Impact of negative geostrophic shear on wind farm performance

J.H. Kasper, A. Stieren, S. Gadde, R.J.A.M. Stevens Physics of Fluids Group, University of Twente, 7500 AE Enschede, The Netherlands

Motivation

In simulations and analytical models of wind farms the atmosphere is typically assumed barotropic, i.e. the driving pressure gradient is assumed constant with height.

However, in various situations, such as the flow transition between land and sea, the atmosphere is **baroclinic** and **pressure gradients** are **height-dependent**.

Negative shear baroclinicity significantly alters wind velocity and turbulence in the atmospheric boundary layer [1,2]. Here, we study how this affects wind farm wake development and power production.

LES equations

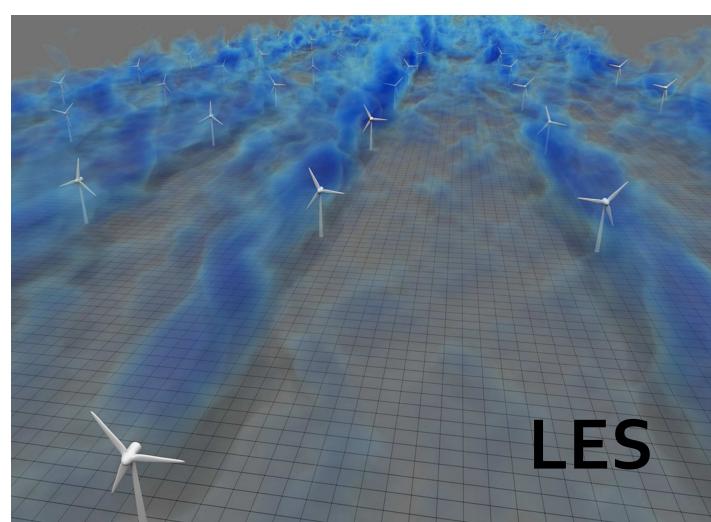
$$\partial_i \tilde{u}_i = 0$$

$$\partial_t \tilde{u}_i + \partial_j \left(\tilde{u}_i \tilde{u}_j \right) = -\partial_i \tilde{p}^* - \partial_j \tau_{ij} + g\beta \delta_{i3} \left(\tilde{\theta} - \left\langle \tilde{\theta} \right\rangle \right) + \epsilon_{ij3} f_c \left(\tilde{u}_j - G_j \right) + f_i$$

$$\partial_t \tilde{\theta} + \tilde{u}_i \partial_i \tilde{\theta} = -\partial_i q_i$$

Method





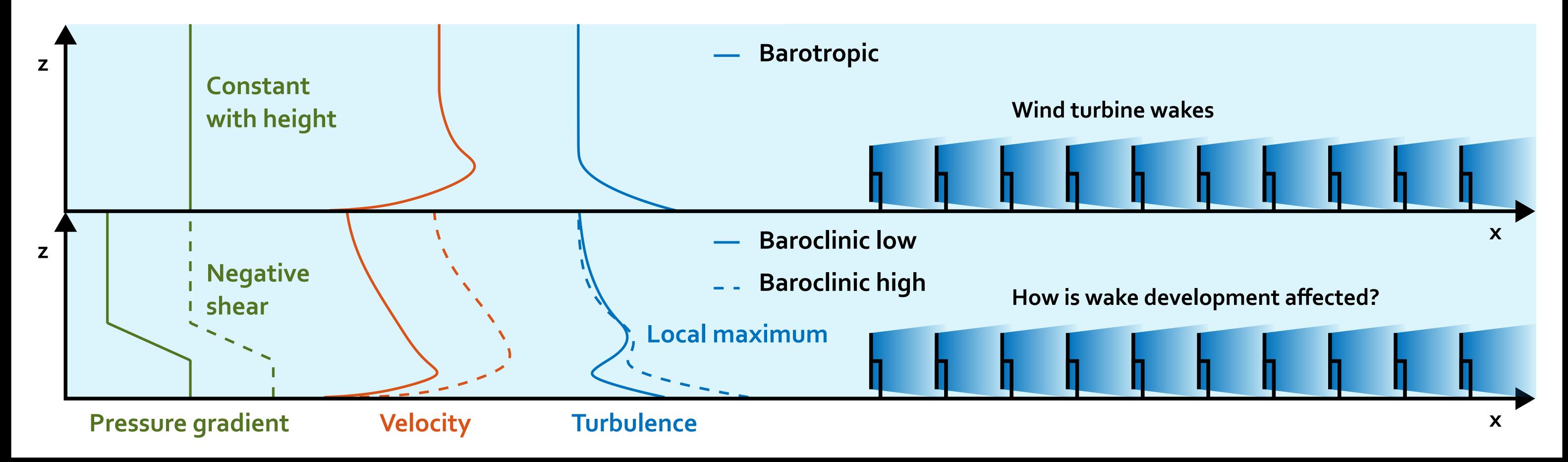
We employ Large Eddy Simulations (LES) to simulate wind farms of 10x5 turbines in neutrally and stably stratified atmospheres.

We compare results between three stable cases:

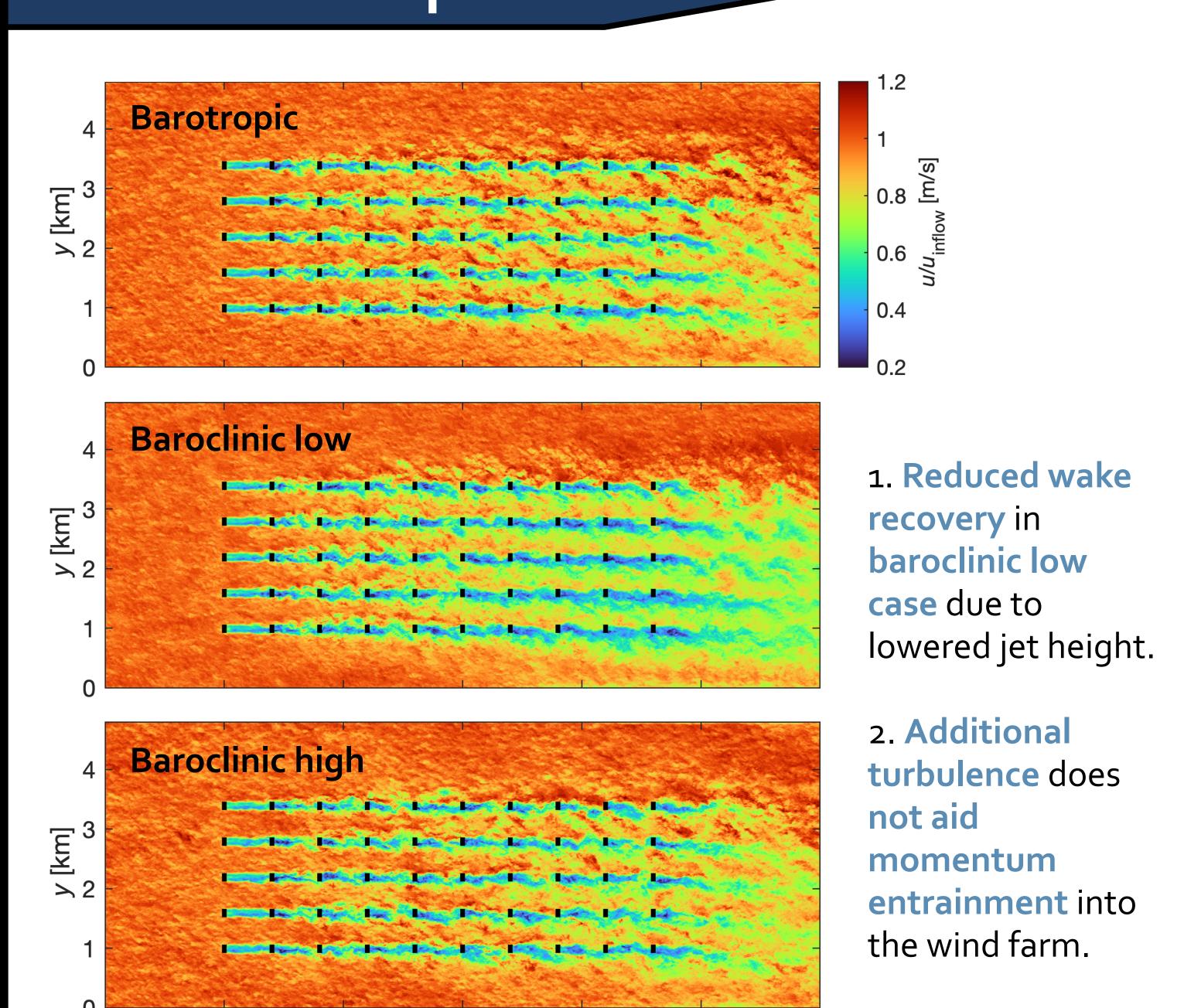
- 1. Barotropic
- 2. Baroclinic low
- 3. Baroclinic high

*Three neutral cases were also simulated, for which the results can be found in our full (soon to be published) research paper!

Case overview

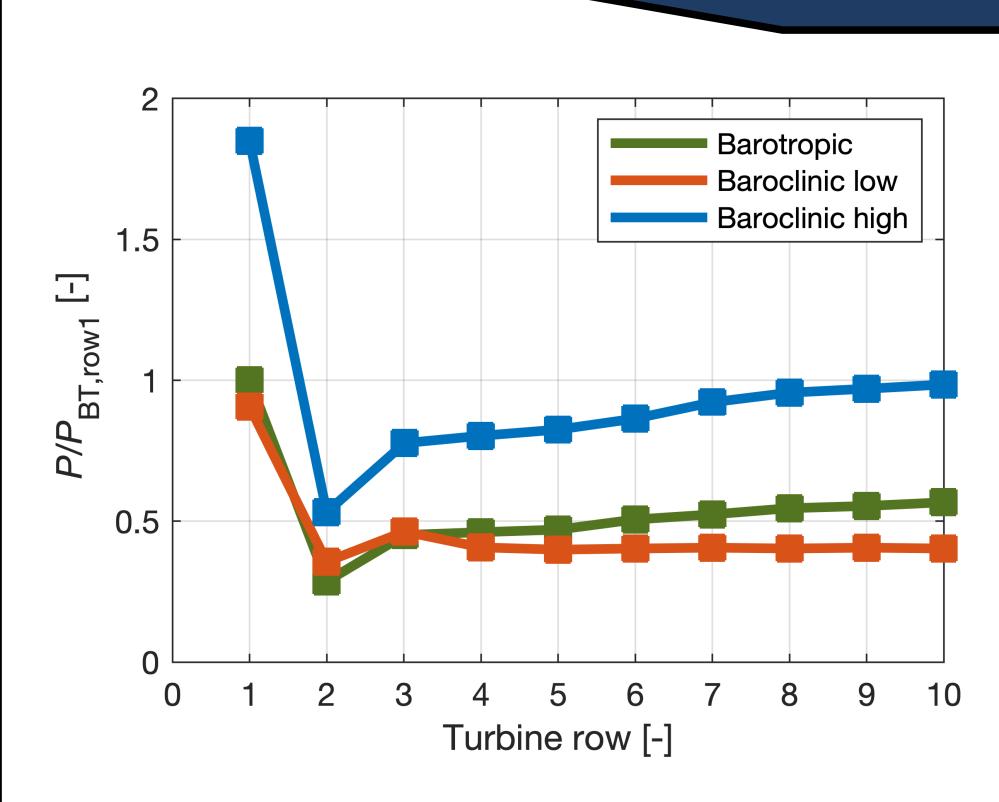


Wake development



x [km]

Power production



- 1. Relative power production of downstream turbines is reduced under negative shear.
- 2. Given the velocity aloft is unaltered, negative shear can significantly increase the absolute power output of a wind farm.

References

- [1] M. Momen, E. Bou-Zeid, M.B. Parlange, M. Giometto. Modulation of Mean Wind and Turbulence in the Atmospheric Boundary Layer by Baroclinicity. *Journal of the Atmospheric Sciences*, 75(11), 3797-3821, 2018.
- [2] L. Conangla, J. Cuxart. On the Turbulence in the Upper Part of the Low-Level Jet: An Experimental and Numerical Study. *Boundary-Layer Meteorology*, 118(2), 379-400, 2006