A novel acoustic lens for photoacoustic breast imaging

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PAM II transducer design consideration





Less sensitive, large acceptance angle

sensitive, small acceptance angle

Design:

- High sensitivity active mateiral: CTS 3203 HD.
- High sensitivity element: large active surface area (5 mm x 5 mm), and low resonance frequency (1 MHz) (8 Pa minimal detectable pressure).
- Large acceptance angle: acoustic lens (60 degree).
- Large bandwidth: two impedance matching layers (90% fractional bandwidth).
- Low lateral resonance: subdicing

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Large area detector + acoustic lens* =) Large acceptance angle + high sensitivity

Acoustic lens material characteristics

Enlarged acceptance angle

Lens material requirements:

- Large speed of sound compared to speed of sound of water (ensures a strong lens effect according to Snell's law).
- Low acoustic attenuation (Minimize the attenuation loss). •
- Impedance $(Z=\rho_L C_L)$ close to that of tissue or water (Minimize the reflection loss).

A novel acoustic lens material:





Stycast lens further minimizes the forward loss and thus has higher image contrast compared to PMMA (acrylic) lens

Future plans

- Experimentally study the enlargement of the acceptance angle using lens.
- Acoustic lens validation in photoacoustic tomographic experiments.
- Compare simulation and experiment results.



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