# Condensation of light – from fundamental physics to optical computers

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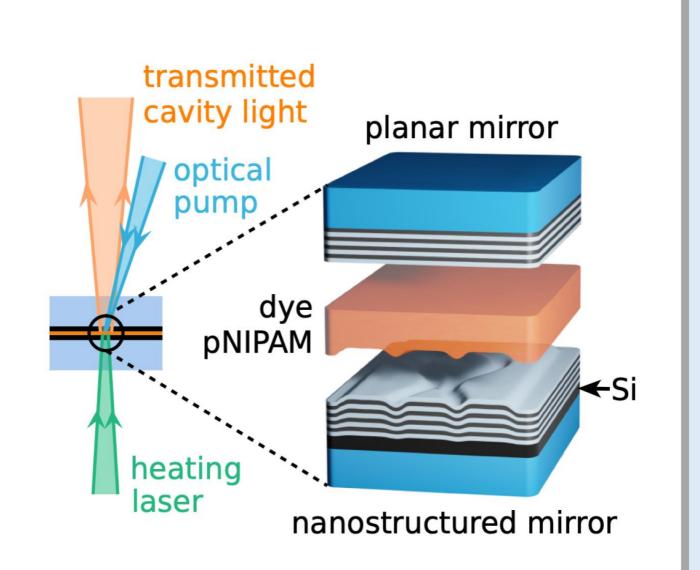
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### **Bose-Einstein Condensate platform**

Here, we present **photon Bose- Einstein condensate (pBEC)** platform for spin-glass simulations.

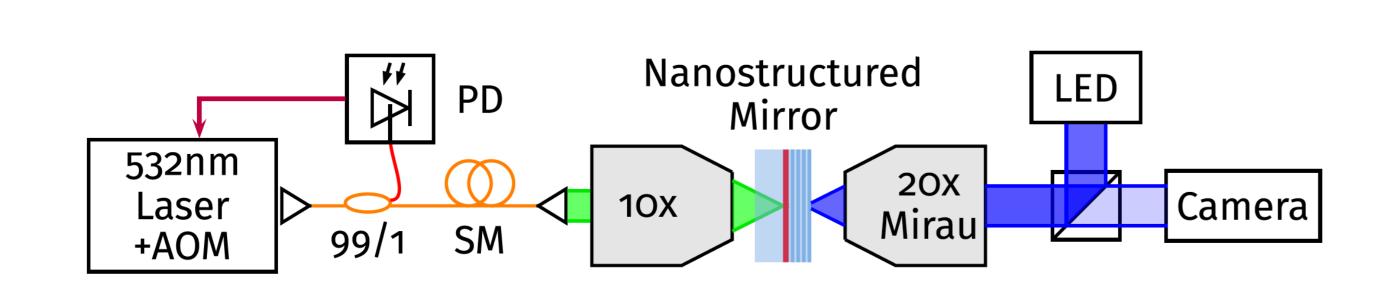
The optical pump via interaction with dye creates macroscopic number of photons in ground state – a condensate.

The heating laser is used to change the refractive index of the polymer, hence in situ changing the potential landscape.



## Mirror nanostructuring

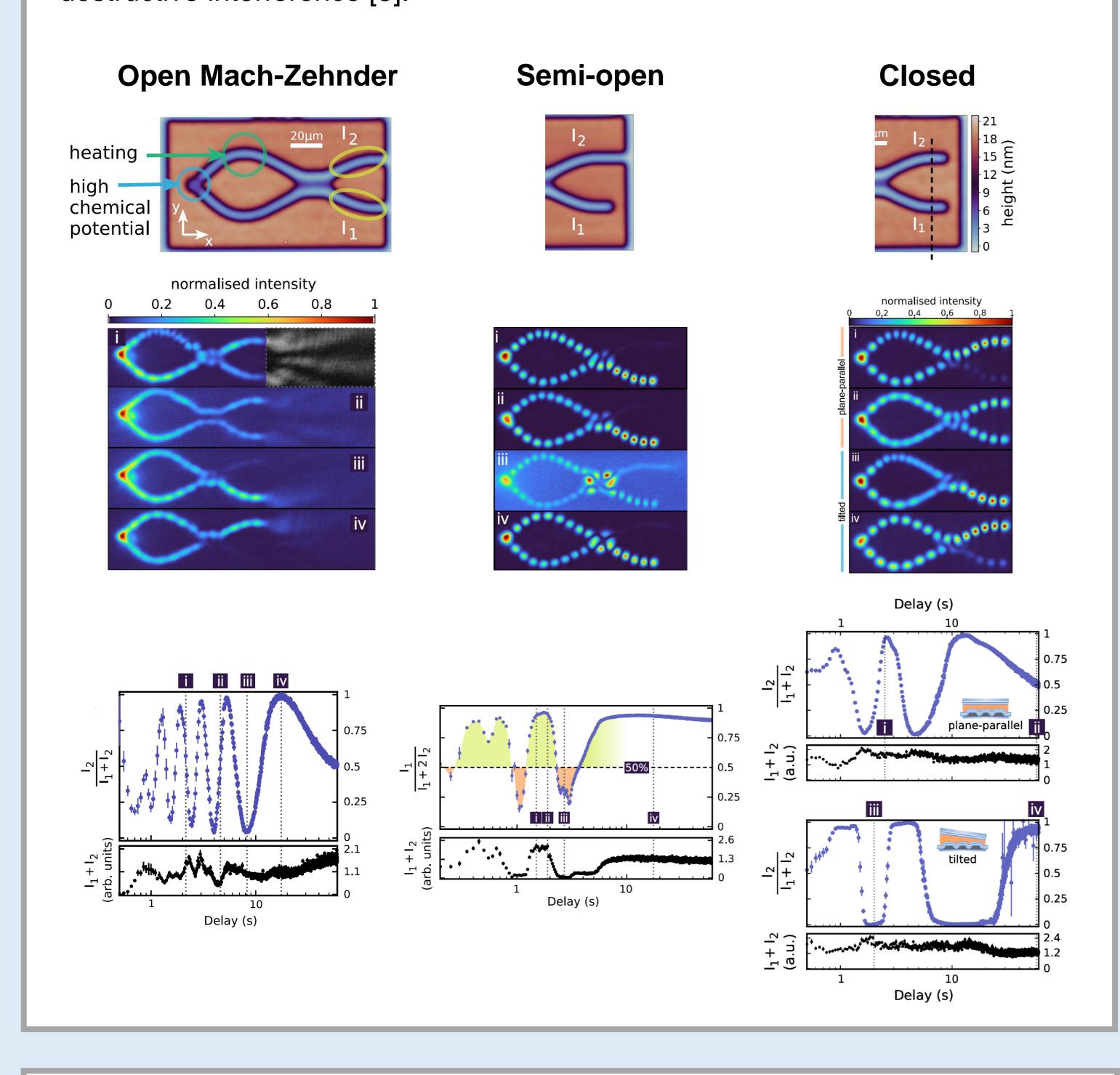
Direct laser writing setup



The surface of ultra-high finesse mirror may be accurately nanostructured by direct laser writing [1]. This enables to construct precise and uniform height profiles with sub-nanometer resolution.

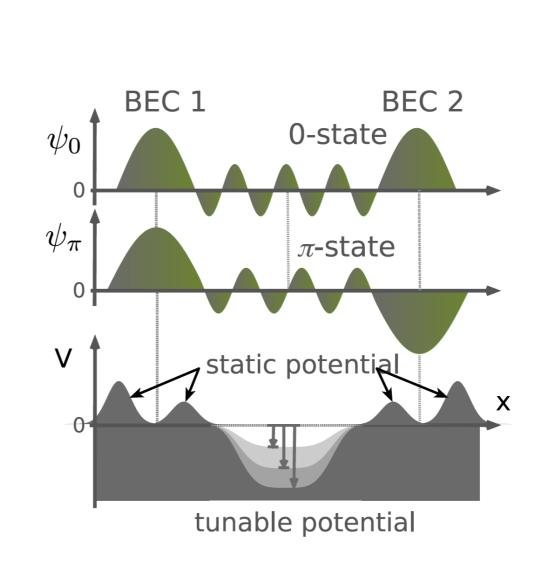
#### pBEC in an interferometer

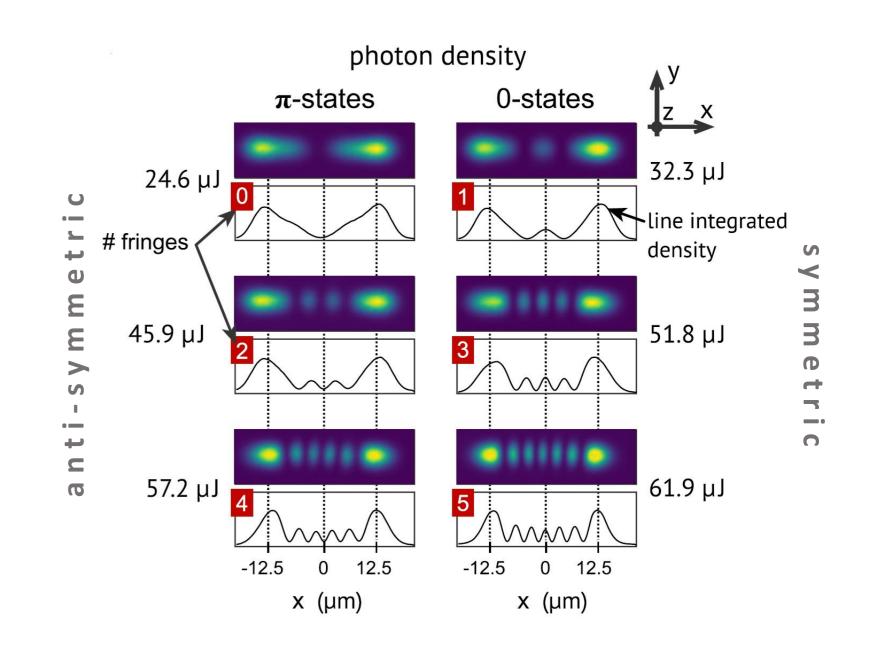
We investigate the pBEC in an environment with controlled dissipation and feedback. We have found that pBECs naturally try to **avoid particle loss** and destructive interference [3].



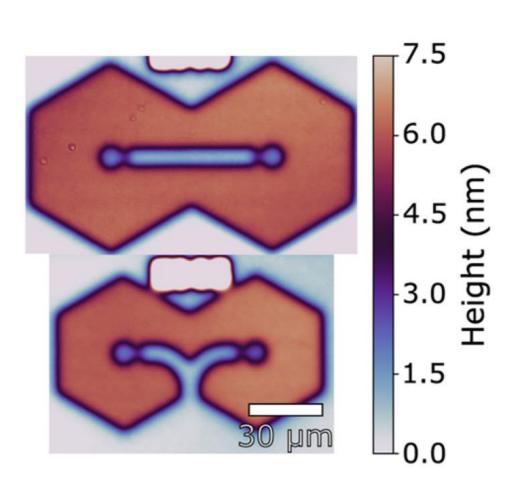
## Controlling coupling between condensates

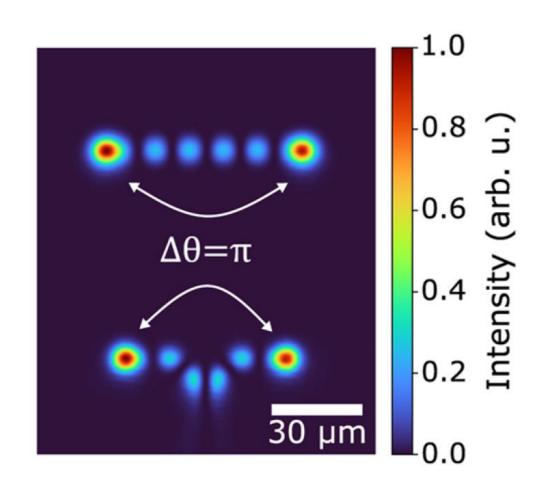
By addressing controlled amount of heat we are able to **adjust** strength and sign of **coupling** between pBECs. This system behaves as a controllable Josephson junction [1].





Adding losses to interaction between pBECs transforms coupler into dissipative and makes antisymmetric states more favorable [2].

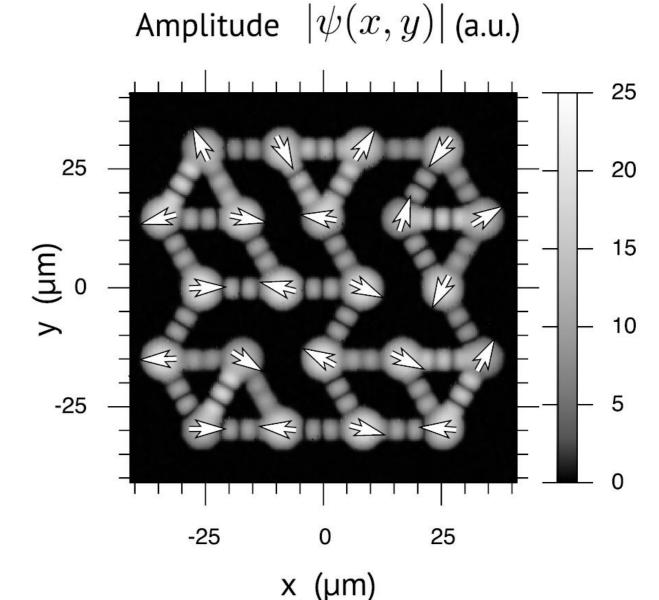


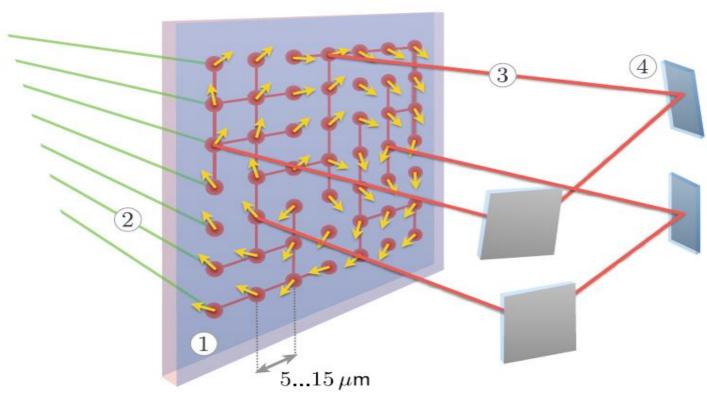


Both types of couplings can be used as a **building block** for analog spin-glass simulator.

#### Outlook

Finding a ground state of allnegatively coupled network of pBECs is equivalent to finding a solution for problems from **NP-complete** class which are **hard to solve** even for conventional supercomputers.

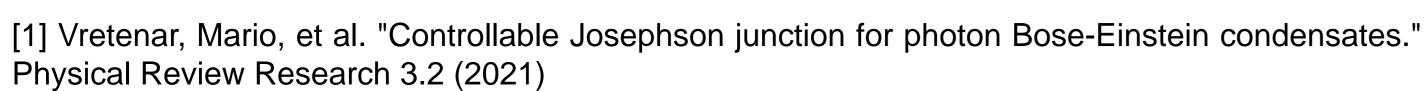




At current state of the project our group is **mainly focused on scaling** number of controllably interacting condensates from only few to potentially hundreds.

Network of pBECs is analogous to XY spin model governed by following Hamiltonian:

$$H = -\sum_{i,j=1}^{N} J_{ij} \cos(\theta_i - \theta_j) - \sum_{i=1}^{N} h_i \cos \theta_i$$



<sup>[2]</sup> Vretenar, Mario, Chris Toebes, and Jan Klaers. "Modified Bose-Einstein condensation in an optical quantum gas." Nature communications 12.1 (2021)

optical quantum gas." Nature communications 12.1 (2021)
[3] Toebes, Chris, Mario Vretenar, and Jan Klaers. "Dispersive and dissipative coupling of photon Bose-Einstein condensates." Communications Physics 5.1 (2022)

