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3-18-2021

Day 1: Responding to the Global Financial Crisis

The Brookings Institution

Daniel (Dan) Jester

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Recommended Citation

The Brookings Institution and Jester, Daniel (Dan), "Day 1: Responding to the Global Financial Crisis" (2021). *YPFS Documents (Series 1)*. 10071.

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PAST EVENT

Day 1: Responding to the Global Financial Crisis

What we did and why we did it

Join the conversation on Twitter using #FinCrisisLessons

ozens of consequential decisions were made by U.S. authorities during and after the financial crisis of 2007-2009. It is important to understand how and why the elements of the rescue were designed the way they were. In an initiative led by Ben Bernanke, Tim Geithner and Hank Paulson, the **Hutchins Center on Fiscal and Monetary Policy at Brookings** and the **Program on Financial Stability at the Yale School of Management** are filling that gap by commissioning papers by individuals who were actively involved in designing the elements of the rescue. The primary objective is to answer the inevitable question that those who fight future financial crises will ask: Why and how did they do it the way they did in 2007-2009?

On September 11, 10 years after some of the worst moments of the crisis, some of the authors of the papers presented highlights of their findings in a full-day conference at Brookings. Preliminary versions of some of the papers will be available below as working papers. You can learn more about the project by visiting the **Program on Financial Stability at the Yale School of Management.**

- An 85-page book that illustrates the crisis in pictures. **Download it here** (PDF).
- 13 working papers available for download below.
- **Video Ben Bernanke, Tim Geithner, and Hank Paulson** in conversation with Andrew Ross Sorkin at Brookings.

AGENDA

Welcome



Ben S. Bernanke
Distinguished Fellow in Residence - Economic Studies



Overview What happened?



Nellie Liang Miriam K. Carliner Senior Fellow - Economic Studies, The Hutchins Center on Fiscal and Monetary Policy



SESSION MATERIALS

- Download the presentation
- Download the full chart

book

Panel

The lender of last resort: Old and new

In the early stages of the crisis, the Federal Reserve acted as a lender of last resort to stabilize the financial system, initially innovating its traditional practices and later invoking emergency authorities to expand lending to more counterparties and more collateral. What problems were they trying to fix? What were the key design decisions? What constraints did they face? How successful were these efforts?

MODERATOR

Brian Sack

Director of Global Economics - The D. E. Shaw Group



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PRESENTER
Patricia Mosser

Senior Research Scholar of International & Public Affairs - Columbia University , Director, MPA Program in Economic Policy Management - Columbia University



PANELIST
Pat Parkinson
Special Adviser - Bank Policy Institute



Chief Economist and Head of Global Macroeconomic Research - PGIM

SESSION MATERIALS

■ Download the Working
Paper "The Use and
Effectiveness of Conventional
Liquidity Tools Early in the
Financial Crisis"

Download the Working Paper "Novel Lender of Last Resort Programs"

■ Download the Working

Paper "The Federal Reserve's

Swap Lines: Lender of Last

Resort on a Global Scale"

Panel

Capital and Guarantees for the Banks

At the worst of the financial crisis, the solvency of major banking institutions came into serious question. The Treasury, the Federal Reserve, FDIC, and other regulators had to determine how to keep the financial system functioning. What approaches did they consider, and what approaches were considered and discarded? What were the key decision points in guaranteeing liabilities of the banking system, injecting capital, etc.? What worked well, and what didn't?



MODERATOR

Monetary Policy

PRESENTER

D

Dan JesterBDT & Company



PRESENTER
Lee Sachs
Co-Founder and Managing Partner - Gallatin Point



PANELIST

Jim Wigand

Great Point Financial, LLC



PANELIST
Tim Clark
formerly Federal Reserve

SESSION MATERIALS

Download the Working Paper "Back Capital, Phase 1 Recapitalizing the Banking System"

■ Download the Working Paper "The Temporary Liquidity Guarantee Program"

■ Download the Working
Paper "Bank Capital, Phase 2
The Banks: Reviving the
System"

Panel

Beyond the Banks

Questions about solvency extended beyond the banks to all sorts of financial firms, including securities firms and AIG. How did authorities decide that the failure of these financial firms would cause material damage to the functioning of the financial system and economy? What tools did they consider and what tools did they use to prevent investor runs and disruptive failures? How did they weigh the consequences of potential bankruptcy of the auto companies in a fragile economy?



MODERATOR David Wessel

Director - The Hutchins Center on Fiscal and Monetary Policy , Senior Fellow - Economic Studies



y davidmwessel



PRESENTER Bill Dudley



PANELIST Scott Alvarez

PANELIST Steve Shafran AMRI Financial

SESSION MATERIALS

Download the Working **Paper "Nonbank Financial Institutions: New Vulnerabilities and Old Tools**"

Download the Working

Paper "The Legal Authorities

Panel

Government Sponsored Enterprises and Housing

Housing was at the root of the financial crisis. The unwinding of the house price bubble, record-high mortgage debt, and low risk premiums on mortgage securities had a massive depressive effect on the financial system and economy. What was done to support homeowners and the mortgage market? What was considered and rejected? Which tools proved most effective? How was the decision to put Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac into conservatorship made?



MODERATOR

Neel Kashkari

President - Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis



Michael Barr
Joan and Sanford Weill Dean of Public Policy - University of Michigan

D DAN Jester
BDT & Company



PANELIST
Andreas Lehnert
Director - Federal Reserve Board

SESSION MATERIALS

Download the Working Paper "Rescuing the Mortgage Giants"

The Administrative
Architecture of the Troubled
Assets Relief Program"

Panel

Monetary and Fiscal Policy Around the World

Monetary and fiscal policies, both in the United States and abroad, were used aggressively to offset the contractionary effects on the macro economy of the severe stresses in financial and credit markets. How did policymakers calibrate these efforts? How did U.S. policymakers coordinate with foreign counterparts? How well were these efforts communicated? What were the constraints? How well did all this work?



MODERATOR

Janet L. Yellen

United States Secretary of the Treasury - United Stated Department of the Treasury ,
Former Distinguished Fellow in Residence - Economic Studies



Jason Furman
Former Brookings Expert, Professor of the Practice of Economic Policy - Harvard
University, Senior Fellow - Peterson Institute for International Economics



PRESENTER



PRESENTER

Donald Kohn

Robert V. Roosa Chair in International Economics , Senior Fellow - Economic Studies

PANELIST

Brian Sack



Ted Truman Nonresident Senior Fellow - Peterson Institute

SESSION MATERIALS

■ Download the Working

Paper "The Fiscal Response to
the Great Recession: Steps

Taken, Paths Rejected, and

Lessons for Next Time"

■ Download the Working

Paper "Monetary Policy during the Financial Crisis"

Panel

So what have we learned?

Policies became more aggressive as the crisis intensified, starting with the provision of liquidity, to resolution, guarantees, and capital when solvency was in question. After ten years, what is the empirical evidence on the effects of the policies? What are the major criticisms and shortcomings? What lessons can we draw from the papers commissioned for this project that may prove useful for future crisis fighters?



MODERATOR

Andrew Metrick

Janet L. Yellen Professor of Finance & Management - Yale University

PRESENTER

Meg McConnell

PANELIS

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Michele Davis

Global Head of Corporate Affairs - Morgan Stanley



Matt Kabaker
Senior Managing Director, New York - Centerbridge



William B. English
Professor in the Practice of Finance - Yale School of Management

SESSION MATERIALS

Download the Working Paper "Evidence on Outcomes"

Closing Remarks



Hank Paulson
Chairman - Paulson Institute



Tim Geithner President - Warburg Pincus