Using graph theory to investigate the role of expertise on infrastructure evolution: A case study examining the game Factorio

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Introduction

- Need for design guidance when making infrastructure decisions
- Two roadblocks:
- Proprietary/unavailable real-world network performance data
- whole evolution

Factorio

- Utilized different source of network data: the video game Factorio.
- Factorio is a manufacturing simulator
- Primary goal to build/launch a rocket
- Players create factories with evolving networks





Player Network: 20% game progression

Ecological Network Analysis (ENA)

- Subset of graph theory
- Allows researches to represent networks as adjacency matrixes
- ENA enables calculations of different characteristics of the matrix to produce quantifiable metrics



Focus on an infrastructure network at a single point in time, instead of covering





Player Network: 100% game progression



Methods

- Utilized publicly available recordings of 20 speed runners (10 experts and 10 novices)
- 5 snapshots at 20% intervals of player's total time (+/-1%)
- Analysed 10 ENA metrics for both experts and novices vs game progression
 - Actors (A)

 - (Pred:Prey)



- Performance gap of 6 hours average for same final goal Expert network evolution 5 times more
- Differences in early network designs between experts and novices





- Set of time-series data for twenty cases

Future work

- Additional testing for similar trends in other systems
- More data collection with Factorio, involving additional ENA metrics



