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### Occupational Therapy in Family Education: Fourth Trimester Wellness to Kindergarten Readiness

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### UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH DAKOTA SCHOOL OF HEALTH SCIENCES

### PURPOSE

- To integrate TBRI® Nurture Group© intervention community-based parent education program to pro
- To advocate for the role of occupational therapy in

### BACKGROUND

- Children who are provided with enriching experiences that promote development of cognitive, socioemotional, and behavioral skills are more likely to succeed in a kindergarten environment (Votruba-Drzal & Dearing, 2017).
- The TBRI® Nurture Group© model has been researched to provide positive outcomes for children who engage in this intervention (Cerny et. al., 2021; Sloan et al., 2020; Tucker et al., 2017; Vincent, 2017).
- Occupational therapists are equipped to support engagement in child-rearing occupations and individualized meaningful activities.
- Despite the complex complex physical, psychological, and social challenges of the 4<sup>th</sup> trimester, mothers report feeling unprepared (Martin et al., 2014).
- There is a call to action for improved, holistic postpartum care through collaborative efforts (Tully et al., 2017).

### **THEORETICAL FOUNDATION**

- Attachment Theory poses that secure relationships develop as a result of consistent, warm responses to infant needs (Fearon & Roisman, 2017).
- An eclectic approach was used to merge the concepts from the Ecology of Human Perfomance model (Dunn, 1994), the Lifespan Development model (Cole & Tufano, 2020), and the Biomechanical Frame of reference (Gilen & Nilsen, 2018) to understand how occupational engagement for parents of young children may be influenced by tasks and roles related to child-rearing (Ikiugu et al., 2009).

# **Occupational Therapy in Family Education: Fourth Trimester Wellness to Kindergarten Readiness**

### Gabrielle Hagen, OTS Faculty Mentor: Dr. Shana Cerny, OTD, OTR/L, BCP, TBRI® Educator

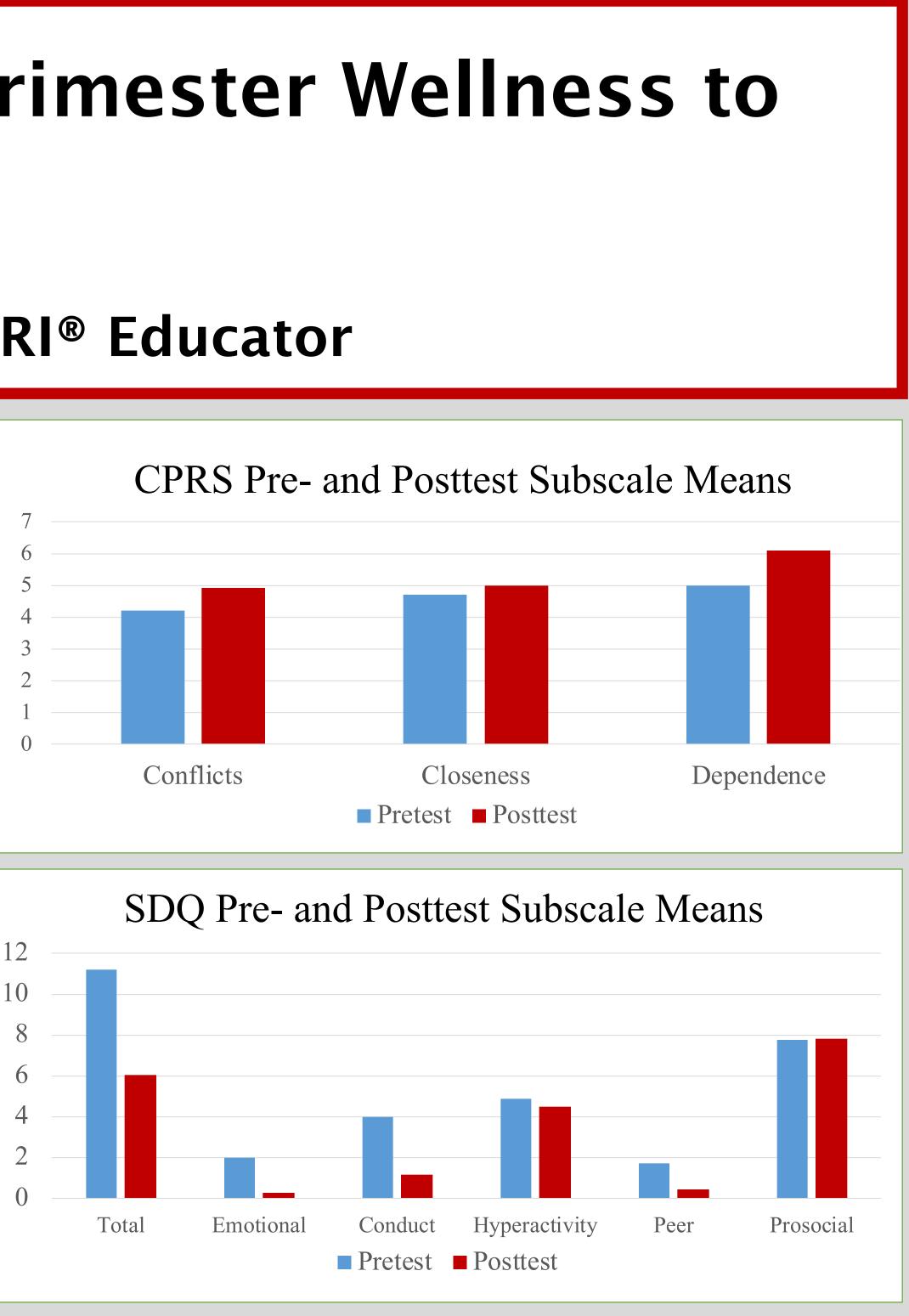
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om	nd occupational therapy concepts into a note child attachment and development. For oversion of care for both mothers and infants.	
Μ	ETHODS	•
•	Early Childhood Family Education class was offered at a rural elementary school in Southern Minnesota for a total of 12 weeks. Participants were recruited through the school webpage, community education Facebook group, and flyers posted throughout the school.	
	A needs assessment was conducted to determine which topics would be most valuable and relevant for parent education. TBRI Nurture Group© band-aids were	
•	incorporated to parent-child circle time. Weekly education handouts were provided for the caregiver participants.	
•	The Child-Parent Relationship Scale and Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire were voluntarily completed by parents as a pre- and post-test measure at 12 weeks.	
•	A comprehensive literature search was conducted to inform development of <i>The</i> <i>Fourth Trimester OT</i> accessible webpage.	
	OMP	
	<ul> <li>Ecology of Human Derformance</li> <li>Performance is transactional</li> <li>The person, context, and tasks affect one another</li> <li>Assessments identify client needs and analyze functional requirements of a task</li> <li>Client-centered</li> <li>Dimechanical</li> <li>Expected function based on</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Expected function based on age and stage of life</li> <li>Change measured by assessment of endurance, strength, function, pain</li> <li>Goal to restore body function</li> <li>Development is sequential</li> <li>Motivation from 'biological clock' influences change</li> <li>Standardized assessments for development</li> <li>Goal to restore participation</li> </ul>	
	CMP CMP	

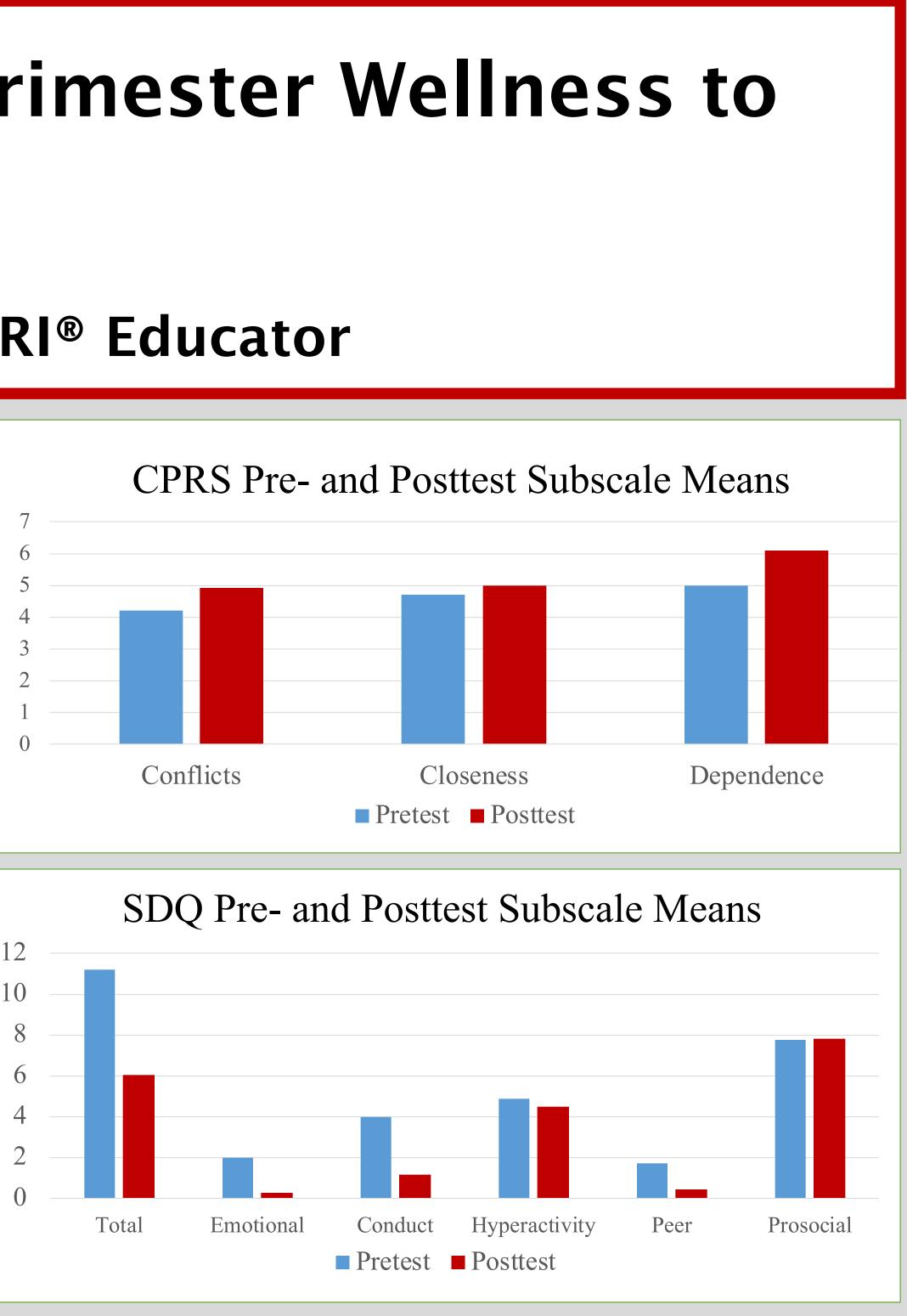
### RESULTS

- An independent samples t-test (pretest N=4, posttest N=2) indicated that all CPRS subscales increased following participation in ECFE Nurture Group<sup>©</sup> activities.
- A paired t-test (N=3) of SDQ data resulted in decreased mean scores within each subscale; this change was not statistically significant.
- An independent samples t-test of SDQ data (pretest N=5, posttest N=4) resulted in statistically significant decrease in emotional symptoms, conduct problems, and peer relationship problems following participation in ECFE Nurture Group<sup>®</sup> activities.
- Parent participants expressed overall satisfaction with ECFE course structure and content.
- *The Fourth Trimester OT* webpage was made publicly accessible for individuals who have access to the electronic link.

## **DISCUSSION & CONCLUSION**

- The quantitative data demonstrates that integrating a trauma-informed approach to an early education program is an effective strategy to decrease social-emotional problems for children ages 2-5 years. Participation in TBRI® Nurture Group© activities may have contributed to improved
- closeness between caregivers and children. The parent education topics provided caregivers with relevant, applicable information and strategies to use in their daily routines.
- This project also clarified the need for more collaborative and holistic services for postpartum mothers.
- OT practitioners may provide support to the 4<sup>th</sup> trimester family through education and training using an individualized approach.
- All objectives were fulfilled throughout the capstone experience.





### IMPLICATIONS

## REFERENCES

• Occupational therapists have the knowledge and skills to address both physical and mental health challenges that parents of young children may encounter.

Early intervention programs are a valuable resource which contribute to the

development of secure attachment and social-emotional skills for young children. • There is a need for continued expansion of OT practice in EI services and in health promotion for postpartum families.

• Additional research on the direct effect of occupational therapy services geared toward health promotion of mothers and infants post-birth is warranted.

