# Opportunities for improving dairy production in Burundi

Experience from the ILRI ADGG program

Julie Ojango, Chinyere Ekine-Dzivenu. Livestock Genetics International Livestock Research Institute (ILRI)

Workshop on sustainable development of Burundi's dairy sector - PRDAIGL

November 2, 2022



#### Statistics on Burundi

Human Population 2022: 12.8 million

Population growth rate: 2.7%

Number of small-scale farmers: 1.6 million

Cattle population 2020 (FAOSTAT): 628,000

Dairy cattle population?

Main breeds for dairy production: crossbreds

Average milk production per animal: 6 litres/day







### Cattle production in Africa

- Population of indigenous animals whose performance and characteristics are not well documented
- Introduction of high producing exotic animals irrespective of prevailing environmental conditions
- Indiscriminate crossbreeding









#### Challenges to cattle production

- Small scale of production with high transaction costs.
- Climate change!
- Limited feeds available
- Endemic diseases
- Poor Infrastructure
- Lack of data and information systems to inform management decisions
- Weak institutions







#### Unfortunately, We move

#### This Animal



#### This Environment





#### To this

#### **Animal**



#### Environment



Forgetting that to change this....



#### To This....



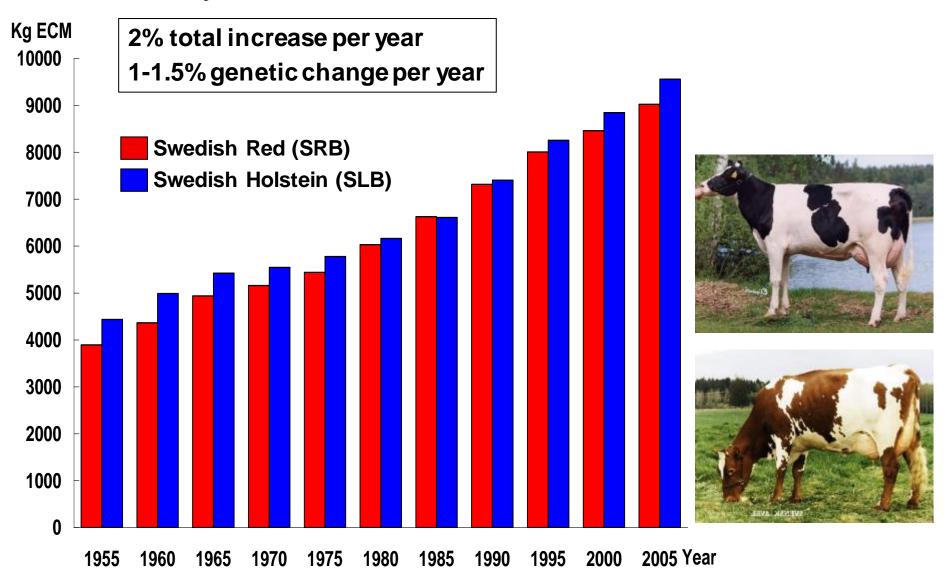


Or to change this....

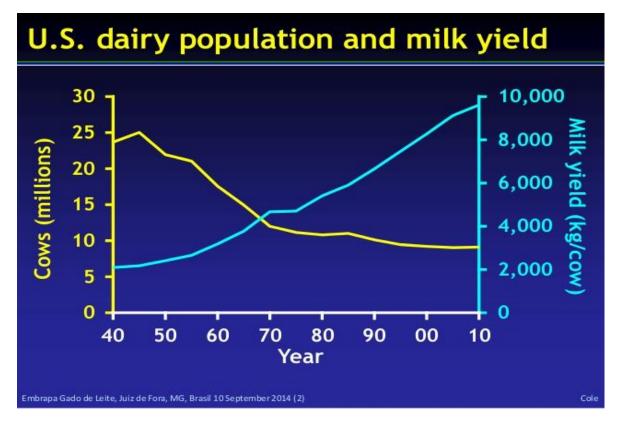


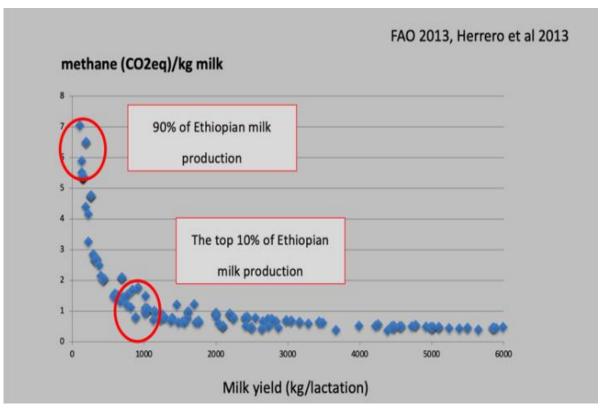
#### Took Time and Effort

#### Annual milk yield for SRB & SLB cows 1955-2005



# Consequences of low production levels



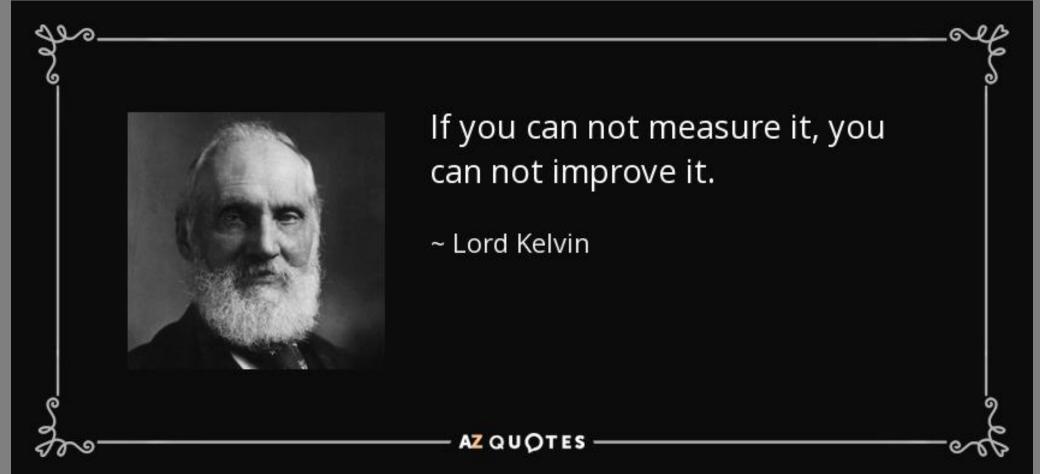


Methane emission per kilogram of milk is about 4 times higher in the top herds than in herds that produce an average of 2000 kg of milk





# How can we change the current status?

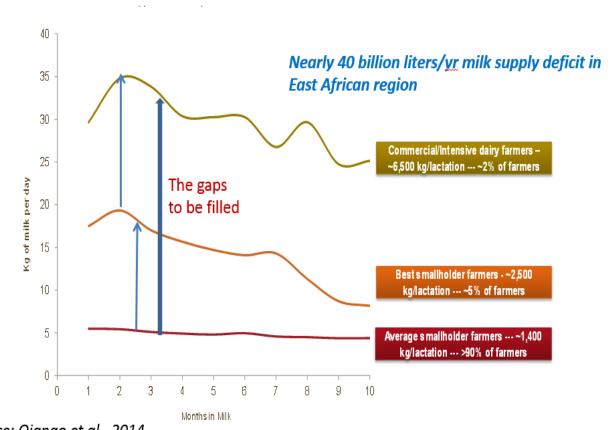


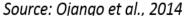


#### Challenges facing dairy producers in Africa

- Farmers do not have access to productive and adapted livestock seedstock that best suit their production systems
- Access to various **services and inputs** is inadequate, hence gains in productivity in one generation cannot be sustained in the next one
- Farmers have very limited access to information to enable them extract optimum benefits for their dairy enterprises
- No systematic and sustainable breeding or selection taking place

Huge differences in productivity by dairy animals in the different farming systems







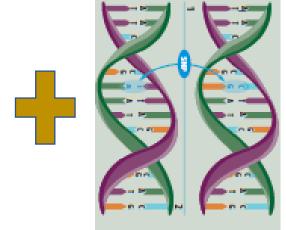


# What is the African Genetic Gain Program about?

Addressing the challenges facing small holder livestock (dairy) systems through innovative application of ICT and genomic technology

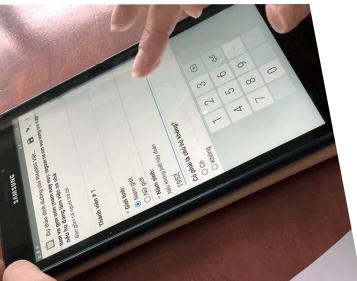












#### About ADGG continued....

ADGG 's vision is to see that African smallholder dairy farmers are continuously accessing more productive dairy genetics, breeding and farmer education services and other related input services enabling their farming enterprises to be profitable and competitive.

ADGG is designed to address key challenges facing the smallholder dairy systems through innovative use of genomics and digital information technology

ADGG's work includes developing breeding values, to drive national breeding schemes, using performance data collected in the farmer production environments

ADDG works in collaboration with key actors: Farmer organizations, Research institutions, National Livestock seed regulators, National Agricultural Research and Extension Systems



#### ADGG approach



Identify Genotypes adapted to local agro-ecology



- Target appropriate genotypes to the agro-ecology
- Use young bulls with a focus on production & adaptation
- Local feed/fodder resource use efficiency

# Establish national data management platforms

- Digital platforms for on-farm performance tracking
- Decision-support and Farmer-to-Farmer performance benchmarking
- Smart use of records & genomics tools for selection and AI service delivery





Accelerate on-farm genetic gains

Adapted, and
Genetically
superior "seed"
animals for local
production
systems

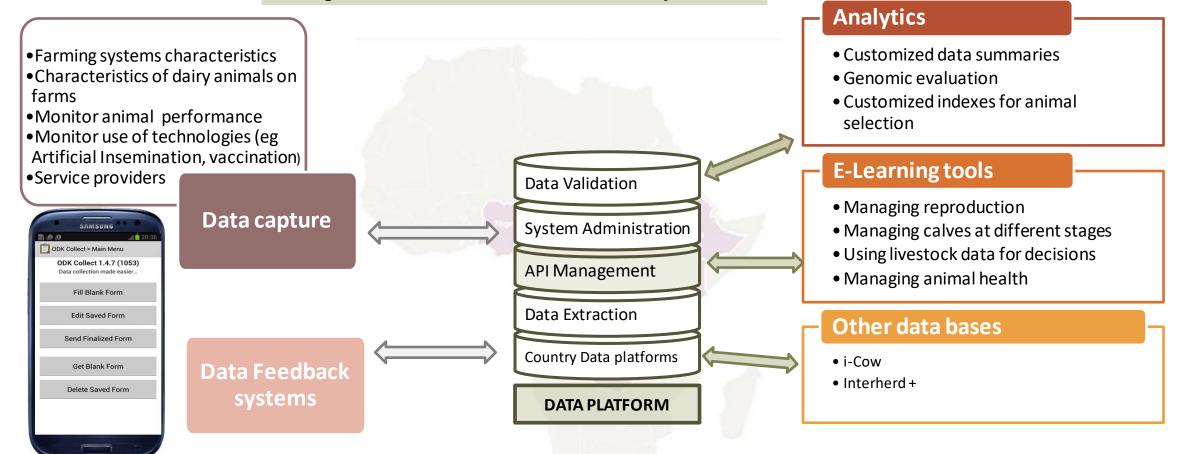
Economically and Environmentally relevant Traits

- Milk Yield
- Milk composition
- Weight
- Reproductive Performance
- Heat tolerance
- Survival rates
- Lactation persistency
- Mastitis incidences
- Disease tolerance
- Methane emission
- Adaptability Indices



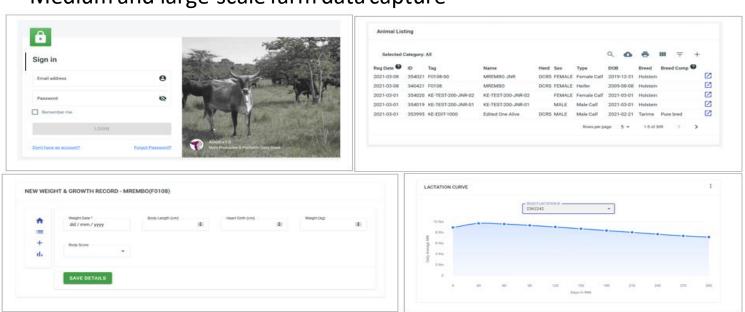
#### The ADGG Platform

An agile, robust, flexible & scalable system

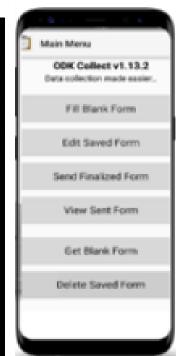


#### Phone-based tools & Apps

#### Medium and large-scale farm data capture



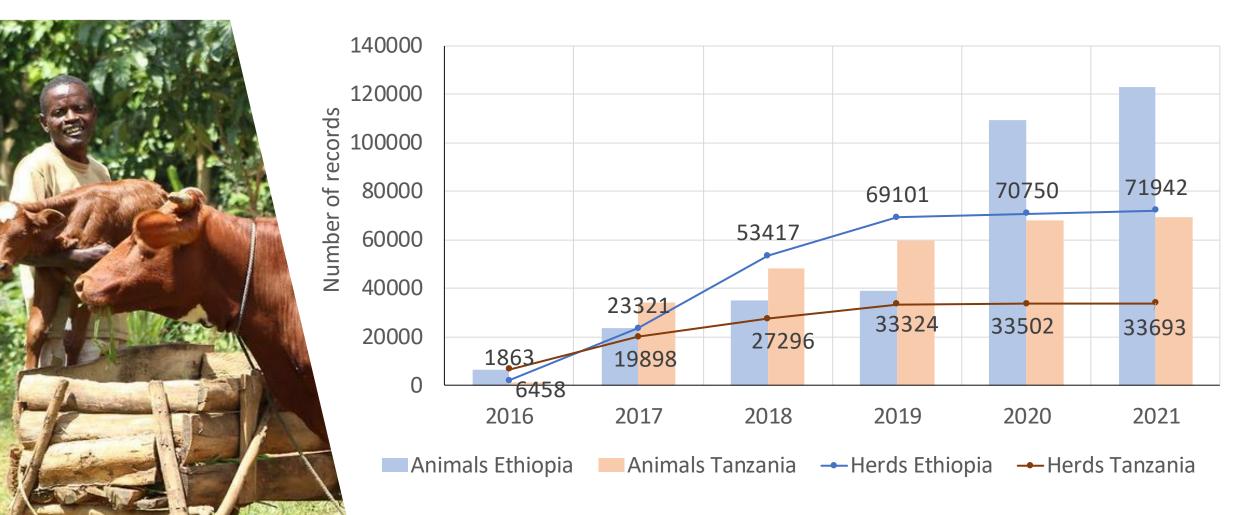




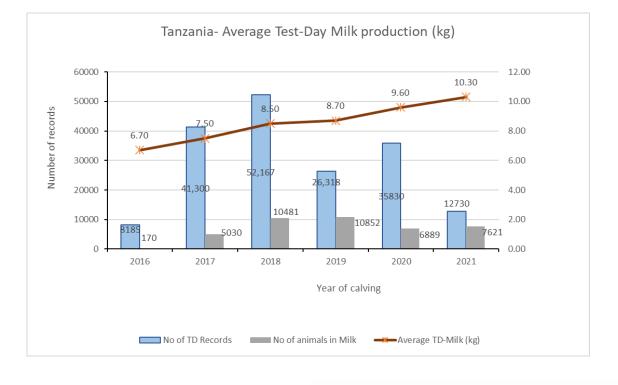




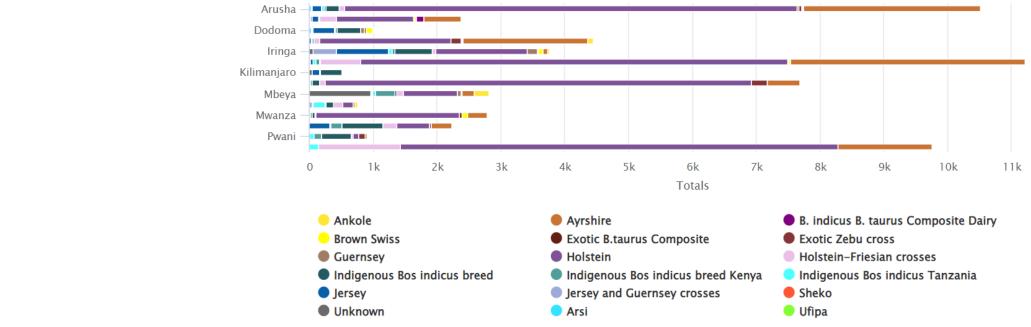
#### Achievements: Herds and animals registered in Ethiopia and Tanzania







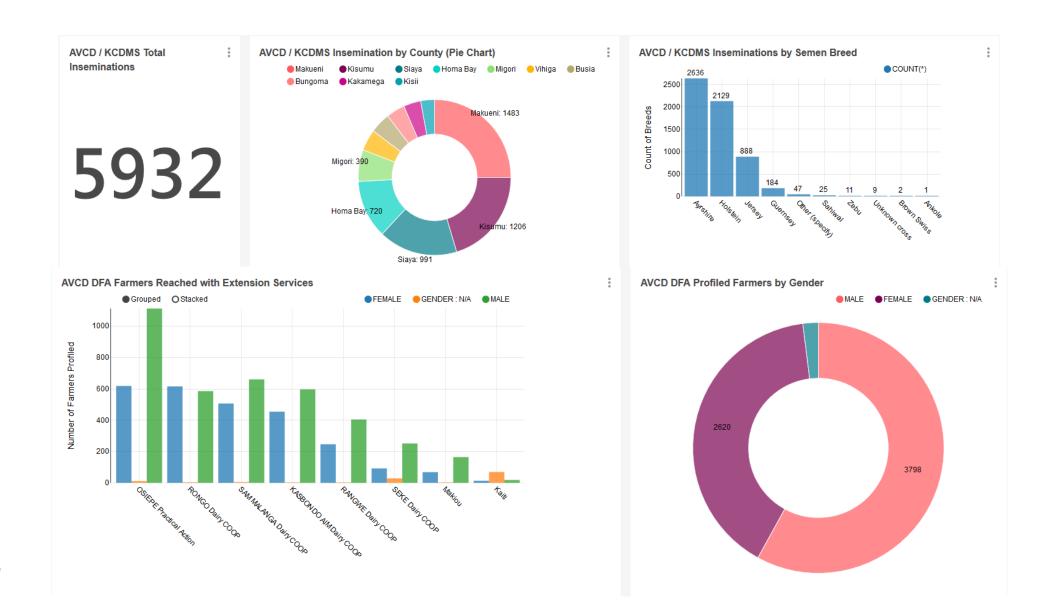
#### Breeds reared in different regions







# Visualization tools for partners e.g. -for NAICs

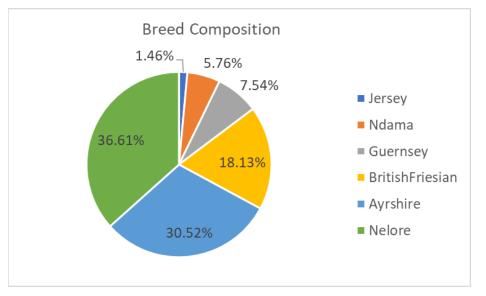


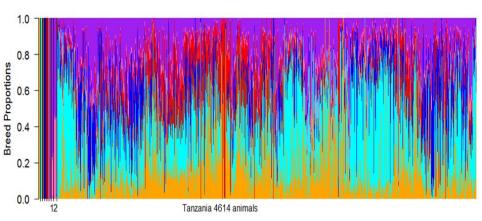


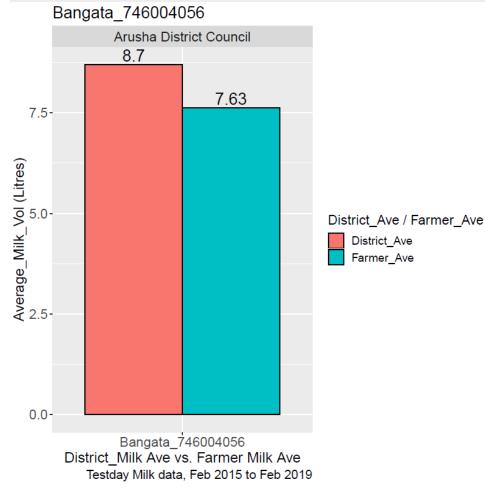


# Outbreak of ECF In your area. Check your cattle aymptome

#### Feedback to farmers



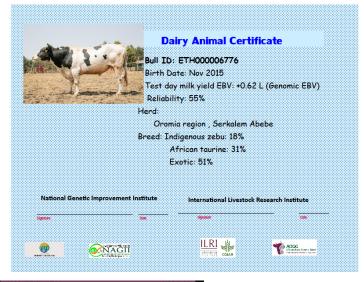






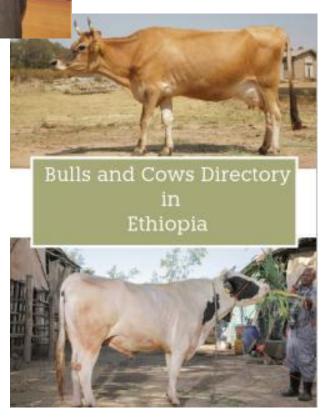
Milestones & Achievements

 Ethiopia First dairy animal parade held on Tuesday March 30, 2020, Fikiru Regessa, State Minister of Agriculture (extreme left), Selam Meseret ADGG Ethiopia National Coordinator (middle), and Asrat Tera, Director General of National Animal Genetics Institute (NAGII) Ethiopia.





 ILRI director general, Jimmy Smith (left) and Minister for Livestock and Fisheries Luhaga Mpina (2nd to left) present the award for best bull at a special bull and cow show at the Nane Nane exhibition center in Dodoma, Tanzania, June 2019. Photo ILR







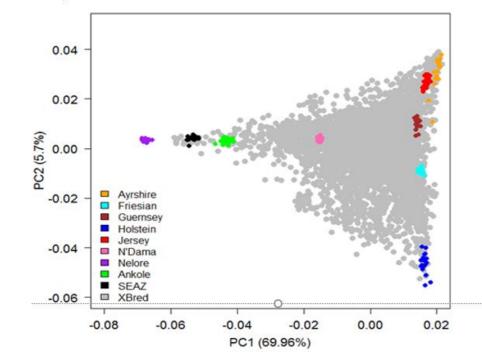


## Genotyping

- In 2018, about 5600 animals sampled
- GeneSeek Genomic Profiler (GGP) Bovine
   50K used for genotyping
- 40581 SNPs imputed to high density
- In 2022 an additional 3000 animals sampled for genotyping per country

### Index for selecting seed animals

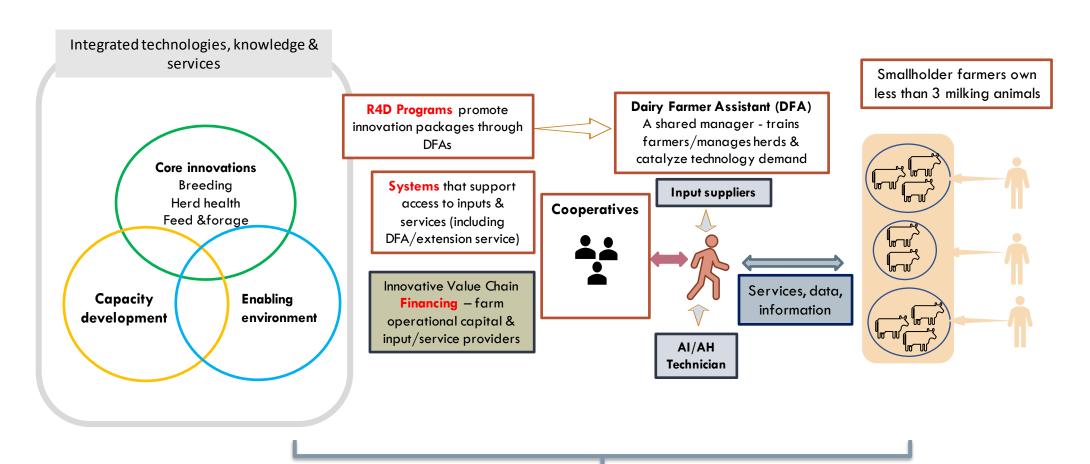
 Index developed using results from genomic evaluation to improve milk production without increasing body weight







## Sustainability options





Digitally Enabled Enterprises

#### Take home message...

Data Information/Evidence

Knowledge

Services/businesses

- ✓ Sufficient variations exist within smallholder livestock populations to allow for significant genetic gains
- ✓ National livestock identification & recording for smallholder systems is feasible
- ✓ Genetic improvement is long term and should be a continuous activity (Not projects!)
- ✓ Inter-institutional & country collaboration and joint evaluations adds value
- ✓ Public investments and private partnerships are needed (Farmers are the critical partners) for sustainability

- ✓ ICT, genomic tools and reproductive technologies present new opportunities to hasten genetic gains in low and middle income countries
- ✓ ICT technologies have provided a great opportunity to crowdsource animal performance data from smallholder farmers in Africa
- ✓ Genomic evaluation of animals in smallholder systems helps accelerate identification and use of superior animals
- ✓ Digital farmer extension and feedback systems are catalyzing desired change in smallholder dairy production



# Several Digital tools available



The Platform for Africa Dairy Genetics Gain (ADGG)

A guide on use of the ADGG Data Platform 2020

https://hdl.handle.net/10568/110179

https://hdl.handle.net/10568/110180

https://hdl.handle.net/10568/98250

https://hdl.handle.net/10568/108942

Dairy tool: https://m.learn.ink/ilri)

ADGG Platform-help Module:

https://portal.adgg.ilri.org/sites/default/files/ADGG-platform-help-module.pdf

- Helping your cow to calve:

https://my.learn.ink/course/219ccf98-a46c-4d6a-8dcc-a15685a65643

- Basic Hygiene for dairy farmers:

https://my.learn.ink/course/8773682a-2c0c-4571-a429-ea9bdc56ca11



#### **Partners**









































National/regional Institutions/govts.

Dairy Farmers & Farmer organizations













The International Livestock Research Institute (ILRI) is a non-profit institution helping people in low- and middle-income countries to improve their lives, livelihoods and lands through the animals that remain the backbone of small-scale agriculture and enterprise across the developing world. ILRI belongs to CGIAR, a global research-for-development partnership working for a food-secure future. ILRI's funders, through the <u>CGIAR Trust Fund</u>, and its many partners make ILRI's work possible and its mission a reality. Australian animal scientist and Nobel Laureate Peter Doherty serves as ILRI's patron. You are free to use and share this material under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International Licence © ①.

better lives through livestock

ilri.org