Collaborative approach to developing engagement with science and religion: Exploring sustainability in an international learning community

Dr Aga Gordon, Finn Lawson, Sherry Simpson, Dr Caroline Thomas LASAR, CCCU 1st March 2023







Who's in the Learning Community?



Sherry Simpson, Research Fellow



Dr. Aga Gordon – Research Fellow, Consortium Lead, Project Manager



Finley Lawson – Research Fellow, Schools and Outreach Lead



Dr Caroline Thomas, Senior Lecturer





Session outline

Begin to explore sustainability through:

- > Science
- > Religious worldviews

Participants are invited to:

- 1. Explore the **meaning** of the term **'sustainability'**
- 2. Consider the relationship between science and religion
- 3. Reflect on the nature and communication of knowledge
- 4. Explore the Learning Community Blackboard









Why place sustainability in the context of science and religion?

- Sustainability: is often, a question for science and technology
- Though, questions of sustainability naturally link to theology
- Particularly stewardship or guardianship and 'looking after the earth'
 - who is responsible?
 - who are those responsible, responsible to?
 - why are they/we responsible?

The workshops focus on the science-religion discourse Synergy and interaction between stewardship and STEM TIES the sustainability conversation together Enables a multidisciplinary response: e.g., population, economics, technology, environment



Frozen Planet (Image: BBC Studios)





What does Sustainability mean to you?

And what related questions can you ask?

https://bit.ly/3kCmFWz







Religious view of stewardship









Relationship between S&R

Independe

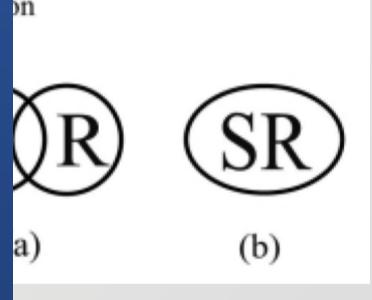


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The preservation of the environment requires not only new technologies, but also a new consciousness about ourselves and our place in the world. This is what we're up against, a complete reconceptualization of our relationship with nature and the relationships that sustain society.

Arthur Dahl

President of the International Environment Forum



loi.org /10.1111/0591 -





"I used to think the top global environmental problems were biodiversity loss, ecosystem collapse and climate change. I thought with 30 years of good science we could address those problems, but I was wrong.

The top environmental problems are selfishness, greed and apathy - and to deal with these we need a spiritual and cultural transformation and we scientists don't know how to do that."

Advocated by Gus Speth (2023) recognises the challenges of sustainability...

- going beyond science capabilities
- highlighting humanity's flaws
- promoting multidisciplinary approaches as a way forward

Gus Speth

ARCentre nicInsight



science-religion discourse

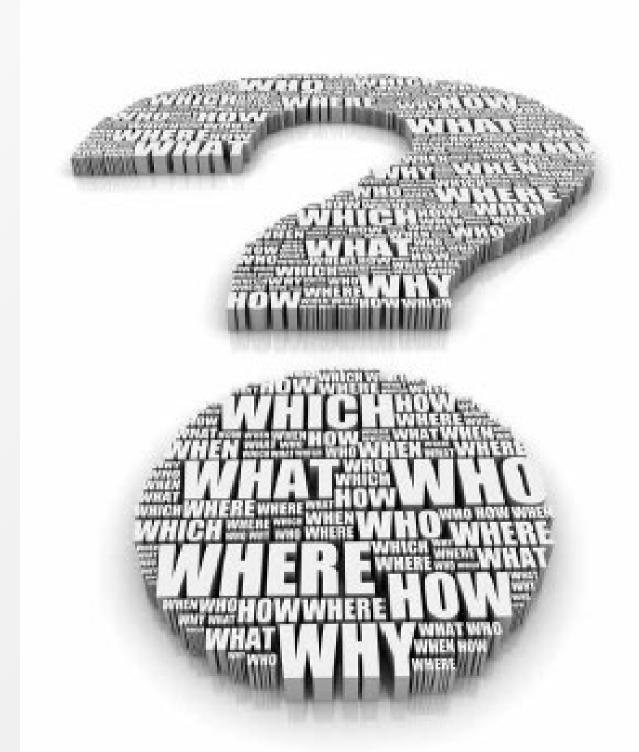
Sustainability – simple questions to ask:

- Science How can we do it?
- Religion Why should we be doing it?
- Science and religion challenges for teachers
 - Can feel like a contested space/often perceived as incompatible





Why should we care for our planet?



How does my/this discipline understand the question? (Questions)

How does my/this discipline investigate the question? (Methods)

How would my/this discipline know it has a good answer? (Norms of Thought)

How can I make a better answer?





Perception of students' views

Stewardship

A responsible person, someone who looks after things for others, plans and manages as well.

Students were not much aware of the term stewardship....responsibility for something and take ownership to fulfil the responsibility and to manage the resources well to achieve the desired results.

Sustainability

To be sustainable is to meet the demands of the present without sacrificing the requirements of the future, and to do so in a way that maintains a healthy equilibrium among economic development, environmental protection, and social progress.

That stewardship is understood as taking care of or looking after the environment and living things around us

They are eco aware and would say it is about recycling, not wasting resources. They worry about climate change. They may not yet understand their need to make personal sacrifices.

It is the process of meeting ends meet and developing a stable lifestyle to avoid a crisis





Adapting and Using Existing Resources

Watch the clip and answer the questions at your chosen challenge level.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=joiSgXzP-ik

- 1. Who owns the Earth, according to Christians?
- 2. Name ONE resource that a person might have. 3. Who do Christians believe guides them to be good stewards?

- 1. What are some of the resources which could be used in stewardship?
- 3. Why do you think that the narrator of the video describes stewardship as a 2. How is stewardship different from ownership?

- 1. How would you categorise the different resources available to a person? Create 2. Explain how the bucket metaphor illustrates the Christian idea of stewardship. THREE separate categories and explain each one.
- 3. Why do you think there may be a tendency to revert to ideas of ownership, and
- how would Christians seek to avoid this? Explain your answer fully.

Open Access Resource from the TES





Plastics pollute our oceans.

This is harmful to animals and plants living in the sea.

The scientists knew that our soil is polluted by plastic too.



What do you use that is made of plastic?

Open Access Primary Science Teachers Trust

www.epistemicinsight.com LASAR@canterbury.ac.uk



@LASARCentre #EpistemicInsight

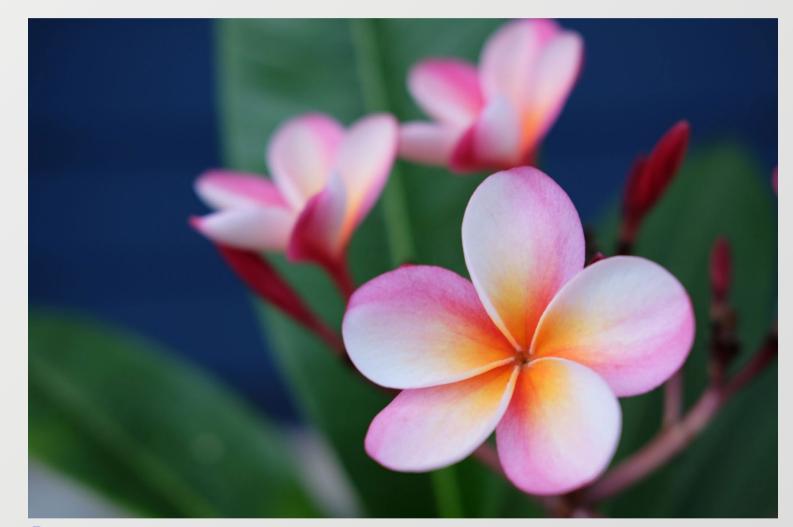


Blackboard

2022-23 INSBS Learning Community

Resources:

- > Science
- > Religious
- > Other disciplines



Upload and share with the community

https://bit.ly/3ZwqM5r





Sharing of resources

The resource
Who are the audience/learners
How have you used the resource in class?
How could it be developed? (interdisciplinary)

NEXT SESSION — April 19th

Discussion board tasks and sharing

https://bit.ly/3meIZGl





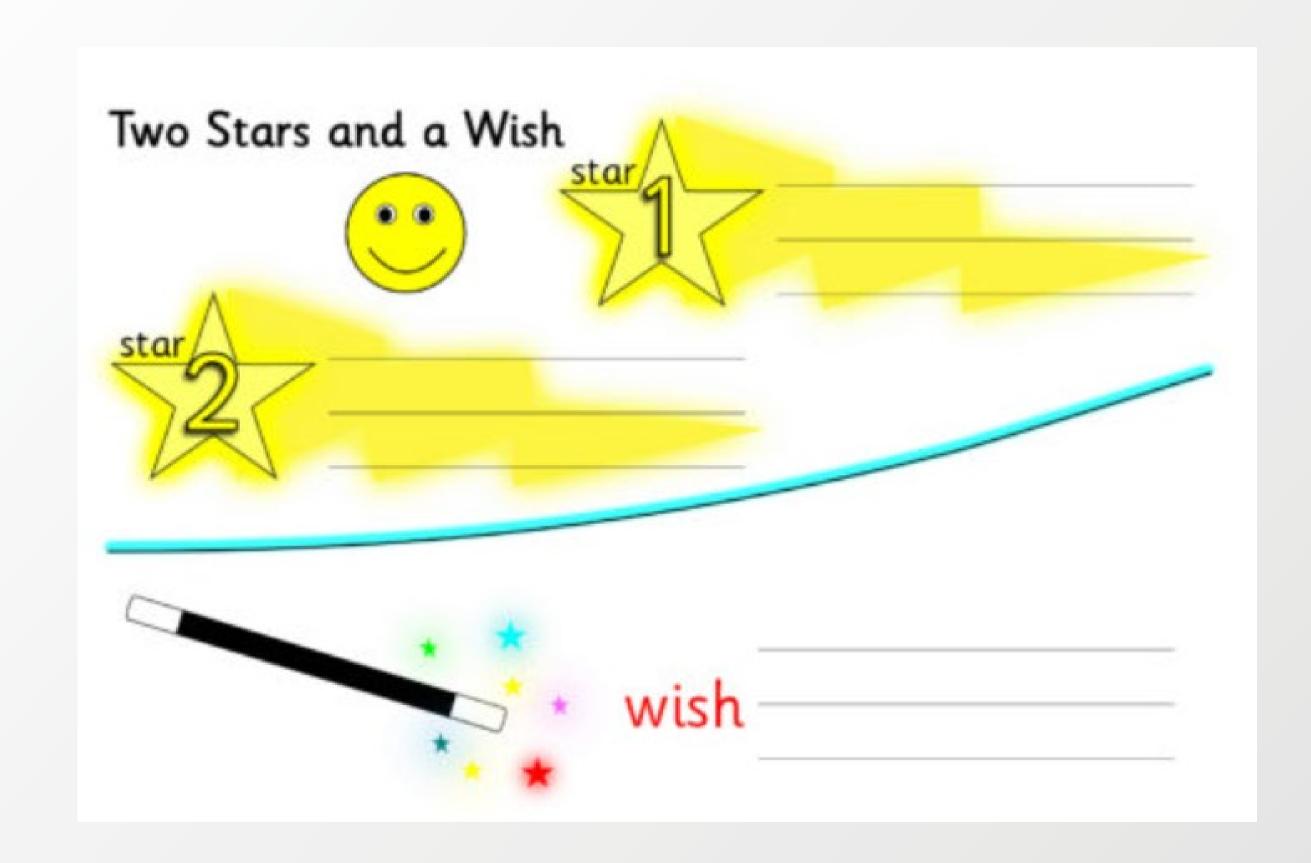
Questions







Feedback



https://bit.ly/3IBD7yi



