University of Massachusetts Medical School

eScholarship@UMMS

UMass Center for Clinical and Translational Science Research Retreat

2013 UMass Center for Clinical and Translational Science Research Retreat

May 8th, 12:30 PM - 1:30 PM

Pass This Message Along: Self-edited Email Messages Promoting Colon Cancer Screening among Friends and Family

Sarah L. Cutrona University of Massachusetts Medical School

Et al.

Let us know how access to this document benefits you.

Follow this and additional works at: https://escholarship.umassmed.edu/cts_retreat

Part of the Community Health and Preventive Medicine Commons, Health Communication Commons, Health Services Research Commons, Neoplasms Commons, Oncology Commons, Public Health Education and Promotion Commons, and the Translational Medical Research Commons

Cutrona SL, Wagner JL, Roblin DW, Gaglio B, Williams AE, Torres Stone RA, Mazor KM. (2013). Pass This Message Along: Self-edited Email Messages Promoting Colon Cancer Screening among Friends and Family. UMass Center for Clinical and Translational Science Research Retreat. Retrieved from https://escholarship.umassmed.edu/cts_retreat/2013/posters/67

Creative Commons License

This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-Noncommercial-Share Alike 3.0 License. This material is brought to you by eScholarship@UMMS. It has been accepted for inclusion in UMass Center for Clinical and Translational Science Research Retreat by an authorized administrator of eScholarship@UMMS. For more information, please contact Lisa.Palmer@umassmed.edu.

Pass this message along: Self-edited email messages promoting colon cancer screening among friends and family

Sarah L. Cutrona MD, MPH^{1,2}; Joann Wagner, MSW²; Douglas W. Roblin; PhD³ Bridget Gaglio PhD⁴; Andrew Williams, PhD⁵; Rosalie TorresStone, PhD¹; Kathleen M. Mazor, EdD^{1,2}

¹University of Massachusetts Medical School, Worcester, MA; ²Meyers Primary Care Institute, Worcester, MA; ³Kaiser Permanente, Atlanta, GA; ⁴Mid-Atlantic Permanente Research Institute/Kaiser Permanente Mid-Atlantic States, Rockville, MD; ⁵Kaiser Permanente, Honolulu, HI

Primary Author Contact information: Sarah L. Cutrona, MD, MPH Assistant Professor of Medicine 377 Plantation St, Biotech 4, Suite 315 Worcester, MA 01605 <u>Sarah.cutrona@umassmemorial.org</u> Tel: 508-856-3086 Fax: 508-856-5024

Word count: 239

Encouraging communication within a social network may promote uptake of desired medical services or health behaviors. Little is known about the use of this approach to promote colorectal cancer (CRC) screening. We conducted in-person interviews with 438 insured adults ages 42-73 in Massachusetts, Hawaii, and Georgia.

Participants were shown a sample message in which the sender shares that he has completed a colonoscopy and urges the recipient to discuss CRC screening with a doctor. We asked participants to edit the message to create one they would be willing to send to friends and family via email or postcard. Changes to the message were recorded. Edited text was analyzed for content and concordance with original message.

The majority of participants (61.6%) modified the message; 14.2% added to or reframed the existing personalizing words (e.g. adding 'because I love you'), 10.3% added urgency to the message (e.g. "please don't delay") and 8% added reassurance (e.g. "It's really not that bad.") Almost one in five (18.3%) deleted a negatively framed sentence on colon cancer risks. In 5.7% of cases, the meaning of at least one sentence was changed but only 2.7% created messages with factual inaccuracies.

Modifiable messages transmitted within a social network offer a way for screened individuals to promote CRC screening. Further study is needed to identify the optimal combination of user-generated content and pre-written text, allowing for creation of messages that are acceptable to senders, persuasive and factually accurate.