University of Missouri, St. Louis

IRL @ UMSL

UMSLCAB - UMSL's Political Science Millennial Era Saint Louis Local Curated Area Budgets

Political Science Department

1-1-2000

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, 1999

City of St. Peters

Follow this and additional works at: https://irl.umsl.edu/cab

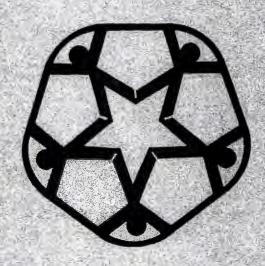
Recommended Citation

City of St. Peters, "Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, 1999" (2000). *UMSLCAB - UMSL's Political Science Millennial Era Saint Louis Local Curated Area Budgets*. 156. https://irl.umsl.edu/cab/156

This Book is brought to you for free and open access by the Political Science Department at IRL @ UMSL. It has been accepted for inclusion in UMSLCAB - UMSL's Political Science Millennial Era Saint Louis Local Curated Area Budgets by an authorized administrator of IRL @ UMSL. For more information, please contact marvinh@umsl.edu.

CITY OF ST. PETERS, MISSOURI

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal year ended September 30, 1999



CITY OF ST. PETERS, MISSOURI

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1999



Report issued by the Office of Administration

Timothy M. Wilkinson, CPA Assistant City Administrator

Contents

Page
Part I - Introductory Section:
Letter of Transmittali - xvList of City OfficialsxviOrganization ChartxviiCertificate of Achievementxviii
Part II - Financial Section:
Independent Auditors' Report
Account Groups
Governmental Fund Types And Expendable Trust Fund 5 Combined Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes In Fund Balances - Budget And Actual - Budget Basis - General, Special
Revenue And Debt Service Funds
Type - Enterprise Funds
Required Supplementary Information
Supplementary Data - Combining, Individual Fund, And Individual Account Group Statements And Schedules:
Governmental Fund Types: General Fund:
Schedule Of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes In Fund Balance - Budget And Actual - Budget Basis
Schedule Of Expenditures - Budget And Actual - Budget Basis
Special Revenue Funds: Combining Balance Sheet
Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances 40

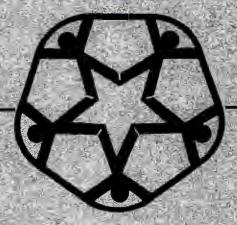
Part II - Financial Section (Continued):

Supplementary Data - Combining, Individual Fund, And Individual Account Group Statements And Schedules (Continued):

	Combining Schedule Of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances - Budget And		
	And Changes in Fund Balances - Budget And Actual - Budget Basis	41 -	. 19
	Proprietary Fund Type - Enterprise Funds:		12
	Combining Balance Sheet		43
	Combining Statement Of Revenues, Expenses		10
	And Changes In Fund Equity		44
	Combining Statement Of Cash Flows		
	Schedule Of Revenues And Expenses - Budget And		
	Actual - Budget Basis - Waterworks/Sanitary		
	Sewer Fund (Utility Operating Fund)		46
	Schedule Of Revenues And Expenses - Budget And		
	Actual - Budget Basis - Solid Waste Fund		47
	Schedule Of Revenues And Expenses - Budget And		
	Actual - Budget Basis - Central Materials		
	Processing Facility Fund		48
	General Fixed Assets Account Group:		
	Schedule Of General Fixed Assets By Source		49
	Schedule Of General Fixed Assets By Function		
	And Activity		50
	Schedule Of Changes In General Fixed Assets By		
	Function And Activity		51
P	Part III - Statistical Section:	Table	
	General Governmental Expenditures By Function -		
	Budget Basis	1	52
	General Governmental Revenues By Source - Budget		
	Basis	2	53
	General Governmental Tax Revenues By Source -		
	Budget Basis	3	54

Contents

	Table	Page
Part III - Statistical Section (Continued):		
Property Tax Levies And Collections	4	55
Assessed And Estimated Actual Value Of Property	5	56
Property Tax Rates - Direct And Overlapping Governments	6	57 - 58
Assessed Value And Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita	7	59
Ratio Of Annual Debt Service Expenditures For General Obligation Bonded Debt To Total		
General Governmental Expenditures	8	60
Debt - General Obligation Bonds	9	61
Revenue Bond Coverage - Waterworks/Sanitary Sewer Fund - Budget Basis	10	62
Principal Taxpayers	11	63
Demographic Statistics		64
Property Value And Construction		65
Miscellaneous Statistics		66 - 67



Part I - Introductory Section



ST. PETERS

December 16, 1999

To the Citizens of the City of St. Peters, Missouri:

The comprehensive annual financial report of the City of St. Peters, Missouri (City) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 1999 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The comprehensive annual financial report is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, the City's organizational chart, and a list of principal City officials. The financial section includes the independent auditors' report on the general purpose financial statements, the combining and individual fund and individual account group financial statements and schedules, and supplementary data. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information generally presented on a multiyear basis.

This report includes all funds and account groups of the City. The City provides a full range of services that include police protection; water and sanitary sewer service; residential trash collection; construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure; planning, zoning and code enforcement; health; recreational activities; and cultural events. This report also includes the financial statements of the City of St. Peters Natatorium Foundation, a separate not-for-profit corporation established to support the City's recreational complex. In addition, this report includes the financial statements of the City of St. Peters Public Improvement Corporation (the PIC), a separate not-for-profit corporation, established to finance capital projects of the City. Both the City of St. Peters Public Improvement Corporation and the City of St. Peters Natatorium Foundation are reported as component units of the City and blended as a separate enterprise fund and an expendable trust fund, respectively.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Since 1980, the population of the City of St. Peters has more than tripled. The City has kept pace with this growth and the need for additional services while simultaneously reducing the ad valorem tax rate. This is due to the dramatic

increase in sales tax receipts and the growth in assessed valuation of the City. The assessed valuation in the City is nearly triple the valuation in 1985.

The population of St. Peters is younger than that of the nation and the state of Missouri. The median age of the population in 1990 was 29.8 years compared to 33.5 years for Missouri. Approximately one-third of the population was under the age of 18 years. The percentage of young adults, ages 18-24, was 7.01%, while the older adults, 65 years and above, comprised only 4.5% of the population.

According to statistics from the United States Bureau of Census, in 1990, St. Peters' residents over the age of 3 enrolled in school totaled 13,995. The percentage of the City's adult population which graduated from high school was 89.8% and 25.5% of the population obtained a bachelor's degree or higher degree. This compares favorably to the State of Missouri which had a population graduated from high school of 73.9% and a population obtaining a bachelor's degree or higher of 17.8%.

As has been the trend for more than a decade, the City's economy continues to diversify with modern housing, numerous commercial enterprises, several shopping centers, support services, and some industries. Commercial growth is attributable to the City's transportation network, central location in the United States, and expanding resources of labor and materials. Residential growth has been considerable as an outgrowth of expanded employment opportunities in the area.

The City currently has approximately 1,200 business establishments, of which approximately 30 are involved in manufacturing. In addition, there are approximately 600 home-based businesses operating in St. Peters. According to a survey of 20,000 cities published in the November 1993 issue of Home Office Computing magazine, St. Peters was ranked in the top 10 best cities in America for running a home-based business.

There are several major shopping corridors in St. Peters and the City serves as a shopping hub to surrounding communities located throughout St. Charles County. The City's retail service area encompasses an estimated 30-mile radius with a population of approximately 350,000 in the 10-mile radius immediately surrounding the City. The largest shopping center in St. Peters, Mid Rivers Mall (the "Mall"), is also the largest shopping center in St. Charles County. The Mall opened in 1987. Four major department stores anchor the Mall which has approximately 140 shops including a food court, restaurants, and a multi-screen theater. The Mall contains more than 900,000 square feet. The fourth anchor, J. C. Penney, opened on November 1, 1996. In addition, the Mall retail space for specialty stores expanded by approximately 56,000 square feet at that same time.

During fiscal year 1999, residential and commercial building permits were issued with estimated construction values of \$26,328,171 and \$58,740,000, respectively. Residential construction continues to be active, with 264 building permits issued during the year. During the year, the City had over 200,000 square feet of industrial space under construction, with an estimated value of \$9 million. Also during the year, 300,000 square feet of retail and commercial space, with a value of over \$30 million, was either added or re-occupied and over 80,000 square feet of office and hotel space, with an estimated value of \$5 million, was constructed and occupied. In addition, over \$10 million was invested in church, educational, hospital and government facilities resulting in approximately 100,000 square feet of new space.

The economy of St. Peters has flourished even during periods of recession as evidenced by historical increases in assessed valuation, retail sales, and new construction. However, as a suburban community, which is a part of a larger metropolitan area, the City's continued growth can be affected by economic events occurring outside its corporate limits. The City has strived to manage its dramatic growth. Future opportunities will be carefully and conservatively evaluated as the City continues to actively seek new development.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Management Information Systems

During the year ended September 30, 1999, the City implemented various advancements in the Management Information Systems (MIS) area. Included in these advancements were the continuation of migration to a client/server environment and the implementation of new business software.

During fiscal year 1999 the City the City converted to new accounting, payroll and budget software and selected new police operations software. During fiscal year 2000 we plan to convert utility billing, business licensing, fixed assets, human resources, and parks/recreation software and perform a concern systems update. In addition, the City plans to install the new police software. These new systems should function more efficiently in the Windows NT environment. In future years, the City plans to extract key information from these systems into a data warehouse database.

In addition to the above applications, the City is involved in several other major data processing applications. The Westplex Information Network (WIN) was created several years ago to allow area residents access to the Internet. WIN was established as a separate non-profit entity with its initial directors representing several political subdivisions in St. Charles County. Basic service is free to all St. Charles County residents. In addition, WIN offers special connections that allow users to view graphics on the Internet and download information and mail files directly to their computer. A fee is charged for these special services. WIN has approximately 21,000 registered users.

During the year the City continued its development of a geographic information system and automated mapping/facilities management system (GIS system). This is a multi-year project that, when completed, will consist of computerized streets, topography, and school district boundaries. Currently, the GIS system is being utilized internally at the City.

Water Works/Sanitary Sewer Operations

The City has two sources of water supply. The first is a 6 million gallon per day treatment plant that is supplied by a well system. The second source of water is the City of St. Louis Howard Bend Water Treatment Plant. Several years ago, the City and the City of St. Charles, Missouri formed a joint venture to build a pipeline to the Howard Bend plant. The City has a long-term agreement with St. Louis that provides for a supply of up to 9.858 million gallons of potable water per day. The City has been able to balance the use of these two sources of water such that energy costs associated with water production and distribution are minimized.

During fiscal year 1999, the City continued to expand the water and sanitary sewer system. City crews constructed approximately 13,690 lineal feet water main. This construction was necessary to allow the City to serve its expanding service area. During the year, 271 water meters were replaced under a plan to convert to an automated meter reading system. The system provides for meters to be read via a touch pad installed near the house or on top of the meter well. This remote read is digital rather than pulse to ensure greater accuracy. The system includes hand-held computer reading units and route manager software. The system can be modified in the future to deliver readings through radio, cable, or phone lines. In addition, the City constructed 12,761 lineal feet of new sewer main to serve a region of the watershed previously without sewers.

In 1999 the City began building its Sanitary Sewer Management System (SSMS) by updating the existing sanitary sewer maps with field verified manhole locations. Approximately 4,200 manholes of the total 4,800 manholes the City owns were field located with a Global Positioning System (GPS) during 1999. These locations were downloaded into the City's GIS system. These locations will allow the linkage between the SSMS and the City's GIS system.

The City also inspected and rated the structural condition of 1,900 manholes. This information was incorporated into a computer database which is the foundation of the City's SSMS. The City has also upgraded its video inspection equipment to increase the efficiency of incorporating pipe inspection data into the SSMS.

The SSMS will enhance the capability of the Public Works engineering and operation staff to prioritize sewer maintenance, repair, and replacement projects. This will allow the City to move from a preventive maintenance system to a proactive maintenance system, which will reduce the future number of sewer back-ups and service interruptions.

During the fiscal year 1999, the City undertook some significant projects utilizing inhouse staff. The City converted from Chlorine Gas to Sodium Hypochlorite (liquid chlorine) to provide drinking water disinfection. Converting to Sodium Hypochlorite provides a safer environment for the City employees and residents. It also allowed the City to be in compliance with Sec. 112 (r) of the Clean Air Act, which requires facilities to prepare a risk management plan for certain hazardous chemicals.

This project included the design and construction of architectural, electrical, process control, mechanical, and HVAC modifications and equipment and material procurement. The entire project received DNR approval prior to commencing work. The project was constructed in 30 days without any service interruptions.

City staff also replaced the deteriorated screening equipment at the Wastewater Treatment Plant. The ten-year old failing bar rake was causing pumps within the plant to clog. Each day the pumps were taken out of service and cleaned. The barrake was removed and replaced with a combination grinder/screen, and auger unit. This new unit will remove any debris greater than 6 mm from the flow stream and will decrease pump maintenance hours.

September 1999, the Utilities Department delivered its first Water Quality Report to all St. Peters water customers. The Water Quality Report will be updated annually and be available by June 1 each year. This report involved a coordinated effort of

Public Works operations and engineering staff, community relations department, Missouri Department of Natural Resources, and the City of St. Louis

Solid Waste Management

Fiscal year 1999 was the eighth full year for city-provided residential trash collection. This comprehensive service includes curbside trash and recycling collection twice per week, yard waste collection one time per week, and bulk pickup service. The yard waste that is collected is disposed of at the City's composting facility.

Fiscal year 1999 was the second full year for operations at the municipal waste Central Material Processing Facility (CMPF) and transfer station that became operational in April 1997. City collected residential trash is delivered to the CMPF for separation of material that can be either recycled or composted. The residual trash is then hauled to a landfill. The facility operates in conjunction with a "bluebag" collection system. City residents dispose of recyclables in blue bags, which are placed in their trash containers with other garbage. The blue bags are separated from the other trash at the CMPF, and the recyclables are sorted on various conveyor systems within the facility. Operation of the CMPF has enabled the City to achieve a 40% reduction goal of residential waste to landfills, as legislated by the State of Missouri. Ten different commodities are processed and recycled at the plant. Approximately 9,662 bales and approximately 14.5 million lbs. of material were recycled during the year, a 14% increase from the previous fiscal year. This increase was primarily due to cardboard and office paper collection as more local businesses and institutions recycle. The blue bag household participation rate is slowly trending upwards.

The year 2000 will mark a new recycling promotion featuring contests, signage, and a mascot. The goal is to increase blue bag participation by residents from 50% to 80%.

Health

During the fiscal year 1999, the City maintained a comprehensive health prevention and code enforcement program featuring activities in animal control, restaurants, mosquito control, noise, and environmental health nuisances. Weed control was centralized with all activities shifted to the EDS Division.

In December 1999, the City will move kennel operations to the new St Charles County Pet Adoption Center, 4850 Mid Rivers Mall Dr. The City will lease kennel space and have an office for resident assistance.

Public Works

During fiscal year 1999, the City continued its program to repair and maintain existing roadways within the City limits. Asphalt overlay was applied to 7 miles of streets. In addition, the City replaced 13,000 square yards of concrete streets and replaced over 26,000 lineal feet of concrete curbing. This effort facilitated by a computerized pavement maintenance management system that is linked to the GIS system. This method prioritizes street repair projects by more objective measures. The City has installed software that assists in performance curve cost-analysis. This helps the City decide when and where to concentrate maintenance dollars to extend the life and improve performance of our streets.

Construction Management

During fiscal year 1999 several significant construction projects were either undertaken or continued. Construction continued on the Old Town Levee Project which includes the construction of a new levee, roadways, and a pump station to flood protect approximately 725 acres. Construction on the eastern portion of Executive Centre Parkway commenced and is expected to open early fiscal year 2000. In addition, Phase 1 of Central School Road was finished as well as Woodstone Drive & Oueensbrook (Harvester to Page).

Plans for fiscal year 2000 include the completion of the Old Town Levee Project and extending Executive Centre Parkway west to Mid Rivers Mall Drive. Construction is planned for the widening of portions of Central School Road Phase II, Ohmes Road, and Spencer Road. In addition improvements are planned for the intersection of Mid Rivers Mall Drive and Mexico Road.

Municipal Police Services

During fiscal year 1999 the members of the Police Department continued to expand on a number of programs designed to enhance the relationship between the Department and the Citizens they serve. Once again, National Night Out Against Crime was a huge success with 95% of all neighborhood watch groups participating in the activities. The other neighborhood programs instituted by the members of the Department have taken hold to grow confidence between the police and the residents.

The Police Station expansion project went into full swing. When completed, the expansion will almost double the floor space available for the Police. Included in the project are a modern Police Records office, a large training/meeting room, a state-of-the-art evidence repository, additional office spaces, and a greatly improved locker room facility for the employees.

This past year we solicited for and selected a new software package to better serve the needs of the Police Department. The new system will interface with the City's Geographic Information System, the State of Missouri law enforcement information system, and the FBI's national crime information system. Data that is collected will be more readily available to assess the total needs of the community. This will enable the Police to focus efforts in those areas that demonstrate the greatest need.

Other advances made during fiscal 1999 include a new Police Cadet program designed to attract individuals who desire to become police officers. These employees act in every capacity with the exception of those that require a commissioned peace officer to accomplish. We expanded our DARE program to include the Middle School level. With this expanded program we now provide contact for students from kindergarten through the senior year of high school. We expanded our criminal investigation capabilities by instituting a polygraph program in our Detective Bureau. Not only will this new program enhance our investigative prowess but it will also assist us in our selection process when we hire new police officers.

Chief Ronald S. Neubauer served as the President to the 17,000 member International Association of Chiefs of Police (IACP). The IACP represents 107 countries of the world. In this capacity Chief Neubauer attended many international meetings, discussed law enforcement issues with the President of the United States.

U.S. Attorney General, the Director of the FBI, Administrator of the Drug Enforcement Administration, and many other national, state, and local law enforcement issues.

Recreation Activities

The Rec-Plex continues to be the recreation hub for St. Charles County. This multipurpose recreation complex includes: an olympic caliber 50-meter competition pool and diving tank; an indoor recreational pool; an indoor ice rink; a gymnasium with an elevated running track; and many other assorted recreation components. When the facility initially opened, the City was in the national spotlight, as the aquatic events of the 1994 U.S. Olympic Festival and the Alamo World Diving trials were held at the REC-PLEX in July and August of 1994. Thousands of sports fans flocked to the REC-PLEX to see America's top athletes in action. Since that time, the focus of activity has been on the everyday recreation enjoyment of area residents. In excess of 1,250,000 people visited the REC-PLEX this year and enjoyed the numerous recreation alternatives the facility offers. The facility was also the venue for numerous swimming, diving, skating, and ice hockey competitions.

Construction of the REC-PLEX was originally funded by a combination of private corporate donations and a portion of the proceeds from a \$16,000,000 general obligation (G.O.) bond issue issued in February 1993. Major St. Louis corporations had a strong desire to construct world class competitive swimming and diving facilities in the St. Louis metropolitan area. To that end, these corporations donated approximately \$4,500,000 toward the REC-PLEX project. An additional \$1,000,000 was pledged by local businesses and individuals. Approximately \$2,000,000 of these donations were deposited in a permanent endowment fund, the City of St. Peters' Natatorium Foundation, the earnings of which will be used to defray operating expenses of the facility.

The G. O. bonds are linked to a 581-acre Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District that includes the REC-PLEX site. As this economic development district develops, the incremental tax revenue generated by this development will be used to satisfy debt service on the general obligation bonds. To the extent that these incremental revenues are not available, the bonds will be supported as typical G. O. bonds.

Fiscal year 1999 saw a renewed dedication to maintaining the Rec-Plex building and operating systems. Bleacher seating and an office were added to the south arena (in line/ice skating rink). A new three-meter diving platform was constructed to mount diving boards and an expansion of the swim scoreboard enhanced the Rec-Plex status as a premier competition pool. Work also began on the 1,800 square foot expansion and renovation of the St. Peters Senior Center.

During fiscal year 1999, the Rec-Plex hosted the Missouri State High School Boys and Girls Swimming Championship. Other highlights of the special event schedule at Rec-Plex: U.S. Open Synchronized Swim Championship, U.S.S. Junior National Swimming Championship, U.S. Diving Junior National Championship, U.S. Hockey Bantam National Championship, Speedo Cup International Water Polo Championship, and Missouri State High School Water Polo Championship. The special event schedule was punctuated with the Inaugural State Games of America that attracted over 6,000 athletes from 44 different states. Rec-Plex was the host for the swimming, ice skating and Tae kwon Do yenues.

Parks

The parks department had an extremely productive year in 1999. Four new park pavilions were built; one at Rabbit Run Park, one at Spencer Creek Park, and two at Woodlands Sports Park. The field lighting at Old Town, Shady Springs and Sports Center parks was upgraded, and diamond 18 at City Centre Park was completely renovated. A parking lot was added to Oak Creek Park and the horse corral and judge's stand and Lone Wolf Park were replaced. Work completed on the trail system includes lighting along City Centre trail and overlaying Spencer Creek trail. The tennis courts at Laurel Park and Spencer Creek Park were resurfaced. In addition to all these projects, the Parks Department was able to complete an extensive dredging operation to deepen the west end of the Golf and Recreation Center Lake and raise the level of a bordering property.

The City received it's first ever Tree City USA award from the Missouri Department of Conservation and the National Arbor Day Foundation. In addition, the Parks Department officially began a Forestry Group within the Horticulture Division by hiring a Forestry Crew Leader and Parks Worker. Parks staff completed the first full year of working to enforce the City's Tree and Landscape Ordinance. As a result of the Street Tree Program and the requirements of the Tree and Landscape Ordinance, over three hundred new trees were planted along the City streets in 1999. Additional renovations were completed on the grounds around City Centre Lake, with the final phase of boulders being set on the bank. Landscaping was installed around the Rec-Plex South Rink, and one quadrant of the Highway 70/Cave Springs interchange was renovated. Parks staff officially assumed maintenance of the Highway 370 enhancement project site and a new irrigation system was installed at Brown Road Park in the football field. Parks staff assisted with transplanting twenty-three large caliper trees to the new Executive Centre Parkway. These trees were saved from the Boulevard demolition site. Additionally, the Living Memorial Program exceeded its one-hundredth memorial planting in 1999.

Ranger Enforcement Division

Fiscal year 1999 was the year the Ranger Division built partnerships with park users and residents, and expanded customer service. Capitalizing on the popularity and versatility of the Ranger Mounted Unit, extra attention was directed to promoting and expanding the Ranger Division's Neighborhood Park Watch Program. A recent City survey revealed 97% of residents feel safe in City parks and trails. Throughout the year, Division Park Watchers reported suspicious activities, which helped the Rangers be in the right place at the right time. Record attendance was enjoyed at all Ranger youth Programs which included the Kite Extravaganza, Day and Night Fishing Derbies, Bike Safety Rodeo, Concerts in the Park and Hunter Safety Education Certification. This year the Division experimented with opening the Brown Road MBX Track two days a week for resident children to ride free of charge. Customer service surveys indicate this was an extremely popular program and will be repeated in 2000.

Cultural Arts Center

St. Peters Cultural Arts Center is in its tenth year of operation. The Art Center obtained Frenchtown Museum as an additional attraction based on the fact that the Cultural Tourism is a new buzzword. Our plans in the future are to combine the two operations and provide the community with visual and performing arts and an opportunity to understand part of the local history. Staff and volunteers have logged

nearly 8,000 items in the collection of memorabilia.

The Art Center hosted nearly 100 performances from our community theater, piano recitals, poetry readings, concerts and demonstrations. Within our walls, fifty-six different visual art exhibits occurred, from watercolors to school shows to wood working. Our reach into the community continues with three festival events and the Youth Summit. It has been a productive quality of life year with the Cultural Arts Center as part of the community focus.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Budgetary Controls

In addition, the City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City's Board of Aldermen. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, and debt service fund are included in the annual appropriated budget. Project-length financial plans are adopted for the capital projects funds. In addition, budgets for the water/sewer and solid waste operations are prepared on a basis similar to that of the general governmental funds in order to better manage these operations. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the individual fund level.

The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts do not lapse at year-end. All encumbrances are supported by a purchase order or contract.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

General Governmental Functions

The following schedule presents a budget basis summary of general fund, special revenue funds, and debt service fund revenues, expressed in thousands, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 1999, and the amount and percentage of increases and decreases in relation to prior year revenues.

Resources	Amount	Percent of Total	Increase (Decrease) From 1998	Percent of Increase (Decrease)
Taxes	\$23,012	68.28%	(\$664)	(2.80)%
Licenses and Permits	476	1.41%	87	22.37%
Interest	1,468	4.36%	(771)	(34.44)%
Intergovernmental	3,845	11.41%	(947)	(19.76)%
Fines and Forfeitures	1,043	3.09%	281	36.88%
Charges for Services	3,487	10.35%	(38)	(1.08)%
Miscellaneous	370	1.10%	87	30.74%
Total	\$33,701	100.00%	(\$1,965)	

The most significant revenue source for general governmental functions is taxes. Historically tax revenues included a combination of four distinct resources: sales tax, property tax, utility franchise taxes, and the cigarette tax. Table 3 in the statistical section of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report details a 10-year history of these revenues. During fiscal year 1998, the City recognized use tax revenue of approximately \$1.3 million which had been held by the state pending the outcome of legal action against the State of Missouri. The courts held that the tax was invalid for future years. The revenue recognized represents the non-refundable portion of the use tax collected by the City. The ability to collect use tax in future years is contingent on voter approval. No such proposition has been submitted to the voters at this time. The \$664 thousand decrease in these revenues is primarily the result of the use tax recognition in fiscal year 1998 and increases in sales tax revenue and property tax revenue of approximately \$426,000 and \$404,000 respectively. These increases are the result of strong retail commercial growth.

Interest revenue in fiscal year 1999 decreased approximately \$771,000 from the prior year. This is due primarily to the recognition of the interest of approximately \$468,000 earned on the use tax revenue in 1998 while held by the state (explained above) and the decrease in interest earned as a result of slightly lower fund balances. During fiscal year 1999, returns on the normal investments ranged from a low of 4.76% to a high of 5.94%.

Intergovernmental revenues in fiscal year 1999 were approximately \$3.8 million. The most significant of these revenues were state motor vehicles fuel taxes and fees totaling approximately \$1.6 million, St. Charles County road and bridge taxes totaling approximately \$765,000, and approximately \$843,000 from the Federal Government and St. Charles County for new road construction.

The increase in Fines and Forfeiture of approximately \$281,000 revenue is the result of a continued increased focus on traffic control in subdivisions.

The following schedule presents a summary of general fund, special revenue funds, and debt service fund budget basis expenditures, expressed in thousands, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 1999, and the percentage of increases and decreases in relation to prior year amounts.

Expenditures	Amount	Percent of Total	Increase (Decrease) From 1997	Percent of Increase (Decrease)
General Government	\$898	02.27%	\$258	40.34%
Administration	4361	11.03%	657	17.74%
Police	6354	16.08%	1,212	23.57%
Municipal Court	196	00.50%	21	12.00%
Public Works	4,956	12.53%	814	19.60%
Engineering	1,750	04.43%	341	24.20%
Maintenance	671	01.70%	(38)	(5.36%)
Health	441	01.12%	111	33.64%
Parks and Recreation	7,876	19.93%	2,326	41.91%
Community Relations	618	01.56%	203	48.92%
Cultural/Civic Affairs	290	00.73%	(5)	(1.69%)
Street Improvements	8,789	22.24%	(1,287)	(12.77%)
Debt Service	2,327	05.88%	(65)	(2.72%)
Total	\$39,527	100.00%	\$4,548	

General Government expenditures increased by approximately \$258,000 during 1999. This increase is primarily related to the planning and creation of a T.I.F district which would flood protect approximately 1,400 acres in the Highway 370 corridor to make possible the future office, warehouse and retail development.

Administration expenditures increased by approximately \$657,000 during 1999. The overall increase is in part comprised of professional services for data processing due to the new business software implemented and the shortage of staff of approximately \$159,000 from the prior year. Administration salary and fringes increased by approximately \$179,000 due to pay increases and the addition of new personnel. A lease payment to the Public Improvement Corporation (PIC) of \$321,000 was made during fiscal year 1999. No such expenditure occurred in 1998. Details of this bond issue are discussed later under debt management.

In the Police Department, salaries and fringes increased by approximately \$1 million which includes pay increases, the addition of staff, and contributions to the retirement plan. An increase in capital expenditures of approximately \$106,000 was primarily due to the purchase of vehicles to keep the fleet in good working order and provide vehicles to accommodate the increase in officers.

Public works expenditures had a net increase of approximately \$814,000. The City spent a total of approximately \$950,000 on street repairs in fiscal year 1999 resulting in a decrease of approximately \$100,000 from fiscal year 1998. Also, salary and fringe expenditures increased by approximately \$228,000 due to salary increases and the addition of new personnel. Capital expenditures increased by approximately \$776,000 due to building improvements, acquisition of new vehicles, and machinery and equipment.

Heath expenditures increased by approximately \$111,000. This change was the result of an increase of \$63,000 for salary and fringe expenditures, an increase of \$27,000 in professional service expenditures, and an increase of \$12,000 in capital expenditures.

Expenditures for parks and recreation had a net increase of approximately \$2.3 million. Salaries and fringe increased by \$637,000 due to pay increases and staffing additions. Also, there was an increase of approximately \$1.5 million in capital expenditures from fiscal year 1998. Some of the projects undertaken in fiscal year 1999 included four new park pavilions, upgrading of field lighting, and trail and tennis court improvements. In addition, a lease payment was made to the PIC for \$106,000 related to the South Rink project.

â

Significant new road construction continued in fiscal year 1999. Approximately \$8,789,000 was spent on new construction in fiscal year 1999. Major projects included the widening of Central School Road, Woodstone Drive & Queensbrook (Harvester to Page) and the continuation of the Old Town Levee Project as well as construction of Executive Center Parkway.

Fund Balance

On a budget basis, the fund balances of the general, special revenue, and debt service funds remained strong in fiscal year 1999. These fund balances are necessary for implementation of the long-range plan of the City. For instance, in the special revenue Transportation Trust Fund, several major road construction projects are planned for the next several fiscal years. In the General Fund, these accumulated funds will aid in meeting community needs in areas such as solid waste management, and provide funding for additional capital projects. Sound financial planning has allowed the City to keep pace with community needs while maintaining a strong financial position. At the same time, the City has lowered its property tax rate by 7% from 1984 rates.

Enterprise Operations

The City's enterprise operations are comprised of four separate and distinct funds: the combined Waterworks/Sanitary Sewer Fund; the Solid Waste Fund; the City of St. Peters Public Improvement Corporation (the PIC); and the Central Materials Processing Facility (CMPF). The PIC was established in 1990 to finance capital projects of the City. The equipment and building that are used in the solid waste collection operation were financed with a \$2,055,000 PIC bond issue. This equipment is leased to the City on an annual appropriations basis. The City is obligated for lease payments to the extent that such payments are budgeted in a given budget year. Holders of the PIC bonds have a security interest in the equipment and real property financed by these bonds. This bond issue was paid off during fiscal year 1999.

City-provided residential trash collection operated at a deficit in fiscal year 1999. Budget basis operating revenues for the solid waste collection operation amounted to \$1,902,984, a 2.4% increase over fiscal year 1998. The cost of collection including capital expenditures and exclusive of depreciation amounted to \$1,767,158. This represents a decrease of approximately \$380,000 from the previous year. Capital expenditures amounted to approximately \$248,000, a decrease of approximately \$247,000 over fiscal year 1998, primarily due to the purchase of more collection vehicles during 1998. Salaries and fringe expenditures increased by approximately \$304,000 from the prior year due to pay increases. In addition, landfill disposal costs increased by approximately \$16,000.

The CMPF had its second full year of operations during fiscal year 1999. Operating revenues and operating expenses were \$2,008,211 and \$2,486,527, respectively. The operating deficit was covered by a contribution from the General Fund. Future profitability of this facility is dependent on a strong recycled materials market and new programs such as the sale of compost.

The waterworks/sanitary sewer operation maintained its sound financial condition in fiscal year 1999. On a budget basis, total revenues exceeded total expenses (exclusive of capital expenditures and debt service) by approximately \$1.6 million. Operating revenues and expenses increased by 6.1% and 8.0%, respectively. Water revenue and sewer revenue increased approximately \$230,000 and \$87,000, respectively. Salaries and fringe increased by approximately \$100,000 due to pay increases. Water purchased from St. Louis increased by \$39,000 due to increased demand. Repair and maintenance of the utility system increased by approximately \$200,000, which included such projects as the Arrowhead Tower Silo painting.

Debt Administration

At September 30, 1999, the City had a number of debt issues outstanding. These issues included \$22,435,000 of general obligation (G.O.) bonds, \$15,073,776 of water/sewer revenue bonds, and \$4,795,000 of PIC leasehold revenue bonds. The City continues to maintain its A1 rating from Moody's Investor Service on general obligation issues.

Under the statutes of the State of Missouri, the City's general obligation bonded debt is limited to no more than 10% of the most recent assessed valuation of the City. At September 30, 1999, the City was well within this limit with a legal debt margin of \$37,102,543. This does not include an additional debt limit of 10% of assessed valuation available for street, waterworks, or electric plant improvements. This additional debt margin amounted to \$58,637,543 at September 30, 1999.

During fiscal year 1991, the PIC issued \$2,055,000 of leasehold revenue bonds. The bonds were paid off during fiscal year 1999. During fiscal year 1998, the PIC issued an additional \$5,000,000 of leasehold revenue bonds of which \$4,795,000 was outstanding at September 30, 1999. Proceeds of these bonds will be used to expand the police station, enclose the outdoor in-line rink, and construct renovations to the City Hall building. These revenue bonds do not constitute legal debt or liability for the City and do not constitute indebtedness within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory debt limitation or restriction. Concurrent with the issuance of these bonds, the City entered into a lease agreement whereby the assets acquired or constructed by the PIC will be leased to the City. The lease terminates each September 30, and can be renewed for a period of twenty years. At the end of the twenty-year period, these assets become the property of the City. Rental payments by the City are to be sufficient at all times to pay, when due, the principal, redemption premium, if any, and interest on the 1998 Leasehold Revenue Bonds.

During fiscal year 1999, the City issued \$5,665,291 of Combined Waterworks and Sewerage System Revenue Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 1999 for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, extending and improving the existing combines waterworks and sewerage system of the City.

Cash Management

Cash on hand during the year was invested in demand deposits, savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and obligations of the U.S. Treasury. The City's investment policy is to minimize credit and market risks while maintaining a competitive yield on its portfolio. Most City investments are in instruments that have a maturity of less than one year. This is necessary because surplus funds must be available for the next fiscal year should the Board of Aldermen decide to appropriate these monies. All City deposits and investments are either insured by federal depository insurance, collateralized, or held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name. Acceptable collateral are obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. government agencies, State of Missouri, and local governments in Missouri with populations greater than 400,000. The City's primary investment risk is "Reinvestment Risk". This is the risk that the City's short-term investments may be reinvested at lower yields upon maturity.

Risk Management

Until June 30, 1998, The City, along with various other local municipal governments, participated in the Missouri Intergovernmental Risk Management Association (MIRMA), an insurance association for workers' compensation, general liability, and property and casualty insurance. The purpose of MIRMA is to distribute the cost of self-insurance over similar entities. MIRMA requires an annual premium payment to cover estimated claims payable and reserves for claims from each entity. The members of MIRMA have no legal interest in the assets, liabilities, or fund balances of the insurance association.

As of July 1, 1998, the City withdrew from MIRMA and initiated a self-insurance program for the City alone. The program is very similar to MIRMA in that the City limits the total losses on an individual and total claims basis through separate umbrella insurance policies. The cost of the new program is estimated to be approximately the same as under the MIRMA program.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Rubin, Brown, Gornstein, & Company was retained by the City. The independent auditors' report on the general purpose financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report.

Certificate of Achievement Award

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of St. Peters for our Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 1998. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles

and applicable legal requirements. This is the seventh consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. We believe this report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements. Since the Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only, we will be submitting this report to the GFOA for their review.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member of the department and all City employees who supplied information have my sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the leadership, interest, and support of the City Administrator, Mayor, and Board of Aldermen, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Timothy M. Wilkinson

Assistant City Administrator

City of St. Peters Missouri

Mayor Thomas W. Brown

ALDERMEN

Ward II

Jerry Hollingsworth

Lewis McLain

Ward I
Betty Woelfel
Joyce Townsend

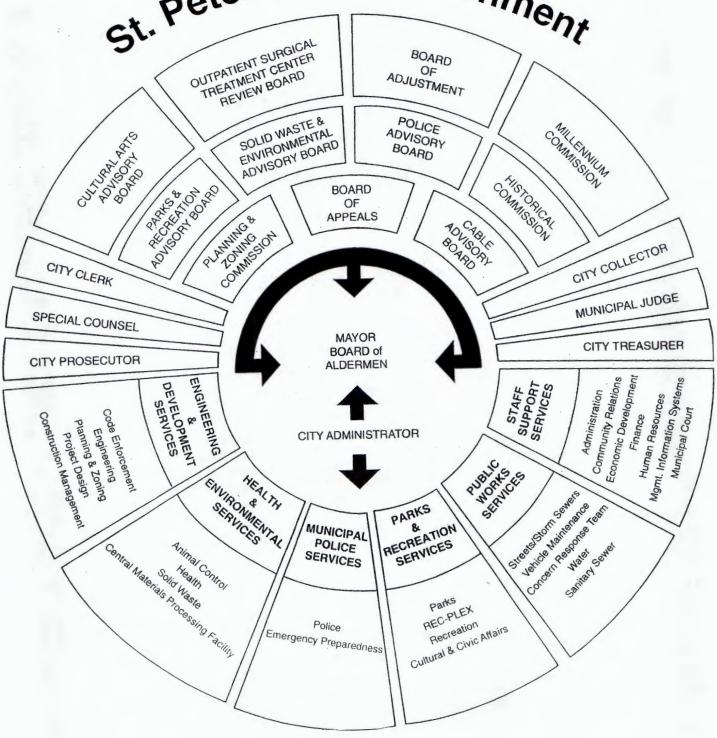
Bruce Holt

Ward III Uard IV
Len Pagano Donald Aytes

William P. Charnisky
City Administrator

Timothy M. Wilkinson Asst. City Administrator

organizational Structure
Peters City Government



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

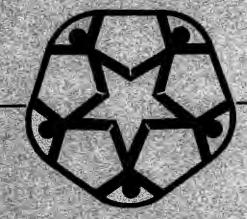
Presented to

City of St. Peters, Missouri

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 1998

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.





Part II - Financial Section



Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of St. Peters, Missouri

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the City of St. Peters, Missouri as of and for the year ended September 30, 1999, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City of St. Peters, Missouri at September 30, 1999, and the results of operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated December 16, 1999 on our consideration of the City of St. Peter's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The combining, individual fund and individual account group financial statements and schedules listed in the accompanying table of contents, which are also the responsibility of the management of the City of St. Peters, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the City of St. Peters, Missouri. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taker as a whole.

Rubin, Brown, Gornstein & Cc. LLP

Certified Public Accountants / Business Consultants

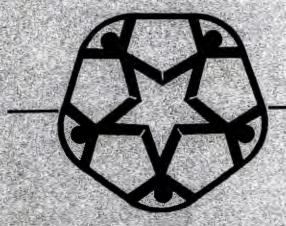
230 South Bemiston Avenue St. Louis, MO 63105

The year 2000 required supplementary information on page 35 is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements, but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), and we did not audit and do not express an opinion on such information. Further, we were unable to apply to the year 2000 information certain procedures prescribed by professional standards because of the nature of the subject matter underlying the disclosure requirements and because sufficiently specific criteria regarding the matters to be disclosed have not been established. In addition, we do not provide assurance that the City is or will become year 2000 compliant, that the City's year 2000 remediation efforts will be successful in whole or in part or that parties with which the City does business are or will become year 2000 compliant.

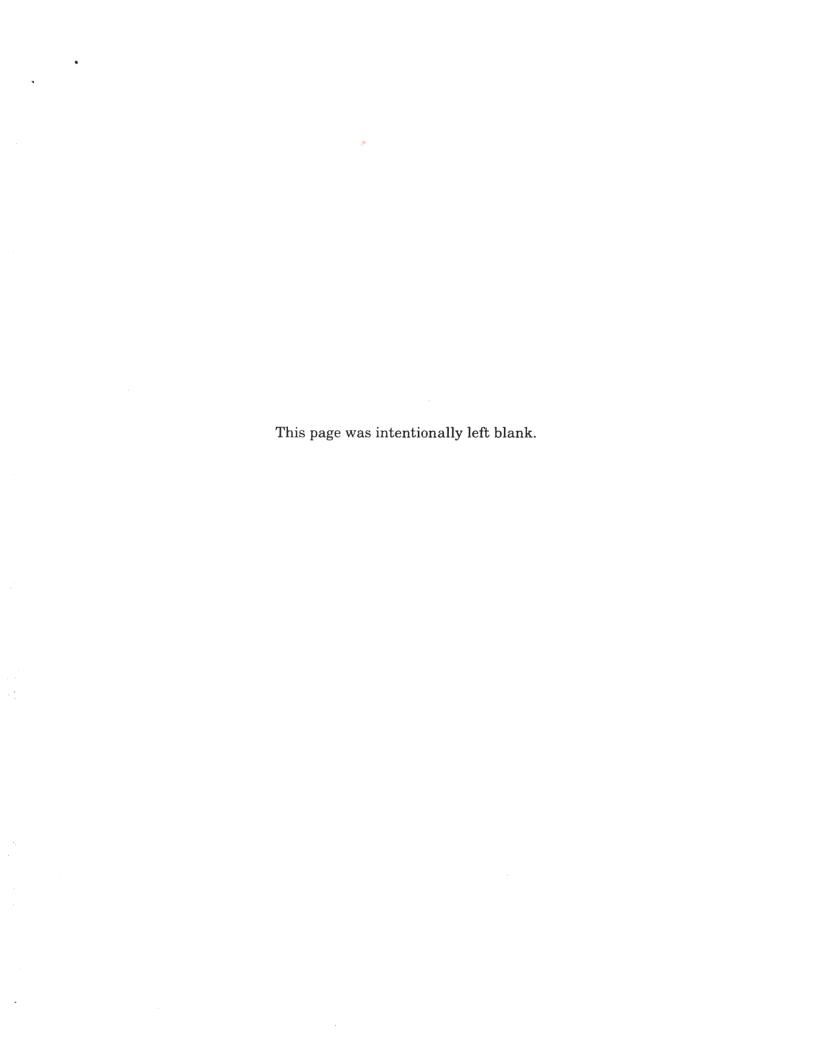
The Statistical Section on pages 52 through 67 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the City. This information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements, and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Rubin, Brown, Dornstein & Co LLP

December 16, 1999



General Purpose Financial Statements



CITY OF ST. PETERS, MISSOURI

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS September 30, 1999

						Fiduciary	Account	Groups		
		Governmental	Fund Types		Proprietary	Fund Types	General	General	Tota	als
		Special	Debt	Capital	Fund Type	Trust And	Fixed	Long-Term	(Memorand	lum Only)
	General	Revenue	Service	Projects	Enterprise	Agency	Assets	Deht	1999	1998
Assets And Other Debits										
Cash and cash equivalents:										
Held by trustees	\$	\$	\$ -	\$ —	\$ 9,102,445	\$3,341,467	\$	\$	\$ 12,443,912	\$ 7,857,718
Unrestricted	7,903,861	13,238,706	970,984	1,396,363	292,415	_	_	_	23,802,329	30,248,079
Restricted		-		_	2,810,401	-	_		2,810,401	2,630,672
Investments:										
Restricted	_	_	-	~	1,371,432				1,371,432	1,373,693
Receivables, net of allowances where										
applicable:										
Taxes	1,390,693	423,738	36,109	-	_	_	_		1,850,540	2,087,992
Intergovernmental	364,259	1,662,412	_	441,900		_	-	_	2,468,571	4,859,682
Services				-	1,435,019	_	_		1,435,019	1,303,518
Accrued interest	36,129	62,160	532	5,928	75,047	18,993	_		198,789	158,759
Miscellaneous	134,128	404,858	and distance		259,594	-			798,580	858,806
Due from other funds	1,892,203	-	-		_	_			1,892,203	2,587,489
Investment in joint venture	_	_	-	_	2,575,714			_	2,575,714	2,617,881
Inventory/prepaids	251,342	133,556	-	_	30,725			_	415,623	462,786
Property, plant and equipment, net										
of accumulated depreciation	_		-		41,063,317		53,924,837	_	94,988,154	90,626,153
Amount available for retirement of										
general obligation bonds		_	enninger .		_			970,755	970,755	1,248,301
Amount to be provided for retirement										
of general obligation bonds	******	-	_				_	21,464,245	21,464,245	21,991,699
Total Assets And Other										
Debits	\$ 11,972,615	\$ 15,925,430	\$ 1,007,625	\$ 1,844,191	\$ 59,016,109	\$ 3,360,460	\$ 53,924,837	\$ 22,435,000	\$ 169,486,267	\$ 170,913,228

						Fiduciary	Account	Groups		
		Governmental	Fund Types		Proprietary	Fund Types	General	General	Tota	ls
		Special	Debt	Capital	Fund Type	Trust And	Fixed	Long-Term	(Memorand	
	General	Revenue	Service	Projects	Enterprise	Agency	Assets	Debt	1999	1998
iabilities, Equity And Other Credits										
iabilities										
Accounts payable	\$ 730,792	\$ 2,014,728	\$ 758	\$ —	\$ 659,609	\$ —	\$ -	\$ —	\$ 3,405,887	\$ 3,821,498
Accrued payroll	767,654	75,042	-	_	111,893				954,589	733,709
Accrued vacation	542,135	65,319		_	116,343	_		_	723,797	626,033
Accrued interest payable	_	_		_	306,077	_	_	_	306,077	331,087
Deposits held for others/guarantee bonds	_	135,952		_	68,150	_		-	204,102	196,215
Due to other funds	delige	11,228	aboutotto		1,880,975	_	_		1,892,203	2,587,489
Deferred revenue	79,237	494,633	36,112			-	-	_	609,982	1,019,244
Revenue bonds payable	,				19,476,159	_	_	_	19,476,159	15,289,783
General obligation bonds payable	_	-		_		relite		22,435,000	22,435,000	23,240,000
Other liabilities	496,977	605			67,458	*****	_		565,040	567,46
Total Liabilities	2,616,795	2,797,507	36,870		22,686,664	, allerte		22,435,000	50,572,836	48,412,52
Contributed capital Retained earnings: Reserved for revenue bond		_	agu shife	_	20,512,274	-	_	Appaired.	20,512,274	21,372,75
requirements					4,181,833				4,181,833	4,004,36
Unreserved	-			_	11,635,338		_		11,635,338	11,431,38
Fund balances:	_	****		_	11,035,336	_	_		11,000,000	11,101,00
Reserved for:										
	1 157 040	4 150 500						-	5,316,851	6,244,95
Encumbrances	1,157,348	4,159,503		_	_	-	_	-	307,522	304,71
Capital improvements	_	307,522		-					273,275	264,02
			The other	_	-		-		3847898	408,62
Stormwater management	273,275	100 550								400,02
Inventory/prepaids	251,342	133,556		_	_			variable.		53 75
Inventory/prepaids Spencer Creek land sales	251,342 53,750	133,556 —		_	=	_	-	_	53,750	
Inventory/prepaids Spencer Creek land sales Other projects	251,342 53,750 769,629	133,556 — 29,100		_	=			_	53,750 798,729	257,73
Inventory/prepaids Spencer Creek land sales Other projects Natatorium Foundation	251,342 53,750 769,629	133,556 — 29,100 —	_		= = =	3,360,460			53,750 798,729 3,360,460	257,73 2,944,75
Inventory/prepaids Spencer Creek land sales Other projects Natatorium Foundation Unreserved - undesignated	251,342 53,750 769,629	133,556 — 29,100		_				_	53,750 798,729	257,73 2,944,75
Inventory/prepaids Spencer Creek land sales Other projects Natatorium Foundation	251,342 53,750 769,629	133,556 — 29,100 —	_		36,329,445		53,924,837		53,750 798,729 3,360,460 18,163,664	53,756 257,73 2,944,756 24,733,04 122,500,70

CITY OF ST. PETERS, MISSOURI

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUST FUND

For The Year Ended September 30, 1999

		Governmental	Fund Types	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Fiduciary	Tota	le .	
		Special	Debt	Capital	Fund Type	(Memorand		
Revenues	General	Revenue	Service	Projects	Expendable Trust	1999	1998	
Sales tax		4						
Property tax	\$ 9,041,394	\$ 5,004,032	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 14,045,426	\$ 15,078,375	
Utility franchise tax	4,195,160	707,349	1,639,496	-		6,542,005	6,094,703	
	2,196,413	2,230		_	_	2,198,643	2,223,905	
Cigarette tax	242,816	_		_	_	242,816	252,456	
Licenses and permits	476,393		_		_	476,393	388,883	
Interest	509,038	875,977	82,833	77,734	358,222	1,903,804	2,915,290	
Intergovernmental	2,999,184	1,288,999	_	50,900	**************************************	4,201,434	5,660,045	
Fines and forfeitures	1,042,820	_	-	_	_	1,042,820	761,982	
Charges for services	275,250	3,211,823	_	_	_	3,624,722	3,585,519	
Contributions	_	_		_	-	0,021,122	383	
Miscellaneous	90,961	274,646	4.085		297.638	607.330	503,942	
Total Revenues	21,069,429	11,365,056	1,726,414	128,634	655,860	34,945,393	37,465,483	
Expenditures			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
Current:								
General government	845,158	85,817				930,975	C10 711	
Administration	4,218,138		_	_	240,158	4,458,296	612,711	
Police	6,349,428	2,732	===	_	240,138	6,352,160	3,485,844	
Municipal court	195,801	2,.02			_		5,034,942	
Public works	2,432,281 1,741,928 672,597 441,179 3,491,698	2,650,267	_	_	_	195,801	173,871	
Engineering		2,000,201				5,082,548	3,282,869	
Maintenance			_	_	_	1,741,928 672,597 441,179 7,394,972	1,329,309	
Health		V	_	_	=		653,291	
Parks and recreation		3,903,274	_	_			349,800	
Community relations	614,921	0,000,274			_		5,209,017	
Cultural and Civic Affairs	290,955		_			614,921 290,955	416,458	
Capital outlay		10,192,028		224,188			270,237	
Debt service:		10,102,020		224,100	- Address	10,416,216	10,583,551	
Principal retirement	_		1,000,000		-	1.000 000	1 000 000	
Interest and fiscal charges	_	368,760	662,413	_	_	1,000,000	1,030,000	
Other		. 000,700	48,634		_	1,031,173 48,634	1,316,924	
Total Expenditures	21,294,084	17,202,878	1,711,047	224,188	240,158	40,672,355	44,611 33,793,435	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(224,655)	(5,837,822)	15,367	(95,554)	415,702	(5,726,962)	3,672,048	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			25,501	(00,001)	410,102	(0,120,302)	3,012,040	
Operating transfers in (out)	(883,331)	304,550				(570 701)	(018 100)	
Proceeds from refunding debt issuance	(000,001)	-	16,485,524	_	_	(578,781)	(913,106)	
Payment to escrow agent	_		(16,732,242)			16,485,524 (16,732,242)	_	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(883,331)	304,550	(246,718)			(825,499)	(913,106)	
Revenues And Other Financing Sources Over			3	- No. of the Control	020.000	(020,100)	(310,100)	
(Under) Expenditures And Other Financing Uses	(1,107,986)	(5,533,272)	(231,351)	(95,554)	415,702	(6,552,461)	2,758,942	
Fund Balances			,/	,	220,,02	(0,002,101)	2,100,342	
Beginning of year, as previously reported	10,463,806	18,478,639	1,202,106	1,548,745	2,502,764	24 100 000	20 450 220	
Prior period adjustment	20,200,000	182,556	1,202,100			34,196,060	32,452,668	
Fund balance, as restated	10,463,806	18,661,195	1,202,106	391,000 1,939,745	441,994 2,944,758	1,015,550 35,211,610	DO 450 000	
End of year	\$ 9,355,820	\$ 13,127,923					32,452,668	
	φ 3,300,820	ф 15,121,923	\$ 970,755	\$ 1,844,191	\$ 3,360,460	\$ 28,659,149	\$ 35,211,610	

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS - GENERAL, SPECIAL REVENUE AND DEBT SERVICE FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 1999

	General Special Revenue		Debt Service						
	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues									-
Sales tax	\$ 9,400,000	\$ 9,041,394	\$ (358,606)	\$ 4,904,000	\$ 5,004,032	\$ 100,032	\$	\$	\$ -
Property tax	4,174,775	4,188,603	13,828	670,000	707,349	37,349	1,595,363	1,629,413	34,050
Utility franchise tax	2,262,000	2,196,413	(65,587)	-	2,230	2,230	_		-
Cigarette tax	225,000	242,816	17,816			-	-	_	_
Licenses and permits	484,000	476,393	(7,607)			_			
Interest	500,000	509,038	9,038	1,066,000	875,977	(190,023)	75,000	82,833	7,833
Intergovernmental	2,625,575	2,998,608	373,033	1,684,300	846,012	(838,288)			_
Fines and forfeitures	984,000	1,042,820	58,820	n 004 000	0.044.000	(40.155)	_		-
Charges for services Miscellaneous	246,700	275,250	28,550	3,261,000	3,211,823	(49,177)	_	4.085	4,085
Total Revenues	50,500 20,952,550	90,961 21,062,296	40,461	196,634	274,646 10,922,069	78,012 (859,865)	1,670,363	1,716,331	45,968
	20,952,550	21,062,296	109,746	11,781,934	10,922,069	(809,860)	1,670,303	1,710,331	45,968
Expenditures									
General government	2,200,540	812,512	1,388,028	110,367	85,817	24,550	_	-	
Administration	4,717,428	4,360,709	356,719				_	-	****
Police	6,427,582	6,351,305	76,277	4,822	2,732	2,090	_		_
Municipal Court	202,167	195,801	6,366		0.44= #00		who does	_	_
Public works	3,007,057	2,540,776	466,281	2,755,234	2,415,599	339,635		-	-
Engineering	2,083,588	1,749,517	334,071	_		_	_	_	-
Maintenance	725,072	670,777	54,295	_	_	_	_	_	_
Health	473,524	441,179	32,345		4 440 000	200.000	_		_
Parks and recreation	4,293,045	3,758,291	534,754	4,424,076	4,118,000	306,076	distant	_	_
Community relations Cultural and Civic Affairs	681,782	617,644	64,138	_	_	_		_	
Street construction	348,272	290,305	57,967	40 500 500	0.000.404	2 0 4 4 4 6 0	_	_	_
Debt service	_			12,733,593 400,000	8,789,131 368,760	3,944,462 31,240	1,959,500	1,957,765	1,735
Total Expenditures	25,160,057	21,788,816	3,371,241	20,428,092	15,780,039	4,648,053	1,959,500	1,957,765	1,735
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(4,207,507)	(726,520)	3,480,987	(8,646,158)	(4,857,970)	3,788,188	(289,137)	(241,434)	47,703
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(000 001)	(000 001)		204 550	004 550				
Operating transfers in (out)	(883,331)	(883,331)		304,550	304,550				
Revenues And Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures And Other Financing Uses	(5,090,838)	(1.609,851)	3.480,987	(8.341.608)	(4,553,420)	3,788,188	(289,137)	(241,434)	47,703
Fund Balances									
Budget basis:									
Unreserved:									
Beginning of year	9.049.319	9,049,319	-	13,188,021	13,188,021	-	1,248,301	1,248,301	_
Transfer (to) from reserved	(322,693)	(448, 163)	(125,470)	304,719	(2,805)	(307,524)			
End of year	3,635,788	6,991,305	3,355,517	5,151,132	8,631,796	3,480,664	959,164	1,006,867	47,703
Reserved:									
Beginning of year	833,694	833,694		333,819	333,819	-		-	_
Transfer (to) from unreserved	322,693	448,163	125,470	(304,719)	2,805	307,524	anna.		_
End of year	1,156,387	1,281,857	125,470	29,100	336,624	307,524			
Budget basis, end of year	\$ 4,792,175	8,273,162	\$ 3,480,987	\$ 5,180,232	8,968,420	\$ 3,788,188	\$ 959,164	1,006,867	\$ 47.703
Encumbrances, end of year		1,157,348			4,159,503			_	
Property Tax - Deferred revenue, end of year		(74.690)			4,105,000			(36.112)	
							-		
GAAP basis, end of year	_	\$ 9,355,820			\$ 13,127,923			\$ 970,755	
	=			-					

CITY OF ST. PETERS, MISSOURI

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For The Year Ended September 30, 1999 (With Comparative Totals For The Year Ended September 30, 1998)

0 4 7	1999	1998
Operating Revenues		
Water Sewer	\$ 2,755,021	\$ 2,524,728
Solid waste	2,462,320	2,375,57
Tap-on fees	1,829,481	1,787,29
Tipping fees	319,807	352,923
Rental income	1,166,290	536,548
Recycling income	429,543	39,160
Miscellaneous	843,279 509,381	800,845 742,731
Total Operating Revenues	10,315,122	9,159,800
Operating Expenses		
Personnel costs	3,914,722	3,381,695
Depreciation	2,645,319	2,539,325
Utilities	440,511	413,266
Purchased water	795,077	756,221
Wastewater treatment costs	82,230	77,092
Landfill fees	1,464,261	451,879
Repairs and maintenance	642,669	635,104
Chemicals and supplies	51,670	212,268
Professional services	322,340	479,524
Office expense	260,416	108,583
Insurance	199,746	109,786
Gasoline and fuel	70,389	75,465
Bad debts	38,637	24,660
Rent	54,597	51,378
Miscellaneous	92,997	547,532
Total Operating Expenses	11,075,581	9,863,778
Operating Loss	(760,459)	(703,978
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Interest on investments	525,741	309,862
Bond interest and fees	(886,925)	(748,571
Amortization of bond issue costs	(47,155)	(35,206
Equity loss in joint venture	(42,167)	(41,947
Nonoperating Expenses, Net	(450,506)	(515,862
Loss Before Operating Transfers In	(1,210,965)	(1,219,840
Operating Transfers In	578,781	913,106
Net Loss	(632,184)	(306,734
Depreciation on contributed assets	1,013,609	1,008,033
Increase In Retained Earnings	381,425	701,299
Fund Equity		
Contributed capital:		
Beginning of year, as previously reported	21,372,752	22,019,934
Contributions:	21,012,102	22,010,004
Developers, net	153,131	360,851
Other governmental agencies	108,101	300,031
Depreciation on contributed assets	(1,013,609)	(1 008 032
		(1,008,033
End of year Retained earnings:	20,512,274	21,372,752
Beginning of year, as previously reported	15,435,746	14,734,447
Increase in retained earnings	381,425	701,299
End of year	15,817,171	15,435,746
Total Fund Equity	\$ 36,329,445	\$ 36,808,498
Tour t and reduced	φ 00,025,440	φ 00,000,498

CITY OF ST. PETERS, MISSOURI

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE -ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For The Year Ended September 30, 1999 (With Comparative Totals For The Year Ended September 30, 1998)

	1999	1998
Reconciliation Of Operating Loss To Net Cash		
Provided By Operating Activities		
Operating loss	\$ (760,459)	\$ (703,978
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	2,645,319	2,539,325
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Increase in services receivable	(131,501)	(19,659
(Increase) decrease in miscellaneous receivables	186,979	(355,901
(Increase) decrease in inventory	23,083	(17,287
(Increase) decrease in other assets	304	(358
Increase in accounts payable	113,815	31,172
Increase in accrued payroll	14,006	29,320
Increase in accrued vacation	8,197	6,758
Increase (decrease) in deposits held for others	(3,650)	3,575
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	(5,387)	25,463
Total Adjustments	2,851,165	2,242,408
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	2,090,706	1,538,430
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities	### ####	
Operating transfers in	578,781	913,106
Advances on interfund balances	781,679	1,125,052
Payments on interfund balances	(1,482,635)	(628,683
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Noncapital Financing Activities	(122,175)	1,409,475
Cash Flows Provided By Capital And Related Financing Activities		
Proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds	5,482,270	4,895,530
Principal paid on revenue bonds	(1,350,000)	(955,000
Interest paid on revenue bonds	(903,108)	(751,839
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(3,409,510)	(2,201,815
Grant proceeds	1,500,000	
Net Cash Provided By Capital And Related Financing Activities	1,319,652	986,876
N. G. I. D. C. I. I. D. C. C. L. C.		
Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities	200 001	244.442
Interest on investments	499,937	311,413
Net Increase In Cash And Cash Equivalents	3,788,120	4,246,194
Cash And Cash Equivalents - Beginning Of Year	8,417,141	4,169,196
Cash And Cash Equivalents - End Of Year	\$ 12,205,261	\$ 8,415,390

Noncash investing, capital and financing activities: During fiscal year 1999, the waterworks/sanitary sewer fund received \$153,131 in contributed water and sewer transportation lines from developers.

NOTES TO GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 1999

1. Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of St. Peters, Missouri (the City) was incorporated in 1910. The City operates as a fourth-class city under the Missouri state statutes under the Board of Aldermen/City Administrator form of government. The Board of Aldermen is comprised of eight Aldermen and a Mayor. The City provides the following services: public safety (police), public works, public improvements, water and sanitation, residential trash collection, recreation, community development, health, planning and zoning, and general administrative expenses.

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental entities. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

The City defines its reporting entity in accordance with Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100. The criteria used in determining the scope of the entity for financial reporting purposes includes, but is not limited to, the method of budget adoption, taxing authority, whether debt is secured by revenues or general obligations of the City, the obligation of the City to finance any deficits that may occur, and supervision over the accounting functions.

Component units are organizations for which the City, as the primary government, is financially accountable. To be considered financially accountable, the organization must be fiscally dependent on the City or the City must appoint a majority of the board of the organization and either 1) be able to impose its will on the organization or 2) the relationship must have the potential for creating a financial benefit or imposing a financial burden of the City.

Based on the foregoing, the City's general purpose financial statements include all funds, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities that are controlled by or dependent on the City. Accordingly, the City of St. Peters Public Improvement Corporation (the PIC) and the City of St. Peters Natatorium Foundation, separate not-for-profit corporations, have been reported as component units of the City and blended as a separate enterprise fund and an expendable trust fund, respectively.

The PIC was formed in August 1990 for the purpose of facilitating the acquisition and construction of certain capital improvements and facilities solely for the benefit of the City. The City of St. Peters Natatorium Foundation was formed in November 1993 for the purpose of accepting contributions from the community and using the resources to fund improvements to the St. Peters Rec-Plex facility. There are no separate financial statements issued for these component units.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds or account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity with self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are summarized by type in the general purpose financial statements. The following fund types and account groups are used by the City:

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of and changes in financial position rather than upon net income. The following are the City's governmental fund types:

General - The general fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt Service - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects - The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by the proprietary fund type).

Proprietary Fund Type - Enterprise

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is on the determination of net income and capital maintenance. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City has four enterprise funds which provide water and sewer treatment, solid waste collection, solid waste processing and public improvement financing services.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting, offers the option of following all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards issued after November 30, 1989, unless the latter conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The City elected not to follow FASB standards issued after such date.

Fiduciary Fund Types - Trust And Agency Funds

Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. When the assets are held under the terms of a formal trust agreement, a trust fund is used. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the City holds on behalf of others and are purely custodial in nature.

Account Groups

Account groups are used to establish accounting control and accountability for the City's general fixed assets and general long-term debt as follows:

General Fixed Assets Account Group - This group of accounts is established to account for all fixed assets of the City, other than those accounted for in the proprietary fund type.

General Long-Term Debt Account Group - This group of accounts is established to account for all long-term debt of the City, except debt accounted for in the proprietary fund type.

Basis Of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increase (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

Notes To General Purpose Financial Statements (Continued)

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the general purpose financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The City records transactions during the year on the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental fund types, the expendable trust fund, and the accrual basis of accounting for the proprietary fund type.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when both measurable and available. The term "available" is defined as collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest on general obligation debt which is recognized when due.

Licenses, permits, fines, fees, and miscellaneous revenues (except interest on investments) are recorded as revenues when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Interest on investments is recorded as earned since it is measurable and available. Property taxes, utilities franchise taxes, and sales taxes are considered "measurable" when in the hands of intermediary collecting governments and recognized as revenue at that time. Property tax revenue is recognized to the extent it is collected within the current period or expected to be collected within 60 days following the end of the current year.

Under the accrual basis of accounting used by the proprietary fund type, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Within the City's waterworks/sanitary sewer fund, an estimated amount has been recorded for services rendered but not billed as of the close of the fiscal year. The receivable was determined by prorating the subsequent cycle billings for the number of days applicable to the current fiscal year.

Budgetary Data

The Board of Aldermen follow the procedures outlined below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general purpose financial statements:

1. On or before August 1, the City Administrator submits to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for the general, special revenue, and debt service funds for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. In addition, budgets for the waterworks/sanitary sewer, solid waste, and central materials processing facility fund operations are prepared on a basis similar to that of the general governmental funds in order to better manage these operations. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level.

Notes To General Purpose Financial Statements (Continued)

- 2. The annual operating budgets are approved through the adoption of the budget ordinance by the affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the Board of Aldermen and approval by the Mayor on or before September 1 of the preceding budget year. If the budgets have not been passed and approved on or before the last day preceding the budget year (September 30), the budgets and appropriations for the current fiscal year shall be deemed to be rebudgeted and reappropriated for the budget year until a new budget is adopted and approved.
- 3. The City Administrator is authorized to transfer part, or all, of any unexpended balance among any departments within a given fund.
- 4. If it is determined that the original budgeted revenues and expenditures need to be increased or decreased, the Board of Aldermen may, by ordinance, make such changes in budgeted revenues and expenditures so long as the total budgeted expenditures do not exceed the amount of budgeted revenues plus beginning unencumbered fund balance. The amount of such supplemental appropriations for the year was not significant.
- 5. If it appears probable that revenues available will be insufficient to meet the amount appropriated, the Board of Aldermen may, by ordinance, reduce one or more appropriations.
- 6. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

The budgets for the general fund, the special revenue funds, and debt service funds are adopted on a basis which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), except for the following:

- For GAAP purposes, expenditures are recognized as incurred, whereas the City's budget basis recognizes encumbrances outstanding at year-end as expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, expenditures in the budget and actual comparisons (budget basis) for the general fund are greater than expenditures in the combined statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances by \$494,732 for the general fund and less than expenditures in the combined statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances by \$1,422,839 for the special revenue funds. Encumbered appropriations do not lapse at year-end.
- Grant revenue is generally recognized when the qualifying expenditures are incurred. Due to the City's policy of recognizing encumbrances outstanding at year end as expenditures, certain grant revenues have also been recognized for budget purposes. Accordingly, intergovernmental revenue in the budget and actual comparisons (budget basis) for the general and special revenue funds is less than intergovernmental revenue in the combined statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances all governmental fund types by \$576 and \$442,987, respectively.

Notes To General Purpose Financial Statements (Continued)

• Property tax revenue is recognized to the extent it is collected within the current period or expected to be collected within 60 days following the end of the fiscal period on a GAAP basis. Property tax revenue not received at year-end is recorded as deferred revenue. Property tax revenue is recognized on a budget basis at the point in time that the tax is levied. Accordingly, property tax revenues in the budget and actual comparisons (budget basis) for the general fund is less than the corresponding revenues in the combined statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - all governmental fund types by \$6,557. The Debt Service Fund's property tax revenues on a budget basis were \$10,083 less than the corresponding revenues in the combined statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - all governmental fund types.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the fiscal year end are recorded as prepaid items.

Prepaid items are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The cost of governmental fund-type inventories is recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded, is employed by the governmental fund types. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and are reported as a reservation of fund balance to indicate that a portion of the fund balance is not available for subsequent appropriation.

Fixed Assets And Depreciation

General Fixed Assets Account Group

Fixed assets purchased for general governmental purposes are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized at historical cost in the general fixed assets account group. Contributed fixed assets are recorded at fair market value at the date received.

Notes To General Purpose Financial Statements (Continued)

Fixed assets consisting of certain improvements other than buildings including roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems have not been capitalized. Such assets normally are immovable and of value only to the City. Therefore, the purpose of stewardship for capital expenditures can be satisfied without recording these assets.

No depreciation has been provided on general fixed assets.

Proprietary Fund Type

Property, plant and equipment acquired by the proprietary fund type is stated at cost, including interest capitalized during construction, where applicable. Contributed fixed assets are recorded at fair market value at the date received. Depreciation on assets acquired through contributions is charged to contributed capital.

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the property as follows:

	Years
Plant and structures	20
Water and sewer lines	50
Machinery and equipment	3 - 5

Bond Discounts/Issuance Costs

In governmental fund types, bond discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period. Bond discounts and issuance costs for proprietary fund types are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the bonds-outstanding method, which approximates the effective interest method. Both bond discounts and issuance costs are presented as a reduction of the face amount of bonds payable.

Compensated Absences

City employees earn vacation during the current year which must be taken in the subsequent year. Accrued vacation time is recognized as a liability when earned and any unused accumulated vacation is payable to employees upon termination. Accrued vacation is recorded in the respective governmental or proprietary fund type from which it will be paid. Sick leave benefits do not vest and are recorded as expenditures when paid.

Fund Equity

Contributed Capital

Contributed capital in the enterprise funds consist primarily of that portion of property, plant and equipment which was financed through government contributions and through Federal and state capital grant revenues. Federal and state grants are generally recognized as contributed capital when the related expenditure is made and amounts become subject to claim for reimbursement. Depreciation recorded on property, plant and equipment acquired with contributed funds is charged to operations and closed to the related contributed capital account.

Retained Earnings - Reserved

Reserved retained earnings of the enterprise funds consist of amounts segregated from operating funds in accordance with the terms of revenue bond requirements. The related assets are reflected as restricted.

Fund Balance - Reserved

Reserved fund balances of the governmental fund types consist of reserves for encumbrances and various capital improvement projects legally segregated for a specific future use.

Interfund Transactions

The City has the following types of transactions among funds:

Operating Transfers

Legally required transfers are reported when incurred as "operating transfers in" by the recipient fund and as "operating transfers out" by the disbursing fund.

Reimbursements

Reimbursement of expenditures made by one fund for another are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Equity Transfers

Nonroutine or nonrecurring transfers between funds are reported as additions to or deductions from fund balances of governmental fund types and additions or deductions of contributed capital or retained earnings, as appropriate, of the proprietary fund type.

Quasi-External Transactions

Charges or collections for services rendered by one fund for another are recognized as revenues of the recipient fund and expenditures or expenses of the disbursing fund. These transactions are recorded as quasi-external transactions because they would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to the City.

Intergovernmental Revenues

Resources received by the City from other governments are accounted for within applicable funds based on the purpose and requirements of each grant. Revenues are recognized on an accounting basis consistent with the fund's measurement objective.

Revenues related to expenditure-driven grants are recognized to the extent expenditures are incurred. Any excess or deficiency of grant revenues received compared to expenditures incurred is recorded as deferred revenue or amounts receivable from the grantor.

Investment In Joint Venture

The City's investment in the St. Peters - St. Charles Water Pipeline Project (the Joint Venture) is recorded on the equity method of accounting, taking into consideration capitalized interest.

Totals (Memorandum Only)

The totals (memorandum only) column is the aggregate of the fund types and account groups. No consolidating or other eliminations between the fund types or account groups were made in arriving at the total; thus, it is not intended to present consolidated information.

Interfund Eliminations

All significant interfund transactions between the PIC and other City enterprise funds have been eliminated.

Statement Of Cash Flows

The proprietary fund type considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

2. Cash And Investments

Investments primarily consist of short-term U.S. government treasury and agency securities which are carried at cost or amortized cost. Certain investments of the Bond Reserve Fund in the enterprise fund and equity investments of the expendable trust fund are carried at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools.

Missouri state statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of: the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government agencies; the State of Missouri; and local governments in Missouri with populations greater than 400,000. Deposits in financial institutions must be collateralized by securities pledged to the City by these same institutions or covered by FDIC insurance.

Cash deposits with financial institutions amounted to \$31,463,173. The bank balance was \$32,239,812 which, at the balance sheet date was entirely insured or collateralized by securities held by the City's agent in the City's name.

The City's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered, or for which the securities are held by the City or its agent in the City's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the City's name.

	Category			Fair
	1	2	3	Value
Investments - U.S. Treasury				
obligations	\$ —	\$ 1,371,432	\$	\$ 1,371,432
Pooled investments:				
Government money market funds	-		_	4,252,002
Natatorium Endowment fund	_	_		3,341,467
Deposits				31,463,173
Total deposits and investments	\$ —	\$ 1,371,432	\$ —	\$ 40,428,074

3. Property Tax

The City's property tax is levied annually, on or before September 1, based on the assessed valuation of property located in the City as of the previous January 1. Assessed valuations are established by the St. Charles County Assessor. The City tax rate was levied at \$.93 per \$100 of assessed valuation of which \$.66 is for general revenue purposes and \$.27 for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds. Taxes are billed November 1, are due and collectible on December 31, and are delinquent and represent a lien on related property on January 1 of the following year. Taxes are billed, collected, and remitted to the City by the St. Charles County Collector.

4. Property, Plant And Equipment

The following represents a summary of changes in the general fixed assets account group for the year ended September 30, 1999:

	Balance - October 1, 1998	Additions	Deductions	Balance - September 30, 1999
Land	\$ 3,030,825	\$	\$ —	\$ 3,030,825
Buildings	29,597,104	894,065	Ψ <u> </u>	30,491,169
Improvements	5,306,641	518,501		5,825,142
Equipment	8,655,480	1,523,765	134,972	10,044,273
Furniture and fixtures	951,119	32,566	638	983,047
Vehicles and other	2,939,424	839,636	228,679	3,550,381
	\$ 50,480,593	\$ 3,808,533	\$ 364,289	\$ 53,924,837

The following summarizes property, plant and equipment held by the enterprise funds at September 30, 1999:

								Central	
	Wa	terworks/				Public	I	Materials	
		Sanitary	5	Solid	Impr	ovement	Pı	rocessing	
	_	Sewer	W	aste	Cor	poration		Facility	Total
Land	\$	469,534	\$	_	\$		\$	513,103	\$ 982,637
Plant and structures		20,233,741		7,407		1,709,931		3,860,920	26,031,999
Water lines		15,588,453		-					15,588,453
Sewer lines		15,363,886		-				-	15,363,886
Machinery and equipment		2,557,614	1,562	2,153		2,394,733		1,273,015	7,787,515
Other fixed assets		26,016				2,063		73,476	101,555
Construction in Progress						1,193,864			1,193,864
Less: Accumulated									
depreciation	(22,251,479)	(679	9,163)	(2,009,309)	((1,046,641)	(25,986,592)
	\$	31,987,765	\$ 1,110),397	\$	3,291,282	\$	4,673,873	\$ 41,063,317

5. Employees' Retirement System

The following information is presented in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers.

Notes To General Purpose Financial Statements (Continued)

Plan Description

The City participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local government entities in Missouri. LAGERS is a defined benefit pension plan which provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. LAGERS was created and is governed by statute, section RSMo. 70.600 - 70.755. As such, it is the system's responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and it is tax exempt.

The Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to LAGERS, P.O. Box 1665, Jefferson City, MO 65102 or by calling 1-800-447-4334.

Funding Policy

The City's full-time employees do not contribute to the pension plan. The political subdivision is required by state statute to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 11.7% (general) and 13.0% (police) of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members are determined by the governing body of the political subdivision. The contribution provisions of the political subdivision are established by state statute.

Annual Pension Cost

For 1999, the political subdivision's annual pension cost of \$1,623,020 was equal to the required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the February 28, 1998 annual actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.0% per year, compounded annually, before retirement and 4.0% per year, compounded annually, after retirement, (b) projected salary increases of 4.0% per year, compounded annually, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.0% to 4.0% per year, depending on age, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) pre- and post-retirement mortality based on the 1984 Group Annuity Mortality table set back no years for men and 6 years for women. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The amortization period at February 28, 1999 was 17 years.

Three-Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Pension Costs (APC)	Percentage Of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
June 30, 1997	\$ 795,347	100%	\$ 0
June 30, 1998	\$ 1,169,776	100%	\$ 0
June 30, 1999	\$ 1,623,020	100%	\$ 0

Required Supplementary Information Schedule Of Funding Progress

		(b)	(b-a)			$[(\mathbf{b}-\mathbf{a})/\mathbf{c}]$
	(a)	Entry Age	Unfunded		(c)	UAL As A
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	(a/b)	Annual	Percentage Of
Valuation	Value	Accrued	Liability	Funded	Covered	Covered
Date	Of Assets	Liability	(UAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
February 29, 1995	\$ 6,523,034	\$ 7,985,029	\$ 1,461,995	82	\$ 6,932,347	21
February 29, 1996	7,833,366	9,160,729	1,327,363	86	8,270,610	16
February 28, 1997	9,444,778	11,507,835	2,063,057	82	10,046,410	21
February 28, 1998	11,708,155	13,047,779	1,339,624	90	11,488,884	14
February 28, 1999	14,454,223	18,719,947	4,265,724	77	12,647,965	34

NOTE: The above assets and actuarial accrued liability do not include the assets and present value of benefits associated with the Benefit Reserve Fund and the Casualty Reserve Fund. The actuarial assumptions were changed in conjunction with the February 29, 1996 annual actuarial valuations.

6. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of the City's long-term debt transactions for the year ended September 30, 1999, including the long-term debt obligations of the Public Improvement Corporation (see Note 7):

	General Obligation Bonds Payable	Revenue Bonds Payable
Balance - October 1, 1998	\$ 23,240,000	\$ 15,530,000
Bond Proceeds Capital Appreciation Bond accretion Refunding Debt Retired	16,035,000 — (15,765,000) (1,075,000)	5,665,291 23,485 — (1,350,000)
Balance - September 30, 1999	22,435,000	19,868,776
Less: Unamortized discount and bond issue costs		392,617
	\$ 22,435,000	\$ 19,476,159

General Obligation Bonds Payable

All general obligation bonds are recorded in the general long-term debt account group and are serviced through the debt service fund. These bonds are supported by a pledge of the City's full faith and credit. The related bond ordinances require a levy and collection of a tax on all taxable, tangible property within the City sufficient to pay the principal and interest on such bonds as they become due.

On April 20, 1999, the City of St. Peters issued general obligation bonds of \$16,035,000 to advance refund the 1993 recreational facilities general obligation bonds with an outstanding balance of \$15,765,000. The general obligation refunding bonds were issued at a premium of \$629,482 for a total net proceed of \$16,664,400. The net proceeds from the issuance of the general obligation bonds and \$68,600 of cash on hand were used to purchase U.S. government securities and those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide debt service payments until the Recreation Facilities general obligation bonds are called. The advance refunding met the requirements of an insubstance debt defeasance and the Recreation Facilities general obligation bonds were removed from the City's General Long-Term Debt Account Group.

As a result of the advance refunding, the City reduced its total debt service requirements by \$865,721, which resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$573,344.

General obligation bonds payable are as follows:

	Balance - October 1,			Balance - September 30,
	1998	Additions	Reductions	1999
Highway general obligation bonds dated November 1, 1983, 8.80% to 9.25%, interest payable March 1 and September 1, principal payable March 1	\$ 875,000	\$	\$ 425,000	\$ 450,000
Recreation Facilities general obligation bonds dated February 1, 1993, 4.00% to 5.85%, interest payable January 1 and July 1, principal payable January 1, beginning in 1996. Advance refunded April 1, 1999.	15,840,000		15,840,000	_
Refunding general obligation bonds dated February 26, 1997, 3.40% to 4.75%, interest payable March 1 and September 1, principal payable September 1, beginning in 1997	6,525,000	_	575,000	5,950,000
Refunding general obligation bonds dated April 20, 1999, 3.50% to 4.75%, interest payable January 1 and July 1, principal payable July 1		16,035,000		16,035,000
	\$ 23,240,000	\$ 16,035,000	\$ 16,840,000	\$ 22,435,000

Revenue Bonds Payable (Excluding Public Improvement Corporation)

All revenue bonds payable are recorded in the appropriate enterprise funds since the ordinances authorizing the bond issues require that the bonds be repaid from operations of the respective enterprise fund.

Notes To General Purpose Financial Statements (Continued)

Revenue bonds payable are comprised of the following individual issues:

	Balance - October 1, 1998	Additions	Reductions	Balance - September 30, 1999
Combined Waterworks and Sewerage System Refunding Revenue Bonds Series 1992A (Tax Exempt), (1992 Revenue Bonds Series A) dated June 10, 1992, 3.5% to 6.25%, interest payable November 1 and May 1, principal payable November 1, through 2009	\$ 6,705,000	\$ —	\$ 540,000	\$ 6,165,000
Combined Waterworks and Sewerage System Refunding Revenue Bonds Series 1992B (Taxable), (1992 Revenue Bonds Series B) dated June 10, 1992, 3.95% to 8.10%, interest payable November 1 and May 1, principal payable November 1, through 2005	3,545,000	· _	325,000	3,220,000
Combined Waterworks and Sewerage System Revenue Capital Appreciation Bonds Series 1999, dated July 30, 1999, 4.60% to 5.25%, interest payable November 1 and May 1, principal payable May 1, 2006 through 2015		9,910,000		9,910,000
	\$ 10,250,000	\$ 9,910,000	\$ 865,000	19,295,000
Less: Unamortized discount and bond issue costs				289,609
Less: Unaccreted capital appreciation on bonds				4,221,224
				\$ 14,784,167

The Bonds are payable solely from, and secured by, a pledge of the net revenues to be derived from the operation of the Waterworks and Sewerage System. The bond ordinance (City Ordinance No. 1873) requires the establishment of certain cash reserve accounts which are described in Note 9. In July 1999, the City issued \$5,665,291 (net of capital appreciation) of Combined Waterworks and Sewerage System Revenue Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 1999 for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, extending and improving the existing combined waterworks and sewerage system of the City. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 4.6% and 5.25%.

Principal Requirements To Maturity (Excluding Public Improvement Corporation)

The annual principal requirements to maturity (excluding capital appreciation to maturity of \$4,221,224) of bonded debt outstanding as of September 30, 1999 are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds		Bonds	R	evenue Bond	s
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2000	\$ 1,230,000	\$ 1,081,483	\$ 2,311,483	\$ 910,000	\$ 587,915	\$ 1,497,915
2001	1,210,000	1,022,829	2,232,829	985,000	528,832	1,513,832
2002	1,260,000	974,213	2,234,213	1,045,000	463,317	1,508,317
2003	1,310,000	922,847	2,232,847	1,105,000	392,128	1,497,128
2004	1,365,000	868,283	2,233,283	1,270,000	312,868	1,582,868
2005 and thereafter	16,060,000	4,023,981	20,083,981	9,758,776	4,774,203	14,532,979
	\$ 22,435,000	\$ 8,893,636	\$ 31,328,636	\$ 15,073,776	\$ 7,059,263	\$ 22,133,039

Under the statutes of the State of Missouri, the limit of bonded indebtedness is 10% of the most recent assessed valuation. This does not include an additional debt limit of 10% assessed valuation available for street improvements or waterworks and electric plants as provided under the statutes of the State of Missouri. The computation is as follows:

	City Purposes Basic Limit	Streets And Sewer Addi- tional Limit
Assessed valuation - 1998 tax year	\$ 590,875,428	\$ 590,875,428
Debt limit - 10% of assessed valuation	\$ 59,087,543	\$ 59,087,543
Amount of debt applicable to debt limit:		
Total bonded debt	41,853,776	450,000
Less: Revenue bonds	19,868,776	
Bond indebtedness applicable to		
debt limit	21,985,000	450,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 37,102,543	\$ 58,637,543

7. City Of St. Peters, Missouri Public Improvement Corporation

On August 24, 1990, the Public Improvement Corporation (PIC) was formed as a Missouri not-for-profit corporation. The purpose of the PIC is to facilitate the acquisition and construction of certain capital improvements and facilities solely for the benefit of the City of St. Peters, Missouri.

Notes To General Purpose Financial Statements (Continued)

Funding of such capital improvements and facilities has been provided through the issuance of leasehold revenue bonds. The revenue bonds do not constitute a legal debt or liability for the City, the State of Missouri, or for any political subdivision thereof and do not constitute an indebtedness within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory debt limitation or restriction. The issuance of the revenue bonds does not obligate the City to levy any form of taxation, therefore, or to make any appropriation for their payment in any fiscal year. The PIC has no taxing power.

Concurrent with the issuance of these 1990 Leasehold Revenue Bonds, the City entered into a lease agreement dated October 1, 1990 whereby the assets acquired or constructed by the PIC have been leased to the City. The lease terminates each September 30 and can be renewed for a period of ten years. At the end of the ten-year period, the assets are intended to become the property of the Solid Waste enterprise fund. Rental payments by the City are to be sufficient at all times to pay the total amount of interest and principal (whether at maturity, by acceleration, or by redemption as provided in the bond indenture) and premium, if any, on the 1990 Leasehold Revenue Bonds as they become due. For fiscal year 1999, the City made lease payments totaling \$62,678.

On July 1, 1998, the PIC issued \$5,000,000 of Leasehold Revenue Bonds, Series 1998. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to finance an expansion and renovation of the police station, an expansion to the City's senior citizens center, modifications to the skating rink, acquisition of computer system hardware, and renovation of the City Hall. Simultaneously with issuance of these 1998 Leasehold Revenue Bonds, the City entered into a lease agreement dated July 1, 1998 whereby a portion of the property, facilities and improvements acquired or constructed by the PIC have been leased to the City. The initial lease was renewed on September 30, 1998 and subject to annual budget appropriations, will have successive one-year renewal options for a period of twenty years. At the end of the twenty-year period, the assets are intended to become the property of the City. Rental payments by the City are to be sufficient at all times to pay, when due, the principal, redemption premium, if any, and interest on the 1998 Leasehold Revenue Bonds. For fiscal year 1999, the city made lease payments totaling \$424,784.

Revenue bonds payable are comprised as follows:

	Balance - October 1, 1998	Additions	Reductions	Balance - September 30, 1999
Leasehold Revenue Bonds, Series 1990 (1990 Leasehold Revenue Bonds), dated October 25, 1990, 6.1% to 7.0%, payable in varying amounts through 2000	\$ 280,000	\$ —	\$ 280,000	\$ —
Leasehold Revenue Bonds, Series 1998 (1998 Leasehold Revenue Bonds), dated July 1, 1998, 3.65% to 5.0%, payable in varying amounts through 2018	5,000,000		205,000	4,795,000
	\$ 5,280,000	\$ —	\$ 485,000	4,795,000
Less: Unamortized discount and bond issue costs				103,008
				\$ 4,691,992

Annual principal and interest requirements to maturity on the 1990 and 1998 Leasehold Revenue Bonds as of September 30, 1999 are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total	
Year ending September 30:				
2000	\$ 210,000	\$ 217,890	\$ 427,890	
2001	225,000	209,805	434,805	
2002	235,000	200,918	435,918	
2003	240,000	191,400	431,400	
2004	250,000	181,500	431,500	
2005 and thereafter	3,635,000	1,341,829	4,976,829	
	\$ 4,795,000	\$ 2,343,342	\$ 7,138,342	

8. Prior Years' Debt Defeasance

In prior years, the City has defeased various bond issues by creating separate irrevocable trust funds. New debt has been issued and the proceeds have been used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in trust funds. The investments and fixed earnings from the investments are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is considered defeased and, therefore, removed as a liability from the City's General Long-Term Debt Account Group. As of September 30, 1999, the amount of prior years' defeased debt outstanding, but removed from the General Long-Term Debt Account Group amounted to \$4,000,000.

9. Enterprise Funds Revenue Bond Requirements

Cash and cash equivalents and investments restricted at September 30, 1999 are as follows:

Revenue fund \$	1,494
Operation and maintenance fund	9,046
1992A (Tax Exempt) and 1992B (Taxable)	, ,
Bond and Interest Fund	,090,783
Series 1992A (Tax exempt) Bond Reserve Fund	971,118
Series 1992B (Taxable) Bond Reserve Fund	619,414
Series 1998 Leasehold Revenue Bond Reserve Fund	439,276
Depreciation Fund	225,000
Interest Reserve Fund	500,000
Contingency Fund	325,702
\$ 4	.181.833

The 1990 Leasehold Revenue Bond documents and the City Ordinance No. 1873, which authorized the issuance of the combined Waterworks and Sewerage System refunding revenue bonds Series 1992A (Tax exempt) and 1992B (Taxable), provide for the restriction of operating revenues of the enterprise fund after current operating expenses have been met. The Ordinance also provides for additional restrictions of operating revenues. The following are descriptions of the related reserve requirements:

Revenue Fund

Requirements - deposit of the gross earnings (excluding tap-on fees) of the Waterworks and Sewer System as collected, to be disbursed to the following funds as required.

Operation And Maintenance Fund

Requirements - monthly credit of a sum sufficient to pay the expenses for that month.

Series 1992A (Taxable) And 1992B (Tax Exempt) Bond And Interest Funds

Requirements - monthly credit of one-sixth (1/6) of the interest due on the succeeding interest payment date plus one-twelfth (1/12) of the principal amount due the next succeeding November 1, if any, to be used only for the payment of principal and interest.

Series 1992A (Tax Exempt) Bond Reserve Fund

Requirements - initial deposit of \$885,563 to be used only for the payment of principal and interest on the bonds in the event insufficient funds are available in the bond and interest fund. In the event monies are drawn from this fund, the City will replenish the fund to \$885,563 by making 12 monthly deposits into the fund in the 12 months immediately succeeding the use. The Bond Reserve Fund may also be used to call the Series 1992A (Tax Exempt) bonds for redemption and payment prior to their maturity.

Series 1992B (Taxable) Bond Reserve Fund

Requirements - initial deposit of \$545,376 to be used only for payment of principal and interest on the bonds in the event insufficient funds are available in the bond and interest fund. In the event monies are drawn from the fund, the City will replenish the fund to \$545,376 by making 12 monthly deposits into the fund in the 12 months immediately succeeding the use. The Bond Reserve Fund may also be used to call the Series 1992B (Taxable) bonds for redemption and payment prior to their maturity.

Series 1998 Leasehold Revenue Bond Reserve Fund

Requirements - initial deposit of \$441,000 to be used for the payment of principal and interest on the bonds in the event insufficient funds are available in the bond fund. In the event monies are drawn from this fund, the city will replenish the fund the full amount that was withdrawn by making twelve monthly deposits into the fund in the twelve months immediately succeeding the use.

Depreciation Fund

Requirements - initial transfer and credit of \$225,000 to be used only for the payment of principal and interest on the bonds in the event that insufficient funds are available in the bond or bond reserve funds to pay for the costs of necessary replacements to the Waterworks and Sewerage System. In the event monies are drawn from this fund, the City will replenish the fund to \$225,000 by making 24 equal monthly deposits into the fund in the 24 months immediately succeeding the use.

Interest Reserve Fund

Requirements - initial transfer and credit of \$500,000 and thereafter such amounts as appropriated by the Board of Alderman of the City from the Contingency Account, the General Fund of the City, or other available funds of the City. Monies in the Interest Reserve Fund shall be held and used by the City to make up any deficiency in any of the accounts or subaccounts in the Revenue Fund and may be withdrawn by the City at any time and applied to its general governmental purposes if not required to satisfy the City's rate covenant.

Contingency Fund

Requirements - amounts remaining in the revenue fund after disbursement to other funds based on individual fund requirements shall be deposited in the Contingency Fund for the purposes of paying the costs of improvements, extensions, or additions to the system, retiring bonds in advance of maturity or for any lawful purpose of the City.

Rate Covenant

Requirements - the City will fix, establish, maintain and collect such rates, fees and charges for the use and services furnished by the Waterworks and Sewer System to provide revenues in each fiscal year to pay for the operating costs of the system, the bond principal and interest payments, and any required deposits. Such rates should generate available revenues (net revenues plus interest reserve fund monies) at least equal to 125% of the principal and interest requirements on all bonds during the fiscal year and net revenues at least equal to 100% of the principal and interest requirements on all bonds during the fiscal year.

The City meets all related revenue bond reserve requirements.

10. Interfund Balances

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances (before similar fund-type eliminations) as of September 30, 1999 are as follows:

	Amount
Receivable Funds	
General Fund	\$ 1,892,203
Payable Funds	
Recreation	\$ 7,978
Transportation	3,250
Public Improvement Corporation	1,864,900
Solid Waste	4,671
Waterworks/Sanitary Sewer	6,500
Central Materials Processing Facility	4,904
	\$ 1,892,203

11. Segments Of Enterprise Activities

The following represents key financial information concerning the enterprise funds for the fiscal year ended September 30, 1999:

	s , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				Central
: .:		Waterworks/		Public	Materials
,		Sanitary	Solid	Improvement	Processing
	_	Sewer	Waste	Corporation	Facility
•					
Operating reve	nues	\$ 5,943,723	\$ 1,933,162	\$ 487,451	\$ 2,013,464
Operating expe	nses:		, , *		,
Depreciation	n	1,794,011	237,407	192,394	421,507
Other	•	4,124,324	1,933,229	· · · · · · · ·	2,435,387
Operating incom	me (loss)	25,388	(237,474)	295,057	(843,430)
Nonoperating r	evenues (expenses):	·			
Interest on i	nvestments	268,292	28,388	229,061	-
Interest exp	ense	(647,646)	_	(239,279)	-
Other .		(70,565)	_	(18,757)	<u> </u>
Operating trans	sfers in		112,811		465,970
Net income (los	,	(424,531)	(96,275)	266,082	(377,460)
Current capital	contributions	153,131	_	_	_
Investment in j	oint venture	2,575,714		· · · · —	,
Property, plant	and equipment				
additions		932,723	733,742	1,864,900	31,726
Net working ca	pital (excluding				
	ricted assets and				r 1
liabilities pa	yable from			,	
restricted as		5,858,228	397,374	1,259,262	49,876
Total assets		45,079,236	1,631,280	7,324,184	5,017,931
Bonds and othe	r long-term				, ,
liabilities - p					
operating re	· ·	13,874,167		4,481,992	· · · · · <u> </u>
Fund equity:	, , ,	,,		-,,- 	
Contributed	capital	15,622,485	85,166		4,804,623
	rnings (deficit)	13,757,612	1,422,605	717,828	(80,874)
revamed car	mings (deficit)	10,101,012	1, 222,000	, 020	(00,014)

12. Joint Venture

In October 1985, the City of St. Peters, Missouri and the City of St. Charles, Missouri entered into a joint venture agreement to form the St. Peters - St. Charles Water Pipeline Project (the Joint Venture). The purpose of the Joint Venture is to construct and operate a water pipeline and appurtenant facilities from the Howard Bend Treatment Plant, owned and operated by the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to the separate facilities of the municipalities of St. Peters, Missouri and St. Charles, Missouri (the Owners), in order to adequately supply water by the pipeline to the citizens and businesses of the municipalities.

Notes To General Purpose Financial Statements (Continued)

The Joint Venture is owned by the City of St. Peters, Missouri (31.8%) and the City of St. Charles, Missouri (68.2%). In accordance with the Joint Venture agreement, the City of St. Peters, Missouri is responsible for managing and accounting for the daily operations of the Joint Venture, except where concurrence of both cities is required. The Joint Venture receives all of its operating revenue from the water it sells to the Owners. The Owners financed the cost of construction of the pipeline and appurtenant facilities and, therefore, depreciation is excluded from the charges to the Owners. The cumulative investment in the Joint Venture by the City of St. Peters, Missouri through September 30, 1999 includes its proportionate share of water pipeline construction costs and an initial contribution to a water pipeline maintenance fund. Under terms of the Joint Venture agreement, additional contributions to maintain the water pipeline maintenance fund at an agreed-upon base amount may be required. The current base amount is \$500,000 which may be increased to a maximum of \$1,000,000 if maintenance costs so justify.

During 1999, the City of St. Peters, Missouri purchased water from the Joint Venture and paid related pumping charges totaling \$794,007. These costs are included as operating expenses of the City's waterworks/sanitary sewer enterprise fund.

Condensed summary of financial information for the Joint Venture as of and for its fiscal year ended September 30, 1999 is as follows:

Assets	\$ 8,036,657
Liabilities Partnership capital:	\$ 486,618
St. Peters	2,903,699
St. Charles	6,227,431
Retained deficit:	(
St. Peters	(502,787)
St. Charles	(1,078,304)
	•
	\$ 8,036,657
Operating revenue	\$ 1,669,412
Operating expenses	1,829,222
Nonoperating revenue	41,675
Net Loss	\$ (118,135)

The joint venture issues a financial statement which may be obtained by writing to the St. Peters - St. Charles Water Pipeline Project, One St. Peters Centre Boulevard, St. Peters, Missouri 63376.

14. Insurance Programs

The City became self-insured with respect to workers' compensation, general liability and property and casualty insurance effective July 1, 1998 and medical insurance effective January 1, 1998. Unemployment compensation became effective in 1997. The estimated liability for payment of incurred (both reported and unreported) but unpaid claims relating to these matters is recorded in the general fund.

The City obtains periodic funding information from the claims-servicing company managing the self-insurance programs and adjusts the charges to the various funds as required to maintain the appropriate level of estimated claims liabilities. The City maintains excess liability coverages for workers' compensation, general liability, property and casualty and medical costs. Settled claims did not exceed commercial coverages for each of the past three fiscal years.

At September 30, 1999, the City's total estimated liability for payment of incurred (both reported and unreported) but unpaid claims for workers' compensation, property, unemployment and medical costs was \$352,750.

Changes in the self-insured claims liabilities at September 30, 1999 and 1998 were as follows:

	Workers'			
	Compensation/ General	Unemployment	Medical	Total
Balance - October 1, 1997	\$	\$ 61,657	\$ —	\$ 61,657
Add: Current year claims and changes in estimate	66,250	12;375	945,985	1,024,610
Less: Claim payments	10,672	12,375	748,472	771,519
Balance - September 30, 1998	55,578	61,657	197,513	314,748
Add: Current year claims and				
changes in estimate	127,706		1,363,070	1,490,776
Less: Claim payments	62,078	29,444	1,361,252	1,452,774
Balance - September 30, 1999	\$ 121,206	\$ 32,213	\$ 199,331	\$ 352,750

15. Contingencies

Litigation

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits pertaining to matters which are incidental to performing routine governmental and other functions. Based on the current status of all of these legal proceedings, it is the opinion of management that they will not have a material effect on the City's financial position.

Federal Grants

Under the terms of Federal grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursements to the grantor agencies. It is the opinion of management that such reimbursements, if any, will not have a material effect on the City's financial position.

16. Prior Period Adjustment

el de la proposición de la companya La companya de la co

. .

In the financial statements of the year ended September 30, 1998, errors were made in accounting for the recognition of intergovernmental revenues in the transportation fund and the capital projects fund. These revenues should have been recognized in 1998. In addition, equity investments in the expandable trust fund were not marked to market in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31. at September 30, 1998.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year 2000 Compliance (Unaudited)

Because many computerized systems use only two digits to record the year in the date fields (for example, the year 1998 is recorded as 98), such systems may not be able to process dates accurately in the year 2000 and thereafter. The effects of this problem will vary among systems and may adversely affect the City's operations as well as its ability to prepare financial statements. To minimize any potential adverse effects, the City has performed the following:

Hardware

PC Replacement Plan - the City implemented a policy that provides for PC replacement after five years, eliminating compliance issues of legacy equipment and reducing the magnitude of effort required to bring the City into compliance. In addition, all active PC's, both networked and standalone, at the City have been assessed, tested and remediated. All findings of the tests have been logged and our database updated. All servers have been upgraded to current release levels of firmware and operating system release levels that have been certified by Microsoft.

Software

Parks and Recreation software, Building Security/Access Controls software, and PBX and Voice Mail Systems at City Hall and the Police Department have been upgraded to Y2K compliant release levels.

The DEC operating system (VMS) was upgraded on both our legacy systems in order for the existing Police and Business applications to function into the next millennium.

The Admins database and the Therefore applications for business systems have also been upgraded. This allows the existing business systems not converted as of yet: Utility Billing, Building Permitting and Licensing, Resident Concern Tracking, Fixed Assets and law enforcement applications to operate beyond January 1, 2000. It will also allow the smooth transition to the new law enforcement software and remaining business applications after January 1. Upgrades to our new business application software environment have been made (Linc and SCI modules) ensuring that all of our Financials, Purchasing, Payroll and Human Resource applications are all compliant, as well as the applications we will be transitioning to in the future.

The departmental applications have been upgraded and patches have been downloaded from the Internet for all Microsoft products in use at the City.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Continued)

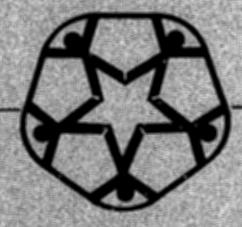
Facility

The Y2K committee has met regularly throughout the past year discussing facility preparedness. Systems were all evaluated. The majority of our facilities are either manually controlled or controlled by devices unrelated to date storage or calculations. All necessary steps have been taken to prepare our environment for the millennium. At this time all facilities have been reviewed and considered compliant by vendors and committee members. Services such as 911, emergency preparedness signals, water and sewer, radio communications, emergency generators, ups(s) have all been evaluated and deemed compliant.

Contingency plans have been made for internal communication in the event of a failure in power or equipment (un)related to Y2K issues. During the last week of the year staffing will be finalized and contact lists will be circulated to ensure communication in key areas flow as smoothly as possible.

Because of the unprecedented nature of the Year 2000 Issue, its effects and successes of the related remediation efforts will not be fully determinable until the year 2000 and thereafter. Management cannot assure that the City is or will be Year 2000 ready, that the City's remediation efforts will be successful in whole or in part, or that parties with whom the City does business will be Year 2000 ready.

This page was intentionally left blank.



Supplementary Data

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City.
It is used to account for all financial resources except
those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS GENERAL FUND

For The Year Ended September 30, 1999

	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues	Daugot	1100441	(Ciliavorabic)
Sales tax	\$ 9,400,000	\$ 9,041,394	\$ (358,606)
Property tax	4,174,775	4,188,603	13,828
Utility franchise tax:	-,-,-,-	_,,	10,020
Electric	1,582,000	1,600,079	18,079
Gas	530,000	447,618	(82,382)
Cablevision	150,000	148,716	(1,284)
	2,262,000	2,196,413	(65,587)
Cigarette	. 225,000	242,816	17,816
Licenses and permits	484,000	476,393	(7,607)
Interest	500,000	509,038	9,038
Intergovernmental	2,625,575	2,998,608	373,033
Fines and forfeitures	984,000	1,042,820	58,820
Charges for services	246,700	275,250	28,550
	5,065,275	5,544,925	479,650
Miscellaneous	50,500	90,961	40,461
Total Revenues	20,952,550	21,062,296	109,746
Expenditures	25,160,057	21,788,816	3,371,241
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(4,207,507)	(726,520)	3,480,987
Other Financing Uses			
Operating transfers out	(883,331)	(883,331)	-
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures And			
Other Financing Uses	(5,090,838)	(1,609,851)	3,480,987
Fund Balance:			
Unreserved:			
Beginning of year	9,049,319	9,049,319	
Transfer to reserved	(322,693)	(448,163)	(125,470)
End of year	3,635,788	6,991,305	3,355,517
Reserved:			
Beginning of year	833,694	833,694	_
Transfer from unreserved	322,693	448,163	125,470
End of year	1,156,387	1,281,857	125,470
	\$ 4,792,175	\$ 8,273,162	\$ 3,480,987

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS - GENERAL FUND For The Year Ended September 30, 1999

		· · ·	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
General Government:			\$ 124,435	\$ 132,693	\$ (8,258)
Personal services Capital outlay	,		1,370,000	66,000	1,304,000
Other			706,105	613,819	92,286
Other			2,200,540	812,512	1,388,028
Administration:					
Personal services			2,472,753	2,327,191	145,562
Capital outlay			612,425	443,809	168,616
Other		* .	1,632,250	1,589,709	42,541
			4,717,428	4,360,709	356,719
Police:					
Personal services			5,656,367	5,562,210	94,157
Capital outlay			206,290	209,676	(3,386)
Other		1	564,925	579,419	(14,494)
			6,427,582	6,351,305	76,277
Municipal Court:					*
Personal services			178,917	179,686	(769)
Other				16,115	7,135
	<u> </u>	- 	202,167	195,801	6,366
Public Works:			• ,		1
Personal services			1,570,939	1,533,372	37,567
Capital outlay			639,150	523,115	116,035
Other			796,968	484,289	312,679
			_3,007,057	2,540,776	466,281
Engineering:	•			·.	
Personal services	•	•	1,543,403	1,518,836	24,567
Capital outlay			144,175	102,537	41,638
Other			396,010	128,144	267,866
			2,083,588	1,749,517	334,071
Maintenance:				*	1
Personal services			573,145	544,920	28,225
Capital outlay	**		40,500	35,634	4,866
Other			111,427	90,223	21,204
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			725,072	670,777	54,295
Health:		r			
Personal services			358,729	333,147	25,582
Capital outlay			18,400	16,615	1,785
Other			96,395	91,417	4,978
			473,524	441,179	32,345
Parks And Recreation:					
Personal services	*		2,118,650	1,938,504	180,146
Capital outlay			1,715,100	1,390,232	324,868
Other			459,295 4,293,045	429,555 3,758,291	29,740 534 754
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,293,045	3,736,291	534,754
Community Relations:			0-2-12-		
Personal services	,		378,132	360,050	18,082
Capital outlay	×		121,280	120,389	891
Other	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		182,370 681,782	137,205 617,644	45,165 64,138
			001,782	017,044	04,138
Cultural And Civic Affairs:	1		4	402.102	
Personal services			199,937	186,180	13,757
Other			148,335 348,272	104,125 290;305	44,210 57,967
· ·			348 777	290.305	57 967
			\$ 25,160,057	\$ 21,788,816	\$ 3,371,241

This page was intentionally left blank.

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The special revenue funds maintained by the City are as follows:

Transportation Trust Fund

Used to account for transportation sales tax revenues and grants to be used for the construction, restruction, repair, and maintenance of streets, roads, and bridges.

Drug Enforcement Agency Fund

Used to account for Federal grant proceeds and other revenues restricted for drug-related law enforcement purposes.

Recreation Fund

Used to account for revenues restricted for recreation purposes:

Special Allocation Fund - City Centre

Used to account for revenues generated by the City Centre TIF district for the payment of debt service expenditures.

Special Allocation Fund - Old Town

Used to account for revenues generated by the Old Town Levy TIF district.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS September 30, 1999

	Transportation	Drug Enforcement	Recreation	Special Allocation Fund-	Special Allocation Fund-	•
	Trust Fund	Agency Fund	Fund	City Centre	Old Town	Total
Assets					;	
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$ 10,684,826	\$ 154,925	\$ 1,545,443	\$ 756,536	\$ 96,976	\$ 13,238,706
Receivables, net of allowances:	•					
Taxes	396,992	_		26,746	· <u> </u>	423,738
Intergovernmental	1,662,412					1,662,412
Accrued interest	51,857	709	6,966	2,200	428	62,160
Miscellaneous	5,868		30,834	367,871	285	404,858
Inventory/prepaids	126,350		7,206		<u> </u>	133,556
Total Assets	\$ 12,928,305	\$ 155,634	\$ 1,590,449	\$ 1,153,353	\$ 97,689	\$ 15,925,430
Liabilities And Fund Balances						•
Liabilities			· ·	*		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,902,427	\$ —	\$ 112,301	\$	\$'	\$ 2,014,728
Accrued payroll	20,187		54,855	·	****	75,042
Accrued vacation	28,037	, , -	37,282	· , · _	_	65,319
Deposits/guarantee bonds	, <u> </u>		135,952	· · · · —,		135,952
Due to other funds	3,250		7,978	_	:	11,228
Deferred revenue	37,455	_	89,022	367,872	284	494,633
Other liabilities		_	605	· · · —	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	605
Total Liabilities	1,991,356		437,995	367,872	284	2,797,507
Fund Balances						
Reserved for encumbrances	3,892,347		267,156		—	4,159,503
Reserved for capital improvements			307,522			307,522
Reserved for inventory/prepaids	126,350	·	7,206	-		133,556
Reserved for medical insurance		-	29,100			29,100
Unreserved - undesignated	6,918,252	155,634	541,470	785,481	97,405	8,498,242
Total Fund Balances	10,936,949	155,634	1,152,454	785,481	97,405	13,127,923
Total Liabilities And						
Fund Balances	\$ 12,928,305	\$ 155,634	\$ 1,590,449	\$ 1,153,353	\$ 97,689	<u>\$ 15,925,430</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 1999

	Transportation Trust Fund	Drug Enforcement Agency Fund	Recreation Fund	Special Allocation Fund- City Centre	Special Allocation Fund- Old Town	Total
Revenues						
Sales tax	\$ 4,522,440	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 481,592	\$ —	\$ 5,004,032
Property tax	_	-	_	659,347	48,002	707,349
Utility franchise tax				2,230	_	2,230
Interest	762,990	8,002	78,160	22,227	4,598	875,977
Intergovernmental	1,282,977	6,022	_		_	1,288,999
Charges for services	_	-	3,211,823		_	3,211,823
Miscellaneous	77,245		197,401		mary finds	274,646
Total Revenues	6,645,652	14,024	3,487,384	1,165,396	52,600	11,365,056
Expenditures						
General government				84,799	1,018	85,817
Police		2,732		_	_	2,732
Public works	2,650,267	_	_	wyster	_	2,650,267
Parks and recreation	_	_	3,903,274	-	-	3,903,274
Capital outlay	10,192,028		_			10,192,028
Debt service	_	_		368,760	_	368,760
Total Expenditures	12,842,295	2,732	3,903,274	453,559	1,018	17,202,878
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(6,196,643)	11,292	(415,890)	711,837	51,582	(5,837,822)
Other Financing Sources						
Operating transfers in			304,550			304,550
Revenues And Other Financing Sources						
Over (Under) Expenditures	(6,196,643)	11,292	(111,340)	711,837	51,582	(5,533,272)
Fund Balances						
Beginning of year, as previously reported	16,951,036	144,342	1,263,794	73,644	45,823	18,478,639
Prior period adjustment	182,556		_			182,556
Fund balance, as restated	17,133,592	144,342	1,263,794	73,644	45,823	18,661,195
End of year	\$ 10,936,949	\$ 155,634	\$ 1,152,454	\$ 785,481	\$ 97,405	\$ 13,127,923

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 1999

	Transportation Trust Fund			Drug Enfo	rcement Agency	Fund	Re	ecreation Fund	
	Revised		Variance Favorable	Revised		Variance Favorable	Revised		Variance Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues	Budget	Actual	(Cinavorable)	Duuget	Accum	(Cilia (Gradie)	Dauger	110000	(0.000
Sales tax	\$ 4,650,000	\$ 4,522,440	\$ (127,560)	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ —
Property tax	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	-
Utility franchise tax	-	_	-		umate.		_	-	_
Interest	1,000,000	762,990	(237,010)		8,002	8,002	50,000	78,160	28,160
Intergovernmental	1,684,300	839,990	(844,310)	****	6,022	6,022			
Charges for services					_		3,261,000	3,211,823	(49,177
Miscellaneous	-	77,245	77,245		-		196,634	197,401	767
Total Revenues	7,334,300	6,202,665	(1,131,635)	_	14,024	14,024	3,507,634	3,487,384	(20,250
Expenditures									
General government	-		-	4.000	0.700	0.000	-	_	_
Police	20000		454	4,822	2,732	2,090			_
Public works	2,755,234	2,415,599	339,635	_	_	_	15.021.222		
Parks and recreation	-	_	_	-	_	_	4,424,076	4,118,000	306,076
Street construction	12,733,593	8,789,131	3,944,462		_	_	_		-
Debt service			_		-	-			
Total Expenditures	15,488,827	11,204,730	4,284,097	4,822	2,732	2,090	4,424,076	4,118,000	306,076
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(8,154,527)	(5,002,065)	3,152,462	(4,822)	11,292	16,114	(916,442)	(630,616)	285,826
Other Financing Sources									
Operating transfers in				_			304,550	304,550	
Revenues And Other Financing									
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	(8,154,527)	(5,002,065)	3,152,462	(4,822)	11,292	16,114	(611,892)	(326,066)	285,826
Fund Balances									
Budget basis:									
Unreserved:									
Beginning of year	12,046,667	12,046,667		144,342	144,342	-	877,545	877,545	_
Transfers (to) from reserved	12,040,007	12,040,007		-		_	304,719	(2,805)	(307,524
End of year	3,892,140	7,044,602	3,152,462	139,520	155,634	16,114	570,372	548,674	(21,698
Reserved:	0,002,140	1,011,002	0,100,100	100,020	200,004	*****	5.0,072		(22)000
Beginning of year	_	_		_	_		333,819	333,819	_
Transfer (to) from unreserved	_	_			_	_	(304,719)	2,805	307,524
End of year							29,100	336,624	307,524
End of year			_				25,100	000,024	001,024
Budget basis, end of year	\$ 3,892,140	7,044,602	\$ 3,152,462	\$ 139,520	155,634	\$ 16,114	\$ 599,472	885,298	\$ 285,826
Encumbrances, end of year		3,892,347						267,156	
GAAP basis, end of year	1000	\$ 10,936,949			\$ 155,634			\$ 1,152,454	
drawn basis, eliq of year	_	\$ 10,550,545			\$ 100,004		_	Q 1,100,104	

(Continued)

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 1999

*	G 1 A 11 -	ation Fund - 0	·	Special Allo		O14 Tr		Total	1/4
•	Special Alloc	ation Fund - C	Variance	<u> </u>	cation Fund	Variance		Iotai	Variance
*	Revised		Favorable	Revised		Favorable	Revised		Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues	Duaget	Actual	(Cinavorable)	Duuget	Actual	(Cinavorable)	Duages	1,000	,
Sales tax	\$ 254,000	\$ 481,592	\$ 227,592	\$ ·_	s _	s	\$ 4,904,000	\$ 5,004,032	\$ 100,032
Property tax	622,000	659,347	37,347	48,000	48,002	. 2	670,000	707,349	37,349
Utility franchise tax		2,230	2,230	40,000	40,002		, –	2,230	2,230
Interest	14,000	22,227	8,227	2,000	4,598	2,598	1,066,000	875,977	(190,023)
Intergovernmental	14,000	. 22,221	0,221	2,000	4,056	2,000	1,684,300	846,012	(838,288)
Charges for services	,			_		. =	3,261,000	3,211,823	(49,177)
Miscellaneous	_				-		196,634	274,646	78,012
Total Revenues	890,000	1,165,396	275,396	50,000	52,600	2,600	11,781,934	10,922,069	(859,865)
Total Revenues	830,000	1,100,000	210,330	30,000	32,000	2,000	11,701,004_	, 10,022,000	(000,000)
Expenditures					•				,
General government	108,367	84,799	23,568	2,000	1,018	982	110,367	85,817	24,550
Police	200,001	94,100	20,000	2,000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		4,822	2,732	2,090
Public works			, 📆		· _		2,755,234	2,415,599	339,635
Parks and recreation	_					_	4,424,076	4,118,000	306,076
Street construction		·		_			12,733,593	8,789,131	3,944,462
Debt service	400,000	368,760	31.240				400,000	368,760	31,240
Total Expenditures	508,367	453,559	54,808	2,000	1.018	982	20,428,092	15,780,039	4,648,053
Total 2 Apolitiva es	300,301	400,000		,		, , , ,	20,120,002	, 10,700,700	
Revenues Over (Under)					*			•	
Expenditures	381,633	711,837	330,204	48,000	51,582	3,582	(8,646,158)	(4,857,970)	3,788,188
Other Financing Sources			1	_	1				
Operating transfers in	_		_	_	`	·	304,550	304,550	_
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							, , ,
Revenues And Other Financing	•						•		
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures	381,633	711,837	330,204	48,000	51,582	3,582	(8,341,608)	(4,553,420)	3,788,188
					—-m	*		. ,	, ,
Fund Balances						,			
Budget basis:									
Unreserved:	,								
Beginning of year	73,644	73,644	· —	45,823	45,823	· —	13,188,021	13,188,021	_
Transfers (to) from reserved	<u> </u>				· .;		304,719	(2,805)	(307,524)
End of year	455,277	785,481	330,204	93,823	97,405	3,582	5,151,132	8,631,796	3,480,664
Reserved:				٠,					
Beginning of year		· <u>. </u>	, , +			· 	333,819	333,819	_
Transfer (to) from unreserved		·				<u> </u>	(304,719)	2,805	307,524
End of year			<u> </u>	<u> </u>			29,100	336,624	307,524
Budget basis, end of year	\$ 455,277	785,481	\$ 330,204	\$ 93,823	97,405	\$ 3,582	\$ 5,180,232	8,968,420	\$ 3,788,188
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	φ 400,211	100,401	φ 330,204	9 90,023	. 51,405	φ 3,032	Ψ 0,100,202	=	
Encumbrances, end of year						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		4,159,503	,
GAAP basis, end of year		\$ 785,481			\$ 97,405	,		\$ 13,127,923	
	× ,===		•	. =	+	*			

This page was intentionally left blank.

Proprietary Fund Type - Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The City's operations for enterprise activities are:

Waterworks/Sanitary Sewer Solid Waste Public Improvement Corporation Central Materials Processing Facility

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - ENTERPRISE FUNDS September 30, 1999

e de	Waterworks/ Sanitary Sewer	Solid Waste	Public Improvement	Central Materials Processing	Eliminotions	W-4-1
Assets	Sewer	Waste	Corporation	Facility	Eliminations	Total
Current Assets:	:11					
Cash and cash equivalents:						
Held by trustees	\$ 5,508,819	\$ —	\$ 3,593,626	\$ —	\$ — .	\$ 9,102,445
Unrestricted	104,593	119,002	Ψ 0,000,020	68,820	. •	292,415
Restricted	2,371,125	110,002	439,276			2,810,401
Investments - restricted	1,371,432	· · _	100,270		_	1,371,432
Receivables, net of allowances:	1,011,102					1,011,102
Services	1,036,864	398,155		` _	_	1,435,019
Accrued interest	74,494	553		_		75,047
Miscellaneous	47,448	3,119		209,027	_	259,594
Inventory/prepaids	982	54		29,689	_	30,725
Due from other funds			_	36,522	(36,522)	-
Total Current Assets	10,515,757	520,883	4,032,902	344,058	(36,522)	15,377,078
Investment in joint venture	2,575,714	520,000	-,502,002	3.1,000	(00,022)	2,575,714
Property, plant and equipment	54,239,244	1,789,560	5,300,591	5,720,514		67,049,909
Less: Accumulated depreciation	22,251,479	679,163		1,046,641		25,986,592
Property, plant and equipment - net	31,987,765	1,110,397	3,291,282	4,673,873		41,063,317
1 Toporty, plante and equipment inco	02,001,100	2,220,001		2,010,010		12,000,011
Total Assets	\$ 45,079,236	\$ 1,631,280	\$ 7,324,184	\$ 5,017,931	\$ (36,522)	\$ 59,016,109
Liabilities And Fund Equity Liabilities Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 428,502	\$ 5,464	, . \$ · —	\$ 225,643	\$ —	\$ 659,609
Accrued payroll	56,495	28,280	· —	27,118	_	111,893
Accrued vacation	63,921	29,597		22,825	_	116,343
Accrued interest payable	256,613	_	49,464	_	_	306,077
Deposits held for others	68,150	_	-	A 100	· —	68,150
Due to other funds	6,500	41,193	1,864,900	4,904	(36,522)	1,880,975
Current portion of revenue bonds payable (payable from						*
restricted assets)	910,000	_	210,000	_	-	1,120,000
Other	34,791	18,975	_	13,692	_	67,458
Total Current Liabilities	1,824,972	123,509	2,124,364	294,182	(36,522)	4,330,505
Long-term portion of revenue bonds payable	13,874,167	_	4,481,992			18,356,159
Total Liabilities	15,699,139	123,509	6,606,356	294,182	(36,522)	22,686,664
Fund Equity: Contributed Capital:						
Other governmental agencies	4,696,529	85,166	_	4,804,623	·	9,586,318
Developers	10,925,956		_			10,925,956
Total Contributed Capital	15,622,485	85,166		4,804,623		20,512,274
Retained Earnings (Deficit):						
Reserved for revenue bond requirements	3,742,557	_	439,276	_		4,181,833
Unreserved	10,015,055	1,422,605	278,552	(80,874)		11,635,338
Total Retained Earnings (Deficit)	13,757,612	1,422,605	717,828	(80,874)	_	15,817,171
Total Fund Equity	29,380,097	1,507,771	717,828	4,723,749		36,329,445
Total Liabilities And Fund Equity	\$ 45,079,236	\$ 1,631,280	\$ 7,324,184	\$ 5,017,931	\$ (36,522)	\$ 59,016,109

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - ENTERPRISE FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 1999

Operating Revenues Water	Sanitary Sewer	Solid Waste		Processing		
•		11 4516	Corporation	Facility	Eliminations	: Total
. Water				: .		
	\$ 2,755,021	\$ —	* -	\$ <u> </u>	\$	\$ 2,755,021
Sewer -	2,462,320	_	, · · · · ·	· · · ·		2,462,320
Solid waste	:	1,829,481	· *	_	· -	1,829,481
Tap-on fees	319,807		` - · · —		_	319,807
Tipping fees		`-	_	1,166,290	-	1,166,290
Rental income		_	487,451	4,770	(62,678)	429,543
Recycling income	_	1,358	_	841,921 .	—	843,279
Miscellaneous	406,575	102,323		483		509,381
Total Operating Revenues	5,943,723	1,933,162	487,451	2,013,464	(62,678)	10,315,122
Operating Expenses			,	•.	*	
Personnel costs	1,842,300	1,021,065	_	1,051,357	_	3,914,722
Depreciation	1,794,011	237,407	192,394	421,507		2,645,319
Utilities	377,484	10,710	_	52,317	_	440,511
Purchased water	795,077	_			_	795,077
Wastewater treatment costs	82,088	_	— ,	142	· —	82,230
Landfill fees	_	467,439		996,822	-	1,464,261
Repairs and maintenance	394,657	206,984	`. <u> </u>	41,028		642,669
Chemicals and supplies	50,628	122	`.	920	,	51,670
Professional services	250,372	44,333	_	27,635	· -	322,340
Office expense	79,216	36,168	_	145,032		260,416
Insurance	131,710	17,211		50,825	ـــ و	199,746
Gasoline and fuel	19,926	44,051		6,412	· 45.	70,389
Bad debts	26,018	12,619	_		_	38,637
Rent	43,206	71,162		2,907	(62,678)	54,597
Miscellaneous	31,642	1,365		59,990		92,997
Total Operating Expenses	5,918,335	2,170,636	192,394	2,856,894	(62,678)	11,075,581
Operating Income (Loss)	25,388	(237,474)	295,057	(843,430)	, · · · ·	(760,459
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	· · · · ·				٠.	, ,
Interest on investments	268,292	28,388	229,061			525,741
Bond interest and fees	(647,646)		(239,279)	. 4	·	(886,925
Amortization of bond issue costs	(28,398)	_	(18,757)		_	(47,155
Equity loss in joint venture	(42,167)		,10,1017		_:	(42,167
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(449,919)	28,388	(28,975)			(450,506
Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers In	(424,531)	(209,086)	266,082	(843,430)	,	(1,210,965
Operating Transfers In	(321,001)	112,811	<	465,970	F# +	578,781
	(404.501)		200,000	4 4 4 4 4		
Net Income (Loss)	(424,531)	(96,275)	266,082	(377,460)	i ir	(632,184)
Depreciation on contributed assets	895,586		<u> </u>	118,023	<u></u>	1,013,609
Increase (Decrease) In Retained Earnings	471,055	(96,275)	266,082	(259,437)	·, —	381,425
Fund Equity	•				ĺ	*
Contributed capital:						
Beginning of year	16,364,940	85,166	_	4,922,646		21,372,752
- Contributions:					•	
Developers, net	153,131	_	. –			153,131
Depreciation on contributed assets	(895,586)		· · · —	(118,023)		(1,013,609)
End of year	15,622,485	85,166	-	4,804,623		20,512,274
Retained earnings (deficit):						
Beginning of year	13,286,557	1,518,880	451,746	178,563	_	15,435,746
•	471,055	(96,275)	266,082	(259,437)		. 381,425
Increase (decrease) in retained earnings						
Increase (decrease) in retained earnings End of year	13,757,612	1,422,605	717,828	(80,874)		15,817,171

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 1999

	Waterworks/ Sanitary Sewer	Solid Waste	Public Improvement Corporation	Central Materials Processing Facility	Total
Reconciliation Of Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash					
Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities	\$ 25,388	\$ (027.474)	ė 005.057	¢ (040.490)	φ (ποο 4F0)
Operating income (loss)	\$ 25,388	\$ (237,474)	\$ 295,057	\$ (843,430)	\$ (760,459)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net					
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	4 50 4 014	005.405	100.004	101 505	0.045.010
Depreciation	1,794,011	237,407	192,394	421,507	2,645,319
Change in assets and liabilities:	(** - **)	(********			
Increase in services receivable	(114,548)	(16,953)	_	_	(131,501)
(Increase) decrease in miscellaneous					
receivables	312,347	3,926	_	(129,294)	186,979
(Increase) decrease in inventory	(982)			24,065	23,083
Decrease in other assets	_	304	_	. —	304
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	19,504	(6,754)	,	101,065	113,815
Increase in accrued payroll	879	8,416	_	4,711	14,006
Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation	(1,044)	2,219	_	7,022	8,197
Decrease in deposits held for others	(3,650)	_	_		(3,650)
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	1,672	(9,820)	_	2,761	(5,387)
Total Adjustments	2,008,189	218,745	192,394	431,837	2,851,165
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Operating transfers in	, _	112,811		465,970	578,781
Advances on interfund balances	956 .		776,261	4,462	- 781,679
Payments on interfund balances	<u></u>	(23,342)		(1,459,293)	(1,482,635)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Noncapital				, ,	, ,
Financing Activities	956	89,469	776,261	(988,861)	(122,175)
Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities Proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds Principal paid on revenue bonds	5,482,270 (865,000)	-	(485,000)	_ , _	5,482,270 (1,350,000)
Interest paid on revenue bonds	(645,678)	_	(257,430)	_	(903,108)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(779,142)	(733,742)	(1,864,900)	(31,726)	(3,409,510)
Grant proceeds	.			1,500,000	1,500,000
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Capital And	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				-
Related Financing Activities	3,192,450	(733,742)	(2,607,330)	1,468,274	1,319,652
Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities		**			* /
Interest on investments	239,072	31,804	229,061	<u>·</u>	499,937
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash And Cash Equivalents	5,466,055	(631,198)	(1,114,557)	67,820	3,788,120
Cash And Cash Equivalents - Beginning Of Year	2,518,482	750,200	5,147,459	1,000	8,417,141
Cash And Cash Equivalents - End Of Year	\$ 7,984,537	\$ 119,002	\$ 4,032,902	\$ 68,820	\$ 12,205,261

Noncash investing, capital and financing activities: During fiscal year 1999, the waterworks/sanitary sewer fund received \$153,131 in contributed water and sewer transportation lines from developers.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGET BASIS - ENTERPRISE FUND WATERWORKS/SANITARY SEWER FUND (UTILITY OPERATING FUND)

For The Year Ended September 30, 1999

	,		
	Revised		Variance - Favorable
	Budget	Actual*	(Unfavorable)
Revenues		· ·	, ,
Water and sewer	\$5,125,000	\$ 5,217,341	\$ 92,341
Interest	209,500	209,922	422
Miscellaneous	365,650	406,574	40,924
Total Revenues	5,700,150	5,833,837	133,687
Expenses			
Personnel costs	1,934,617	1,842,300	92,317
Utilities	361,100	377,482	(16,382)
Purchased water	713,100	795,077	(81,977)
Wastewater treatment costs	73,500	82,088	(8,588)
Repairs and maintenance	489,033	514,747	(25,714)
Professional services	263,100	238,095	25,005
Gas and fuel	34,600	19,926	14,674
Rent	43,500	43,625	(125)
Supplies and other expenses	229,562	328,619	(99,057)
Total Expenses	4,142,112	4,241,959	(99,847)
		237	
Net Revenues Before Capital	• •		
Expenditures And Debt Service			*
And Fees	1,558,038	1,591,878	33,840
		-	
Capital expenditures	350,500	249,886	100,614
Debt service and fees	1,510,000	1,510,679	(679)
	ф » (00°0 чест)	,	ф.100 PPP
Revenues Under Expenses	\$ (302,462)	\$ (168,687)	\$ 133,775

^{*} The City adopts a separate budget for the utility operating fund (part of the waterworks/sanitary sewer enterprise fund). Actual amounts presented above include amounts encumbered at year-end which are treated as expenditures for purposes of the budget to actual comparison. Additionally, capital expenditures and bond principal payments are recognized as expenses for budget purposes.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS - ENTERPRISE FUND - SOLID WASTE FUND For The Year Ended September 30, 1999

	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Trash collection	\$ 1,850,000	\$ 1,829,481	\$ (20,519)
Sale of recyclables	1,000	1,358	358
Miscellaneous	115,500	102,323	(13,177)
Interest	25,000	28,388	3,388
Total Revenues	1,991,500	1,961,550	(29,950)
		``	
Expenses			and the first
Personnel costs	999,540	1,021,065	(21,525)
Utilities	10,970	10,710	260
Landfill fees	362,540	467,439	(104,899)
Repairs and maintenance	232,550	206,984	25,566
Capital expenditures	327,850	305,517	22,333
Professional services	20,200	41,383	(21,183)
Gas and fuel	56,680	44,051	12,629
Rent	162,220	71,162	91,058
Other expenses	68,030	69,786	(1,756)
Total Expenses	2,240,580	2,238,097	2,483
Revenues Under Expenses	\$ (249,080)	\$ (276,547)	\$ (27,467)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUDGET BASIS - ENTERPRISE FUND CENTRAL MATERIALS PROCESSING FACILITY FUND For The Year Ended September 30, 1999

	Revised Budget	Actual	Variance - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues			A
Tipping fees	 \$ 1,100,000	\$ 1,166,290	\$ 66,290
Recycling fees	400,000	390,385	(9,615)
Sale of recyclables	510,000	451,536	(58,464)
Miscellaneous	3,000	5,257	2,257
Total Revenues	2,013,000	2,013,468	468
Personnel costs Landfill fees	1,088,077 980,500	1,051,357 $996,822$	36,720 (16,322)
4	1 -		•
Utilities	46,400	52,317	(5,917)
Capital expenditures	43,400	45,916	(2,516)
Professional services	12,800	27,635	(14,835)
Repairs and maintenance	45,900	44,391	1,509
Gas and fuel	11,500	6,412	5,088
Supplies and other expenses	288,755	261,677	27,078
Total Expenses	2,517,332	2,486,527	30,805
Revenues Under Expenses	\$ (504,332)	\$ (473,059)	\$ 31,273

This page was intentionally left blank.

General Fixed Assets Account Group

The Account Group is established to account for all fixed assets of the City, other than those accounted for in the proprietary funds.

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY SOURCE September 30, 1999

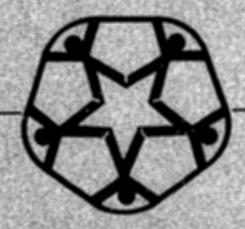
General Fixed Assets	
Land	\$ 3,030,825
Buildings	30,491,169
Improvements and construction in progress	5,825,142
Machinery and equipment	10,044,273
Furniture and fixtures	983,047
Vehicles and other	3,550,381
Total General Fixed Assets	\$ 53,924,837
Investment In General Fixed Assets	
General fund revenues	\$ 23,267,432
Special revenue fund revenues	715,838
General obligation bonds	29,607,834
Gifts	269,417
State grants	64,316
Total Investment In General Fixed Assets	\$ 53,924,837

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY September 30, 1999

Function And Activity	Land	Buildings	Improvements And Construction In Progress	Machinery And Equipment	Furniture And Fixtures	Vehicles And Other	Total
General government	\$ 1,071,513	\$ 6,399,310	\$ 384,434	\$ 346,864	\$ 297,206	\$ —	\$ 8,499,327
Administration	41,305	2,406,875	564,718	4,097,050	202,327	160,491	7,472,766
Police		1,085,295	132,989	917,553	91,423	690,852	2,918,112
Public works	111,087	583,745	301,508	1,945,552	18,599	990,657	3,951,148
Engineering		14,065	7,486	349,675	59,798	740,248	1,171,272
Maintenance		, 	118,315	240,707	6,028	58,828	423,878
Health	175,986	·	<u> </u>	27,251	2,146	50,211	255,594
Parks and recreation	1,630,934	20,001,879	4;231,060	1,723,852	233,699	827,874	28,649,298
Community relations	<u> </u>		84,632	395,769	71,821	31,220	583,442
	\$ 3,030,825	\$ 30,491,169	\$ 5,825,142	\$ 10,044,273	\$ 983,047	\$ 3,550,381	\$ 53,924,837

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY For The Year Ended September 30, 1999

Function And Activity	Balance - October 1, 1998	Additions	Deductions	Balance - September 30, 1999
		1		70.3
General government	\$ 8,499,327	\$ —	\$	\$ 8,499,327
Administration	7,155,533	381,576	64,343	7,472,766
Police	2,743,172	230,815	55,875	2,918,112
Public works	3,158,156	899,757	106,765	3,951,148
Engineering	681,902	552,221	62,851	1,171,272
Maintenance	385,794	38,084	· · · —	423,878
Health	263,447	16,615	24,468	255,594
Parks and recreation	27,126,722	1,566,643	44,067	28,649,298
Community relations	466,540	122,822	5,920	583,442
	* :	; ;		
	\$ 50,480,593	\$ 3,808,533	\$ 364,289	\$ 53,924,837



Part III - Statistical Section

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION-BUDGET BASIS (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (amounts expressed in thousands)

									•	
FUNCTION	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1994	1993	1992	1991	1990
General Government	\$898	\$640	\$594	\$848	\$660	\$1,102	\$861	\$811	\$532	\$846
Administration	4,361	3,704	3,500	3,643	2,617	2,511	2,044	1,625	1,547	1,221
Police	6,354	5,142	4,922	4,073	3,853	3,522	3,285	3,087	3,146	2,555
Municipal Court(2)	. 196	175	124	135	136	0	0	0	0	0
Public Works	4,956	4,142	2,135	2,570	2,390	2,403	2,489	1,999	1,837	1,524
Engineering	1,750	1,409	1,421	1,370	1,110	1,130	1,092	1,012	1,015	1,067
Maintenance	671	709	668	658	506	476	500	434	370	372
Health	441	330	413	309	463	203	181	135	171	115
Parks and Recreation	7,876	5,550	5,468	4,707	3,791	2,528	1,577	1,791	1,790	1,710
Community Relations	618	415	404	374	,333	. 629	557	525	486	466
Cultural & Civic Affairs(3)	290	295 ~	246	204	197	. 0	0	0	. 0	, 0
Street Construction	8,789	10,076	7,265	6,17,6	8,765	2,339	2,815	525	1,282	4,899
Debt Service	2,327	2,392	2,388	2,426	<u>2,643</u>	3,507	2,156	<u>1,940</u>	1,786	<u>1,728</u>
T _i otal	\$39,527	\$34,979	\$29,548	\$27,493	\$27,464	\$20,350	\$17.557	\$13,884	\$13,962	\$16,503

⁽¹⁾ Includes general, special revenue, and debt service funds.

⁽²⁾ Included as part of Police expenditures prior to fiscal year 1995.

⁽³⁾ Included as part of Community Relations expenditures prior to fiscal year 1995.

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE-BUDGET BASIS (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (amounts expressed in thousands)

SOURCE	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1994	1993	1992	1991	1990
Taxes	\$23,012	\$23,676	. \$20,337	\$18,790	\$17,918	\$17,316	\$16,057	\$14,760	\$13,969	\$13,095
Licenses and Pennits	476	389	376	402	415	. 344	286	230	269	356
Interest	1,468	2,239	1,618	1,647	1,661	1,097	940	1,009	1,201	1,640
Intergovernmental	3,845	4,792	4,300	4,801	8,301	3,447	1,760	1,713	1,759	2,568
Fines and Forfeitures	1,043	762	700	541	528	370	323	264	206	120
Charges for Services	3,487	3,525	3,014	2,610	2,455	624	303	594	565	487
Miscellaneous	<u>370</u>	<u>283</u> .	218	<u>377</u>	<u>96</u>	<u>68</u>	<u>48</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>202</u>	<u>54</u>
Total	\$33,701	\$35,666	\$30,563	\$29.168	\$31.374	\$23,266	<u>\$19.717</u>	\$18,628	\$18.171	\$18.320

⁽¹⁾ Includes general, special revenue, and debt service funds.

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE-BUDGET BASIS (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (amounts expressed in thousands)

SOURCE	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1994	1993	1992	1991	1990
Sales Tax	\$14,216	\$13,789	\$12,935	\$11,750	\$11,437	\$11,010	\$9,796	\$8,818	\$8,187	\$7,656
Use Tax (2)	(170)	1,289	0.	0.	0-	0 .	, · · 0	0	0	0,
Property Tax	6,525	6,121	5,101	4,769	4,433	4,280	4,183	4,054	3,755	3,587
Utility Franchise Tax:									,	
Electric	1,602	1,580	1,428	1,445	1,362	1,281	1,334	1,234	1,332	1,166
Gas	447	505	522	479	349	434	392	288	309	300
Cablevision	149	139	127	122	.108	99	95	80	87	71
Cigarette Tax	243	<u>253</u>	224	<u>225</u>	<u>229</u>	<u>212</u>	<u>257</u>	286	<u>299</u>	<u>315</u>
Total	\$23,012	\$23,676	\$20,337	\$18,790	<u>\$17.918</u>	\$17.316	<u>\$16.057</u>	\$14,760	\$13.969	\$13.095

⁽¹⁾ Includes general, special revenue, and debt service funds.

⁽²⁾ Use tax revenue relates to a local use tax enacted at the State level that was held by the courts to be invalid for future years. The revenue recognized represents the non-refundable portion of the use tax collected by the City. The ability to collect use tax in future years is contingent on voter approval. No such proposition has been submitted to the voters at this time.

CITY OF ST. PETERS, MISSOURI PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(amounts expressed in thousands)

FISCAL YEAR	TOTAL TAX LEVY	CURRENT TAX COLLECTIONS	PERCENTAGE OF CURRENT TAXES COLLECTED	DELINQUENT TAX COLLECTIONS	TOTAL TAX COLLECTIONS	RATIO OF TOTAL TAX COLLECTIONS TO TOTAL TAX LEVY	OUTSTANDING DELINQUENT TAXES	RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DELINQUENT TAXES TO TOTAL TAX LEVY
1990	\$ 3,412	\$ 3,301	96.75%	45	\$ 3,346	98.07%	177	5.19%
1991	3,572	3,495	97.84%	92	3,587	100.42%	153	4.28%
1992	3,849	3,740	97.17%	73	3,813	99.06%	189	4.91%
1993	3,983	3,879	97.39%	79	3,958	99.37%	214	5.37%
1994	4,075	3,986	97.82%	88	4,074	99.98%	215	5.28%
1995	4,210	4,154	98.67%	123	4,277	. 101,59% .	148	3.52%
1996	4,536	4,455	98.21%	78	4,533	99.93%	151	3.33%
1997	4,755	4,696	98.76%	. 93	4,789	100.72%	117	2.46%
1998	5,452	5,366	98.42%	60	5,426	99.52%	143	2.62%
1999	5,57 1	5,494	98.62%	93	5,587	100.29%	127	2.28%

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF PROPERTY(1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

						•	· Kano or 10tar
	Real Pr	roperty	Person	al Property	T	otal	Assessed Value
		Estimated		Estimated	-	Estimated	To Total
Fiscal	Assessed	Actual	Assessed	Actual	Assessed	Actual	Estimated
Year	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Actual Value
1990	\$ 308,531,564	\$ 1,345,569,624	\$58,377,520	\$ 175,307,868	\$ 366,909,084	\$ 1.520.877,492	24.12%
			*	*	L		
1991	321,342,553	1,403,703,558	62,778,230	188,523,213	384,120,783	1,592,226,771	24.12%
1992	342,033,321	1,503,608,635	71,812,839	215,654,171	413,846,160	1,719,262,806	24.07%
1993	348,223,214	1,535,402,238	75,428,778	226,512,847	423,651,992	1,761,915,085	24.04%
1994	352,730,222	1,551,788,814	83,134,540	249,653,273	435,864,762	1,801,442,087	24.20%
. 1995	360,543,736	1,599,190,051	,90,799,211	272,670,303	451,342,947	1,871,860,354	24.11%
1996	385,235,344	1,718,572,159	99,218,910	297,954,685	484,454,254	2,016,526,844	24.02%
1997	397,499,362	1,780,611,526	109,322,920	328,297,057	506,822,282	2,108,908,583	24.03%
1998	461,159,749	2,063,224,785	122,032,142	366,462,889	583,191,891	2,429,687,674	24.00%
1999	470,132,748	2,109,697,302	127,483,368	382,450,104	597,616,116	2,492,147,406	23.98%

(1) Property is subclassified for purposes of assessment as follows:
(i) commercial real property - 32% of true value, (ii) residential real property - 19% of true value, (iii) agricultural property - 12% of productivity value, and (iv) personal property - 33-1/3% of book value.

Source: Office of the St. Charles County Clerk.

PROPERTY TAX RATES

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Per \$100 of Assessed Valuation) Overlapping School Districts(1)

	Fo	rt Zumwait		St. Charles		Francis Howell			St. Charles County Community College			
Fiscal Year	Operating	Debt Service	Total	Operating	Debt Service	Total	Operating	Debt Service	Total	Operating	Debt Service	Total
1990	3.00	0.79	3.79	3.33	0.46	3.79	3.24	0.89	4.13	0.10	0.15	0.25
-1991	. 2.98	0.79	3:77	3.32	0.46	3.78	3.69	0.89	4.58	0.10	0.15	0.25
1992	3.02	0.79	3.81	3.31	0.40	3.71	3.71	0.89	4.60	0.10	0.15	0.25
1993	3.30	0.79	4.09	3.35	0.40	3.75	3.73	0.89	4.62	0.10	0.15	0.25
1994	3.26	0.83	4.09	3.45	0.40	3.85	3.73	0.89	4.62	0.11	0.14	0.25
1995	3.23	0.86	4.09	3.45	0.40	3.85	3.75	0.89	4.64	0.13	0.12	0.25
1996	3.24	0.86	4.10	3.61	0.41	4.02	4.29	0.89	5.18	0.13	0.12	0.25
1997	3.21	0.89	4.10	3.65	0.41	4.06	4.29	0.89	5.18	0.13	0.12	0.25
1998	3.60	0.89	4.49	3.52	0.49	4.01	4.05	0.89	4.94	0.13	0.12	0.25
1999	3.72	0.90	4.62	3.83	0.45	4.28	4.00	0.94	4.94	0.17	0.08	0.25

⁽¹⁾ The City is served by three school districts and the St. Charles County Community College District, which began operations in 1986. While all three school districts overlap the City, none of the school districts overlap another school district.

Source: Tax rates provided by respective school district.

PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Per \$100 of Assessed Valuation)

City of St. Peters St. Charles County

Fiscal	1 1 1 1 1 1	Debt	4.0	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Debt		School		
Year.	Operating	Service	Total	Operating	Service	Total	District(1)	Others(2)	Total
1990	0.48	. 0.45	0.93	0.33	0.04	0.37	4.38	0.93	6.61
1991	0.48	0.45	0.93	0.31	0.04	0.35	4.83	0.93	7.04
1992	0.48	0.45	.0.93	0.32	0.04	0.36	4.85	0.88	7.02
1993	·0.48	0.45	0.93	0.33	0.04	0.37	4.87	0.92	7.09
1994	0.28	0.65	0.93	0.34	0.04	0.38	4.87	0.95	7.13
1995	0.68	0.25	0.93	0.31	0.04	0.35	4.89	1.20	7.37
1996	0.68	0.25	0.93	0.30	0.03	0.33	5.43.	1.24	7.93
1997	0.68	0.25	0.93	0.30	0.03	0.33	5.43	1.24	7.93
1998	0,66	0.27	0.93	0.29	0.03	. 0.32	5.19	1.19	7.63
1999	0.66	0.27	0.93	0.28	0.02	0.30	5.19	1.24	7.66

(1) The City is served by three school districts and the St. Charles County Community College District, which began operations in 1986. While all three school Districts overlap the City, none of the school districts overlap another school district.

Accordingly, the tax rate for the School District represents the largest rate for a school district in any year plus the tax rate for the Community College.

- (2) Includes the tax rate for Central County Fire and Rescue, St. Charles County Ambulance District, Handicapped Facilities Board, St. Charles County Dispatch & Alarm Agency and St. Charles County Library District.
- (3) In addition to the tax rate shown, there is a \$.53 tax rate (surcharge) imposed on all commercial properties located in St. Charles County.

Source: Tax rates provided by respective taxing district and office of the St. Charles County Clerk.

RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population(1)	Assessed Value	Gross Bonded Debt	Less Debt Service Fund	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
1990	42,747	\$ 366,909,084	\$ 14,555,000	\$ 1,184,772	\$ 13,370,228	3.64%	313
1991	44,000	384,120,783	13,830,000	1,242,494	12,587,506	3.28%	286
1992	45,000	413,846,160	12,905,000	1,233,545	11,671,455	2.82%	259
1993	46,300	423,651,992	27,705,000	1,068,579	26,636,421	6.29%	575
¨ 1994	49,250	435,864,762	26,355,000	464,642	25,890,358	5.94%	526
1995	50,500	451,342,947	25,400,000	827,698	24,572,302	5.44%	487
1996	52,500	484,454,254	24,600,000	898,658	23,701,342	4.89%,	451
1997	55,000	506,822,282	24,270,000	1,138,767	23,131,233	4.56%	421
1998	56,000	583,191,891	23,240,000	1,202,106	22,037,894	3.78%	394
1999	57,000	597,616,116	22,435,000	970,755	21,464,245	3.59%	377

⁽¹⁾ The 1990 population is from the United States Bureau of Census. All other years are estimates made by the City.

RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

	Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service	Total General Governmental Expenditures	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
	1990	\$ 625	\$ 1,103	\$ 1,728	\$ 16,503	10.5%
,	1991	725	1,061	1,786	13,962	12.8%
,	1992	925	1,015	1,940	13,884	14.0%
	1993	1,200	956	2,156	17,557	12.3%
	1994	1,350	2,157	3,507	20,350	17.2%
7	1995	. 955	1,688	2,643	27,464	9.6%;
c	1996	800	1,626	2,426	27,493	8.8%
ζ.	1997	550	1,838 (1)	2,388	29,548	8.1%
	1998	1,030	1,362	2,392	34,979	6.8%
	1999	1,075	1,203 (2)	2,278	39,527	5.8%

⁽¹⁾ Includes \$ 581,000 contribution from bond reserves toward the refunding of the 1988 and 1989 general obligation bonds.

⁽²⁾ Includes \$ 247,000 contribution from bond reserves toward the refunding of the 1993 general obligation bonds.

COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS SEPTEMBER 30, 1999

		We will strain the	
Jurisdiction	Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding(1)	Percentage Applicable to St. Peters(2)	Amount Applicable to St. Peters
Direct: City of St. Peters	\$22,435,000	100.00%	\$22,435,000
Overlapping:			•
St. Charles County	1,910,431	18.59%	355,149
St. Charles County Community College	35,605,000	18.70%	6,658,135
St. Charles School District	35,670,330	7.12%	2,539,727
Fort Zumwalt School District R-II	75,875,000	36.01%	27,322,588
Francis Howell School District	172,205,751	22.49%	38,729,073
	\$343,701,512		\$98,039,673

⁽¹⁾ Outstanding bond amounts were provided by the respective taxing district.

⁽²⁾ Percentages were based on total assessment data provided by the respective taxing district and by the office of the St. Charles County Assessor.

CITY OF ST. PETERS, MISSOURI REVENUE BOND COVERAGE WATERWORKS/SANITARY SEWER FUND-BUDGET BASIS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal	Gross	Operating	Net Revenue Available For	D eb	ot Service Requirem	ents	
· –	Year	Revenues	Expenses(1)	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
	1990	\$° 3,970	\$ 1,912	\$ 2,058	\$ 245	\$ 1,230	\$ 1,475	, 1.395
	1991	4,198	2,220	1,978	265	1,208	1,473	1.343
	1992	4,267	. 2,388	1,879	335	603	938	2.003
	1993	4,010	2,323	1,687	640	774	1,414	1.193
	1994	4,487	2,601	1,886	605	844	1,449	1.302
٠.	1995	4,903	2,774	2,129	675	815	1,490	1.429
	1996	5,351	3,139	2,212	705	783	1,488	1.487
	1997	. 5,714	3,760	1,954	790	740	1,530	1.277
	1998	- 5,501	3,929	1,572	825	695	1,520	1.034
	1999	5,834	4,242	1,592	865	645	1,510	1.054

⁽¹⁾ Represents total budget basis operating expenses less capital outlay.

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS SEPTEMBER 30, 1999

Taxpayer	Type of Business	1998 Assessed Value	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation(1)
May Development Co. of Oregon	Mid Rivers Mall	\$15,892,850	2.66%
Reckitt & Coleman, Inc.	Chemicals	10,143,349	1.70%
JC Penney's Properties, Inc.	Department Store	3,335,879	0.56%
Capital Dierbergs Properties	Strip Center	3,152,630	0.53%
Sears, Roebuck and Company	Department Store	2,838,332	0.47%
Centermark Properties, Inc.	Départment Store	2,695,842	0.45%
Dayton Hudson Corporation	Department Store	2,601,654	0.44%
Continental Sprayers	Injection Molded Parts	2,500,826	0.42%
Woodbridge Corporation	Foam for Automobile Seats	2,414,208	0.40%
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	Department Store	2,408,108	0.40%

(1) Based on 1998 assessed valuation equal to \$597,616,116

Source: Office of the St. Charles County Assessor.

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Population(1)	Per Capita Income(2)	Unemployment Rate(3)	
1000	10.515	15.160	2 4004	
1990	42,747	15,468	3.40%	
1991	44,000		5.20%	
1992	45,000		4.10%	
1993	46,300		5.00%	
1994	49,250	,	3.30%	
1995	50,500		3.00%	
1996	52,500		2.60%	
1997	55,000		2.40%	
1998	56,000		2.80%	
1999	57,000	•	na	

School Enrollment Last Ten Years(4)

Year		Fort Zumwalt		St. Charles	Francis Howell	
-			1			-
	1990		10,000	6,180	13,341	
	1991		10,500	6,240	13,760	
	1992		11,165	6,380	14,645	
	1993		11,850	6,395	15,432	
	1994		12,000	6,393	15,491	
	1995		11,449	6,380	16,413	
	1996		12,595	6,561	17,325	
	1997	•	13,720	6,587	18,240	
	1998	٠	14,488	6,338	18,108	
٠.	1999	1 .	16,000	6,205	18,831	

- (1) The 1990 population is from the United States Bureau of Census. All other years are estimates made by the City.
- (2) Per capita income represents the periodic estimates made by the Bureau of Census.
- (3) All figures are estimates of the Missouri Division of Employment Secur except for 1990 which is an official estimate of the United States Burea of Census.
- (4) Data provided by the respective school district.

PROPERTY VALUE AND CONSTRUCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Property Value				Commercial Construction(1)		Residential Construction(2)	
Year	Residential	Commèrcial	Agricultural	: Total	Number Of Units	Value	Number Of Units	Value
1 car	Residential	Commercial	Agricultural	Total	Or Cuits	Value	. Of Units	, value
1990	935,974,736	407,724,888	1,870,000	1,345,569,624	42	40,871,985	479	33,229,306
1991	980,316,684	421,379,791	2,007,083	1,403,703,558	24	15,679,214	498	41,493,135
1992	1,066,802,632	434,620,503	2,185,500	1,503,608,635	13	5,909,415	405	32,040,733
1993	1,097,436,684	435,771,888	2,193,667	1,535,402,239	15	4,144,079	565	48,978,445
1994	1,098,131,526	448,231,788	5,425,500	1,551,788,814	51	27,116,434	421	42,359,327
1995 (3)	1,156,450,105	438,447,113	4,292,833	1,599,190,051	29	28,914,889	381	41,791,488
1996	1,259,878,053	454,076,106	4,618,000	1,718,572,159	44	37,487,781	340	38,310,621
1997	1,320,006,163	457,127,738	3,477,625	1,780,611,526	50	25,961,590	327	-32,986,885
1998	1,526,548,184	533,572,009	3,104,592	2,063,224,785	45	23,366,288	365	36,492,082
1999	1,571,927,053	534,670,891	3,099,358	2,109,697,302	.##1_	-58 ,740,000 -	264	26,328,171
,					58	47,9: 903		

⁽¹⁾ Excludes permits issued for miscellaneous purposes and tenant finishes.

Source: Property values were provided by the St. Charles County Clerk.
Construction data from the City of St. Peters, Missouri.

⁽²⁾ Excludes permits issued for miscellaneous purposes.

⁽³⁾ The decline in commercial property assessment and increase in residential assessment is attributable to a legislative change which reclassified appartments from commercial to residential.

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS SEPTEMBER 30, 1999

Date of Incorporation	. 1	1910
Form of Government		City Administrator
Number of employees (excluding police officers):		.*
Full-time		304
Part-time and seasonal		275
Area in square miles	÷	22.25
	•	
City of St. Peters facilities and services:		· · ·
Miles of streets		218
Number of street lights	,	2,008
Culture and recreation:		
Community centers:		,
City Hall	1	. 1
Cultural Arts Center		`. 1
Sports Center(gymnasium)		1
Senior Citizen Center(includes a fitness trailer)		·1
REC-PLEX(2 pools; ice rink; ice/in-link rink; gym	masium; fitness facilities)	1
Parks		. 19
Park acreage		580
Golf Courses	٤٠.	1
Outdoor swimming pools		. 3
Tennis Courts		7
Miles of hiking/biking trails		8.4
Police Protection:		
Number of stations		- 1
Number of police officers		87
Average number of physical arrests per month	•	270
Average number of calls for service per month		.3,145
Sewerage System:		,
Miles of sanitary sewers		210
Number of treatment plants		1
Number of service connections		16,519
Daily average treatment in gallons		5,180,000
Daily capacity of treatment plant in gallons		6,900,000
Miles of storm sewers		122
Water System:		
Miles of water mains	. 1	. 229
Number of service connections		14,944
Number of fire hydrants		1,198
Daily average consumption in gallons		4,720,000
Maximum daily capacity in gallons:		
Water treatment plant	•	6,000,000
City of St. Louis system(per contract)		9,858,000
· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		

CITY OF ST. PETERS, MISSOURI MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS **SEPTEMBER 30, 1999**

Facilities and services not included in the reporting entity:		
Fire Protection(1):		
Number of stations	** - /	7
Number of employees:	3	
Full-time		76
Volunteers		15
Average number of calls per month		330
Average number of inspections conducted per month		300
Education:	2	
Number of elementary schools(2)		- 9
Number of elementary school instructors(2)		262
Number of secondary schools(2)		4
Number of secondary school instructors(2)	•	390
Number of community colleges(3)		1
Number of universities(satellite campus)		1
Hospitals:		
Number of hospitals	· .,	1
Number of patient beds		130
₹ .	S + + 1	
Largest Employers:		
Number of employees:		
MEMC (4)	e e	1,568
Fort Zumwalt School District R-II	-	723
St. Charles School District R-VI	•	722
City of St. Peters		579
Barnes St. Peters Hospital		383
Continental Sprayers		329
Francis Howell School District R-III		320
Reckitt & Coleman (Airwick Industries)		285
Central-Area Data Processing		235
Wainwright Industries		227
Woodbridge Corporation		140
Dierbergs		136
Didion & Sons Foundry Company		120
	4000 0	
(1) Two districts provide fire protection to the City. During fiscal year		
Peters Fire Protection District consolidated with St. Charles Fire P		
District forming Central County Fire and Rescue. These statistics		•
Central County Fire and Rescue as it covers the majority of the Cit	y.	
	a .	
(2) The City is served by three public school districts. These numbers		
private schools and schools in the public districts that are within the	ne City limits.	
(3) The community college campus is less than one mile from the City	limits.	
(A) I acated adjacent to corporate limits of St. Peters		