# MoralStrength: Exploiting a Moral Lexicon and Embedding Similarity for Moral Foundations Prediction

# Oscar Araque, Lorenzo Gatti, Kyriaki Kalimeri

Intelligent Systems Group, Universidad Politecnica de Madrid, Madrid, Spain Human Media Interaction Lab, University of Twente, Enschede, The Netherlands Data Science & Digital Philanthropies Laboratory, ISI Foundation, Turin, Italy



## Research Question

Can we better predict the moral rhetoric in user-generated text?



**MORAL ValueS** influence the way we rationalize and take a stance upon controversial topics, like abortion, homosexuality, climate change, or even vaccine hesitancy.

They are also closely related to our **political views** and the opinion formation mechanisms regarding **immigration**, **political extremism**, and poverty.

Here we propose the new *MoralStrength lexicon* for morality analysis.

#### Moral Foundations Theory

Care/Harm: virtues of caring and compassion.

**Fairness/Cheating:** unfair treatment, inequality, notions of justice.

Loyalty/Betrayal: obligations of group membership, loyalty, vigilance against betrayal.

Authority/Subversion: social order, obligations of hierarchical relationships such as obedience, respect

Purity/Degradation: physical and spiritual contagion, virtues of chastity, wholesomeness and control of desires.

**Liberty/Oppression:** feelings of reactance and resentment people feel toward those who dominate them and restrict their liberty

## Moral Foundations Dictionary (MFD)

(i) a limited amount of lemmas and stem of words

(ii) radical lemmas rarely used in everyday language, e.g. homologous, apostasy

(iii) an association with a moral bipolar scale, so-called vice and virtue, but without any indication of **strength**.

#### MoralStrength Dictionary

(i) contains 5 times more lemmas with respect to the MFD (~1000)

(ii) expansion via WordNet including common use words (iii) human annotations of "strength" in a Likert-Scale for all

### Evaluation

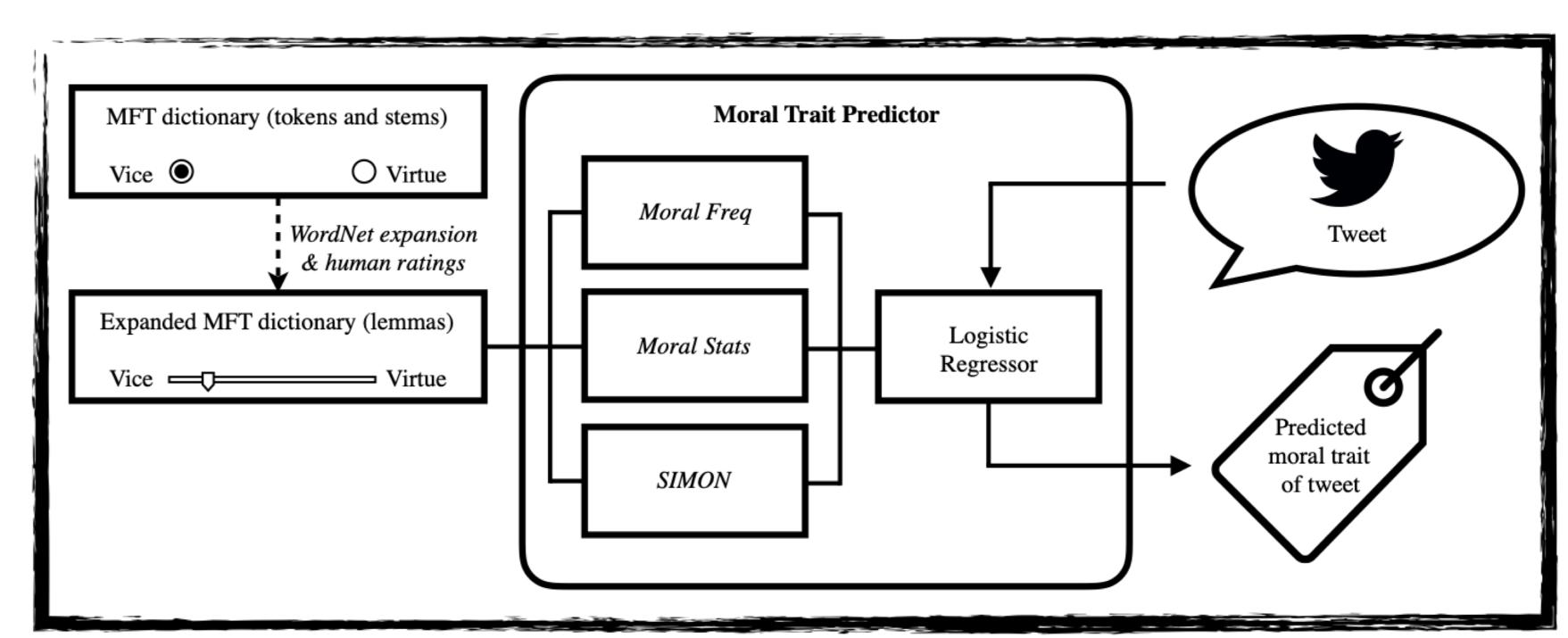
We evaluated our framework on the Moral Foundations Twitter Corpus which conists of 7 datasets of various topics and contains approximately **35,000** annotated tweets.

We propose three approaches of increasing complexity which employ the MoralStrength lexicon to predict the moral rhetoric:

Moral Freq: frequency counts of the lemmas Moral Stats: statistical summary of the lemmas

SIMON: word embedding similarity based representations

#### Our Framework



Baseline Models: Unigrams and frequency counts with MFD

Simple Models: Moral Freq, Moral Stats, SIMON

Combined Models: SIMON + Moral Freq, SIMON + Moral Stats, SIMON + Moral Freq + Moral Stats

Outperforming the current state-of-the-art.

On average F1-score of 86.25% vs 44,30% (p-value < 0.01) over all datasets.



MoralStrength provides a tool for a more in-depth understanding of the moral narratives.

Still, there are many points for further research since context, culture, and medium may affect the expression of morality.



lemmas





