Referred Committee on Governmental Affairs HEARINGS HELD, SAME AS ON S. 172 MARKUP WILL BE HELD.

BILLS	DESCRIPTION	STATUS
S. 188	WELL BALANCED MERCHANT MARINE -- require that certain mail of U.S. be carried on vessels of U.S. registry (JOHN HARDY)	Introduced 1/26/83 <u>Hearings held 9/27&29/83:</u>
S. 197	AIRLINE HEALTH SAFETY -- direct Secretary of Transportation to conduct an independent study to determine adequacy of certain industry practices and FAA rules and regulations (ERIC LEE)	<u>Markup will be held.</u> Introduced 1/26/83 <u>Hearings held 11/9/83</u>
S. 198	COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH CARE -- provide payments under certain federal employee health benefit plans for community mental health care services (PAT)	Introduced 1/26/83 Referred Committee Governmental Affairs HEARINGS HELD, SAME AS ON S. 172, 178 & S. 182
S. 206	Increase role of Secretary of Transportation in administering Section 901 of Merchant Marine Act of 1936	Introduced 1/26/83 <u>Hearings held</u> <u>9/27 and 9/29/83</u>
S. 593	FEDERAL MEAT & POULTRY PRODUCTS INSPECTION ACT OF 1983 Amend Federal Meat Inspection Act and Products Inspection Act to permit distribution of certain State-inspected meat and poultry products (DAN CRAIG)	<u>Markup will be held.</u> Introduced 2/24/83 <u>Hearings held 7/21/83</u>
S. 410	COMMUNITY NURSING CENTERS ACT OF 1983 --Amend Titles XVII and XIX of Social Security Act to provide coverage for community nursing center services under Medicare and Medicaid programs (PAT)	Introduced 2/3/83 Referred Committee on Finance Hearings held before Subcommittee on Health, Committee on Finance, November 14, 1983 DKI did not testify
S. 59	Olympic Checkoff Act - has been the subject of previous hearings and probably does not need any further action according to Subcommittee Chairman Packwood	

Page Four

FOLLOWING ARE HEARINGS AT WHICH SENATOR INOUE TESTIFIED -- NOT HIS BILLS

Establishment of Research and Training Center for Pacific Basin. Incorporated as a provision of S. 1340, Rehabilitation Amendments of 1983. Passed Senate and in conference presently. Hearings were held on March 23, 1983. DKI testified for the Record.

Female Veterans unique health problems. Establishment of a women's advisory committee for VA. Incorporated as a provision of S. 578, Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983, P.L. 98-160. DKI testified on March 10, 1983.

BILLS INTRODUCED BY SENATOR INOUE IN THE 98th CONGRESS ON WHICH HEARINGS WERE HELD:

IV. HEARINGS HELD

- S. 125, submitted 1/26/83, MARITIME CONSTRUCTION -- authorize appropriations for maritime construction differential subsidy for FY 84 to promote strong U.S. merchant marine Hearings Held 4/14/83
- S. 157, submitted 1/26/83, VISION CARE (CHAMPUS) -- provide vision care under CHAMPUS to members of uniformed services. Hearings Held 5/26/82, DKI testified, Armed Services Committee.
- S. 158, submitted 1/26/83, CHAMPUS -- eliminate restrictions on types of medical care that uniformed services may provide directly or by contrast to dependents of members of uniformed services. Hearings Held 5/26/82, DKI testified, Armed Services Committee.
- S. 159, submitted 1/26/83, CHAMPUS & MEDICARE -- provide for payment under CHAMPUS of certain health care expenses incurred by certain members and former members of uniformed services and their dependents to extent that such expenses are not payable under Medicare. Hearings Held 5/26/82, DKI testified, Armed Services Committee.
- S. 162, submitted 1/26/83, CHAMPUS DEMONSTRATION -- authorizes Secretary of Defense to conduct studies and demonstration projects to develop incentives for economy in administration of CHAMPUS program while maintaining or improving quality of health and medical care available under such program. Included in DOD FY 1984 Authorization, PL 98-94. Hearings Held on 5/26/82, DKI testified, Armed Services Committee.
- S. 163, submitted 1/26/83, EMERGENCY CHILD HEALTH CARE -- amend title XII of Public Health Service Act to provide for demonstration programs relating to emergency health care for children. DKI submitted testimony on behalf of this bill on April 26, 1983.
- S. 172, submitted 1/26/83, NURSES -- provide payment under Government health plans for services of nurses not performed in connection with a physician. Hearings held before Subcommittee on Civil Service, Post Office & General Services on December 1, 1983. DKI testified. Markup will be held on this measure.
- S. 178, submitted 1/26/83, NURSE-MIDWIFE -- provide payments under Government health plans for services of nurse-midwives not performed in connection with a physician. Hearings held before Subcommittee on Civil Service, Post Office & General Services, December 1, 1983. DKI testified. Markup will be held on this measure. DKI testified.

IV. Hearings Held (continued)

- S. 182, submitted 1/26/83, MENTAL HEALTH SPECIALISTS -- provide payments under certain federal employee health benefit plans for services of mental health specialists. Hearings held before Subcommittee on Civil Service, Post Office & General Services, December 1, 1983. Markup will be held on this measure. DKI testified.
- S. 188, submitted 1/26/83, WELL BALANCED MERCHANT MARINE -- require that certain mail of U.S. be carried on vessels of U.S. registry. Hearings held 9/27&29/83. Markup will be held
- S. 197, submitted 1/26/83, AIRLINE HEALTH SAFETY -- direct Secretary of Transportation to conduct an independent study to determine adequacy of certain industry practices and FAA rules and regulations. Hearings held 11/9/83.
- S. 198, submitted 1/26/83, COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH CARE -- provide payments under certain federal employee health benefit plans for community mental health services. Hearings held before Subcommittee on Civil Service, Post Office & General Services, December 1, 1983. Markup will be held.
- S. 206, submitted 1/26/83, Increase role of Secretary of Transportation in administering Section 901 of Merchant Marine Act of 1936. Hearings held 9/27&29/83. Same as S. 125.
- S. 410, submitted 2/3/83, COMMUNITY NURSING CENTERS ACT OF 1983 -- Amend titles XVII and XIX of Social Security Act to provide coverage for community nursing center services under Medicare and Medicaid programs. Hearings held before Subcommittee on Health, Committee on Finance, 11/14/83.
- S. 593, submitted 2/24/83, FEDERAL MEAT & POULTRY PRODUCTS INSPECTION ACT OF 1983 -- amend Federal Meat Inspection Act and Products Inspection Act to permit distribution of certain State-inspected meat and poultry products. Hearings held 7/21/83.
- S. 591, submitted 2/24/83, OLYMPIC CHECKOFF ACT -- has been subject of hearings in the 97th Congress and probably does not need any for further action according to Subcommittee Chairman Packwood.

LEGISLATIVE PROPOSALS:

Establishment of Research and Training Center for Pacific Basin. Incorporated as a provision of S. 1340, Rehabilitation Amendments of 1983. Passed Senate and in conference presently. Hearings were held on March 23, 1983. DKI submitted testimony.

Female Veterans Unique Health Problems. Establishment of a Women's Advisory Committee for VA. Incorporated as a provision of S. 578, Veterans' Health Care Amendments of 1983, PL 98-160. DKI testified on March 10, 1983.



MEMORANDUM

TO: SENATOR

November 20, 1986

FROM: Dan

RE: Your Legislative Accomplishments, 1959-1986
Final Version [see pp. 15 - 21 for 1985-86]

1959 (86th Congress, First Session):

[Supported efforts to establish and fund the East-West Center]

1960 (86th Congress, Second Session):

PL 86-472, the Mutual Security Act of 1960. Chapter VII = Center for Cultural and Technical Interchange Between East and West Act of 1960.

PL 86-485, DKI's H.J.Res. 546, authorizing the Architect of the Capitol to present the Congress with the first official flag of the United States bearing 50 stars which is flown over the West Front of the Capitol.

PL 86-624, DKI's H.R. 11602, Hawaii Omnibus Act, eliminating obsolete or inapplicable references to the "Territory of Hawaii" and/or "the continental United States" from numerous statutes.

1961 (87th Congress, First Session):

PL 87-204, DKI's H.R. 1794, providing for the conveyance of certain real property (Halawa and Moanalua) to the State of Hawaii.

1962 (87th Congress, Second Session):

PL 87-654, DKI's HR 7278, authorizing the State of Hawaii to lease sell or exchange portions of the Kahului, Wailuku, Maui conveyance which are not required for airport purposes (9/10/62).

[Mohole]

1963 (88th Congress, First Session):

PL 88-132, H.R. 5555 Military Pay Bill: DKI cosponsor.

PL 88-210, incorporated DKI's S. 373 as amendment to HR 4955, a bill to expand vocational education: Inouye amendment accepted making designating state-operated laboratory schools within the meaning of public schools covered by the National Defense Education Act.

PL 88-233, DKI's S. 2275, the Hawaii Land Bill, returning Sand Island to the State and indefinitely extending the August 21, 1964 deadline for returning surplus ceded lands.

PL 88-309, S. 627 (Cosponsor): Commercial Fisheries research appropriations bill: \$35,000 of \$8.5 million to be made available to Hawaii.

1964 (88th Congress, Second Session):

PL 88-449, DKI and Fong's S. 1991, incorporating the National Tropical Botanical Garden (8/19/64).

PL 88-584, DKI and Fong's S. 692, authorizing the establishment of a Federal Agriculture program for Guam (9/7/64).

1965 (89th Congress, First Session):

PL 89-296, S.J.Res. 32, 10/27/65: Fulbright and Inouye resolution to authorize a contribution to certain inhabitants of the Ryukyu Islands for the use of their island, for death and injury to local persons, and for damages stemming from the presence of US troops from August 15, 1845 to April 12, 1952.

1966 (89th Congress, Second Session):

1967 (90th Congress, First Session):

PL 90-110, Military Construction Authorization Act for FY 1968, included DKI amendment prohibiting the DOD from selling, leasing, or disposing of Fort DeRussy unless authorized by act of Congress.

PL 90-142, DKI's S. 423, authorizing the payment by the United States of \$172,000 to defray some of the construction costs at Manele Bay, Lanai, Hawaii. (11/16/67)

[Lesion removed from left lung, May 23]

1968 (90th Congress, Second Session):

[Keynote Speech, 1968 Democratic Convention]

1969 (91st Congress, First Session):

Private Law 91-3, May 1, 1969: for the relief of Yuko Fukunaga.

1970 (91st Congress, Second Session):

PL 91-353, 7/24/70: DKI's S. 1520, Newspaper Preservation Act.

PL 91-384, 8/18/70, S. 2484, authorizing marketing agreements for the advertising of Hawaiian papayas. DKI sponsor.

PL 91-427, DKI's S. 3153, authorizing Interior and the Smithsonian to spend money and work with Guam, American Samoa, the Trust Territories, and the State of Hawaii, to protect and conserve their coral reefs. (9/26/70).

PL 91-477: DKI assisted passage of bill authorizing an Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Tourism to head the U.S. Travel Service and creating the National Tourism Resources Review Commission (NTRRC).

PL 91-561, incorporated DKI's S. 3162 in HR 14684, to waive the statute of limitations with respect to certain claims against the United States by the State of Hawaii (12/19/70).

PL 91-564, DKI's bill S. 4187, conveying certain lands at Fort Ruger Military Reservation to the State of Hawaii. 12/19/70.

PL 91-659, Internal Revenue Code Amendments ACT, included S. 1868, DKI'S bill approving a separate occupational tax for limited retail dealers in distilled spirits (1/8/71, HR 10517).

Private Law 91-174, DKI's S. 3265, for the relief of Mrs Anita Ordillas (10/15/70).

Private Law 91-207, December 19, 1970: for the Relief of Arthur Jerome Olinger et al.

1971 (92nd Congress, First Session):

PL 92-128, DKI's S. 592, repeal of the Emergency Detention Act of 1950 [Title II of Internal Security Act]; in HR 234, (9/25/71).

PL 92-134, Public Works-AEC appropriations bill for FY 1972: included DKI's amendment to postpone the CANNIKIN 5 megaton test at Amchitka.

PL 92-138, Sugar Act amendments of 1971, DKI cosponsor.

PL 92-174, DKI's S. 1629, includes American Samoa and Trust Territory in the Airport and Airway Development Act of 1970

[DKI becomes the first Chairman of the first tourism subcommittee in the history of the U.S. Congress when the Senate Commerce Committee creates a Subcommittee on Foreign Commerce and Tourism].

1972 (92nd Congress, Second Session):

PL 92-359, DKI's S. 473, The Automobile Information Disclosure Act, making provisions applicable to possessions of the United States (7/28/72).

PL 92-419, Rural Lands Development Act, included DKI amendment qualifying lessees of Hawaiian Home Lands for FmHA loans

PL 92-447, H.R. 9135, incorporated DKI's S. 2491, specifying the number of members on the Board of Trustees of the Pacific Tropical Botanical Garden (9/29/72).

PL 92-512, DKI amendment to Revenue Sharing Act (HR 14370) increasing federal payments in Alaska and Hawaii by an amount equal to COLA in effect for both states.

1973 (93rd Congress, First Session):

PL 93-148, S. 440, War Powers Act, DKI cosponsor (11/7/73).

Private Law 93-6, DKI bill S. 84, for the relief of Naoyo Campbell (10/18/73).

Private Law 93-7, DKI bill S. 89, for the relief of Kuay Ten Chang (10/18/73).

[WATERGATE: Appointed to Select Committee on Presidential Campaign Activities, May 17, 1973.]

1974 (93rd Congress, Second Session):

S.Res. 281, DKI's resolution declaring that the tourism industry should receive an adequate share of our nation's energy supplies if steps must be taken to relieve the energy shortage; passed the Senate unanimously.

S.Res. 347, DKI's resolution authorizing the National Tourism Policy Study; adopted unanimously in the Senate.

1975 (94th Congress, First Session):

PL 94-138, FY76 Milcon Appropriations: DKI amendment directs DOD to study the feasibility of restoring and returning Kahoolawe to the State of Hawaii.

PL 94-157, establishing the Japan-US Friendship Commission: DKI was a cosponsor and original Commissioner [along with Javits].

PL 94-168, Metric Conversion Bill: DKI original cosponsor of Senate version S. 100 (12/23/75).

PL 94-206, FY76 Labor-HEW Appropriations bill: DKI amendment allowed new cancer facilities to be constructed under National Cancer Institute: resulted in \$5 million appropriation for Hawaii's Cancer Center.

PL 94-212, FY 76 DOD Appropriations: DKI amendment provided independent recognition for clinical psychologists under CHAMPUS.

1976 (94th Congress, Second Session):

PL 94-353, Airport Development Act of 1976: included DKI's S. 115 modifying the definition of facility sponsor so that neighbor island airports receive a greater percentage of federal support.

PL 94-378, FY77 HUD-Independent Agencies Appropriations: \$2.8 million for construction of Columbarium/Mausoleum at Punchbowl National Cemetery. [1,400 crypts and 21,000 urns. Approved August 77, construction in Sept 78.]

PL 94-413, FY77 Milcon Appropriations: \$42 million for construction projects in Hawaii.

PL 94-455: Tax Reform Act: included DKI amendment deleting the farm corporation accounting section (included "crop method" accounting). Worth \$25 million to Hawaiian sugar and pineapple companies in deferred taxes. Also included DKI amendment regarding "acquisition indebtedness" allowing Bishop Estate to develop residential land; worth \$1 million to Hawaii.

PL 95-479, DKI's S. 13, authorizing dependency and indemnity compensation for widows of veterans.

PL 94-484, Health Professions Educational Assistance Act: DKI amendment authorizes special project support for health manpower development in the Trust Territories.

[DKI first Chairman of the newly constituted Select Committee on Intelligence, May 1976]

[Hearings on Aloha Hawaiian Reparations bill]

[Decentralization speech delivered to Hawaii State Conference on Unemployment, Sept 3, 1976: DKI urges the State of Hawaii to develop & populate the Neighbor Islands and to decentralize the State Government.]

[Mailgram Service initiated in Hawaii]

[DKI chairs National Tourism Policy Study, 1976-1978]

[DKI elected as Secretary of the Democratic Conference]

1977 (95th Congress, First Session):

PL 95-82, Milcon Authorization bill for FY78, DKI amendment to authorize construction of a permanent \$3.3 million shoreside visitor facility at the USS ARIZONA memorial and to increase appropriations from \$2 million to \$3.3 million. Also includes \$55 million for military construction projects in Hawaii.

PL 95-91, Department of Energy Authorization bill, included DKI amendment requiring reports from the Secretary on foreign investments in US energy.

PL 95-93, DKI's S.858 "Native Hawaiian Manpower Act of 1977: included as amendment to HR 6138, Youth Employment and Demonstration Projects Act of 1977.

PL 95-97: Agriculture Appropriations bill for FY78: includes DKI amendment directing the Secretary to conduct a thorough study of Hawaii's fruit fly program.

PL 95-111, FY78 Defense Appropriations Bill included psychiatric nurses, nurse-midwives, and clinical psychologists for independent reimbursement under CHAMPUS

PL 95-113, Food and Agriculture Act: guarantees sugar payments of not less than 52.5% of parity or 13.5 cents per pound between 1977-79; changed the de la Garza amendment so that Hawaii would receive \$57 million for its 1977 crop.

PL 95-216, Social Security Financing Amendment of 1977: DKI provision whereby marriage of senior citizens will not reduce their eligibility for benefits.(S. 368)

PL 95-217, Clean Water Act of 1977 included a DKI amendment permitting waivers of secondary sewage requirements for such facilities as Sand Island; placed Trust Territories under jurisdiction of Act; saved Hawaii \$15.5 million in construction and operating costs.

1978 (95th Congress, Second Session):

PL 95-355, 2nd FY78 Supplemental: DKI amendment for \$2.9 million to expand the Rehabilitation Hospital of the Pacific in Honolulu and \$25 million for Guam to purchase the Memorial Center for the Marianas.

PL 95-374, FY79 Milcon Appropriations: \$44 million for Hawaii.

PL 95-382, DKI's S. 224, Internment Credit Bill signed 9-22, providing civil service retirement credit to Japanese Americans interned during World War II.

PL 95-419, DKI et al's Pacific-Asian American Heritage Week.

PL 95-431, FY 79 State, Justice, Commerce Appropriations: \$2.4 million for Pacific Tuna Development Foundation and \$52,000 for a new Federal Maritime Commission office in Honolulu.

PL 95-448, Agricultural Appropriations Bill for FY79: UH College of Tropical Agriculture eligible to receive s. 406 funds.

PL 95-457, FY79 Defense Appropriations Bill: included DKI amendments making nurse-midwives eligible for reimbursement under CHAMPUS and prohibiting DOD from using competitive rate program to and from Hawaii for one year.

PL 95-475, DKI's S. 2873, Amendments to the Intercoastal Shipping Act of 1933, regulating maritime common carriers in interstate commerce.

PL 95-480, FY79 Labor-HEW appropriations bill contained \$1.6 million--\$600,000 more than requested--for Kalaupapa leprosy program in Hawaii.

PL 95-482 [H.J.Res. 1139] FY79 Continuing Resolution:
\$5.5 million for Barbers Point Harbor
\$2.5 million for dredging Honolulu harbor
\$4.2 million Iao Stream Flood Control
\$230,000 Kahoma Stream Flood control
\$65,000 study: Maalaea Small Boat Harbor
\$50,000 study: Kikiaola Small Boat Harbor

PL 95-483, DKI's S. 2873, providing regulation of certain rates by certain state-owned carriers in US foreign commerce. Rate cutting by Soviets and others when bidding for US cargo would be curtailed.

PL 95-525, CETA Amendments of 1978: DKI amendment: Native Hawaiians eligible for special jobs and training funds, and other special Native American programs, under CETA

PL 95-625, Omnibus Parks Bill, included DKI amendment designating Kaloko-Honokohau National Park.

Private Law 95-20, authorizing the Secretary of Commerce to sell 2 obsolete vessels to Mid-Pacific Sea Harvesters, Inc.

Private Law 95-110, DKI's S. 337 for the relief of Miriama Jones.

Private Law 95-169, DKI's S. 2349, a belief for the relief of Margaret Perry.

[FmHA office to service Pacific area established in Hilo]

[DKI Commerce Committee resolution creates the Travel and Tourism Industry Advisory Council (TTIAC).]

[DKI becomes the only Member of Congress to receive the National Intelligence Distinguished Service Medal]

1979 (96th Congress, First Session):

PL 96-25, DKI's S. 199, Shipping Act of 1916 amendments, strengthening US ability to deal with illegal rebating by foreign carriers.

PL 96-69, FY80 Energy and Water Appropriations Bill: \$9.5 million for OTEC to enable completion of the Seacoast Testing Facility at Ke-ahole and support the mini-OTEC floating project.

PL 96-108, Agriculture Appropriations Bill for FY 1980: \$2.8 million (\$600,000 more than FY79) for S.406 tropical agriculture research.

PL 96-111, DKI's S. 1281, enabling the S.S. Independence to re-enter the U.S. domestic trade, [specifically, interisland trade in the State of Hawaii].

PL 96-125, FY80 Milcon Appropriations: \$33.53 million for projects in Hawaii.

PL 96-126, FY 80 Interior Appropriations Bill: provides \$7 million to purchase land for the new Kaloko-Honokohau Cultural Park on the Big Island.

PL 96-527, FY 80 Defense Appropriations: ban for another year on implementing the Competitive Rate Program in Hawaii and Alaska.

Private Law 96-20, DKI's bill S. 151 for the relief of Jerry W. Manandic and Ceferino W. Manandic.

[Honolulu office of the Federal Insurance Administration opened November 30, 1979]

[USDA begins neighbor island predeparture inspection, absorbing 1/2 cost at request of DKI]

[Establishment of the Hawaii Federal Judicial Selection Commission]

[World War II submarine BOWFIN transferred from Navy Reserve Fleet to the Pacific Fleet Submarine Memorial Association]

[DKI made Samoan High Talking Chief and presented with a resolution of thanks and symbols of his high office by the Samoan Legislature]

1980 (96th Congress, Second Session):

PL 96-221, Banking Bill: contains DKI exemption for non-mainland banks to protect Hawaii from sudden impact of required deposits in Federal Reserve System.

PL 96-294, Synthetic Fuels Bill (6/30/80), DKI amendment providing \$1.2 billion in assistance to ethanol producing plants, with priority to solar, biomass, and geothermal plants.

PL 96-317, DKI's S. 1647, Japanese Internment Study Commission.

PL 96-320, DKI's S. 2492, Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion [OTEC] Act of 1980 (8/3/80)

PL 96-362, DKI's S. 1650, National Aquaculture Act.

PL 96-374, Higher Education Amendments Act: included DKI's Native Hawaiian Education Act (first introduced by DKI in 79): establishing a commission to study the educational needs of Native Hawaiians; and DKI amendment granting Community Colleges in American Samoa and Micronesia federal land grant status.

PL 96-418, Milcon authorization bill for FY 1981: contained \$84.5 million renovation of Tripler Army Medical Center and authorization for Kahoolawe decontamination study to see if the island could be cleared of munitions and debris.

PL 96-436, Milcon Appropriations bill for FY81: contained \$130.7 million for projects in Hawaii, including Kahoolawe study.

PL 96-514, Interior Appropriations bill for FY 1981, included DKI amendments authorizing Kalaupapa National Historic Preserve / Native Hawaiian Claims Study Commission; FALLS OF CLYDE subsidy, US Fish & Wildlife Service Lab in Hilo kept open.

PL 96-528, Agriculture Appropriations for FY 1981:
included DKI's amendment providing \$3.8 million for the sterile fruitfly rearing facility at Waimanalo;
included a DKI amendment to preserve the plant material center on Molokai

PL 96-536, Continuing Resolution for FY 1981:
contained Labor-HHS-Education Appropriations Bill, including DKI's Pacific Basin Research and Training Center.
contained State, Justice, Commerce Appropriations bill for FY 1981: Honolulu National Weather Service Regional office saved by DKI.

PL 96-590, DKI's S. 3261, amended s. 222 of the Communications Act to include Hawaii as a point in domestic communications.

Private Law 96-100, DKI's bill S. 2849 for the relief of Charles Jeffrey Greene.

[Heen appointed interim judge]

[Deep Sea Cable approved at Carter's direction to Energy]

1981 (97th Congress, First Session):

PL 97-35, impact aid retained for Hawaii in Budget Act.

PL 97-63, DKI a cosponsor of the National Tourism Policy Act, which created an Undersecretary of Commerce for Travel and Tourism; created the United States Travel and Tourism Administration to succeed the U.S. Travel Service.

PL 97-92, Continuing Resolution for FY 1982:

contained Labor-HHS Appropriations bill for FY82: \$15 million in impact aid for Hawaii; Administration on Native Americans funded; Community Health Centers at Kaiser Hospital and Waianae funded; increased assistance to schools of public health.

included State-Justice-Commerce Appropriations for FY82: EWC +\$1.13 million, to a total of \$16.88 million; Hawaiian monk seal study, & seal pup capture/release; \$8.6 million for new USTTA; Kahului National Weather Service Station would remain open; \$2 million for development of national aquaculture development plan.

PL 97-98, 1981 Farm Bill: sugar title.

PL 97-101, FY82 NASA-HUD appropriations bill: housing project for staff and scientists at Mauna Kea Observatory funded.

PL 97-106, FY 82 Milcon Appropriations bill: \$89 million in projects for Hawaii.

Private Law 97-13, DKI's bill enabling the S.S. CONSTITUTION to re-enter the U.S. domestic trade [specifically, interisland trade in the state of Hawaii].

[FAA consolidation of regional offices (Pacific-Asia regional office in Honolulu with Western Regional in Seattle) suspended]

[DKI elected to GWU Board of Trustees for 3 year term]

[EPA continues support for Hawaii Pesticides Health Assessment Project]

1982 (97th Congress, Second Session):

PL 97-172, DKI's S.J.Res. 67, establishing "National Nurse-Midwifery Week.

PL 97-248, The Miscellaneous Revenues Act of 1981, included a DKI amendment to make American Samoans eligible for aid to dependent children, elderly and disabled, and Medicaid.

PL 97-251, CHAMPVA / Veterans Administration reauthorization: contained DKI amendment to provide increased federal health coverage for military retirees.

PL 97-272, FY83 NASA-HUD appropriations: \$1.8 million for Mauna Kea Infrared Telescope and directs transfer of telescope to NSF in 1984.

PL 97-323: DeRussy rider strengthened by DKI amendment to FY83 Milcon Appropriation bill. \$4.1 million approved for Aliamanu Military Reservation community center.

PL 97-370, FY83 Agriculture Appropriation: \$7 million for heptachlor losses in Hawaii. Mandatory start of 20 new PL 566 watersheds, leading to construction of Waimanalo and Honolulu watershed projects in Hawaii.

PL 97-377, FY83 CR: DKI amendment: \$500,00 to promote foreign travel to Hawaii.

PL 97-453, included DKI's S. 2401, reauthorizing the Central, Western, and South Pacific Fisheries Development Act.

PL 97-473, ERISA bill: included DKI amendment to exempt Hawaii's prepaid Health Care Act from Federal preemption.

[Rehabilitation Research and Training Center for handicapped residents of the Pacific Basin announced]

1983 (98th Congress, First Session):

PL 98-24, 4/26/83: included DKI bill S. 168 including Native Hawaiians within a group of underserved populations for the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse and Alcohol Prevention, Treatment and Rehabilitation Act of 1970.

PL 98-45, FY84 HUD-Independent Agencies Appropriations: \$2 million for Mauna Kea Infrared Telescope.

PL 98-50, FY84 Energy and Water Appropriations: \$8 million for OTEC; \$5 million for deep-water cable; \$20 million for water projects, including Barbers Point Deep Draft Harbor, Paauau Stream Flood Control, Kahului harbor, and South Kohala.

PL 98-63, FY83 supplemental:

\$4 million for solar energy on Molokai: Small Community Solar Thermal Project;

DKI amendment 1390, prohibiting the expenditure of funds to relocate the Hawaii State office of the Farmers Home Administration from Hilo to Honolulu;

DKI amendment 1399, to ensure that funds for the Commission on Wartime Relocation and Internment of Civilians shall be available until September 30, 1983.

PL 98-77, Emergency Veterans Job Training Act, included \$12 million proposed by DKI for military housing in Hawaii.

PL 98-94, 9/24/83: DOD Authorization for FY 1984, included S. 161, DKI's bill providing that reimbursements may be made to providers of medical services under the CHAMPUS program in accordance with medicare reimbursement principles, and S. 162, authorizing the Secretary of Defense to conduct studies and demonstration projects to develop incentives for economy in administration of the civilian and medical programs of the uniformed services while maintaining or improving the quality of care available under such programs.

PL 98-116, FY 84 Milcon appropriations: \$91 million for projects in Hawaii.

PL 98-139, FY84 Labor-HHS appropriations: Central Oahu a separate school district for computing impact aid; increase of \$500,000 for leprosy program in Hawaii; directed assisted for Native Hawaiians, despite Administration efforts to abandon off-reservation Native Americans; establishment of Pacific Basin Educational Laboratory.

PL 98-151, Continuing Resolution for FY 1984:

included FY84 agricultural appropriations: \$1.8 million to cover losses of Hawaiian dairy farmers due to heptachlor contamination (in addition to the \$7 million appropriated in FY 83); language mandating continued inspection of interlining baggage on the neighbor islands; funds for plant material center on Molokai, aquaculture and sugarland research; funds for maintaining an ACS office in Hawaii; \$700,000 for feeds research by the Oceanic Institute.

included DKI amendment 2480, accepted as Matsunaga-Inouye amendment 2592 to HJRes 413, prohibiting the GSA from using appropriated funds to sell or transfer the Hickam Air Force Base Administrative Annex to anyone other than the state of Hawaii for airport development purposes. [Eventually withdrawn when the GSA agreed to transfer the parcel to the state at no cost].

PL 98-166, FY84 State Justice Commerce Appropriations: 4 weather-data buoys; study of El Nino weather conditions in the Pacific; continued funding for monk seal research; HURL.

PL 98-180, Tobacco and Dairy Price Support bill; DKI cosponsored an amendment exempting Hawaii from dairy surcharges and milk promotion assessment.

PL 98-213; the Omnibus Territories Authorization Bill, included DKI's S. 207, authorizing the Army Corps of Engineers to work with the Governments of the Trust Territories and the Northern Marianas to study and draft plans for developing the territories' water resources.

S.Res. 18, DKI's resolution disapproving Reagan's proposed deferral of \$7 million for the Dairy Indemnity Program and Hawaiian farmers affected by the heptachlor contamination: Passed the Senate March 10 1983.

1984 (98th Congress, Second Session):

PL 98-232, Inouye et al, 3/14/84: A joint Resolution to proclaim the month of March 1984 as National Social Work Month.

PL 98-237, DKI cosponsor of the Shipping Act of 1984, which overhauled for the first time in 70 years the laws governing international liner shipping.

PL 98-332, Agricultural Supplemental 1984, DKI amendment 2853 reducing funds for assistance to El Salvador to \$61.75 million.

PL 98-360, FY85 Energy and Water Appropriations: \$5.5 for OTEC; \$12.2 for wind turbines; \$0.8 million for deep sea cable; \$12 million for Barbers Point.

PL 98-369, 7/18/84: Deficit Reduction Act, included DKI bill S. 166, amending the Social Security Act to provide that services furnished by clinical psychologists shall be reimbursable under Medicare when furnished by a health maintenance organization to a member of that HMO.

PL 98-383, Inouye et al, 8/17/84: A joint resolution designating August 21, 1984, as Hawaii Statehood Silver Jubilee Day.

PL 98-396, 8/22/84: FY 1984 Second Supplemental:
included S. 171, DKI's Native Hawaiian and Native American Pacific Islanders Health Care Needs Act.
included DKI-Rudman amendment prohibiting the implementation of the FCC's proposed 12/12/12 station ownership rule.

PL 98-411, FY85 State Justice Commerce Appropriations Bill, Honolulu to be one of six new National Ocean Service Centers; \$3.2 million for El Nino Study; weather buoys; HURL; fisheries habitat research; monk seal research; subarctic bloom; full-time continued weather satellite field service station;

PL 98-461, Continuing Resolution for FY 1985:

contained FY85 Labor-HHS appropriations: \$5 million for training Pacific health professionals in Samoa and Trust Territories by UH.

contained FY 85 Milcon appropriations: \$240 million for projects in Hawaii.

contained FY 85 Agriculture Appropriations: funds for alternate sugarland research, EDB replacement, sugarcane biotechnology research, tropical/subtropical research, aquaculture; Oceanic Institute research into gulf shrimp and animal feeds; extension and nutrition services; ACS office in Hawaii; germplasm repositories on Molokai; report language underscoring fact that APHIS has taken over interlining baggage from neighbor islands and will maintain this service.

contained FY85 Treasury-Postal Service Appropriations, including DKI's Federal Drug Enforcement Task Force.

contained DKI amendment mandating the study of mainland milk purchases by the military in Hawaii.

included S. 1527, DKI's bill to provide parity for psychiatrists and psychologists under title 18, USC.

included Interior Appropriations bill for FY 1985 & DKI amendment appropriating \$4.4 million to begin acquisition of private land for Upper Hakalau Forest wildlife park.

PL 98-466, Inouye et al, 10/11/84: S. 197, a bill directing the Secretary of Transportation to conduct an independent study to determine the adequacy of certain industry practice and FAA rules [Cabin Air Quality Bill]

PL 98-480, Library Services and Construction Act Amendments, DKI amendment specifying that 25 percent of the Indian set-aside is reserved for a separate grant program of library services and construction for Native Hawaiians. (\$590,000)

PL 98-511, 10-19-84, Education Amendments Act, included DKI bill S. 164, making scholarships available to provide clinical psychologists for Indians.

PL 98-524, Carl D. Perkins Vocational Education Bill: Native Hawaiians are deemed eligible for 0.25 percent of the funds available under the Act (\$2 million).

PL 98-525, the DOD authorization bill for FY 1985:

included S. 202, DKI's bill granting eligibility for retired pay to certain reservists who did not perform active duty before August 16, 1945.

included S. 157, DKI's bill providing vision care services under CHAMPUS.

PL 98-527, Developmental Disabilities Act of 1984: DKI amendment specifying that Native Hawaiians are a target population for the National Significance/Special Project Grant Program.

PL 98-528, included S. 155, DKI's bill providing special incentive pay to VA psychologists who obtain board certification in a professional specialty.

PL 98-555, 10-30-84, Preventative Health Amendments Act, included S. 163, DKI bill entitled the Emergency Child Health Services Act.

PL 98-573, DKI amendment 4263 to HR 3398, the Omnibus Trade Bill, authorizing the collection of data on international trade in services.

PL 98-619, Labor-HHS-Education Appropriations Act for FY 1985: included DKI amendment 4387 to provide a grant to the UH for developing a project to train and provide appropriate health professionals for American Samoa and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

included funds for Native Hawaiian Maternal and Health Care Centers; Kalaupapa; and a set aside for colleges serving native American Pacific Islanders.

S. Res. 369: the Senate Flag Resolution, adopted 9/7/84.

1985 (99th Congress, First Session):

PL 99-88, Supplemental Appropriations for FY 85: DKI amendment urging FAA to discuss 50/50 cost sharing with State led FAA to agree to fund half, or \$2.5 million, for new air traffic control tower at Kahului, Maui; \$1.2 million for purchase of DEA helicopter; \$2 million for 4 demonstration projects to provide Emergency Medical Services for children.

PL 99-119, DKI's S. 84, granting a federal charter to the Pearl Harbor Survivors Association.

PL 99-129, the Health Profession Training Assistance Act of 1985, included DKI's S. 181, a bill permitting educational institutions with graduate programs in psychology to apply for grants and contracts to provide educational assistance to individuals from disadvantaged backgrounds.

PL 99-141, Energy and Water Appropriations for FY 1986: \$5 million for OTEC; \$9.5 million for mod-5B wind turbine at Kahuku; \$500,000 for Hawaii biofuels project; \$2.2 million for Hawaii water projects.

PL 99-145, DOD authorization bill for FY 1986, included DKI's S. 151, establishing professional qualifications for clinical psychologists furnishing care to members of the uniformed services or their dependents.

PL 99-173, Milcon Appropriations for FY86: \$88 million in projects for Hawaii.

PL 99-178, Labor-HHS appropriations bill for FY 1986, \$3.3 million for Hansen's Disease program at Kalaupapa; \$13 million in impact aid for Hawaii; \$250,000 in Vocational education funds for Alu Like; \$1.5 million for Pacific Basin health promotion and disease prevention centers.

PL 99-180, State-Justice-Commerce Appropriations for FY 1986: \$1.4 million for HURL; \$1.4 million for asbestos removal at East-West Center (in addition to an annual appropriation of \$19.6 million); \$3.2 for El Nino study.

PL 99-184, Continuing Resolution for FY 1986:

included Agriculture Appropriations for FY 1986: \$1.9 million to complete the sterile fruitfly rearing facility at Waimanalo [original funding provided by DKI in FY 1981]; \$640,000 for biogenetic controls of fruitflies; \$150,000 in planning funds for an aquaculture research center in Hawaii; \$3.25 million for tropical/ subtropical research; \$150,000 for alternative sugarland research at UH.

✓ included Interior Appropriations for FY 1986: \$6 million to complete acquisition of private land for Upper Hakalau Forest wildlife sanctuary.

[PL 99-198, 1985 Farm Bill: DKI managed floor time in opposition to Bradley-Gorton sugar amendment; DKI motion to table Bradley-Gorton amendment succeeded 60-32.]

1986 (99th Congress, Second Session):

PL 99-251, Federal Employees Health Benefit Act Amendments, included DKI's S. 60, authorizing the direct reimbursement of clinical social workers and increasing federal employee access to clinical social workers.

PL 99-272, Budget Reconciliation, included DKI's S. 755, regarding parents of airline employees being treated as employees in applying fringe benefit rules.

PL 99-349, Urgent Supplemental Appropriations bill for FY 1986, --contained Inouye amendment 2034 providing an additional \$2 million for the Health Resources and Services Administration to carry out Emergency Medical Services for Children; --10.2 million for MOD-5B wind turbine; --\$1.4 million: advanced OTEC research; --\$2 million set-aside for Hawaii as part of the \$ 146 million Pell grant program (higher education financial assistance).

PL 99-498, the Higher Education Act Amendments, included DKI amendment authorizing a \$1 million planning grant for a Native Hawaiian Art and Culture Institute and approximately \$5 million in set-asides for Native Hawaiians.

PL 99-500, H.J.Res. 738, Continuing Resolution for FY 1987

H-3: Inouye amendment 2886 [see also DKI bills S. 1796 & S. 2467 and the deadline extension bills S. 2880 & 2900] to exempt the H-3 Freeway from Section 4-f of the Federal Highway Act, under which a court ruling has blocked completion of the \$716 million project.

Fort DeRussy: Inouye amendment permits the Secretary of the Army to sell the mauka 45 acres of Fort DeRussy after August 1, 1987, and after 60 days notice to Congress. The makai 26 acres consisting of the beachfront recreation center, Hale Koa Hotel and U.S. Army Hawaii Museum would remain under federal control.

S. 179, DKI's bill allowing psychologists and psychiatrists to serve on the District of Columbia's eight-member Commission on Mental Health.

\$158+ million in FY 1987 appropriations for Hawaii:

Military Construction: (\$74 million)

U.S. ARMY

--Wheeler Army Air Field flight simulator building, \$2.9 million.

U.S. NAVY, PEARL HARBOR

--Public Works Center water distribution system improvements, \$3.4 million.

--Naval Supply Center cold storage facility, \$11.8 million.

--Occupational health clinic, \$9.7 million.

--Naval Station SEAL Team training and support building, \$3.2 million.

KANEOHE MARINE CORPS AIR STATION

--Company and battery operations center, \$9.1 million.

--Modernization of bachelor enlisted quarters, \$8.8 million.

--Tactical support van pads, \$8.8 million.

--Flight line security improvements, \$2.5 million.

BARKING SANDS (KAUAI) PACIFIC MISSILE RANGE

--Aircraft maintenance hangar and support facilities, \$5.9 million.

--Intermediate ballistic missile launch complex, \$2.8 million

--Range operations center addition, \$2.3 million.

LUALUALEI NAVAL MAGAZINE missile maintenance facility, \$2.8 million.

--PEACESAT channels secured for Hawaii and Pacific Basin

Education (\$42.5 million)

--Impact Aid funds estimated at \$20 million, a substantial increase over the current level of \$11 million.

--The East-West Center will receive \$20 million in FY 1987.

--\$2.5 million set-aside for Native Hawaiian education.

Energy Research (\$12.8 million)

- \$4.5 million for the completion of the 3.2 megawatt MOD 5-B large-scale wind turbine construction at Kahuku by Boeing Co. under a federal contract.
- \$3.7 million for the Hawaii Deep Water Cable Project, which is working towards the inter-island transmission of electrical energy.
- \$2 million to continue work on the open-cycle OTEC project sponsored by the Pacific International Center for High Technology Research.
- \$1.2 million for the hydrogen fuel research by the Hawaii Natural Energy Institute.
- \$500,000 to continue biofuels energy program at the Hawaii Natural Energy Institute.
- \$4.6 million was made available to establish five food irradiation facilities, one of them in Hawaii.

Water Development (\$9.8 million)

- \$6.5 million for the Kahoma Stream (Maui) Flood Control project.
- \$1.7 million for maintenance work at Nawiliwili Harbor on Kauai.
- \$1.5 million to construct a boat ramp and breakwall at Laupahoehoe Point, near Hilo.
- \$130,000 to begin a flood study along Keopu-Hienaloli Stream, near Kailua-Kona, and \$117,000 for a study of the South Kohala Water Supply System.

Park and Wildlife Projects (\$5.9 million)

- \$3 million for the expansion of the Hakalau National Wildlife refuge on the Big Island through the acquisition of land currently owned by the Nature Conservancy. This native rainforest is home to koa and ohia trees and seven endangered species of birds.
- \$1 million for land acquisition to expand the Haleakala National Park on Maui by purchase of the Seven Pools area in Kipahulu.
- \$1 million for fencing at the Haleakala National Park to protect its natural habitat.
- \$900,000 for the construction of a visitor center at Kilauea Wildlife Refuge on Kauai, to enable better enjoyment of the popular Hawaiian sea bird refuge.

Health Improvement (\$6.2 million)

- A statewide program of health care for expectant mothers and infants of native Hawaiian ancestry would be launched with a \$1 million appropriation. It is intended to help reduce the high rate of infant mortality and health problems suffered by native Hawaiians. The funds would be matched by private and State funds for an Islandwide network of centers eventually serving 15,400 children and expectant mothers.

- \$1.5 million to improve the extremely poor health conditions in the Pacific Islands, which suffer health staff shortages and inadequate health facilities. Under this program the University of Hawaii School of Medicine is expected to increase its role in the training of Micronesian medical and health personnel.
- \$3.3 million for the Hansen's Disease program in Hawaii, which includes operation of the Kalaupapa Settlement. The Administration had proposed a budget of \$2.5 million.
- \$400,000 for drug education targeted at Native Hawaiians.
- Establishment of a demonstration project by the Office of Human Development Services to improve the health and social services for Samoans living in Hawaii and the Mainland.

Marine Research (\$1.5 million)

- The Hawaii Undersea Research Lab, located at Makapuu on Oahu, would receive \$1.4 million in funding. The Lab operates submersible diving vessels for scientific surveys and exploration, such as the study of the environmental impact of manganese crust mining.
- Also, \$3 million was provided for the U.S. to participate in a 10-year international study of the El Nino weather phenomenon. The University of Hawaii is the center of Pacific Ocean research for this project, which includes Hawaii-based studies of ocean level variations.

Agriculture (\$5 million)

- Four national aquaculture centers, including one in Hawaii, would be established under a \$3 million program to coordinate aquaculture research and development.
- Research into alternatives to the use of the chemical ethylene dibromide (EDB) for treatment of food in Hawaii would receive \$285,000.
- The Animal Damage Control program in Hawaii for control of rats in sugarcane and macadamia nut fields would receive \$240,000.
- Scientific research funds of \$142,000 for alternative use of land now used for sugar cultivation in Hawaii.
- Funds of \$152,000 are allotted for the development of multi-cropping strategies for aquaculture in Hawaii.
- \$99,000 is earmarked for operating an Agricultural Cooperative Service field office in Hawaii.
- Gulf Shrimp research project (the Oceanic Institute is a participant): \$1.7 million
- the U.S. Farmers Home Administration is prohibited from moving its Hawaii State Office from Hilo to Honolulu.
- \$3.091 million for tropical/subtropical research in the Caribbean (Florida) and the Pacific (UH).
- \$2.94 million for pest management research and \$2 million for pesticide impact assessment nationwide, including UH.

Law Enforcement (\$444,000)

- U.S. Customs inspectors at Honolulu Airport would be increased with \$300,000 to reduce the long delays in clearing arriving international passengers.

--A U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration full-time office would be opened on the Island of Hawaii, under a \$144,000 appropriation, to assist in marijuana eradication efforts.

Economic Development

--The Counties of Hawaii, Maui and Kauai would be eligible for the Urban Development Action Grants (UDAG) Program, which supports development projects in economically distressed communities. Currently the islands do not qualify for this program because, as county governments, they do not meet the program definition of "urban" areas.

Additional DKI provisions contained in the CR:

\$18 million DOD dental program

\$15.3 million for the DOD's child abuse and family violence program.

Reorganization of DOD's health care and contracting out.

\$5 million for geriatric health care

\$70 million for registered nurses

\$500,000 for the University of Guam

\$2 million for the territorial teacher training program.

S. Res. 495, Princess Bernice Pauahi Bishop Resolution, agreed to in the Senate October 8, 1986.

PL 99-564, DKI's S. 2320, the Hawaii Volcanoes National Park land transfer bill [10-27-86].

PL 99-557, DKI's S.J.Res. 42, changing the Hawaiian Homes blood quantum law [10-27-86].

PL 99-661, DOD authorization act for FY 1987, included DKI's amendment 2352 providing for a transfer of land at Aiea from the Navy to the Postal Service [11-14-86].

PL 99-570, the Anti Drug Act of 1986, included a \$400,000 set aside for drug education targeted at Native Hawaiians and \$7 million for drug interdiction helicopters in Hawaii [10-27-86].

PL 99-646, the Comprehensive Crime Control Act Amendments, included DKI's language granting clinical psychologists complete parity with physicians in the Federal Criminal Code [11-10-86].

PL 99-660, the State Comprehensive Mental Health Services Plan Act of 1986, included DKI's S. 87, a bill specifying that HMOs may provide the services of psychologists [11-14-86].

PL 99-659, the NOAA Marine Fisheries Program Authorization Act, included DKI's S. 153, reauthorizing the Central, Western, and South Pacific Fisheries Development Act through FY 1988 [11-14-86].

[DKI testified 4-15-86 on behalf of S. 830, the Melcher-Inouye bill to study the problem of diabetes among Native Hawaiians.]

[DKI chaired Indian Affairs Committee hearing 5-7-86 on S. 2243 DKI's Native Hawaiian Health bill.]

[DKI chaired and testified at Indian Affairs Committee hearing 6-12-86 regarding S. 121 and S. 134, DKI's Native Hawaiian Education bills; see also S. 2896, the Kamehameha Schools GNT demonstration project bill introduced 9-30-86]

[GSA agreed to sell Piers 39 and 40 to the State of Hawaii for \$2.75 million; September 10, 1986]

[NAS released its study 8-13-86 on cabin air quality as required by DKI's PL 98-466; Commerce Committee held hearings 9-19-86].

[DKI received Outstanding American Award at the 1st celebration of Ethnic American Day, September 21, 1986, Washington D.C.]

[DKI received the CIA's highest award, the Agency Seal Medallion, September 30, 1986]

1981 - 1987

M E M O R A N D U M

TO: Governor Waihee

DATE: July 7, 1987

FROM: Senator Inouye

Following is a review of the major federal legislation, including appropriations measures, which have benefitted the State of Hawaii over the past six years. This review also includes current legislative efforts by the delegation. You will notice that this memorandum is divided into two parts: legislation benefitting the State of Hawaii in general, and legislation specifically assisting Native Hawaiians.

I. LEGISLATION BENEFITTING THE STATE

AGRICULTURE ASSISTANCE

Sugar. Without protection from subsidized foreign imports, Hawaii's largest agricultural industry would be driven out of business. In 1981 we succeeded in enacting legislation that added sugar to the list of farm crops protected with a minimum domestic price support level.

The Farm Act was renewed in 1985, with sugar included at a protected price of 18 cents per pound for the next five years. In 1981, 1982 and 1985, I and other sugar supporters successfully defeated amendments by Congressional opponents of the domestic sugar industry. The 1985 sugar program also included a no cost provision which ensures that the Administration runs the program as intended by Congress.

In addition, I helped gain appropriations amounting to \$3 million for research by the University of Hawaii and sugar growers into methods of improving sugarcane stock and yields, and to study possible alternative uses for land formerly planted in sugarcane.

Animal Crop Damage I established a position in Hawaii to control birds at airports and rat damage to sugarcane and macadamia nut fields (\$240,000 in FY 1987 for HSPA).

Fruitfly eradication. Hawaii's unfortunate infestation by four varieties of fruitfly pests has been a major obstacle

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to the increased export of Hawaii-grown fruits and other produce to the Mainland and abroad. A Waimanalo facility for the production of sterile fruitflies to combat this infestation was funded under a \$5.7 million appropriation.

A proposal to use aerial spraying of malathion against Hawaii fruitflies was successfully opposed. We appropriated \$1.1 million for scientific research into other solutions to Hawaii's fruitfly problem.

Alternatives to the chemical EDB for fumigating export-bound Hawaii produce are to be researched and developed appropriations totalling \$900,000 between FY85 and FY87. Furthermore, I have worked to gain appropriations of \$1.4 million in Fiscal Years 1987-88 for a tri-fly eradication pilot experiment on Kauai using sterile male fruit flies, thus creating a "free zone."

Milk problem. Hawaii dairy farmers and milk processors were reimbursed for financial losses incurred in 1982, when heptachlor-tainted pineapple tops were used as feed. By Congressional action a total of \$8.8 million was reimbursed under the Dairy Indemnity Program.

I also helped maintain federal funds for the Pesticide Hazard Assessment Project at the University of Hawaii, which researches and tests for the presence of contaminants in food. This program was to be phased out by the Reagan Administration to save money.

Watershed development. The long-delayed \$5 million Honolulu Watershed project on Maui and \$6.1 million Waimanalo Watershed on Oahu will proceed with federal funds. These funds were withheld by the Reagan Administration for cost-saving reasons, but I helped enact legislation in 1984 to force the release of the appropriated funds.

Federal offices. The Farmers Home Administration was prevented from moving its Hawaii State office from Hilo to Honolulu under an amendment I authored in 1983, which has been reaffirmed annually.

The U.S. Agricultural Cooperative Service was directed in 1982 to open a Hawaii field office. Appropriations bills since then have earmarked from \$99,000 to \$139,000 per year for operations.

International research. The University of Hawaii is a world leader in tropical agricultural research. Federal support,

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through research grants and other assistance, was raised from \$2.8 million in 1982 to \$4 million in 1987.

Labor. In May of 1987, the Office of Safety and Health promulgated regulations mandating that running water and toilet facilities be installed in all farming operations which employ eleven or more employees. The agriculture plantations in Hawaii already provide its workers with running water, as required by state regulations. In light of the large size of many of the plantations, the cost of installing toilet facilities every quarter of a mile is prohibitive for some of the industries that operate on a slim profit margin.

The promulgated regulations were intended to protect the migrant laborer who lacks medical insurance coverage. However, in light of the excellent benefits afforded to Hawaii's agricultural workers through collective bargaining, the ILWU is also opposed to such a mandate, believing that it will jeopardize its collective bargaining position. Accordingly, I have offered my assistance to the various industries in their efforts to obtain a variance from the regulations -- through either the federal or state process.

EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT

Total Funding In Fiscal Year 1986, Hawaii received a total of \$67.5 in education funds. Some of the major programs sustained by the funds are listed below:

Chapter I of the Education Consolidation and Improvement Act
For the year ending June 30, 1987, Hawaii received \$10.9 million in Chapter I funds. The percentage of eligible students served in Hawaii is among the highest in the nation. Similar amounts could be available in FY 1988. I have also cosponsored legislation that could make available to Hawaii an additional \$500,000 to \$1 million in Chapter I funds under the Trade Bill.

Work Study and Pell Grants

The Administration has recommended elimination of these programs which last year delivered over \$2 million dollars in student aid to Hawaii's students. I am cosponsoring legislation this year to maintain these programs.

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Bilingual Education

Hawaii received \$1.6 million to support bilingual education programs in FY 1986. I am now working on legislation to reauthorize the program.

Programs for Handicapped Preschool and School-Aged Children

In FY 1986, Hawaii received \$3,187,328 for educational programs directed toward handicapped children.

Vocational Education and Vocational Rehabilitation Programs

In FY 1986, Hawaii received \$4.9 million in Vocational Education funds for vocational, consumer and homemaking education, and \$3.9 million for Vocational Rehabilitation programs. I am cosponsoring legislation to continue these programs, which the Administration has proposed to terminate.

More Impact Aid. The federal Impact Aid law was amended in 1984 to qualify Central Oahu as a separate school district for purposes of Impact Aid funding. Starting in Fiscal Year 1987, the amount of impact aid annually received by Hawaii has almost doubled, reaching \$19 million. Hawaii is the only state to qualify for this special funding, because of our unique statewide school district and high numbers of federal dependents.

The East-West Center. A quiet success story of U.S. foreign policy is the East-West Center, which helps train leaders of Asian and Pacific nations and provides a forum for Asian-Pacific problem-solving. The Center is subsidized by foreign contributions and the U.S. government, which raised its annual funding from \$15.7 million in 1982 to \$20 million in 1987. At my request, special funds of \$1.4 million to remove asbestos from several East-West Center dormitories were appropriated in 1985.

Maui County. Students on Molokai and Lanai will benefit from two-way television courses offered by Maui Community College. A federal grant of \$356,545 to the College was obtained with my assistance for the construction of a microwave transmitter in Kahului and receivers on Molokai and Lanai.

Maui Community College in 1981 received other federal communications grants for a 10-meter satellite receiving dish and related computer equipment. This enables the college to broadcast instructional television programs on the island of Maui.

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Kauai grant. The Kauai Community College received grants amounting to \$870,500 to help develop courses in Hawaiian and Pacific Islands studies. The federal funds came from a special program to assist native American studies in higher education.

Family Planning In FY 1987, Hawaii received \$735,558 to support family planning programs and provide assistance to pregnant women. In FY 1988, \$780,912 will be available.

Trade and Development Training The Trade and Development Program, under AID, is organizing a Training for Trade and Development Conference to be held next March in Honolulu. The budget for the Conference will be between \$200,000 and \$300,000. The East-West Center, the Economic Development Corporation of Honolulu, and the University of Hawaii's community colleges will play important roles in the conference. I am working with TDP to increase the trade and development funds available to Hawaii.

American Samoans. I am currently working toward the inclusion of approximately \$2 million for American Samoan job training programs in the labor appropriations for fiscal year 1988. The State Department of Labor would be expected to take the lead in developing inovative projects for American Samoans in Hawaii.

IMPROVING HEALTH

Pacific Islands. The U.S. has been trustee of the Pacific Islands since World War II, but our neglect of this region has allowed serious health problems to develop. An appropriation of \$2.5 million for FY 1987 will establish a training program at the University of Hawaii's John A. Burns School of Medicine for the training of 75 medical officers for Micronesia and American Samoa, which face severe shortages of health personnel. This amount will pay for the first three years of the nine-year, \$10 million program. It is expected that additional funds will be made available during the forthcoming deliberations on the FY'88 Appropriations bill, perhaps fully funding the medical officer project so that program continuity can be assured. \$5 million of construction funds will also be authorized so that all of the medical school's Pacific Basin health care programs can be centralized.

A research and training center to assist Pacific Islanders has been opened at Hawaii's Rehabilitation Hospital of the Pacific under a 1983 appropriation of \$750,000. I am

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working to maintain this level of federal support. Since its inception the budget has remained at that level each year. During the forthcoming deliberations on the FY'88 Appropriations bill, an effort will be made to add an additional \$500,000 so that a new Native Hawaiian hearing loss evaluation project can be started. The Kamehameha Schools recently reported that over 60% of all Native Hawaiian four-year-olds tested failed their hearing examination.

The possibility of opening an international center in Hawaii for Pacific Basin region health problems is currently under federal study. It would be financed by a \$1.5 million allotment for disease prevention centers which I included in the FY 1986 budget and each year since. The Health Promotion and Disease Prevention Center at the University of Hawaii School of Public Health has recently received formal recognition and designation from the Department of Health and Human Services and the World Health Organization -- federal financial support is being provided for the Center which has taken the lead in prioritizing a number of projects for the Pacific Basin under an additional special \$1.5 million initiative that was begun last year. The University of Hawaii will also this year be receiving support from the Department of Health and Human Services to establish a special Gerontology Center and is expected to be successful in its efforts to establish a special Native Hawaiian Mental Health Research and Training Center.

Child services. Accidents comprise one of the leading causes of death for children. In 1985 I led the appropriation of \$2 million for special training of emergency room staff in child accidents and disease. Four demonstration centers will be opened under this program. It is expected that Hawaii will receive a grant from the second funding cycle and that the State will thereby participate in the establishment of a network of regional pediatric-EMS centers.

Health education. Reversing planned 1985 budget cuts, I helped restore funds of \$2.4 billion for 1985-88 for the National Institutes of Health and other federal programs that provide health training, research and services, and study grants.

Minority graduate students studying psychology became eligible for financial aid under the Indian Health Manpower Program and also the U.S. Public Health Service's Disadvantaged Assistance Program, as a result of measures I sponsored. The Department of Psychology at the University

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of Hawaii has been receiving "minority access" training support funds under this initiative, and further recently had a new "health psychology" training track supported from the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute.

Hansen's Disease. The incidence of Hansen's Disease among foreign immigrants makes it important for Hawaii to maintain a leprosy program. In 1985 the Hansen's Disease program in Hawaii became entirely funded by the federal government at a cost of \$3.3 million. Also, I sponsored legislation enacted in 1985 that expands this program to cover outpatient, as well as inpatient, services for leprosy patients.

Prepaid health. The Hawaii Prepaid Health Care Act was protected from elimination by the federal government in 1982, under legislation exempting Hawaii from the mandatory provisions of the Employment Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA).

STRONGER MILITARY

Defense spending. Hawaii ranks among the top states in its share of military spending, which in 1986 amounted to more than \$2 billion from expenditures of Appropriated Funds of the Armed Services in Hawaii. Additional expenditures from non-appropriated funds during 1986 amounted to \$298 million.

Tripler renovation. When its renovation is completed in 1990, Tripler Army Medical Center will be the second largest Army hospital in the nation. Tripler serves as a military medical center for the Pacific and Indian Oceans. At a cost of \$106 million to erect three new hospital wings plus \$115 million to renovate its main building, this is one of the largest construction projects in Hawaii.

Military veterans will benefit from new Veterans Administration programs and services planned for the newly renovated Tripler Center.

Military Construction The FY 1988 Military Construction budget for Hawaii is currently \$186 million. The current program calls for new family housing, and an upgrade of many military facilities throughout Hawaii. Hawaii remains one of the largest recipients of military construction programs.

Military families. The constant stress and demands on military families led to my proposal in 1980 to launch family counseling and child abuse programs for military families. Adopted by the military and funded by Congress,

MEMORANDUM

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these programs now receive \$12 million annually and serve all services, including the Coast Guard.

Alternative health care. Legislation I authored has been enacted to give CHAMPUS beneficiaries direct access to the services of certified nurse midwives, nurse practitioners and clinical specialists, and clinical social workers. Hawaii will become one of the six demonstration states under the new CHAMPUS health care initiative (Project IMPRINT). Under this program dependent health care expenditures will be "managed" by one contractor rather than continuing to rely upon the traditional "fee-for-service" approach.

Veterans. A federal charter for the Pearl Harbor Survivors Association was approved in 1985, under legislation I authored.

Pacific bases. I led the appropriation of funds in 1983 for the U.S. Navy to obtain a 50-year lease for areas in the Northern Marianas (Saipan and Tinian) as possible sites of new military bases, in case our existing bases in the Philippines are jeopardized.

Veterans Health Care. Hawaii has a higher ratio of veterans, per capita, than any other state. However, we are one of two states currently without a Veterans Hospital. All that is available is an out-patient clinic. Accordingly, in April of 1987 the Veterans Administration established a Task force to study and ultimately recommend a plan to remedy the desperate lack of health care services for Hawaii's veterans. The Task Force will be presenting its plan to the Veterans Administration in July. At this occurrence, the Hawaii delegation will be better able to devise a strategy to secure federal funding, whether it be for a free standing hospital or for a combination of existing facilities. In the interim, I am working to obtain appropriations for a traveling medical team which would be stationed at either Maui Memorial or Hilo Hospital, to serve the immediate health care needs of the neighbor island veterans.

SCIENTIFIC ADVANCES

Aquaculture. Several Hawaii aquaculture projects receive grants from the national aquaculture program, which was funded with \$8 million from 1981-85. National aquaculture policy is now consolidated at the U.S. Department of Agriculture instead of fragmented throughout several agencies.

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Among the Hawaii projects funded were: \$1.5 million for shrimp research at the Oceanic Institute; and \$150,000 to assist the planning of a regional center for aquaculture research. The center in Hawaii--one of four in the nation-- would focus on tropical marine research. In fiscal year 1987, each center received about \$750,000 for related projects. Federal funds through research grants and programs to develop Hawaii's aquaculture technology are estimated at approximately \$2 million in fiscal year 1987. In fiscal year 1988, I am currently working to obtain \$850,000 for the Oceanic Institute's Center for Applied Aquaculture Research with the projected goal of approximately \$9 million over the course of 3 years for the completion of the Center.

Center for Ocean Resource Science and Technology. The University of Hawaii has sought assistance to secure approximately \$20 million in federal funds for a research facility to study ocean science and technology. These federal funds, in addition to the matching state funds of about \$20 million, will total \$40 million+ for this new research center at the University of Hawaii-Manoa campus. I am currently working to appropriate about \$5 million in fiscal year 1988 for the planning and development of such a center. It is anticipated that the remainder -- \$15 million -- will be appropriated in the next two fiscal years.

Ocean research. The Hawaii Undersea Research Lab received federal funds for the operation of a submersible craft, Makalii, which conducts undersea research for the fishing industry, surveys for engineering projects, and exploration of ocean crust mining sites. HURL successfully tested the recently rebuilt Pisces V and a new submersible launching platform. HURL will continue its manganese crust project on the Cross seamount and mapping of Loihi, the underwater volcano off the Big Island.

EEZ Research. In FY 88 I am requesting funding of \$1.2 million for designation of a generic Deep Seabed Minerals Institute in affiliation with the University of Mississippi. I have also authored language that would direct the National Science Foundation to establish an Ocean Systems Engineering Research Center in the Pacific Basin.

Hawaiian seals. The endangered Hawaiian monk seals are being saved through the recovery and study efforts of a marine wildlife team with federal funds I have helped appropriate annually since 1980. There are now fewer than 1,500 monk seals surviving off the Hawaiian Islands. In the FY 87 Supplemental Appropriations bill I had \$200,000

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included in the Fish and Wildlife Refuge budget for protection of the monk seals and turtles around Tern Island

Parks. I authored PL 99-564 that expanded the Hawaii Volcanoes National Park by 5,650 acres in Puna (Track 22). This is the habitat of endangered species such as the Hawaiian Hawk and the Hawaiian O'u. In FY 88 I will be requesting further funding for the expansion of Haleakala National Park, the Kilauea Wildlife Refuge, and the further purchase of land for the Forest Birds Projects of Hakalau Wildlife Refuge and Kilauea-Keahou Refuge. Approximately \$6 million was provided for the completion of the new observatory at the Volcanoes National Park for the Geological Survey.

Weather forecasting. I have helped defeat several efforts since 1981 by the Reagan Administration to reduce weather forecasting and monitoring services by closing National Weather Service offices in Honolulu and Hilo.

Another priority of mine is urging the federal government to speed up the purchase and deployment of a new weather satellite for the Pacific. Satellites that previously served Hawaii are in need of replacement.

El Nino research. In 1982 storms, floods and typhoons caused by the El Nino weather phenomenon created tragedy throughout the Pacific and Indian Oceans. El Nino is under study by a 10-year international project in which the University of Hawaii plays a major role. Funds that I helped appropriate amount to \$3.2 million in 1984, \$2.2 million in 1985, and \$3.2 million in 1986, and \$5.5 million in 1987. I will be pursuing level funding for the program in 1988.

Airline travel. Unknown to most air travelers, the environment in airline cabins is suspected of aggravating respiratory illness and transmitting bacterial infection. A measure I authored was passed in 1984 to appropriate \$500,000 for an 18-month scientific study of cabin air quality by the National Academy of Science. I am working on legislation to implement the findings of this study.

I introduced legislation to establish the National Aviation Authority as an independent user-fee supported government corporation to operate, maintain and enhance an efficient and responsive national system for airways management and air traffic control.

MEMORANDUM

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Communications. Competition among communications firms in the Hawaii-Mainland market was made possible under legislation I authored, which was enacted in December 1980. This measure ended Hawaii's designation as an international telecommunications area, served by a single carrier. This change opened the Hawaii market to all domestic firms, with resulting lower rates and increased telex and data services. Also, in the FY 87 appropriations bill I requested funding for emergency broadcast radio equipment for the Big Island that provided \$18,000.

PEACESAT. I introduced legislation to resume the PEACESAT satellite communications service, which furnished education and health information to South Pacific Islands until August 1985. The PEACESAT (Pan-Pacific Educational and Communication Experiments by Satellite) program was started in 1971 by the University of Hawaii to provide education, health, and technical programs in the South Pacific. It provided radio satellite communications for 23 Pacific sites including the Northern Marianas, American Samoa, Guam, Tonga and Fiji, until the NASA satellite was decommissioned two years ago.

Astronomy. High-altitude housing for scientists using the Mauna Kea telescopes was constructed under a \$1.7 million amendment I authored in 1982. With my support, the NSF has selected Mauna Kea for the site of the New National Technology Telescope.

HOUSING

UDAG. In the FY 87 Appropriations Bill I authored language that was approved that now establishes that the Counties of Maui, Kauai, and Hawaii are eligible to participate in the Urban Development Action Grant Program.

ENERGY

MOD 5-B. In FY 86 I helped overturn the Reagan Administration's withholding of funding for this prototype Kahuku wind turbine and other energy projects for Hawaii. In FY 86 \$10 million was released for these Hawaii projects. In FY 87 \$4.5 million plus in the FY 87 supplemental appropriations bill \$1.2 million was provided for completion of the wind turbine.

DEEP WATER CABLE. In FY 87 \$3.7 million was appropriated. Prior to that approximately \$13 million in Federal funding

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was appropriated. In FY 88 I will request \$8.8 million to complete the at-sea testing of this project.

Others. OTEC: FY 86 \$1.4 million in FY 87 \$2 million in FY 88 \$3.5 million is being requested.

ASSISTING TOURISM

Federal promotion. Despite continual Administration efforts since 1981 to abolish the only federal agency that promotes travel to the U.S., I have succeeded in maintaining funds for the U.S. Travel and Tourism Administration. It is estimated that every dollar spent for U.S. travel promotion reaps \$18 in spending by foreign visitors to our nation.

The Agency has also been directed to open new travel offices in Japan, Australia, Italy and the Netherlands. In addition, federal funds provide foreign language assistance and information for arriving passengers at the Honolulu International Airport and several other major arrival ports.

Baggage inspections. Passenger congestion at Honolulu International Airport would have worsened if the U.S. Department of Agriculture was allowed to stop agricultural inspections at Neighbor Island airports for Mainland-bound travelers. My intervention halted federal plans to phase out inspectors on the Neighbor Islands, which would have added 600,000 baggage inspections annually at the Honolulu airport.

In April of 1987, I was able to secure 22 full time immigration inspector positions for the Honolulu International Airport. This will increase the staffing by about 50 percent. With regard to U.S. Customs inspectors, I have secured nine additional full-time positions which will aid in decreasing the congestion at the Honolulu International Airport.

Cruise ships. The vessels SS INDEPENDENCE (in 1980) and SS CONSTITUTION (1982) were allowed to enter the Hawaiian interisland cruise business under legislation I authored. This measure restored U.S.-flag status to the ships, which each employs a crew of 325, contributes to the Hawaii economy, and would be available for military use in case of national emergency.

Airport expansion. A surplus parcel of four acres at Hickam, valued at \$1.5 million, was given to the State of

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Hawaii at no cost for future expansion of the Honolulu International Airport. In 1983 legislation I sponsored successfully blocked the proposed federal sale of this property.

DRUG ENFORCEMENT

Green Harvest. Federal and Hawaii law enforcement officials advocated the purchase of a helicopter was needed for more effective Green Harvest anti-marijuana campaigns. In 1985 I was successful in obtaining \$1.5 million for a Drug Enforcement Agency helicopter for marijuana eradication in Hawaii. The first of two helicopters was delivered to the Honolulu International Airport in April 1987.

Federal support. A Hawaii task force was established in 1984 by the National Narcotics Border Interdiction System to coordinate federal drug enforcement and marijuana eradication efforts in the Islands.

The Drug Enforcement Agency was directed by legislation to assign full-time personnel to the Island of Hawaii, which is among the nation's largest sources of marijuana cultivation.

BANKING

Hawaii's Industrial Loan Companies Over the last three years, there have been a number of banking bills calling for the restriction of activities and growth of nonbank bank institutions. Since 1984, at my request, exemptions for Hawaii's Industrial Loan Companies have been included in these bills. Although no legislation was ever adopted during the last two Congresses, this exemption, now broadened to include all states, has been included in a comprehensive banking bill this Congress. House and Senate conferees recently completed deliberations on the measure which now goes before the full House and Senate for vote.

TOTAL FEDERAL SPENDING

Throughout the years, Hawaii has done exceedingly well in terms of federal funds received on a per capita basis. Following is a table showing total federal spending in Hawaii over the years, and the State's yearly ranking on a per capita basis.

100th misc.

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MEMORANDUM

TO: SENATOR November 28, 1988

FROM: Dan

RE: Your accomplishments during the 100th Congress:
Telecommunications; Trade; State Department

TELECOMMUNICATIONS:

Bills Passed:

S. 212, Dial-a-Porn Control Act, as part of PL 100-297
S. 314 (as HR 2213), Hearing Aid Compatability Act, PL 100-394
S. 2221 (as HR 4992), TDD Accessibility Act, PL 100-542
S. 828 (as HR 2472), NTIA Reauthorization Act, PL 100-584
S. 1048, FCC Reauthorization Act, PL 100-594
S. 2114 (as HR 4118), CPB Reauthorization Act, PL 100-626
S. 1883 contained HR 2848, the Superstation Copyright/ Satellite
Viewing Act, PL 100-667
HR 2763 and HR 4782, Appropriations bills for S-J-C, FY88 & FY89
promoted minority ownership
restricted newspaper-broadcast crossownership
banned VHF-UHF swaps
the S-J-C bill for FY89 [PL 100-459] also contained a
Helms amendment banning obscene language 24 hours/day.
S. 742, Fairness Doctrine Bill [vetoed]
HR 3966, Children's Television Act [vetoed]

Hearings Held, Communications Subcommittee, 1987-88:

2-26-87: International Telecommunications, Part I
3-18-87: S. 742, Fairness Doctrine
3-26-87: S. 828, NTIA Reauthorization
4-21-87: S. 1048, FCC Reauthorization
5-15-87: S. 506, Gore's Digital Audio Taping bill
5-18-87: 5 Nominations to the CPB Board
7-17-87: S. 1277, Broadcast bill, Part I
7-20-87: S. 1277, Broadcast Bill, Part II
7-31-87: Gore's Satellite Television Fair Marketing bill
11-12-87: 20th anniversary of Public Broadcasting: oversight
12-10-87: Modified Final Judgement, Part I
12-11-87: Modified Final Judgement, Part II
1-27-88: Rural Cellular Telephone licensing (non-wireline)
3-15-88: S. 2114, CPB reauthorization
3-31-88: S. 314, Pressler's Hearing Aid Compatibility bill
4-19-88: International Telecommunications, Part II
4-27-88: S. 1935, the Communications Transfer Fee bill
6-23-88: S. 2221, McCain's TDD bill
7-14-88: MFJ Part III: Open Network Architecture;
one nomination to the CPB Board
8-2-88: S. 2044, Kerry Price Cap bill
9-15-88: McConnell Campaign Cost Reduction bill;
one nomination to COMSAT's Board

Licenses:

You helped obtain permits for the following stations, after their applications bogged down at the FCC:

KDEO-FM, Country western; Oahu: went on the air last week (November 23rd).

KFVE-TV, Channel 5, Honolulu: went on the air 12-1987.

Hawaii Monitoring Station:

An Inouye amendment to the FCC reauthorization bill for FY88 and FY89, PL 100-594, authorizes the FCC to move its monitoring station in the State of Hawaii by selling its current site at Waipahu and acquiring a new site elsewhere in the state.

PEACESAT:

An Inouye amendment to the NTIA reauthorization bill, PL 100-584, gives the PEACESAT program Congressional authorization (\$1.7 million for each of FY 88 and FY89) for the first time in the program's 17 year history.

You secured \$1.7 million for PEACESAT in FY 1988 and \$200,000 in FY 1989, with a written commitment from the conferees to appropriate the balance, \$1.5 million, in FY 1990, or when needed.

Satellite Scrambling:

Inouye motion to table Senator Gore's satellite television fair marketing amendment to the drug bill succeeded on October 7, 1988, by a vote of 43-36.

DKI price cap letter to FCC Commissioners/ CSEPA Speech:

Because of strong statements by you, Cong. Dingell, Cong. Markey, and others, the FCC has slowed down its headlong rush to implement price caps this fall. Given Hill concerns, internal differences among the 3 FCC commissioners, and questions about the legality of price caps, the Commission cancelled its December 2nd meeting, at which Patrick intended to push for their adoption. Instead, the Commission may wait until January and adopt a price cap plan for AT&T only, with further notice for the local exchange carriers on such issues as profit sharing.

FISR Negotiations

After a year of gentle prodding by you, the networks and Hollywood have finally started earnest negotiations to resolve questions about the financial interest and syndication rule, which limits the ability of networks to produce their own programming and prohibits them from having syndication rights.

National Public Radio Report Language:

At your request, the State-Justice-Commerce Appropriations Act for FY 1989 (PL 100-459) contained report language which "requests that the Commission give serious consideration to modification of the NCE-FM translator rule..." whereby religious broadcasters were using FM translators to become superstations.

FOREIGN TRADE ZONES

Inouye Foreign Trade Zone amendment:

The Tax Technical Corrections Act, PL 100-647, contains an Inouye amendment allowing the Customs Service to promulgate streamlined accounting rules for refineries operating in foreign trade zones, such as HIRI's Ewa plant. You introduced the amendment on behalf of the State of Hawaii, PRI, Chevron, several refineries in Texas, and the National Association of Foreign-Trade Zones.

Extension of Hawaii's Foreign-Trade Zone No. 9:

After numerous inquiries by you, the Department of Commerce finally approved the extension of Hawaii's Foreign-Trade Zone Number 9 to Mililani Technology Park on 11-16-88.

Chevron's application for special foreign-trade subzone status at its Ewa refinery is still pending, with a final decision due later this year.

STATE-JUSTICE-COMMERCE FOR FY88 & FY89

East-West Center:

The State-Justice-Commerce Appropriations Bill for FY 1989 (PL 100-459) contains an Inouye amendment raising the pay cap for East-West Center salaries from \$72,500 (GS-16 step V) to \$86,682 (GS-18).

You secured \$20 million in appropriations for the Center in both FY 1988 (PL 100-202) and 1989 (PL 100-459).

USTTA:

Despite Reagan's initial requests for \$0, the USTTA received:

\$11.724 million in FY 1988
\$13.8 million in FY 1989

S. Res. 260, the Kassebaum-Inouye Committee reform resolution:

The Rules Committee held hearings on this resolution May 17, 1988.

COMMUNICATIONS ISSUES FOR THE 101st CONGRESS:

Price Caps
Must Carry
Fairness Doctrine
Children's TV (Reagan pocket-vetoed the bill from the
100th Congress right before the election)
Cable:
 media concentration and market power
 cross-ownership
 -by telephone companies
 -by networks
Satellite Scrambling
"Free the BOCS" legislation
Two vacancies at the FCC, with two additional openings
 possible if Dennis and Patrick leave in 1989.
COMSAT: the subcommittee will release its year and a
 half long study of the COMSAT Act this December
 and will look at possible legislation next year.
The impact of de-pooling on national rate averaging

SUMMARY OF LEGISLATION INTRODUCED:

Bills authored:	124
Bills cosponsored:	537
Amendments authored:	43
Amendments cosponsored:	44

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✓

M E M O R A N D U M

TO: SENATOR DATE: January 6, 1988
FROM: PHYLISS
RE: End of Year Wrap Up

OCEAN ISSUES (Margaret):

You obtained approximately \$4,325,000 million for ocean related projects in Hawaii as follows:

--\$500,000 for development of a Hawaii fisheries stock management plan;

--\$400,000 for development of plans to increase exports of mahimahi;

--\$325,000 to continue scientific efforts to save the endangered Hawaiian monk seal;

--\$2 million for the Hawaii Undersea Research Laboratory at Makapuu to conduct scientific research including environmental surveys in connection with possible ocean seabed mining off Hawaii, Guam and the Northern Marianas Islands;

--\$800,000 for a joint University of Hawaii-University of Alaska study of Arctic larval fish and shellfish, and their links to Pacific marine life;

--\$300,000 to sponsor an exchange of scientists from Southeast Asia, who are specialists in cultivating salt-water seafood species, with Hawaii aquaculture researchers;

PEACESAT (Margaret):

Through your efforts, Congress appropriated \$1.7 million to reactivate the PEACESAT health and education satellite network for the South Pacific.

TRANSPORTATION (Margaret):

Through your efforts, the Airport and Airways Improvement Act included two provisions dealing with the expansion of Honolulu International Airport. The first provision qualifies the State of Hawaii for reimbursement by the FAA for GSA property purchased for airport use. The second provision releases airport use conditions on State airport

property as part of a 10 acre land exchange with the United States Postal Service.

At the request of the Air Transport Association, you introduced S. 1159, to establish a National Aviation Authority as an independent user-fee supported government corporation to operate, maintain and enhance an efficient and responsive national system for airways management and air traffic control. You also cosponsored Senator Ford's legislation, S. 1600, to establish an independent FAA. Senator Ford held hearings on S. 1600, which included discussions of your legislation.

MEDICAL MALPRACTICE (Margaret):

You introduced S. 155, a bill to limit the costs resulting from acts of negligence in health care and to improve the level of health care services in the United States. In addition, you were an original cosponsor of S. 1315, a bill to provide for federal incentive grants to encourage state health care professional liability reform, along with Senators Hatch and Hecht.

BUDGET (Margaret):

You were an original cosponsor of S. 1362, the Fiscal Procedures Reform Act of 1987, along with Senator Kassebaum. Among other things, this bill seeks to abolish the budget committee, adopt a two year budget cycle, abolish the statutory debt limit, and repeal Gramm-Rudman-Hollings.

In addition, you and Senator Kassebaum introduced S.Res. 260, the Senate Committee and Procedural Reform Resolution. Generally, S.Res. 260 seeks to use the structure of existing authorizing committees to establish policy, and "program" committees to authorize and appropriate funds, and establish a bipartisan leadership committee to set deficit targets and budget allocations.

IRRADIATION FACILITY/BIG ISLAND (Phyliss):

You were successful in obtaining the necessary funds for the construction of the irradiation facility on the Big Island, to process agricultural produce, under a \$5 million fund established for Hawaii and four other states.

AGRICULTURE (Jennifer):
Appropriations

\$850,000 for establishment of an aquacultural facility by the Oceanic Institute.

\$500,000 for a tri-fly eradication pilot experiment on Kauai by the federal government.

\$400,000 for development of plans to increase exports of mahimahi.

\$435,000 to assist scientific research by the Hawaiian sugar cane industry into increased crop yields and productivity.

\$156,000 for research into diversified agricultural development for rural Hawaii areas.

\$285,000 for scientific research and development of post-harvest treatment of Hawaii produce, as alternatives to the banned pesticide EDB.

\$240,000 for research into controlling crop damage caused by rats.

\$152,000 for Hawaii research into multi-crop aquacultural development.

Establishment of an agriculture development center for the Pacific Islands at the University of Hawaii College of Tropical Agriculture. The bill provides \$650,000 for the center.

\$300,000 to sponsor an exchange of scientists from Southeast Asia, who are specialists in cultivating salt-water seafood species, with Hawaii aquaculture researchers.

DEFENSE (Frank):

U.S. NAVY, PEARL HARBOR

- Fleet Intelligence Center Pacific additions to the command/control/intelligence building, \$13 million;
- Navy Public Works Center electrical distribution system improvements, \$11.2 million;
- Naval Submarine Base torpedo shop addition, \$7.18 million;
- Naval Supply Center diesel fuel purification plant, \$2.9 million; Warehouse fire protection, \$1.13 million;
- Naval station facility energy improvements, \$430,000.

U.S. ARMY

- Pohakuloa Military Reservation (Island of Hawaii) multi-purpose training range, \$20 million;
- Aliamanu Military Reservation chapel and religious education building, \$5 million.

--Schofield Barracks

- Cold/dry storage warehouse, \$8.3 million;
- Operations facility, \$5.6 million;
- Child development center to replace current 45-year-old buildings, \$4.95 million.

KANEOHE MARINE CORPS AIR STATION

- Construction of bachelor enlisted quarters, \$14 million;

--Electrical distribution system improvements, \$9.3 million;
--Combat vehicle maintenance shop, \$6.38 million.
--Hangar corrosion control, \$5.47 million.

LUALUALEI NAVAL MAGAZINE missile component re-work building,
\$4.23 million; Security improvements, \$1 million.

U.S. AIR FORCE

--Kaena Point alternate energy power plant, \$3.4 million;
--Hickam Air Force Base reconnaissance photo lab, \$900,000.

ARMY NATIONAL GUARD

--Construction of 100-person armory at Hanapepe (Kauai),
\$1.7 million;
--Construction of 600-yard firing range at Ukumehame (Maui),
\$559,000.

FAMILY HOUSING, U.S. ARMY

--Helemano, additional 200 units, \$21 million;
--Schofield Barracks, 100 units, \$11.2 million;
--Pearl City area, 60 units, \$6.7 million.

In addition, the bill withholds funds for the proposed transfer of a Barbers Point Naval Air Station squadron to Oklahoma's Tinker Air Force Base until the U.S. Navy justifies the move on economic and military strategic grounds. The aircraft squadron, currently using EC-130 aircraft, provides emergency communications with ballistic missile submarines in the Pacific. The move was approved in the House version of the bill but was opposed by Senator Inouye and other Senators.

Ft. DeRUSSY (Frank):

The Army will submit it's report to Congress on this matter by March 1st.

INTERIOR (Phyliss): Appropriations

\$4 million to acquire land on the Island of Hawaii to preserve the habitat of Hawaiian forest birds at the Kilauea-Keauhou Wildlife Refuge.

\$1.7 million to expand the Kilauea Point Wildlife Refuge on Kauai by purchasing Mokolea Point.

\$500,000 for expansion of the Haleakala National Park on Maui.

An increase of \$500,000 in the operations budget for Hawaii's wildlife refuges, part of which will fund 24-hour operations of the Tern Island wildlife station.

\$250,000 for the Volcanoes National Park for pig control measures and various Park improvements. \$250,000 for Pig control and fencing of Haleakala National Park.

\$100,000 for research by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service into methods of controlling the infestation on Guam of brown tree snakes, and keeping them out of Hawaii.

ENERGY (Phyliss):
Appropriations

\$4.77 million for continued research and development of a test prototype deep water energy cable.

\$3.5 million for the Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion research project conducted by PICHTR.

\$2.4 million for research into the use of hydrogen as an energy source by the Hawaii Natural Energy Institute and three Mainland research centers.

\$500,000 for biomass research by the Hawaii Natural Energy Institute.

\$100,000 for methanol research to be conducted by the Hawaii Natural Energy Institute. For FY 89 you will be attempting to increase funding for this project to enhance the use of sugar cane and work with the Sugar industry.

OCEAN MINING (Phyliss and Margaret):

A directive to the Department of Interior to establish a commission on ocean seabed mining that includes a representative of the State of Hawaii, was not successful in passing the conference. Both Senator Johnston and Congressman Yates were opposed to this. Yates spoke for about 15 minutes on the problems he had about this. Both Chairman Bird, nor Senator Johnston were in attendance on the Senate side. Margaret and I will monitor this closely for FY 89, and prepare testimony for you as well as questions to present during Interior Appropriations hearings for FY 89. Your communications with the Department of the Interior contributed to the Department's decision to reopen the comment period for the environmental impact statement on the lease sale of manganese crust adjacent to Hawaii and Johnston Island.

WATER PROJECTS (Phyliss):
Appropriations

--\$2.4 million to construct a debris basin as a part of the Kahoma Stream flood control project on Maui.

--\$300,000 for pre-construction design and engineering of the Alenaio Stream flood control project in Hilo.

--\$102,000 to complete a study of the Big Island's Keopu-Hienaloli Stream flood control project; and \$77,000 for a survey study of the Hilo Bay area.

--\$600,000 for the Sand Island small beach erosion control project; \$50,000 to continue construction of the Barbers Point Deep-Draft Harbor.

TAXES (Marie):

Although a Tax Technical Corrections bill was not adopted last year, you were instrumental in having included three amendments to the bill: 1) The Hawaii House Authority amendment which would allow leasehold condominiums to be eligible for the federal mortgage subsidy bond program. 2) The Harbor Maintenance Tax Amendment which would exempt cargo and commercial cargo shipped between Hawaii and U.S. possessions in the Pacific and vice versa from the harbor maintenance tax, and 3) your amendment which would exempt cruise ships within the state from the harbor maintenance tax.

During Senate's consideration of the Budget Reconciliation Bill, you proceeded to introduce these provisions as floor amendments. Although the amendments were withdrawn, assurances were given that it would be included in this year's Technical Corrections bill. Chairmen Bentsen and Rostenkowski are expected to consider a Corrections bill early March.

You were unsuccessful in introducing an amendment to the Continuing Resolution which would restore tax-exempt cost-differential allowances for federal employees of the judicial branch residing outside the Continental United States. For the interim, the Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts has implemented an increase in the COLAs paid to judicial branch personnel in an effort to compensate for the reduction in the employees' take-home pay. However, representatives from the U.S. Courts are still requesting your assistance in obtaining permanent relief. Senator Murkowski's staff person and I will attempt to have an amendment included in the Tax Technical Corrections Bill.

IMMIGRATION (Marie):

The Justice Department finally responded to your request for comments on your bill, S. 109, which would grant the naturalization to certain Filipino World War II veterans. The Department's comments were favorable and, surprisingly, have also recommended that Filipino veterans residing overseas be also included in your bill. You have written to Chairman Kennedy requesting appropriate action be taken by his Committee and are awaiting a response.

ARTS AND HUMANITIES (Marie):

The Hawaii Maritime Center is requesting your assistance and support for funding of their maritime museum. Preliminary discussion have been held between Pinky Thompson, Pat, Don Knowles (Subcommittee on Interior) and myself. Pinky, who sits on the Executive Board of the Center, will assist in this project.

SMALL BUSINESS (Marie):

The Business and Economic Development Center of the University of Hawaii-Hilo is requesting your assistance in obtaining a one-time funding (\$200,000 for a two-year period) which will be used to increase their personnel at the professional level. Dr. Youngki Hahn, Director of the Center, would like to expand their services to the neighboring islands. Dr. Hahn expects to be 75% self-sufficient after the two-year period. The Center has been unsuccessful in obtaining funds through the State legislature.

LABOR-HHS-EDUCATION APPROPRIATIONS (Pat):

Pretty much all of your initiatives were taken care of. Nursing and public health programs were funded at very close to the authorized funding level; the pediatric-EMS program received \$1.9 million; the pacific basin health programs received \$2.3 million; \$500,000 was made available for a study of the hearing loss problems of Native Hawaiians and an additional \$1 million will be released to continue the maternal and child health initiatives. \$957,000 was made available for both your new Native Hawaiian small business loan program and an additional similar amount for Department of Labor American Samoan job training projects. Sufficient funds were also included to begin funding American Samona projects, as authorized under the Office of Native American Affairs. It will be necessary to include an additional \$1 million in the FY 88 supplemental to have them become eligible for authorizations. You were also able to increase the funding for CDC prevention centers by \$415,000 and provide \$957,000 for similar centers under the Older American Act authority. You were also successful in authorizing \$10 million for the Magnuson-Smith endowments.

Next year, and for the Supplemental, it would be good to increase the level of funding for both the National Center for Nursing Research and the pediatric-EMS program. The Committee did not get to the level of funding that had been expected prior to conference.

HEALTH/DEFENSE APPROPRIATIONS (PAT):

Again, all of your health items were taken care of. PROJECT IMPRINT has been authorized to proceed and it is very likely that the Queens' Medical Center will end up with the entire CHAMPUS contract for Hawaii. The psychologists, nurses and optometrists are very happy with the various non-physician health care provider provisions. The families of children who have to be hospitalized were also protected. \$15 million was appropriated for the Department's child abuse/family violence program

Next year it will be time to follow-up further on the various non-physician provisions, possibly including having a demonstration project with psychology prescribing medications.

HEALTH-FINANCE COMMITTEE (PAT):

For the first time in quite a while, considerable progress was made on behalf of the various non-physician groups. Nurse-midwives are finally included in Medicare as autonomous providers (although at only 65% of the physician rate). The social workers are in the HMO provision, and three of your psychology provisions were accepted in conference (rural health clinic, hospital conditions of participation, and inpatient care). The Medicaid part of your nurse practitioner/nurse clinical specialist certification floor amendment was accepted also. Further, the "nursing centers" bill which you originally sponsored several years ago will also soon become public law.

Next year it would be nice to include social work in the rural health clinic Medicare provision, include psychology in the rehabilitation provisions, and obtain more recognition for nursing,

FEDERAL EMPLOYEES HEALTH BENEFIT ACT (PAT):

You were successful in eliminating the "psychiatry referral" provision of FEHBA.

Next year it would be nice to get nurses included in the "freedom of choice" provision. Last Congress this passed, but was vetoed by the President.

OTHER AUTHORIZATION BILLS (PAT):

You were successful in providing a mandatory pay bonus for those psychologists in the U.S. Public Health Service Regular Corps who have obtained their board certification (this is the way that physicians are covered). Next year it would be nice to provide similar coverage for DoD psychologists. The Senate passed a similar DoD provision last Congress, but this year Senator Glenn was not supportive. Slow progress is being made with the VA

Committee on this issue; they passed a permissive bill several years ago but the VA has refused to implement the provision.

The Nursing reauthorization bills will be up this next session of Congress and this may be the time to get construction authority for the National Center for Nursing Research. Presently, the Cancer, Heart and Lung, and Eye Institutes have such construction authority. It should also be possible to arrange to get special pay bonuses for those DoD nurses who are in shortage specialities.

It is important to get the pediatric-EMS legislation reauthorized; the only problem has been Senator Helm's continual "holds", but this should be solvable. Various psychology "technical" provisions will also be authorized.

OTHER SUGAR ITEMS (Jennifer):

You added a sugar export program to the Foreign Operations appropriations bill which allows CBI nations and the Philippines to send 400,000 extra tons of sugar to the United States in lieu of s. 416 commodities (mostly grain) which they currently receive from the US Government. Aside from providing the Philippines approximately \$30 million in FY 1988 and the CBI nations \$85 million, it saves Hawaiian sugar producers \$4 million in shipping costs by allowing them to substitute C&H refined sugar exports on the West Coast for raw sugar imported on the East Coast. The program is designed in part to relieve political pressure on the sugar price support program, which by law must operate at no cost to the American taxpayer. This has forced sugar quotas down 75% over four years to 750,000 tons in 1988. Our trading partners have now reached the point where their loss of quota is no longer offset by the enhanced price they receive by selling their sugar in the US market, where it fetches three times the world price.

COMMUNICATIONS (Dan):

You worked with Senator Hollings and the State-Justice-Commerce Appropriations Subcommittee to incorporate language from your broadcast bill, S. 1277, into the Continuing Resolution, H.J.Res. 395. These riders to the FCC appropriations bill for FY88 prevent the Commission from:

- (1) Tampering with rules that protect minority and women's ownership of broadcast licenses;
- (2) Authorizing commercial broadcasters to swap less desirable UHF channels for more desirable VHF channels (2-13) assigned to public TV;
- (3) Changing the rules prohibiting cross-ownership of broadcast stations by newspapers;
- (4) Accepting or granting applications to construct rural cellular telephone systems until March 22, 1988, thus

giving the Communications Subcommittee time to hold hearings on RSA licenses. The hearing (tentatively set for January 27) will explore ways of allowing individuals access to cellular licenses while avoiding the recent trend to treat broadcast licenses as commodities which are sold to the highest bidder.

Your Communications Subcommittee took action on the following issues and bills:

International Trade in Telecommunications

[S. 596, the Danforth-Inouye-et al telecom trade bill, was incorporated into the Senate's Omnibus Trade Bill, which is currently in conference.]

S. 742, The Hollings-DKI Fairness Doctrine Bill:

Passed the Senate, Passed the House, Vetoed by President Reagan and returned to the Senate Commerce Committee; still pending.

S. 828, DKI's NTIA Reauthorization bill for FY88-89:

Adopted during mark up: Inouye PEACESAT amendment authorizing \$3.4 million over 2 years to develop an interim channel for UH's once successful (but now off the air) PEACESAT program.

S. 1048, DKI's FCC reauthorization bill

S. 506, Gore's Digital Audio Taping bill

CPB Board of Directors: nominees:

Committee reported four of the five on June 4
The 5th, O'Connor, subsequently withdrew his name.

1 new nominee, Lichenstein, is pending.

S. 1277, DKI's Broadcast Bill:

[Major components of the bill were included in the CR under the section funding the FCC; see above.]

S. 889, Gore's Satellite Television Fair Marketing Act
Judge Greene's updated MFJ order:

The Subcommittee's review of the Satellite Communications Act of 1962, which created COMSAT, should be completed in early 1988. A notice for public comment went out last spring.

Not successful this year were attempts spearheaded by Senator Hollings to:

(1) Reinstate the Fairness Doctrine after Reagan vetoed the Hollings-Inouye Fairness Doctrine bill, S. 742, and the FCC abolished its own doctrine of 40 years. Dingell and Wright added the Fairness Doctrine to the CR on the House floor, 259-157, but it was dropped in conference after several close votes and veto threats; it was also part of the Commerce Committee's reconciliation recommendations, which were dropped from the reconciliation bill on the Senate floor, 66-28.

(2) Provide permanent funding for the Corporation for Public Broadcasting by creating a trust and imposing transfer fees on the sale of all broadcast licenses. Hearings on this issue will be held in February or March 1988.

COMMERCE, STATE, JUSTICE (Dan):

East-West Center:

\$20 million in both the House and Senate bills.

Asia Foundation:

\$13.7 million in both the House and Senate bills.

US-Japan Friendship Commission:

\$1.2 million + \$1.7 million foreign currency appropriations in both the House and Senate bills.

US Travel and Tourism Administration:

Not funded in the House bill;
\$12.975 million in the Senate bill.

Conference agreement: \$11.724 million.

Tufts University, East Asia Executive Development Program:

The conference agreed to earmark level funding (approximately \$500,000 instead of the \$878,000 requested) for this program in FY 1988 after Liz Ahn Toupin approached you for help and Kennedy asked Hollings directly on behalf of the University. Hollings had originally written Kennedy that funding was not available, but relented once Members began to express their personal interest.

Not successful was your request for money to fund a supplemental native American questionnaire in conjunction with the 1990 census: although the Senate approved \$400,000 to begin work on the \$9 million project in FY 1988, the earmark was deleted in conference (the House had no similar provision).

EDUCATION (Irene):

Hawaii Loa College

The repeatedly postponed negotiations between Hawaii Loa and the Department of Education are now scheduled for January 21 at 1:30 p.m.. The Department has agreed to notify us of its offer by January 12th.

Gallaudet

The University of Hawaii and Gallaudet have opened a center in Hawaii. You are also officially now a Board member of the College.

COMPUTORS (IRENE):

I am reviewing information on the on-line information services that are now available to us, and trying to ascertain our needs. We could afford to try both a legal information service and a general service if we waited until later this year to start. However, the Library of Congress

will also be broadening its services, which may obviate the private sector alternatives.

I am also reviewing the pertinent rules to prepare for the possible purchase of computer terminals for home use by staff.

OTHER LEGISLATION (IRENE):

Senator Kennedy's AIDS Research, Care, and Education Act, and Senator Moynihan's Family Security Act of 1987 attracted considerable attention last year. Opposition to the AIDS bill centers on the religious right. Senator Moynihan's bill has already elicited criticism from a number of groups who support generous welfare programs.

S.1773, The Soft Drink Interbrand Competition Act/FTC (Phyliss):

You sponsored this bill to assist the soft drink syrup and equipment distributors during the Pepsi-Coke "cola war". The intent of this bill was to have Pepsi and Coke stop the cola war. You have been successful in catching the attention of both companies and the soft drink industry, and many have been in to speak with you and Mr. Bregman. No hearings or action are indicated at this point.

SPACEPORT (Phyliss):

While other sites on the Big island and Kauai have been pin pointed by the State, Southpoint (Kau-Naalehu) still is the front runner. The small community group of Kau still is voicing their opposition, however, Teachers of the community are now starting to get involved and support this initiative. The State is now drawing up a plan which they will discuss with you when it is ready. **Funding to assist the Office of Commercial Space Transportation to do their study may be needed in the FY 88 Supplemental. Funding under EDA for infrastructure needs will also be necessary at some point.**

GEOHERMAL ENERGY (Phyliss):

Bill Kikuchi attended the trip to Japan put together by the Mayor. There appears to be strong interest in Japan. This year, a possible trip to California and Nevada to look at other Geothermal sites, and to speak with other Geothermal companies. You are being asked to organize this trip. I will be in further communication about this.

HAWAIIAN HOMES (Phyliss):

You were successful in finalizing the Hawaiian Homelands FHA mortgage program by the inclusion of language dealing

with the blood quantum issue, and clarification of the fund under which the program will be administered. This program is the basis for the self-help, rehab housing project sponsored by OHA. Language was included in both the HUD appropriations bill of the CR and the Housing Authorizations bill.

INDIAN HOUSING (Phyliss):

You sponsored the Indian Housing bill which separates the Indian Housing program from the BIA. This is supported by the administration and HUD. This next session, Indian affairs staff and I will be working with the Housing committee to move the bill. Hearings will be scheduled. Once this bill is passed, a separate mortgage program, like the Hawaiian FHA program will have to be established.

V.A. (Jennifer):

You had language included in the CR that established Neighbor Island readjustment counseling centers for Vietnam-era military veterans, through funding of 12 Veterans Administration counselors. The measure also directs the VA to begin planning of a veterans medical center in Honolulu, to upgrade veterans health services available in the State. Hawaii is one of only two states without a VA medical facility.

10/11
Boyer - Ace

M E M O R A N D U M

TO: SENATOR

December 5, 1988

FR: Your Legislative Aides

RE: Wrap up memo of your accomplishments for the second session of the 100th Congress

DEFENSE (Frank):

FORD ISLAND CAUSEWAY- You introduced Report language to the DOD Appropriations Bill to permit the Navy to study and review the options available to construct this causeway.

TRIPLER SATELLITE EARTH STATION- An amendment was introduced to authorize the Army to establish a satellite facility that enables Tripler to receive commercial medical education broadcasts and for conducting video teleconferencing with Mainland military and medical activities. The project was authorized and fully funded.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE OVERSEAS FUEL PROCUREMENT- An amendment was introduced and approved in the Appropriations Act that enables 85,000 barrels per day refineries to compete in the DOD fuel procurement program.

ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE AMENDMENT- This amendment calls for the purchase of alcoholic beverages from in state sources in Hawaii and Alaska.

FY - 89 MILCON PROJECTS FOR HAWAII-total is \$114 million. It includes \$15 million for military housing and \$8.5 million for an NCO Academy at Schofield Barracks.

CULTURE AND THE ARTS (Marie):

You were successful in having included in the FY'89 Interior Appropriations Bill, \$1.6 million for the Native Hawaiian Culture and Arts Program. Of this amount, \$1 million is for the construction of a maritime museum (Kalakaua Boat House) and \$600,000 is for the operating budget of the Native Hawaiian Culture and Arts Program. The museum informally opened on November 16th to commemorate Kalakaua's birthday. A grand opening is scheduled on December 1st.

FEDERAL BACK PAY (Marie):

In the FY'88 Continuing Resolution, Congressman Akaka introduced an amendment which holds the U.S. liable for

interest on back pay claims involving Cost of Living Allowances for those federal employees who have suffered wrongful personnel action. You were instrumental in the retention of the Akaka amendment in the Senate which benefits 30,000 Federal employees in Hawaii and 20,000 in Alaska. On September 7, 1988, the Department of Justice transferred approximately \$40 million from its Claims, Judgments, and Relief Fund to a Trustee. Payments will be made to claimants by Christmas.

IMMIGRATION (Marie):

Your bill (S. 109) providing for the naturalization of certain Filipino World War II veterans was adopted as an amendment to the Immigration Act of 1988. The Act passed the Senate on March 15th by a vote of 88-4. Unfortunately, the House Subcommittee on Immigration, Refugees, and International Law was not inclined to consider the Filipino veteran issue during the 100th Congress. Chairman Mazzoli, however, is committed to making this a priority item and will hold hearings during the 101st Congress.

SMALL BUSINESS (Marie):

Your report language calling for the establishment of a Small Business Development Center at the University of Hawaii, Hilo, was included in the FY'89 State-Justice-Commerce Appropriations Bill. The Small Business Administration expressed its intention, in the October 24th Federal Register, to fund the Center during Fiscal Year 1989, subject to the availability of funds.

TAXES (Marie):

On November 10th, the President signed into law the Technical and Miscellaneous Revenue Act of 1988. You were instrumental in having the following provisions which affect Hawaii included in the Act:

--Hawaii Housing Authority is now able to apply the income targeting rules for the Mortgage Revenue Bond Program. Much of Hawaii's lease rents are not fixed but renegotiated prior to the expiration of the mortgage contract. Existing Internal Revenue Service regulations did not permit capitalization of rental payments when those payments are unknown. Consequently, many Hawaii residents were precluded from participating in the Mortgage Revenue Bond Program.

--The restoration of Cost of Living Allowances for judicial employees residing outside the Continental United States.

--The tax exemption for cargo and commercial cargo shipped between Hawaii and U.S. possessions in the Pacific.

AGRICULTURE (Jennifer):

You secured approximately \$9,526,000 in the Agriculture Appropriations bill for Fiscal Year 1989. The projects are as follows:

\$3,341,000 to continue the Hawaii/Florida research program in tropical and subtropical agriculture;

\$285,000 to continue efforts to develop a replacement for EDB and refine post-harvest quarantine treatments for papayas and other fruit-fly host produce;

\$2,736,000 to continue funding for a comprehensive program to develop shrimp production on a commercially feasible basis;

\$650,000 to continue funding to further agricultural development of the U.S. territories in the Pacific Basin with Hawaii as the leader/coordinator;

\$156,000 to continue research to identify and develop agriculture diversification opportunities in Hawaii;

\$152,000 to continue research to develop multi-cropping strategies for aquaculture in Hawaii;

\$240,000 to continue the rat control program for the sugar and macadamia nut industries;

\$500,000 to continue the fruit fly eradication project on Kauai;

\$100,000 to allow Honolulu to participate in the urban gardening program;

\$285,000 to begin research on new methods of controlling and eradicating urban and structural pests, particularly the Formosan termite, as a result of EPA's recent ban on the use of chlordane;

\$300,000 to begin a joint University of Hawaii research project between the Manoa and Hilo Agriculture Colleges which will develop new techniques for managing disease in the floriculture industry; (the catalyst for this grant was the devastating blow the anthurium industry suffered as a result of the blight bacteria);

\$205,000 to begin a program to install additional x-ray equipment at Hawaii's 5 major airports to better handle the large volume of passengers;

\$50,000 for a feasibility study to establish a Center for Tropical and Subtropical Agriculture at the University of Hawaii, with a focus on enhancing agricultural trade with Asia and the Pacific Basin; the State Legislature has already appropriated \$800,000 to design the building, and is committed to allocate between \$13 - \$17 million to construct and equip it; the desired federal match in the upcoming years will be \$10 million;

Additionally, bill language was included to maintain an Agricultural Cooperative Services office in Hilo, and to prohibit the transfer of the Farmers Home Administration office from Hilo to Honolulu.

Your bill to amend the Congressional Charter of the Pacific Botanical Garden was enacted into law soon after Congress adjourned. The only amendment to the Charter involved changing the name from "Pacific Botanical Garden" to "National Botanical Garden." However, this change allowed the organization to accept land in Florida, together with an endowment, totalling \$6.5 million.

SUGAR (Jennifer)

With specific regard to sugar, Congress appropriated \$218,000 to continue research to improve Hawaii's sugarcane stock through genetic engineering; \$435,000 was appropriated in FY 1988 for this program.

Additionally, the Hamakua Coast sugar plantations requested your assistance in securing relief from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regarding the discharge of cane wash water in the ocean. You were successful in including report language in the HUD & Independent Agencies Appropriations bill which directs the EPA to establish a Task Force, comprised of its high-ranking officials, to evaluate all pertinent Clean Water Act requirements and factors relating to discharges from the Hamakua coast sugarcane processing mills. The Task Force is required to report to Congress before April of next year with its findings. If the EPA is unable to grant the relief sought due to a lack of statutory authority, then it will clearly demonstrate that all administrative remedies have been fully exhausted. If this occurs, it will be necessary to once again pursue congressional relief in the form of an EPA exemption.

Lastly, your CBI-Philippines sugar provision, enacted in the 1st Session of the 100th Congress, but not implemented by the U.S. Department of Agriculture based on a legal technicality, was included in the FY 1989 Agriculture Appropriations bill. A cost of \$130 million was attached to the program this year because the Reagan Administration cancelled the § 406 commodity surplus program which would have served to offset the cost of your sugar re-export program. In light of the substantial cost, the program is not mandated, but rather, may be implemented at the discretion of the Secretary of Agriculture. It remains to be seen whether the Bush Administration will implement your CBI-Philippines sugar program.

VETERANS HEALTH CARE (Jennifer):

You were successful in securing \$3,000,000 for preplanning and a feasibility study for a Veterans Medical Center in Hawaii. You also included language urging the VA to give serious consideration to Leahi Hospital as the site for Hawaii's VA hospital because of its accessibility, its connection with the University of Hawaii School of Medicine, its proximity to the Kapiolani Community College's Nursing program, and its lack of military affiliation.

Additionally, report language was included to direct the VA to continue its responsiveness to the health needs of Hawaii's veterans by allocating \$3,000,000, as it determined was necessary, to improve the level of veterans' health services on the Neighbor Islands and Oahu. Last year, you included a provision in the HUD & Independent Agencies Appropriations bill directing the VA to provide the Neighbor Island veterans with readjustment counseling services. As a result of your mandate, twelve full-time staff positions have been allocated, and combination Vet Center-Out Patient Clinics will be opening shortly on Kauai, Maui, Hilo and Kona to serve the Neighbor Island veterans.

TREASURY (Jennifer):

You and Congressman Akaka were successful in securing \$14 million to construct the University of Hawaii Center for Ocean Resource Science and Technology in the FY 1989 Treasury Appropriations bill. \$5 million was allocated last year to design and plan the building. A final \$1 million will either be requested in the FY '89 Supplemental Appropriations bill or the FY '90 Treasury Appropriations bill, thereby completing the federal match for a total of \$20 million. The State of Hawaii is firmly behind this

project, and has appropriated its share in the amount of \$25 million.

Additionally, you were successful in earmarking \$1.5 million in the General Services Administration's (GSA) "Real Property Relocation" account to relocate Hale Opio, Kauai, Inc. from federal land to surplus State land. Hale Opio operates a residential-education program, through funds from the U.S. Departments of Justice, and Health and Human Services, for adolescents who have been removed from their parents and are in need of 24-hour supervision. Relocation of Hale Opio from prime Poipu beach-front property to surplus State land will allow GSA to sell the land at fair market value which is estimated at approximately \$6 million.

LABOR (Jennifer):

In FY 1988, \$957,000 was appropriated at your request to assist American Samoans in Hawaii and California, where 85 percent of Samoans reside. These funds were equally divided between Hawaii (Kilali Alailima of Samoan Services Providers and the Hawaii State Department of Labor and Industrial Relations) and California (Pat Luce of National Office of Samoan Affairs) to begin targetted job training programs that are sensitive to the culture and special needs of Samoans.

This year you were successful in more than doubling the funds, for a total of \$2.5 million, to continue your American Samoan employment and training initiative. California will receive the same amount (\$455,000) to continue its program. The remainder of the funds will remain in Hawaii, and will be used to broaden the job training program to include other immigrants from the American Pacific, Southeast Asia, and the Philippines.

One initiative to be implemented is "Job Stores" which was brought to your attention by Deputy Labor Director Sharon Miyashiro when she testified before you at the Labor, HHS Appropriations Public Hearing in the Spring. Job Stores will be set up at various Hawaii shopping malls for easy access in comfortable surroundings. These "Stores" will be specially equipped to serve immigrants, focusing on hands-on job training, vocational education, bilingual education, employment counseling and job placement assistance. The Hawaii State Department of Labor is working with the Hawaii Department of Human Services to integrate and combine the above services under one roof, in an effort to cut through the "red tape" and provide employment-related services in a convenient and friendly manner.

PACIFIC BASIN (Pat):

Language was included in the reports accompanying the FY'89 Appropriations and Health Manpower reauthorization bills which urged HHS to give priority to the establishment of a Pacific Basin Area Health Education Center (AHEC), if the school of medicine and public health decide to apply.

\$1.482 million was included in the FY'89 Appropriations bill to continue various Pacific Basin initiatives, including the fully requested amount for the Medical Officers project. The National Institute on Disability and Rehabilitation Research has announced the second five year cycle of support for the Pacific Basin research and training center.

Hansen's Disease: \$3.260 million was appropriated for Hawaii's program in the FY'89 HHS Appropriations bill.

Pediatric Emergency Medical Services: \$3 million was appropriated for the pediatric-EMS program in the FY'89 HHS Appropriations bill. The President also signed a three year reauthorization bill which increased the level of funding by \$1 million for each of the three years. HHS will be contracting with the Institute of Medicine to conduct a comprehensive study of our nation's pediatric-EMS needs.

Defense: Authority and funding was provided for the Queen's Medical Center to continue its demonstration CHAMPUS REFORM program. Language was also included which should ensure that the State of Hawaii will not tax these funds in a manner different from that in effect when HMSA administered the CHAMPUS benefit. DoD was also directed to develop a training program to allow psychologists to prescribe psychotropic medications, as they currently do within the Indian Health Service. \$2 million was provided for Incentive Special Pay bonuses for military nurse anesthetists once authorized. Authority was provided linking future nursing Incentive Special Pay bonuses within the U.S. Public Health Service (including the Indian Health Service) and those provided to DoD nurses, thus establishing a unified federal nursing corps.

Nursing and Public Health: Received full funding for their training and research initiatives, as well as having their programs reauthorized. Funding for FY'89 is \$85 and \$9 million respectively. Similarly, \$2 million was provided for the Health Promotion and Disease Prevention program which was also reauthorized. There is a Pacific Basin Center at the University of Hawaii. The Indian Health Care bill provides \$5 million in special nursing training

authority, as well as an additional \$5 million per year for innovative training projects targeted towards Rural America.

Psychology: With the modification of Rule 35 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, all of the policies under the jurisdiction of the Judiciary Committees now provide psychology with complete parity with medicine. Psychology was also granted membership on the National Advisory Council on Health Professions Education, as well as being deemed eligible to apply for special project funds in the gerontology area.

Social Work: The Indian Health Care bill authorizes social work students to receive special scholarship funds for the first time under the Indian Health Manpower programs. The FY'89 Appropriations bill urged HHS to similarly make U.S. Public Health Service scholarships available to other minority social work students.

International Gerontology: Appropriations language for both the National Institute on Aging (NIH) and the Agency for International Development (AID) has continued to urge the establishment of an international and Pacific Basin focus in gerontology. The NIA provided special contract funds to the Governor's office in order to ascertain how best to establish a systematic presence in Hawaii.

Comprehensive Studies: The Office of Technology Assessment (OTA) is developing a comprehensive Adolescent Health study to supplement the Carnegie Foundation effort. The General Accounting Office is conducting a comprehensive review of the Department of Defense's use of nurses, the overall quality of DoD health care, and their pediatric-EMS capabilities. A study was also initiated on preventive mental health services, the various State Medicaid mental health benefits, and NIMH's sensitivity to minorities.

NATIVE HAWAIIAN LEGISLATION (Pat, Jennifer, Marie and Phyliss):

Education: The Native Hawaiian Education Act was signed into public law (P.L. 100-297). This bill authorized \$10+ million annually, for each of 5 years. The Fiscal Year 1989 Appropriations bill for the U.S. Department of Education (P.L. 100-436) provided \$5 million for the coming year, of which \$400,000 shall be for the model curriculum implementation project, \$1.8 million for family-based education centers, \$1.5 million for higher education demonstration projects (fellowships), \$800,000 for the

gifted and talented program at the University of Hawaii at Hilo, and \$500,000 for special education programs.

The Fiscal Year 1989 Appropriations bill for the U.S. Department of Education (P.L. 100-436) provided \$2.2 million for Native Hawaiians under the Vocational Education "set aside" and \$612,175 for Native Hawaiians under the Library Construction "set aside". These funds go to Native Hawaiian organizations certified by the Governor of the State of Hawaii. The authorization for these "set asides" expires this Fiscal Year (FY'89).

Health: The Native Hawaiian Health Care Act was signed into public law (P.L. 100-579). It was also included in the Omnibus Anti-Drug Initiative legislation. This bill authorizes \$19.5 million, over a period of three years, to establish a series of nine Native Hawaiian Health Promotion and Disease Prevention centers. The first year for funding would be Fiscal Year 1990.

The Anti-Drug legislation further provides that for the next three fiscal years (FY'89-91), that of the funds appropriated to the State of Hawaii under the Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health block grant, a figure equal to the proportion of Native Hawaiians in the state shall be available only for Native Hawaiians and further, shall be extended through contracts entered into by the State of Hawaii with public and private nonprofit organizations. This will begin in Fiscal Year 1989; however, the dollar amount involved has not been determined.

The Indian Health Care Amendments of 1989 is currently awaiting the President's signature. This bill provides authority for a new Native Hawaiian Health Scholarship program, administered by the Kamehameha Schools. \$1.8 million is authorized for each of the next three fiscal years, with the first year of available funding being Fiscal Year 1990. The bill also included a provision authorizing the network of Native Hawaiian Health Promotion and Disease Prevention centers; however, this was subsequently superseded by the provisions of the Native Hawaiian Health Care Act.

The Health Omnibus Extension Act of 1988 (P.L. 100-xxx) included reference to "Native Hawaiian Health Centers" under three provisions of the Nurse Training Act (Title VIII). These centers were designated as appropriate sites in which an individual can serve in order to fulfill service obligations under the nurse practitioner and nurse midwife

program, federal loan repayments requirements, and undergraduate nurse scholarship requirements.

The Rural Health Care Initiative (which was included in both the Indian Health Care Amendments of 1988 and the Health Omnibus Extension Act of 1988) designates "Native Hawaiian Health Centers" as qualified health care agencies for the purpose of receiving interdisciplinary training support targeted towards the unique health care needs of Rural America. The program authorizes \$5 million annually, for Fiscal Years 1989-91.

The Fiscal Year 1989 Appropriations bill for the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (P.L. 100-436) contained report language which directs the Department to continue its support (\$1 million annually) for the Native Hawaiian maternal and child health centers and further, urges that National Health Service Corps personnel be assigned to these centers. Language has also been included recommending that the National Center for Nursing Research (NIH) give priority to projects targeted towards increasing the number of Native Hawaiian nurse researchers. \$750,000 was included in the National Institute of Mental Health (NIMH) account for a new Native Hawaiian research and training center.

The Fiscal Year 1989 Appropriations bill for the Legislative Branch (P.L. 100-458) provided \$100,000 in additional funding for the Office of Technology Assessment (OTA) to conduct a comprehensive adolescent health study, including addressing the pressing needs of Native Hawaiian adolescents.

Native Hawaiian Culture and Arts Program: The Fiscal Year 1989 Department of Interior bill (P.L. 100-446) provided \$600,000 for the second year of funding for the Native Hawaiian Culture and Arts program, as well as an initial \$1 million (out of \$3 million requested) for construction of the Kalakaua Boat House Museum (Hawaii Maritime Center). The Native Hawaiian Culture and Arts program was authorized for an indeterminate period, as a provision of the Higher Education Amendments of 1986 (P.L. 99-498).

Economic Development: The Small Business Act Capital Ownership Development Program Amendments, awaiting signature, strengthens Native Hawaiian participation in the Title VIII (a) minority small business programs. Native Hawaiian non profit community organizations are eligible, as 8(a) contractors, to receive federal government contracts.

The Fiscal Year 1989 Appropriations bill for the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (P.L. 100-436) provided the second of three million dollars for the Native Hawaiian Revolving Loan Program. This initiative was authorized by Title V of the Older Americans Act Amendments of 1987 (P.L. 100-175).

Hawaiian Homelands: Funds were appropriated under the Fiscal Year 1989 Appropriations bill for the Department of Housing and Urban Development (P.L. 100-404) to include a set aside in the Secretary's discretionary fund of \$1.22 million for infrastructure development on Hawaiian homelands.

The National Housing Act was amended by the Housing and Community Development Act of 1987 (P.L. 100-242) in order to provide federal mortgage insurance for Hawaiian Home Lands housing.

Native American Languages: The Senate passed S.J.Res. 379 establishing as the policy of the nation the preservation, protection, and promotion of the rights of indigenous Americans, including Native Hawaiians, to use, practice, and develop Native American languages. The House did not act on the measure.

TRANSPORTATION (Margaret):

Cabin Air Quality: At your request, the committee report accompanying the Aviation Safety Research Act of 1988 authorizes funds for cabin air quality research. The Civil Aeromedical Institute established by the Act would be responsible for the research.

Gray Market: Your automobile gray market legislation became law after much give and take with Senators Rudman and Danforth, and Congressman Dingell. This legislation establishes standards by which to determine whether cars imported into the U.S. comply, or may be brought into compliance, with American safety standards.

OCEAN ISSUES (Margaret):

Appropriations: You secured approximately \$4,966,000 in the Commerce-Justice-State account for ocean related projects as follows:

\$3.3 million for Hawaii Undersea Research Laboratory to conduct scientific research, including \$1.3 million toward the purchase of a support vessel;

\$325,000 to continue scientific efforts to save the endangered Hawaiian monk seal;

\$400,000 for development of a Hawaii fisheries stock management plan;

\$188,000 for mahi mahi stock enhancement strategy;

\$753,000 for Subarctic fisheries research conducted jointly by the University of Alaska and the Oceanic Institute, to study Arctic larval fish and shellfish, and their links to Pacific marine life;

\$282,000 to sponsor an exchange of scientists between Southeast Asia and the United States, who specialize in cultivating saltwater seafood species, with Hawaii aquaculture researchers; and

\$1,105,000 for weather data buoy activities.

JUDICIARY (Margaret):

With your assistance, David Ezra was confirmed as a U.S. District Court judge, and Judge Alfred Laureta, U.S. District Court of the Northern Marianas, qualified for retirement benefits.

TELECOMMUNICATIONS (Dan):

Bills Passed:

- S. 212, Dial-a-Porn Control Act, as part of PL 100-297
- S. 314 (as HR 2213), Hearing Aid Compatability Act, PL 100-394
- S. 2221 (as HR 4992), TDD Accessibility Act, PL 100-542
- S. 828 (as HR 2472), NTIA Reauthorization Act, PL 100-584
- S. 1048, FCC Reauthorization Act, PL 100-594
- S. 2114 (as HR 4118), CPB Reauthorization Act, PL 100-626
- S. 1883 contained HR 2848, the Superstation Copyright/Satellite Viewing Act, PL 100-667
- HR 2763 and HR 4782, Appropriations bills for S-J-C, FY88 & FY89 promoted minority ownership, restricted newspaper-broadcast crossownership, and banned VHF-UHF swaps. The S-J-C bill for FY89 [PL 100-459] also contained a Helms amendment banning obscene language 24 hours/day.
- S. 742, Fairness Doctrine Bill [vetoed]
- HR 3966, Children's Television Act [vetoed]

Hearings Held, Communications Subcommittee, 1987-88:

2-26-87: International Telecommunications, Part I
3-18-87: S. 742, Fairness Doctrine
3-26-87: S. 828, NTIA Reauthorization
4-21-87: S. 1048, FCC Reauthorization
5-15-87: S. 506, Gore's Digital Audio Taping bill
5-18-87: 5 Nominations to the CPB Board
7-17-87: S. 1277, Broadcast bill, Part I
7-20-87: S. 1277, Broadcast Bill, Part II
7-31-87: Gore's Satellite Television Fair Marketing bill
11-12-87: 20th anniversary of Public Broadcasting: oversight
12-10-87: Modified Final Judgement, Part I
12-11-87: Modified Final Judgement, Part II
1-27-88: Rural Cellular Telephone licensing (non-wireline)
3-15-88: S. 2114, CPB reauthorization
3-31-88: S. 314, Pressler's Hearing Aid Compatibility bill
4-19-88: International Telecommunications, Part II
4-27-88: S. 1935, the Communications Transfer Fee bill
6-23-88: S. 2221, McCain's TDD bill
7-14-88: MFJ Part III: Open Network Architecture;
one nomination to the CPB Board
8-2-88: S. 2044, Kerry Price Cap bill
9-15-88: McConnell Campaign Cost Reduction bill;
one nomination to COMSAT's Board

Licenses:

You helped obtain permits for the following stations, after their applications bogged down at the FCC:

KDEO-FM, Country western; Oahu: went on the air last week
(November 23rd).

KFVE-TV, Channel 5, Honolulu: went on the air 12-1987.

Hawaii Monitoring Station:

An Inouye amendment to the FCC reauthorization bill for FY88 and FY89, PL 100-594, authorizes the FCC to move its monitoring station in the State of Hawaii by selling its current site at Waipahu and acquiring a new site elsewhere in the state.

PEACESAT:

An Inouye amendment to the NTIA reauthorization bill, PL 100-584, gives the PEACESAT program Congressional authorization (\$1.7 million for each of FY 88 and FY89) for the first time in the program's 17 year history.

You secured \$1.7 million for PEACESAT in FY 1988 and \$200,000 in FY 1989, with a written commitment from the conferees to appropriate the balance, \$1.5 million, in FY 1990, or when needed.

Satellite Scrambling: Inouye motion to table Senator Gore's satellite television fair marketing amendment to the tax bill succeeded on October 7, 1988, by a vote of 43-36.

DKI price cap letter to FCC Commissioners/ CSEPA Speech: Because of strong statements by you, Cong. Dingell, Cong. Markey, and others, the FCC has slowed down its headlong rush to implement price caps this fall. Given Hill concerns, internal differences among the 3 FCC commissioners, and questions about the legality of price caps, the Commission cancelled its December 2nd meeting, at which Patrick intended to push for their adoption. Instead, the Commission may wait until January and adopt a price cap plan for AT&T only, with further notice for the local exchange carriers on such issues as profit sharing.

FISR Negotiations: After a year of gentle prodding by you, the networks and Hollywood have finally started earnest negotiations to resolve questions about the financial interest and syndication rule, which limits the ability of networks to produce their own programming and prohibits them from having syndication rights.

National Public Radio Report Language: At your request, the State-Justice-Commerce Appropriations Act for FY 1989 (PL 100-459) contained report language which "requests that the Commission give serious consideration to modification of the NCE-FM translator rule..." whereby religious broadcasters were using FM translators to become superstations.

FOREIGN TRADE ZONES (Dan):

Inouye Foreign Trade Zone amendment: The Tax Technical Corrections Act, PL 100-647, contains an Inouye amendment allowing the Customs Service to promulgate streamlined accounting rules for refineries operating in foreign trade zones, such as HIRI's Ewa plant. You introduced the amendment on behalf of the State of Hawaii, PRI, Chevron, several refineries in Texas, and the National Association of Foreign-Trade Zones.

Extension of Hawaii's Foreign-Trade Zone No. 9: After numerous inquiries by you, the Department of Commerce finally approved the extension of Hawaii's Foreign-Trade Zone Number 9 to Mililani Technology Park on 11-16-88.

Chevron's application for special foreign-trade subzone status at its Ewa refinery is still pending, with a final decision due later this year.

STATE-JUSTICE-COMMERCE FOR FY88 & FY89 (Dan):

East-West Center: The State-Justice-Commerce Appropriations Bill for FY 1989 (PL 100-459) contains an Inouye amendment raising the pay cap for East-West Center salaries from \$72,500 (GS-16 step V) to \$86,682 (GS-18).

You secured \$20 million in appropriations for the Center in both FY 1988 (PL 100-202) and 1989 (PL 100-459).

USTTA: Despite Reagan's initial requests for \$0, the USTTA received:

\$11.724 million in FY 1988

\$13.8 million in FY 1989

S. Res. 260, the Kassebaum-Inouye Committee reform resolution: The Rules Committee held hearings on this resolution May 17, 1988.

COMMUNICATIONS ISSUES FOR THE 101st CONGRESS:

Price Caps
Must Carry
Fairness Doctrine
Children's TV (Reagan pocket-vetoed the bill from the 100th Congress right before the election)
Cable: media concentration and market power cross-ownership
 -by telephone companies
 -by networks
Satellite Scrambling
"Free the BOCS" legislation
Two vacancies at the FCC, with two additional openings possible if Dennis and Patrick leave in 1989.
COMSAT: the subcommittee will release its year and a half long study of the COMSAT Act this December and will look at possible legislation next year.
The impact of de-pooling on national rate averaging

SUMMARY OF LEGISLATION INTRODUCED:

Bills authored:

124

Bills cosponsored: 537
Amendments authored: 43
Amendments cosponsored: 44

GALLAUDET UNIVERSITY (Irene):

The University sought your assistance in increasing its funding to allow increases in faculty salaries and to absorb some of the expenses necessary to meet the needs of those among the hearing who cannot use sign language to communicate with Gallaudet's new deaf president. The University received a 6.16% increase over its '88 appropriation of \$62.195 million. For FY '99, \$988,000 will be credited to Gallaudet's endowment, and \$65.010 will be used for operating expenses.

The Gallaudet University-University of Hawaii Center on Deafness is now operating. The Center was grateful for the services of the intern that you referred to it.

TELECOMMUNICATIONS DEVICES FOR THE DEAF (Irene):

You succeeded in persuading the Senate to endorse the purchase of TDDs for all federal agencies, to the extent that funding permits. You had favored stronger language, but your friends at Gallaudet are very pleased with what you accomplished and will hold a ceremony on December 6th to celebrate the signing of the Act into law.

CAMPAIGN FINANCE (Irene):

S. 2, the major campaign finance reform bill to reach the floor of the Senate last session, failed to survive eight attempts by the Majority Leader to obtain cloture. The final vote of 53 to 41 against cloture reflected a split primarily along party lines. The expense of public financing and the proposed limits on aggregate PAC contributions proved to be the major obstacles to passage.

TALKING HEADS (Irene):

You did not request a Rules Committee hearing on S. 577, your proposal to establish a uniform format for televised campaign advertisements, mainly because it was regarded as a rival to S. 2.

AIDS RESEARCH, EDUCATION, AND CARE (Irene):

You supported and succeeded in obtaining 1989 appropriations totalling \$1.3 billion for AIDS related services, (S. 1220).

CATASTROPHIC HEALTH CARE (Irene):

PL 100-360 expands Medicare benefits to cover more effectively some of the costs of catastrophic illnesses, including doctor's bills, hospitalization, and prescription drugs. The law also includes a spousal impoverishment provision, but does not extend to long term care. However, as of 1990 it would provide limited home nursing care, (38 days), and it expands the duration of skilled home nursing care that is covered. It would also extend Medicare to cover mammographies, and eliminate the current limit on Hospice care.

To pay for the increased coverage, all beneficiaries will pay higher premiums, and a surtax will be imposed on the 40% of beneficiaries who have high enough incomes to be liable for federal income taxes, (many of whom are covered by private or retirement plans, do not rely on Medicare, and are unhappy about the costs involved.)

EDUCATION FUNDING (Irene):

The Department of Education estimates that total education funding for the state of Hawaii will amount over \$70 million. Below is a partial list of the funded programs and funding levels.

Emergency Immigrant Education Program, (3707 ch.)	\$257,434
Transition Program for Refugee Children (127)	\$35,000
Educational Opportunity Center	\$24,740
Talent Search Program	\$117,824
Hawaii Youth Shelter Network	\$94,696
Head Start	\$524,386
Education Consolidation & Improvement Act	\$12,157,077
Drug Free Schools and Communities (FY 88)	\$945,911
Hawkins-Stafford, SOP- Handicapped (460)	\$258,101
Part B, Hawkins-Stafford	\$3,768,260
Bilingual Education, (FY 88)	\$235,265
	Chapter
1 Grants for Disadvantaged Children	\$12,442,529
Impact Aid	\$22,226,087
Chapter 2, Improving Schools Program	\$2,368,078
Grants for Strengthening Math and Science Handicapped	\$538,536
Handicapped, Preschool Grants	\$3,759,175
Grants for Infants & Families	\$232,400
Rehabilitation Services	\$327,644
Supported Employment Services	\$4,842,415
Client Assistance for Handicapped Individuals	\$250,000
Comprehensive Services for Independent Living	\$70,000
	\$200,000

Adult Education	\$579,429
Literacy Training for Homeless Adults	\$75,000
State Student Incentive Grants	\$298,795
Paul Douglas Teacher Scholarships	\$64,369
Robert C. Byrd Honors Scholarships	\$40,350
Library Services	\$489,651
Public Library Construction	\$173,027
Interlibrary Cooperation & Resource Sharing	\$110,089

ENERGY (Phyliss):

In the FY 89 Energy and Water Appropriations Bills you were successful in obtaining \$5.6 million for the Hawaii Deep Water Cable Project. This completes the Federal funding for this DOE R&D project which covered the cost of the manufacturing of the cable, the leasing of the ship to lay the cable at sea and test the cable at sea in the Maui channel. This brings the federal funding for the at-sea-testing of this cable project to approximately \$28 million since 1980. In FY 90, you have indicated that you will attempt to provide funding to conduct further geothermal drilling on the Big Island.

\$3.5 million was provided in the Ocean Thermal Energy Program for the program being conducted in part, by the Pacific International Center for High Technology Research (PICHTR) for the DOE. In FY '90 you will attempt to increase the overall OTEC budget to \$6 million, with to go directly to the work conducted by PICHTR.

\$500,000 was provided for the Biofuels program by the Hawaii Natural Energy Institute, and \$2.4 million for Hydro-solar work being conducted by HNEI, the Florida Solar Energy, University of Florida and TexasA&M.

No funding was provided for the Food Irradiation Project that the State of Hawaii is participating in. However, you have indicated that you will continue to work with Senator Stevens and Senator Harkin to obtain funding in FY 90. Six states are participating in this DOE R&D project.

Water Projects: \$200,000 for Alaneo Stream, \$157,000 for Kawaihae Harbor and \$210,000 for maalaea Harbor. \$1,784,000 was included for construction for the Kahoma Stream project. For general operations and maintenance funding by the Army Corps the following Hawaii projects were funded:

\$77,000 for Barber's Point
36,000 for Hilo Harbor

36,000 for Honolulu Harbor
36,000 for Kahului Harbor Breakwater Project
36,000 for Nawiliwili Harbor

INTERIOR (Phylliss)

Aside from the funding you obtained for the Native Hawaii Culture and Arts Program and the Hawaii Maritime Museum, you were successful in funding the following Interior projects:

Fish and Wildlife Service:

\$500,000 increase in the Operations and management budget for Tern Island, Creater Hill, and Hawaii Forest Birds refuge projects, for added staffing.

\$100,000 to continue the study on the Brown Tree Snake program.

\$3 million to establish the James Campbell and Oahu Forest Wildlife Refuges.

National Park Service:

\$500,000 for fencing of the Volcanoes and Haleakala National Parks.

\$688,000 for restoration work of Puukohola National Historical Site.

Geological Survey:

\$500,000 for the North Kohala Ground Water Research Project.

Bureau of Mines:

\$1.2 million for the joint U. of Mississippi and Hawaii Natural Energy Institute-Marine Minerals Technology Center.

Department of Energy/Energy Conservation:

\$75,000 for the Methanol Program being conducted by the Hawaii Natural Energy Institute.

HUD (Phylliss):

name
date
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Aside from the EPA-Sugar amendment and the VA Hospital planning funds and the Hawaiian Homes initiative, you were successful in obtaining \$3 million in the Ocean Sciences budget of the National Science Foundation for enhanced ocean research in the Pacific Basin.

Other EPA items you will be considering are the Hilo and Oahu Waste Water Treatment projects and the lead clean up in the water system on the Big Island. This lead leakage is a result of acid rain fall out from the eruption of the Kilauea Volcano.