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Medicine, health care, and the wider social meaning and management of health are undergoing major changes. In part this reflects developments in science and technology, which enable new forms of diagnosis, treatment and delivery of health care. It also reflects changes in the locus of care and the social management of health. Locating technical developments in wider socio-economic and political processes, each book in the series discusses and critiques recent developments in health technologies in specific areas, drawing on a range of analyses provided by the social sciences. Some have a more theoretical focus, some a more applied focus but all draw on recent research by the authors. The series also looks toward the medium term in anticipating the likely configurations of health in advanced industrial society and does so comparatively, through exploring the globalization and internationalization of health.

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# Resilient Cyborgs

# Living and Dying with Pacemakers and Defibrillators



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care to patients, often for a major part of their lifetimes, and Bop has been a wonderful and very reliable family doctor, as many patients told me.

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### **Series Editors' Preface**

Medicine, health care, and the wider social meaning and management of health are undergoing major changes. In part, this reflects developments in science and technology, which enable new forms of diagnosis, treatment, and the delivery of health care. It also reflects changes in the locus of care and burden of responsibility for health. Today, genetics, informatics, imaging and integrative technologies, such as nanotechnology, are redefining our understanding of the body, health, and disease; at the same time, health is no longer simply the domain of conventional medicine, nor the clinic. The 'birth of the clinic' heralded the process through which health and illness became increasingly subject to the surveillance of medicine. Although such surveillance is more complex, sophisticated, and precise as seen in the search for 'predictive medicine,' it is also more provisional, uncertain, and risk laden.

At the same time, the social management of health itself is losing its anchorage in collective social relations and shared knowledge and practice, whether at the level of the local community or through state-funded socialized medicine. This individualization of health is both culturally driven and state sponsored, as the promotion of 'self-care' demonstrates. The very technologies that redefine health are also the means through which this individualization can occur—through 'e-health,' diagnostic tests, and the commodification of restorative tissue, such as stem cells, cloned embryos, and so on.

This Series explores these processes within and beyond the conventional domain of 'the clinic' and asks whether they amount to a qualitative shift in the social ordering and value of medicine and health. Locating technical developments in wider socio-economic and political processes, each book discusses and critiques recent developments within health technologies in specific areas, drawing on a range of analyses provided by the social sciences.

The Series has already published more than 20 volumes that have explored many of these issues, drawing on novel, critical, and deeply informed research undertaken by their authors. In doing so, the books have shown how the boundaries between the three core dimensions that underpin the whole Series—health, technology, and society—are changing in fundamental ways.

Other texts in the Series, notably Lynch and Farrington's Quantified Lives and Vital Data (2018), have explored personal medical devices both in (such as insulin pumps) and outside (such as biosensor 'wearables') of the body. Nelly Oudshoorn's book takes us—literally—into the heart of the body, providing a careful and detailed analysis of what it is to live with a pacemaker or internal cardioverter defibrillator (ICD). These technologies under the skin are often portrayed as simultaneously magical and mundane: magical because, once implanted, they save and transform lives and mundane because they have quickly become normal, invisible, and automatic. After the initial drama of a heart attack or related problem, the recipients of pacemakers and ICDs seemingly go on to enjoy active lives, undisturbed by this major material intervention. Oudshoorn describes these people as 'wired heart cyborgs' in order to draw attention to the agency and active engagement required to keep the technologies working and the bodies alive. Drawing on recent feminist post-humanist literature, Oudshoorn convincingly deploys the cyborg, not simply as a metaphor but as a conceptual tool to account for the ways in which wired heart cyborgs sense and make sense of their materially transformed bodies. The second part of the book explores the resilience techniques and material resources that may be used by all wired heart cyborgs, independent of their background. In the third part, Oudshoorn draws on intersectional approaches to examine how gender and age matter in the experiences of wired heart cyborgs. The same device can affect the lives of younger and older women and men in a variety of ways, generating different kinds of anxieties and requiring a range of emotional and medical responses.

Oudshoorn's book provides a rich account of 'wired heart cyborgs.' She also provides conceptual tools to consider other technologies implanted inside the body, such as artificial hips. Much scholarship concerned with the relationships between technology and people focuses on technologies external to the body, more or less under human control and in which the interactions are temporally bounded. Oudshoorn's work is an essential starting point for future scholars who want to explore the agency of people living with implanted technologies that may involve continuous interactions between bodies and technologies that last a lifetime.

York, UK Maastricht, The Netherlands Andrew Webster Sally Wyatt

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### **About the Author**

Nelly Oudshoorn is Professor Emerita of Technology Dynamics and Health Care at the University of Twente, The Netherlands. Her research focuses on the relationships between medical technology, bodies, and everyday life, focusing in particular on the co-construction of technologies and users. She is the author of Beyond the Natural Body: An Archeology of Sex Hormones (1994); The Male Pill: A Biography of a Technology in the Making (2003); and Telecare Technologies and the Transformation of Healthcare (Palgrave Macmillan 2011) and the co-editor of Bodies of Technology: Women's Involvement with Reproductive Medicine (2000); How Users Matter: The Co-construction of Users and Technology (2003); and The New Production of Users: Changing involvement strategies and innovation collectives (2016). Her books have received several awards, including the Rachel Carson Prize from the Society for Social Studies of Science (2005), the Book Prize of the Foundation for the Sociology of Health and Illness of the British Sociological Association (2012), and the Freeman Award of the European Association for the Study of Science and Technology (2016).

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