

Citation for published version:

Grammatopoulos, G, Falsetto, A, Sanders, E, Weishorn, J, Gill, HS, Beaulé, PE, Innmann, MM & Merle, C 2022, 'Integrating the Combined Sagittal Index Reduces the Risk of Dislocation Following Total Hip Replacement', Journal of Bone and Joint Surgery, American Volume, vol. 104, no. 5, pp. 397-411. https://doi.org/10.2106/JBJS.21.00432

10.2106/JBJS.21.00432

Publication date: 2022

Document Version Peer reviewed version

Link to publication

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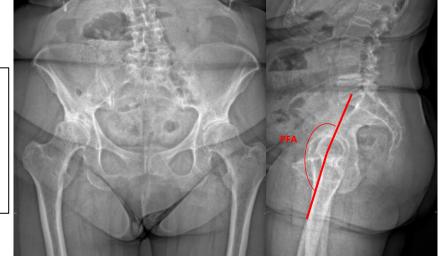
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Download date: 24 Jul 2023

1. Measure Standing PFA (182°) & Determine expected PFA post-op (187°)

(mean increase by 5° due to release of fixed flexion contractures)



2. Calculate Target Anteinclination Range Aiming $CSI_{standing}$ target: 200 – 245°

i.e. from: $200 - 187 = 13^{\circ}$ to $245 - 187 = 58^{\circ}$ ($13 - 58^{\circ}$: yellow area of graph)

3. Decide on personal target for inclination/anteversion

e.g. Cup Inclination $(30-50^{\circ}: blue area of graph)$ Cup Anteversion $(10-30^{\circ}: green area of graph)$

4. Overlapping area of 3 colors has cup optimally positioned for coronal and sagittal targets. Choose target in middle:

Inclination: 41°
Anteversion: 23°

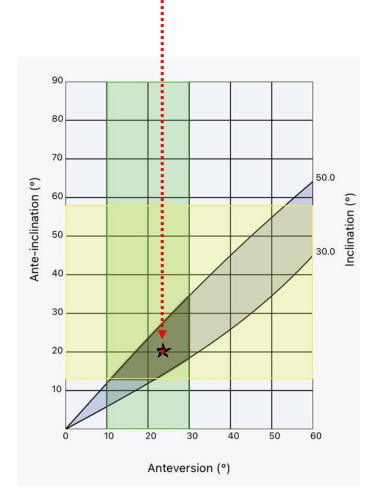


Figure 7: Proposed flow algorithm on how to determine optimum, patient-specific, acetabular component orientation considering spinopelvic characteristics