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Routine Childhood Immunization in Appalachia: A 5-year review of the prevalence, pattern, and predictors of vaccine exemptions in Northeast Region Tennessee

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Routine Childhood Immunization in Appalachia: Prevalence and predictors of vaccine exemptions in Northeast Region Tennessee

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Biostatistics and Epidemiology

Background

Routine childhood vaccination

Reducing uptake and vaccine exemption



Background

 Vaccine exemption (VE) refusal to vaccinate

Medical and non-medical exemption

■ 2009-2017 non-medical exemption increased from 1.2% to 2.0%



Problem Statement

- The changing trend in vaccine uptake and vaccine exemption has both economic and medical implications
- Pertussis outbreak in Florida in 2013 -109 cases mainly unvaccinated students

- In 2019 over 1249 cases of measles recorded and 90% unvaccinated
- Hospitalization and medical and non-medical



Rationale

Tennessee conservative state

- Northeast region 1 of the 7
- Absent regional data analysis from TDH
- Analysis of risk factors





Objectives



Prevalence VE

Pattern

Predisposing factors



Methods

- This cross-sectional study using secondary data
- Immunization data of children between 1-24 months in the Northeast region 2017- 2021 was retrieved.
- Random sample of children from the cohort was selected.
- Local public health staff locate each child. Confirm immunization histories with parents and healthcare provider
- SPSS for analysis



Risk factors

• Exposure Variable: Race, maternal education, mother's age, enrollment in Tenncare, and number of siblings

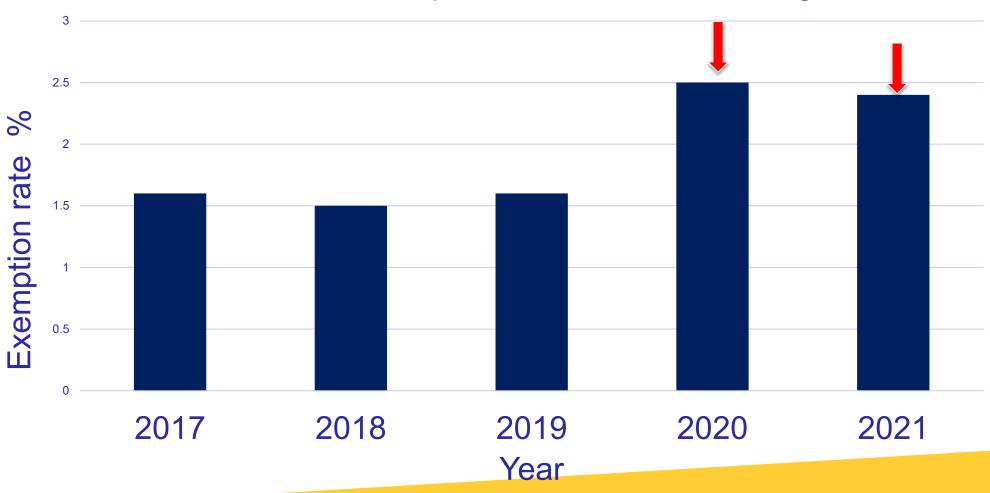
• Dependent variable: Vaccine exemption (yes/no)

• Chi-square test and multiple logistic regression model



Variable	Frequency N = 614	Percentage (%)	
Mothers Age (in years)		(,,)	
< 18	10	1.6	
18-30	446	72.6	
31-40	152	24.8	
>40	6	1.0	
Child Race			
Non-white	39	6.4	
White	575	93.6	
Has the child ever been on			
Tenncare?			
No	202	32.9	
Yes	412	67.1	
Has the parent chosen not to			
vaccinate child? (n=607)			
No	595	98.0	
Yes	12	2.0	

Vaccine Exemption rate in Northeast Region





		Chose to vaccinat			
Variable	No n (%)	Yes n (%)	Total N	χ^2	p value
Race					
White	12 (2.1)	558 (97.9)	570	0.795	1.000 F
Others	0 (0.0)	37 (100.0)	37		
Tenncare					
attendance					
Yes	6 (1.5)	401 (98.5)	407	1.611	0.223 F
No	6 (3.0)	194 (97.0)	200		
Mother's education					
HS or GED and	3 (1.1)	272 (98.9)	275	2.037	0.154
below					
College and above	9 (2.7)	323 (97.3)	332		

Variable	В	p value	OR	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper
TennCare attendance					
Yes	-0.561	0.417	0.571	0.148	2.209
No REF			1		
Mother's education					
HS or GED and below REF			1		
College and above	0.862	0.246	2.368	0.552	10.171
Mother's age (years)					
$\leq 30^{\text{ REF}}$			1		
> 30	-0.520	0.479	0.594	0.141	2.508
Race					
White	-17.278	0.998	0.000	0.000	
Other REF			1		

Discussion

Increased vaccine exemption in 2020 and 2021. COVID-19 pandemic may be implicated

Bivariate and multivariate analysis, no statistically significant association was found.

•Further studies may be necessary



Strength

• Included all birth cohorts within the period (2017-2021). This makes the outcome representative of the population.

■ Demonstrated the impact of COVID-19 on vaccine exemption in the region.

Critical for policy and planning



Limitation

 Unavailability of variables such as religion, cultural beliefs, and political affiliations in dataset

- Low racial diversity
- Low sample size





Conclusion

Increasing vaccine exemption rate

 Action is necessary to avoid catastrophic health outcomes





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