# Evidence-Based Practice Guidelines: Anesthesia for Total Knee and Hip Arthroplasty

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#### **Abstract**



#### Introduction

Postoperative complications are a significant problem for the healthcare system and the individual. Results in:

- Poor patient outcomes
- High health care costs THA/TKA are not immune to postoperative complications.
- 14.4% result in major complications
- 46.6% result in minor complications

### ERAS protocols were developed to

- Decrease postoperative complications
- Accelerate recovery
- Promote early mobilization
- Promote early discharge from the hospital



#### **Problem Statement**

- · CRNA's contribute to perioperative period
- Influence patient success
- Improper judgement results in postoperative complications

Leading to complications such as:

- · Increased length of stay
- Increased postoperative opioid consumption.
- Constipation
- Nausea and vomiting
- Inadequate pain management
- Respiratory depression
- Poor patient satisfaction

## Significance to Anesthesia

- Patient safety
- Patient's Rights
- CRNA responsible for the patient and provide patientcentered anesthesia and create a culture of safety (AANA, 2018).

## **Project Details**

Evidence-based practice guidelines were developed using recommendations from ERAS protocols.

 Implemented in level one urban Ohio hospital

Project model used:

 Iuran Triology model

The EBP guideline will be introduced to the chief CRNA and OR director. Steps after approval:

- Preoperative and postoperative nurses, anesthesia staff, surgeons, residents, and physician assistants (PAs)
- Meetings three times a week for one month
- Progress of adherence to EBP guidelines will be tracked electronically every month by project managers

#### **EBP Guidelines**

#### **EBP Guidelines** Preoperative education Pre-Enhanced recovery education Fasting guidelines procedure Incentive spirometer demo Contact information Optimization/Risk stratification Smoking cessation 4 weeks before surgery Alcohol cessation 4 weeks before surgery Labs and screening for anemia **Nutritional optimization** Prehabilitation NPO status Pre-Antiemetics Emend operative Scopolamine patch Administration of acetaminophen, COX-2 inhibitor/NSAID, and gabapentinoid Spinal anesthetic or intraarticular block Intra-Opioid-sparing anesthetic technique Normothermia operative Euvolemia Scheduled acetaminophen, COX-2 Postinhibitor, and gabapentinoid Early mobilization operative Incentive spirometer Early nutrition

#### **Analysis**

- Chart review of TKA/THA patients 6 months prior to implementation of EBP guidelines
- Chart review of TKA/THA patients 6 months after implementation of EBP guidelines

#### **Budget**

- Chart review- \$750-\$1,000 per review Information session-
- \$1.500-\$2.000 Paper- \$0.02 per sheet of paper

#### **Timeline**

 Create EBP guideline Oct. 2022

lan. 2023

- •Meet with OR director & chief CRNA
- •6-month chart review

Feb. 2023

- Information session with OR staff
- •Implementation of EBP guideline

- 6-month chart review
- Anv necessary changes



## Conclusion

ERAS protocols decrease postoperative complications, length of stay and opioid consumption. The EBP guidelines developed for this project are a combination of best practice recommendations from articles gathered during the literature review. The EBP guidelines are significant to anesthesia staff and help protect patient's safety throughout the perioperative period.

#### References



