Impact of Mobile Text Reminders on Medication Compliance Haley Russell RN and Paul Weatherly RN Faculty Advisor: Dr. Michelle Rickard College of Nursing - The University of Tennessee Health Science Center - Memphis, TN

Purpose

The purpose of this scoping review is to identify and evaluate current literature to determine the impact of mobile text reminders on patient compliance with medications.

Using mobile reminders, patients can be prompted to take their medication, schedule their follow-up appointments, or fill their prescription to encourage compliance and better overall health.

Specific Aim

To determine whether daily reminders using mobile text messaging results in significant change in medication compliance.

Background

- Medication non-adherence is an international concern and associated with poor health outcomes.
- Patient noncompliance with medication leads to longer and more frequent infections and health issues.
- 50% of the time medication is not taken as prescribed.
- The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) estimates that medication non-compliance results in:
 - 30 50% of treatment failures in adults and children with chronic diseases.
 - 125,000 American deaths annually.
- Using mobile reminders, patients can be prompted to take their medication, schedule follow-up appointments, or fill their prescription to encourage compliance and better overall health.
- Mobile text messaging approximately doubles the odds of medication adherence.
- Text messaging and app interventions display improvements in rates of medication adherence for health conditions in adults and children.



Methods

- PubMed, LibKey, and EBSCO databases were utilized to identify articles.
 - The search included the terms "text message reminders", "automated medication reminders," "medication reminders," "automated reminders," "pediatrics," and "children."
- 109 articles were initially identified.
- The article results were first narrowed by:
 - Publication date to reflect the last 6 years.
 - Full-text articles.
- Rapid critical appraisal was conducted to further narrow the results.
- 13 articles were identified for this scoping review.
- The 13 articles were reviewed for the following data:
 - size, and length of study.

Characteristics of Evidence



Results

- ~ 70% of the articles show an increase in medication compliance.
- These studies show clinically significant improvements in:
 - Medication adherence
 - Health outcomes
- \sim 40% show need for further research including increasing study participants and length of time for the study.
- Overall, these studies trend toward medical compliance, but further research with broader population sizes and longer multicenter studies could better confirm this.

Limitations

- Small sample sizes and inefficient study lengths.
- Only a small number of studies utilized caregivers for reminder systems and medication administration in the pediatric populations.

Patient age, health issues, method of digital reminder, population



Results

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70%		Jag 30%	Peri
		2.0%	
		10%	
		0%	
Increased Medicat			

Implications for Practice

- Mobile text reminders can improve patient medication compliance.
 - Many studies show a positive effect on long-term health.
 - This improvement in compliance can decrease negative sequelae associated with poor medication adherence in patients with acute and chronic health conditions.
- These results are promising and promote continued research on implementing technology to improve health outcomes.
- Many studies showed a positive effect on long-term health.
- Further research would be beneficial.

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