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### Reminiscences of East Greenwich

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# REMINIS(EN(ES) of EAST GREENWI(H.

R.L. - Consister and toruns East Krenwich V.F.

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ADDRESS DELIVERED BEFORE THE

## EAST GREENWICH

BUSINESS MEN'S ASSOCIATION

\* \* \* \*

BY MAD

## HENRY E. TURNER,

APRIL 11, 1892.

## Reminiscences of East Greenwich.

### ADDRESS DELIVERED BEFORE THE EAST GREENWICH BUSINESS MEN'S ASSOCIATION.

#### BY HENRY E, TURNER, APRIL 11, 1892.

My earliest recollections, and of course somewhat faint ones, refer to about the or, as it is often called, "Molasses year 1819. At that time my family were trade" was, and had been time out of living in what was then known as the mind, the great and absorbing interest of Searle house, in the Main street of East East Greenwich. Greenwich, on the corner opposite the Arnold, and the brother, Capt. Perry Ar-Perry Arnold house, then occupied by nold, of Major Stephen Arnold, had, with Captaln Arnold and sister, Mrs. Lydia him, constituted the great and wealthy Greene, widow of Dr. Jeremiah Greene, firm of "the Arnolds," whose name, to son of Col. Christopher Greene of Revo- Greenwich people, was the synonym for lutionary fame. Mrs. Greene's family vast wealth and undoubted success, as consisted of her two sons-Christopher, much so as were those of the Browns who kept a grocery store in the basement and Champlins to the people of Proviof the same building, and William Arnold Greene, who was captain of a brig belonging to his uncle, Major Stephen Arnold, engaged in trading to Surinam, the sole representative of the great conand perhaps incidentally to other ports cern, and in a few years after, probably on the Spanish main, and which went about 1826, he died after some years of out periodically loaded with potatoes and feeble health, and the West India trade, onions, cheese and other products of which culminated with the death of his Rhode Island industry, Rhode Island father and brother, came to an end. being then a purely agricultural state, and not as now-depending on the sale Arnolds, several other parties and firms, of the products of manufacturing indus\_ emulous naturally of their success, attry for the means of supplying and pay- tempted, on a small scale, the same busiing for the cereals and other articles on ness in Greenwich, but did not achieve which the population subsists, and with- the same degree of prosperity; so that for out the importation of which, from other some years after the war of 1812 Greenparts of the United States, it could not wich was the theatre of very decided subsist at all. In return the cargo con- commercial activity, but none of the sisted of sugar, molasses, coffee, cocoa, other concerns outlived Major Arnold, rum and fruits of various kinds, such as and the progress of events, or to use a are produced in tropical climates. The phrase more modern, "the logic of arrival of one of the vessels belonging to events," precluded or defeated all future the Arnolds was the occasion of jubilant efforts in a similar direction. excitement among the boys and young men, and to all the community an agree- seem to be coincident with the beginning able interruption to the ordinary monot- of the changes in the habits and modes of ony of life, in a very quiet community as life and thought, which mark the prowas that of Greenwich in general.

Up to this time the "West India trade" The father, Col. Wm. dence and Newport; but shortly before the time of which I speak the father and brother having died, Major Stephen was

During the successful career of the

In point of fact, my first recollections gress of the nineteenth century toward

when its existence will be merged into shops and that only bituminous, and the the twentieth century, which, for aught immense piles of cord wood which enwe know, may be witness to even more cumbered the wharves in the beginning stupendous advances in science and arts, of winter is difficult to be conceived by and more rapid and substantial diffusion those who have not witnessed them, as of intelligence and knowledge among none of the younger generation have. men than the phenomenal ones which Six cords of wood would be a very modhave characterized the era just passing erate allowance for a kitchen fire, and the tellectual and material advancement, two to four other fires, so that 1500 which we are justified in expecting in the houses could not be supplied for the winnext one hundred years, may be attended ter with less than an average of six cords by an elevation in the standard of public each, making 9,000 in the aggregate. sentiment on points of religion and mor- This, I think, is a very moderate estirity greater than have been witnessed by the last.

extinct.

The country back was far less densely populated than now. Indeed, some years and some of them to Nantucket, which later, in 1829 or 30, I heard some politi- was then doing a brilliant wharving busicians discussing the probability of Rhode ness. One large sloop, commanded by Island losing one of her two representa- Capt. Joseph Spencer, who lived at the tives in Congress, the new apportionment Cove's Head, and was known as Cove's being one to 45,005, which would make Head Joe, to distinguish him, and who the requirement 90,000 inhabitants, (and was famous as the most polite man in the my impression is that our representation community, did business at Nantucket would be only saved to us by the frac- exclusively. Capt. Weeks Hill ran a tional provision.) The population in large sloop regularly to Albany, bring-1885 was 304,484 by the census, in 1830 ing to Newport and Greenwich flour, it was, by the same authority, 97,210; so butter and other products of the State of that my friends were mistaken in their New York. These fountains of prosperestimate. population exceeds that of 1830 multi- Hill will be remembered by many Newplied by three and some thirteen thous- port people as a very successful brewer, and over, besides the increment since in Newport, where he came after the 1885, which, by analogy, (the difference close of his Albany trade in Greenwich. between 1880 and 1885 being 27,753.) Alas! for the sloop business of Narrawould be not less than 30,000 more. Be- gansett bay, in my boyhood. sides the increase in population the im- means of taking us, as passengers, in our mense consumption of the forest prod- trips for pleasure or business, about the ucts, in the production of steam power bay, and for supplying us with our necesand in the arts, has caused almost the en- saries and luxuries. A sloop always ran tire deuudation of every accessible part regularly from Wickford to Newport and of New England of all its forest growth, one from Newport to Providence, and which, when I entered on this arena, was seldom a day passed that a sloop from a very considerable item in the wealth, Greenwich did not make fast to the wharf not of Maine, New Hampshire and Ver- in Newport. A sloop also made regular mont only, but of Massachusetts, Con- trips from Warren to Newport, comnecticut and Rhode Island. When I manded by the most genial of men, my came to Newport, about 1830, ten years ancient friend and kinsman, Captain later than the time I have spoken of, William Turner of Warren, whose son, wood was the only fuel used. of coal was used in Newport from years nor of the State.

the now fast approaching point of time and to year's end, except in blacksmith's away. God send that the progress in in- better class of houses would have from als, and of mercantile and political integ- mate. Greenwich was one of the many sources from which this immense pile of wood had been recruited from immemo-There were other sources of revenue rial time, e. g, from the settlement of and means of trade within my recollec- the State. This wood business and othtion at East Greenwich which are now er supplies for Newport and Providence markets employed sloops plying constantly between these ports in the bay, Nevertheless, the present ity, it is probable, dou't now exist. Capt. It was the Not a ton Thomas G. Turner, was afterward gover-

Greenwich and longest associated with us in a melancholy way of what once was the Newport trade, was Captain How- Newport, whose sails once whitened evland Greene of Greenwich. the Main street, at the north corner of luxuries of every land, and where, since the street coming down, opposite the Up- the revolution, one individual is said to dike House, previously known as Colo- have owned forty sail of square-rigged nel Arnold's Tavern, and then, as now, vessels, and where, before the revolution, distinguished by the sign of the bunch of phenomenal activity and success pregrapes, which, from the revolution to vailed in every branch of foreign comthis day, has been the leading hostelry in merce, not a square-rigged vessel is now East Greenwich. In my first recollection owned. it would have seemed an unreasonable and almost impossible effort of imagina. I have mentioned for the decadence of tion to conceive of any other method of East Greenwich as regards its commer-Newport than by Captain cial possibilities. reaching Greene's packet, as that class of vessels were then styled, but before many years back of Greenwich was an agricultural the trade had changed, so that the sloops country, purely though not an exceptionwent more frequently to Providence than ally fertile region. Still it was fairly to Newport, and a regular packet-sloop, productive and fairly populous, between Wickford and Newport, the old Greenwich was its natural entrepot, par-Resolution, owned by the Howlands and ticularly for all its forest products. It commanded in my earliest recollection had besides its forest and agricultural by Capt. Wm. Holloway, Jr., and built capacities a development of very numerin the year of my advent, 1816, after- ous and unfailing streams of greater or wards run for many years, first by less size and of rapid descent, pervading Thomas Holloway and then by Capt. Ba- its drainage area, affording very extenker, the father of our Superintendent of sive and eligible positions for manufac-Schools, had become the more usual turing such commodities as required the mode of going to Newport, and even application of water power for their suc-Capt. Howland Greene had adapted him- cessful protection, steam power being self and made his trips as often to Provi- then not reduced to practical use. At dence as to Newport in his advanced about the same time of which we are life.

Capt. Benj. Miller was running a sloop, ple of strong means, in and about Proviaccording to my recollection. His trade dence, to embark in the plan of enterwas almost exclusively confined to Prov- ing into the manufacture of cotton, which idence. He was knocked overboard and his skill and industry, and their faith in drowned by the jibing of his sloop off him, so amply justified in the event and Conanicut Point in returning from Provi- their energy and perseverance, aided by dence, with only a young son on board, their capital and credit, finally resulted in who succeeded in landing the vessel such eminent and marvellous success as safely alone.

fifty years, to centralize, in the large sea- this region and to change the habits and port cities, all maritime enterprize.

At the time of which I am speaking a large East India trade was carried on in Providence with very brilliant results, and West India trade was a very essen- point on any of those streams, and espectial element in Providence life. Bristol ially on the Pawtuxet river, very accessiwas doing a large and lucrative foreign ble to Greenwich, where a desirable mill trade, and Warren a very considerable privilege existed, a small village sprang business of similar character. In all into existence, and with the increasing these towns successful foreign trade has success of the business the mills rapidly become a thing of the past, and only oc- increased in size and the village in-

The ancient captain, best known in casional, feeble and futile efforts remind He lived in ery sea and brought to us the wealth and

But there are other reasons than those

Whereas, in earlier days, the country and speaking, Mr. Samuel Slater had come Besides Captains Spencer and Greene, to Rhode Island and persuaded the peoto completely revolutionize, in a half The tendency has been, during the last century, the whole industrial status of modes of life and thought and aspirations in a maryellous degree of its population.

As a result of this process, at every

creased in population, affording easy Ropewalk Hill, a point, I should judge, markets for the farmer's produce which not far from where the railroad depot had therefore found its market, through now stands, but very much higher, the Greenwich, to Newport, Nantucket, New hill having been very largely removed. York, the Southern coast and to the West Indies. This, I say, increasing from year to year, from, say 1815 to 1835, had reduced the prestige of Greenwich, as a market town, very materially, and then came into view the new project of a railroad from Stonington to Providence, which made the access to Providence so easy as to preclude, in a great degree, the possibility of success in the sources of profit to which Greenwich, by its natural position, was entitled. From this combination of causes another disadvantage occurred to Greenwich, viz : the manufacturing business afforded opportunities for profitable employment to young people and particularly children, so much beyond any to be found in Greenwich that each of the factory villages within a large radius was regarded as a city of refuge by people having large families of workable individuals, and while, as a result, they grew, Greenwich was depleted very materially of the more productive class of its people-artisans, especially, drifted toward the points where the most activity prevailed.

Later, it is true, after steam had established its capacity to compete with running water as a motive power, some mills were built in Greenwich, but its former position as a thriving commercial town fails to be restored.

Shortly after the Revolution some attempts were made to establish foreign trade in Greenwich by Silas Casey, who was measurably successful, and by Crary, Fry & Bently, who afterward dissolved, and Crary (Col. Archibald Crary of the Continental Army) and Mr. Fry became merchants in Newport. Capt. Christopher Bently was an old India captain, belonging in Greenwich, where he died; inferentially, though the business of Crary, Fry & Bently was not necessarily disastrous, it was not sufficiently profitable to Britain, and the persons of the royal race become a permanent institution, as that when in power, which always characterof the Arnolds became afterwards.

gone now for very many years, was the and which, up to the Revolution, per-Ropewalk, which then stood as a memo- vaded the public mind and heart, and rial of the Commercial Spirit which had which induced a repulsion and indignant formerly had its home in the community protest in the bosom of Americans, as and which occupied the highest point on well as English, against the Guy Faux

This hill, now constituting a large part of the southeast portion of the village, was then a barren tract, unfenced and uncultivated, with no building on it except the Ropewalk in plain view from all parts of the village, and was always the theatre, up to the time I left Greenwich, of an annual celebration of the burning of the pope's effigy, on the anniversary of the discovery of the gun powder plot, on the fifth day of November. When this practice was discontinued I do not know exactly, but after 1828. There is good reason to suppose that it lasted to a later time in Greenwich than anywhere else in Rhode Island, except possibly in Bristol. There is evidence of its having been a common practice to burn the pope all over the United Colonies up to the Revo-Probably it had prevailed in lution. Greenwich, from its settlement, in 1690, to 1830, one nundred and sixiy years, at the expiration of which time the increasing immigration of the Catholic element from Europe made its continuance, to say the least, undesirable.

Just before, and at the commencement of the Revolution, as an expression of public sentiment, a curious combination of characters was placed in juxtaposition, viz. : Three figures were carried in a cart to execution and there burned. These were the devil, the pope and Thomas Hutchinson. T. Hutchinson was the historian and Tory Governor of Massachusetts, and became a royal refugee and was intensely hated by the American patriots of that era.

It is not to be inferred that the sentiment implied by what was popularly called "the burning of the pope" was of a religious character, wholly, or even chief-It grew out of the feeling of loyalty ly. toward the royal government of Great ized the English people and which came One of the landmarks in my boyhood, to the Colonies with the early settlers,

tors.

interest to the Ropewalk Hill was the opposite, the Fire Engine house, and on placing of fish to dry, on wattle frames, the other corners the taverns of Ben. by the crews of certain fishing vessels Brown on the west and of John Tibbetts then sailing from and owned by Green- on the east, and the "Head of the Gutwich parties on their return from the ter" was, emphatically, as well the cen-Banks or the Straits of Belle Isle, which tre of the County of Kent as of the vildishing business prevailed to considerable lage of East Greenwich. extent at a time when the decline of larger trade required that some supple- weather the Quidnuncs of the village mentary provision should be made for gathered to discuss all matters of local the employment of the maritime part of gossip and of public interest, and possithe community and for the capital left bly to comfort the inner man with the unemployed by the decadence of the former trade.

Another hill, a counterpart to the Ropewalk Hill, on the north, and, ac- thoroughfare only bloomed out in its cording so my recollection, called Meet- consummation when the courts ing House Hill, was crowned by a ruin their biennial sessions, and especially in which had been the old Baptist Meeting August court week, when the whole pop-House, through many generations, and plation of the County took holiday, and surrounded by the cemetery in which the streets were lined with wagons, each many generations had deposited their generally drawn by a brood mare with a dead. Between these two, quite sym- little colt en suite, or after the court had metrical and corresponding hills, ran the concluded its labors and begun to bear street, as it now runs, from the Court- fruit in the victims of the whipping post house to the Jail, which gave the only and pillory, in which in those days it convenient access to the water front, rarely failed. At these times the popuwhich was in a great degree closed to lace generally had an opportunity to enview from the town by the two hills joy one or more of those charming exhiwhich were both swept away in the exca- bitions, especially though not exclusively vations made in building the railroad, belonging to Donnybrook fair. All these and wiping out the Baptist cemetery and delightful occasions belonged to the several private cemeteries which were in "Head of the Gutter" as much as politiplain view and rather an interesting ob- cal executions to Tower Hill or Scotch ject and not wanting in picturesque at- hangings to the Grass Market. traction, in the same process eliminating the obstruction to the full view of the it, which bore the emblem of Independbay and cove, show the more elevated ence on the Glorious Fourth of July, and points in the town and, no doubt, im- which was planted outside the Courtproving the facilities for communication house yard, at the corner, on these less with the landing.

traction of that day was what was famil- was placed in close proximity to it, and iarly known as "The Head of the Gut. at the same corner the town pump after," a name so long discontinued as to forded, as occasion required, the means be almost forgotten, and probably never of discipline for those offenders who anknown to the latter generations of what swered for their offences to Judge Lynch, was then affectionately referred to as "The City of Perth or Peth." This also was consigned very many years ago to the limbo of the past; the latter so was far efficacious ablution to those who had disused as to have been merely a remini- made use of the neighboring facilities for scence in my boyhood's days, but the offering sacrifices at the shrine of Bacterm "Head of the Gutter" was then in chus, not wisely, but too well. constant use and referred to the Main

conspiracy and the atrocity of its abet- street crossing of the street leading to the jail, at the corners of which, were on Another feature which at times gave one corner, the County Courthouse, and

> At this point on mild evenings in warm genial decoctions of Capt. J R. Robert's shop or Ben. Brown's bar-room.

> But the great glory of this central held

The liberty pole, as we always called auspicious occasions subserved the pur-The principal point of interest and at- pose of a whipping post, and the pillory where they were overlooked by the judicial authorities, and on some occasions afforded materials for a wholesome and

On the Fourth of July the recurrence .

ence was always celebrated. At sunrise, church on Pearce street, where she reand at noon and sunset a salute was posed for a number of years and was fired always at the "Head of the Gutter" utilized on the Fourth of July instead of from a 2-pound swivel, mounted, for the the 2 pounder swivel formerly in use. occasion, in the centre of the street. The This was the first presidential election Kentish Guards paraded; a procession which my memory recalls, though Mr. was formed in front of Wm. Updike's Monroe's two elections occurred after my tavern and escorted along the Main street birth; one in my first year. to the line of Warwick, up Division street to Pearce street, to the Congregational Church, on the spot now occupied by the Episcopal Church, where the Declaration of Independence was read, an oration delivered, with ascriptions of praise and supplication to the Almighty, when the procession returned by the south part of Pearce street to the point the old Academy building with a Misswhere its south end joins the Main street. Thompson, and I became afterward a puand back by the Main street to Updike's, pil in the south wing of the same buildwhere the procession was dissolved, and ing under the tuition of John Cook a banquet was afterwards held in Up- Brown, who had been and, I presume, dike's Hall, and the afternoon, concluded then was, a student in the office of my with what to the boys who had the privi- kinsman, General Albert C. Greene, aflege of looking on through the windows terwards Attorney General of and doors, appreciated as a glorious ex- Island and Senator in Congress from thisemplification of the "feast of reason and State. Wm. Albert Greene, the son of the flow of soul." It should be said that Gen. Albert, and myself, were, I conthe notable people of the town were pres- clude, taken into Mr. Brown's school, ent in the procession and at the exer- out of his close friendship with our fathcises, if not at the dinner, the fumes of ers, rather as a favor than otherwise, we Revolutionary patriotism not then, as la- being very little boys. ter. having died out, and it was a re- been more than four years old, and Wm. proach to a man of character to be want- Albert about a year older-rather callow ing in the just appreciation of the claims youths for a classical school. At any to deference of our Revolutionary fath- rate, I remember being at Mrs. Coggesers. In point of fact, several of the men hall's girl's school long after. Mr. Brown themselves were Revolutionary soldiers. went, I think, with my father to Ohio-Notably, Christopher Greene and William Greene, all brothers of Gen. Nathaniel Greene; also Capt. was probably in 1820, and Mr. Allen had Tom Arnold, with his wooden leg. and died previously, being obliged to aban-Edward Pearce, with one arm, the wit- don his school on account of ill health. ness of their Revolutionary service. Up Inferentially I was about three years old to 1822 my grandfather, Dr. Peter Tur- when I was at Miss Thompson's school, ner, was living, although confined to his being carried by my aunt, Miss Isabella house by the infirmities of age.

streets, north and south, were, when I from care than from any expectation of first recollect, two iron canons, planted great proficiency on my part in mental perpendicularly by Mr. Silas Casey, many culture. Within a year of the time of years before, resembling the two, which which I speak, strange to say in view of then stood at the foot of the Parade, and the wonderful change in our habits of now stand near the fountain in Newport. life in every respect, and especially in In 1824 John Quincy Adams was elected our phenomenal advance in speed and fapresident to succeed James Munroe. On cilities and economy of locomotion, I this occasion one of these old canons saw, and perfectly remember seeing, at was dug up and cleaned and used for fir- different times my father, Dr. James F.

of the anniversary of National Independ- ing a salnte immediately in front of the

My earliest recollection of a Fourth of July celebration in Greenwich must have been at a very early period in my life, for, if I am right, the oration on that occasion was delivered by a Mr. Allen, whowas then the principal of the Academy, and I was a pupil in the female department of his school in the north wing of Rhode I could not have Greene, Elihu shortly after, where he died very soon.

This attendance at Mrs. Brown's school Greene, who was a pupil in the school, At the corners of Division and Main probably rather to relieve my mother

Turner, and my uncle, the late Lieut. Gov., horses to journey all the way in the sad- seemed to belong to the far-away past, dle-my father to Columbia, Tenn., and strange to see a man talking familiarly to many years before he returned to end his Silas Casey, and Elihu days in his paternal mansion.

ber for several vears after, as the family hood were Wm. Albert Greene, Henry hack.

My recollections of Miss Thompson's Christopher and Nat school are perfectly fresh. Among her Greene, Charles and James Eldredge, pupils were the two Misses Abby and Al- Christopher Handy, Samuel Whiting, ice Updike, Misses Caroline and Harriet James King, John Proud, and many more King, Misses Mary and Louisa Casey, of about the same age. Misses Patience and Elsie Arnold, late Mrs. Thomas Rhodes, Miss Elsie Ann Tillinghast, Miss Tabitha Mawney and Miss Celia Clarke, late Mrs. Judge Brayton, and others whom I cannot name. All of these, being on intimate terms with my family, naturally petted me and made a correspondingly strong impression on my mind. In Mr. Allen's room, which was the large hall in the centre of the building, were many young men my seniors, as Elihu Greene, Nathaniel Greene, Franklin and Christopher Greene, of Franklin, John Casey, Wm. Casey, Silas Casey and Charles and Vernon King, Prof. George W. Greene and Lodowick Updike, and among the rest I distinctly remember Joseph S. Jenckes, who afterward married my aunt, Miss Isabella Greene, and lived for many years, and died not many years ago, at Terre Haute, Indiana.

in Mr. Brown's school, I cannot remem- ticularly below the knee, being encased ber, but I do remember the same set of below the knee in black gaiters, very boys as were in Mr. Allen's school, and close fitting, with an abundant supply of I have a very vivid recollection of this small buttons on the outside, I should circumstance: The larger boys had a judge twenty or more. I describe this frightful mask, with which one of them from the recollection of a little boy less chased me around the Academy, fright- than five years old. ening me almost out of my wits, it being I am not precisely exact in the detail. I entirely a novelty to me, and I never to don't remember any cap, and probably this moment have forgotten or failed the fur hat of those days, the silk-plush frequently to indulge in the grateful feel- hat not then being in use, was worn, as ing I entertained towards Nathaniel it was for a long time afterward, with a Greene and Lodowick Updike for resent- brass-plate sewn to the hat. ing the folly of the other big boys and days a plume was worn of black tipped protecting me against the dangerous con- with red on the side of the hat, but later sequences such inconsiderate treatment the place and plume of red feathers were of a very little child might involve.

It must seem to you, most of whom William Greene, mount their only go back to a time when those men any uncle to Ohio, where he lived for you who was a schoolmate with General Greene, and Franklin Greene, and Chief Justice And once later my father left Green- George Brayton, etc., and yet such is the wich on horseback to go to Florence, fact. At this time they were approach-Ala., and returned on a horse which he ing manhood, while I was a very small bought in Alabama, and which, I rememby. The proper companions of my boy-Ward Greene, Wm. Maxwell Greene, of Capt. Nat.

As I have said, my first impression as connected with the Kentish Guards were derived from the Fourth of July when the oration was delivered by the principal of the Academy, Mr. Allen. The commander at that time was Col. Benjamin Brown, who was then and for many years after the landlord of Brown's Tavern, on the corner of Main and Court streets, previously kept by his father, Clark Brown, Esq. Col. Brown was a very elegant looking figure as a military man, and I remember him perfectly on this occasion, and for a long time he was my beau ideal of a soldier. He had a fine figure, admirably adapted to set off the uniform then in use by the Kentish Guards. This was a short jacket, commonly called a round-about, fifting very snugly and ornamented with red facings, especially a red-band about the waist and having plenty of small buttons on it. Whether there were any young ladies The pants fitted also very snugly, par-I may be excused if In my first worn on the front of the hat. I am of

the impression that a black cockade was successively by Col. William Pinnegar in use before the brass plate of the conti- and Col. Daniel Greene, on extraordinary nental pattern within my time. This occasions the continental music dress I have often heard spoken of in af- sometimes supplemented by the bugle of ter years, when it was a thing of the Hamilton, the famous bugler of Provipast, with high encomia on its becoming dence, or by my old friend and dancing effect, when worn by men of symmetrical master, Mr. Capron, also of Providence, figures, but not so much so on some on the Frenah horn. other men. My grandfather, the Hon. Ray Greene, under whose command of company paraded, as they often did, on the company this uniform was adopted, Saturday afternoons. After marching as was supposed, on account of his ex- through the streets of the village, then ceptionally graceful figure. It always not very extensive, to the yard of the old seemed to me that this uniform left noth- Academy, not then as large as now, but ing to be desired as a perfect adaptation unincumbered with other buildings, to exfor an ornamental military suit of ap- ercise and drill, and we boys easily perparel.

pany was commanded by my uncle, Henry Guards might challenge the world; just E. Turner, and by my father, James V. as we had no difficulty in arriving at the Turner, and my uncle, George Turner, conclusion that, as a specimen of perfect was its lieut.-col., and my grandfather, architectural art, nothing in the world Dr. Peter Turner, was its surgeon from was quite worthy of comparison with the the close of the Revolutionary war to his Kent County Court-house. Such is, or death in 1822, when he was succeeded by then was, the arrogance of boys. my father, who held the position until he left Greenwich in 1828, so that my sym- Kentish Guards was this: In marching pathies and prejudices were very early north along the Main street, when they and very earnestly enlisted in favor of reached the Warwick line, or what wasthe ancient and very respectable organi- then known as Mrs. Casey's Corner, zation to which so many of my traditional they formed a circle, facing so that each and hereditary associations attach me. man faced the back of another. I remember in the same uniform, Billy word of command every man sat down, Mowry, when he was small enough to of course, finding a seat on another man's hide behind his bass drum, which he be- knees. I speak of this as a peculiarity, labored with the highest degree of unc- because I never saw or heard of it anytion, and I knew him, many years after, where else. when the peculiar tone of his clarinet enlivened the streets of Newport on many long since removed and in a fair way toa parade occasion (where he lived and be forgotten, was the old Congregational died), as the tone of his bass drum had Church, usually called Presbyterian. aroused the echoes of the hills around This stood on the spot now occupied by Greenwich thirty years before. mate, who played the snare drum, was Elm street. This building was the old-Job Whitmarsh, whom I have heard spo- fashioned typical New England meeting ken of by older persons as a phenomenal house, of which in that day there were performer on that instrument, they going hundreds scattered over New England. so far as to say that he could play the It was in height two stories with numersnare or kettle drum, as it was then ous windows, in two tiers, glazed with called, so nicely that the tune could be small panes, with a barn roof, the ridge distinguished; for this, however, we de- pole running north and south. On the pend on the fife which was the indispen- north end was a steeple and tower, atsable accompaniment of the bass and tached to the end of the main building, snare drum, a relic of continental times. only on one side, and having an entrance-Afterward, before I left Greenwich, and door to the north, with a flight of woodbefore the days when military bands ex- en steps. On the east broadside, at the isted in almost every village, and in the middle, was the main entrance with alsodays when the company was commanded a flight of wooden steps and a double

was

Those were halcyon days when the suaded ourselves that in soldierly appear-After my grandfather Greene the com- ance and perfection of drill the Kentish

> One of the peculiar evolutions of the At the

One of the notable objects in that time, His the Episcopal Church-St. Luke's-on door larger than that at the north.

Armory street to Court street, except the and went to the woods and dug up the terraced garden in the rear of the Court; trees and replanted them, by Mr. Varhouse belonging to the Clarke estate, and num's direction, where we see them now. half way from Elm street to Main street, Of course they were old trees when Mr. was unoccupied by buildings or trees and Updike told me the story, not less than was unenclosed, so that it was virtually fifty years after they were placed there, served, there were no trees (ornamental) ters have passed over them since. in the streets, and no trees at all in the village, except such fruit trees as were earliest recollections picture it on my tolerated where the gardens were valued mind, it looked like an old building, and for their capacity for producing vege- if the exterior had ever been painted tables, so that from the whole length of there were no evidences of it, nor had Elm street the view of the cove and bay was uninterrupted, and the front steps pit, ever been painted. The pulpit, of and doorway of the church afforded an the old style, of which several may still enchanting prospect, to recall which, at be seen in Newport, was on the west side this distant day, fills my soul with unal- of the audience room opposite the front loyed delight, young as I was when I re- door. The gallery, as in other churches ceived the impression. No such pano- of its date, occupied three sides-north, rama can now be obtained at any point east and south. The wall pews were within the borough on the surface as square and box like, and the body pews was then afforded by a stroll at any were slips, such as are now common. point on Elm street, and I am rather The finish was good panelled work in the given to thinking that no spot within my pews and front of the gallery, and credobservation ever could compare with itable in point of workmanship, showing what I saw every day in my childhood that a nice building had been designed, coming to school in town from the Gov- but the means evidently had not met exernor Greene farm.

as to trees, the two elms in front of Dr. used to be one of the dreams of my boy-Eldredge's house, which were old trees ish ambition to look forward to the finwhen I was born, and those around Judge ishing of the work on what I felt was the Brayton's house, and one on the Bowen Lord s tabernacle. estate opposite, north of Judge Brayton's, the history of the planting of which pleted it was evident that it had been trees was given me by my very dear old done at different periods from the fact friend, Daniel Updike, Esq., who has that some of the parts of plaster was been dead for fifty years or more.

the Clarke house, was built by General been applied as far as it would go and James M. Varnum near the time of the then another relay was waited for, and Revolution. General Varnum was a very it had never been whitewashed, so that distinguished lawyer, who went to Ma- these objects of my childish observation rietta, Ohio, as judge of the Northwest were conspicuous always. Territory before the adoption of the Con- Still it was a very respectable estabstitution of the United States. A few lishment and the only church building in months after his arrival in Marietta he Greenwich, except the Friend's meeting died in January, 1789. Mr. Updike, my house, while I lived there, the old Baptist informant, told me that while Gen. Var- meeting house having been abandoned num was living in this house, and before before my recollection. his going to the West, he (Mr. Updike) and Mr. Ray Greene, my grandfather, self to my mind very much as I saw it were fellow students in General Var- sixty-five years ago. In the wall pew in num's law office, (both of them, by the the southeast corner sat Mr. Jonathan way, were afterward attorney generals Salisbury, an old man of monstrous pro-

of Rhode Island,) and one day, by re-All the land in front of the church from quest of Mr. Varnum, they took a horse common; at that time also, be it ob- and not less than the storms of fifty win\_

But to return to the church. As my any part of the interior, except the pulpectations, for no paint had been used in I should except from my proposition, the interior except on the pulpit, and it

Although the plastering had been com-.much darker than others, with very irre-The Judge Brayton house, formerly gular points of junctions as if plaster had

The interior of the church presents it-

portions, very much heavier than any before meeting was out?" Said the little other man I have ever seen. The next boy, "Why, father, I staid to twenty wall pew toward the front door was once twothly." In one of the violent Jereoccupied by my family. On the other miads, in which the elder frequently inside of Mr. Salisbury's pew, on the south dulged, he exclaimed to his Greenwich side, sat the family of Augustus Greene, audience, "I've hollered and bawled to Esq. On the west side, next the window ye this forty years and ye ain't no betsouth from the pulpit, sat Mr. Wanton ter!" Casey's family; next the window, north from the pulpit, my grandfather Turner's held their meetings in the Court-house, family sat; on the north side, west from in the same room in which Elder Manthe tower door, sat Nathaniel Ray Greene's family; on the other side, north door, Capt. Jonathan Andrew's family. Those are the wall pews I recollect. The in a small way, a career which has since body pews, south from the centre aisle, first from front door, was Deacon John Brown's; next Col. Spencer's pew, used by my family; next Gen. Albert C. Greene's; next Mr. Samuel King's; next Mr. Updike's; north of the aisle, first from door, Mr. Ray Clarke's; next Mr. Franklin Greene's; next Mr. Christopher Greene's, of Potowomut; the next Mr. work in book peddling. I think he is Wm. P. Maxwell's.

less the leader was hired. The only in- who was stationed here for a time, and strument used in the choir, except occa- afterwards the Rev. Mr. Otis was the sionally a flute, was a pitch pipe, the only resident here before I left. I recollect one I have ever seen used, and I presume what a pretty scene was presented somea specimen cannot now be found, the tun- times on Sunday afternoons when a baping fork having superseded it very long tising occurred on the shore, south of ago to give the key note. The leader the jail, below which the beach was brosang, after using his pipe, with the most ken by no wharf or landing place, and extraordinary nasal intonation I have King street and the Ropewalk hill were ever known approached, which I then fitted with well-dressed people to witsupposed was a necessary part of sacred ness the ceremony. The impression on worship. How it could be endured is a my mind was so vivid that since, when mystery; they seemed to have no power the administration of that sacred rite is to escape it; he must have had phenome- called to mind by John the Baptist in the nal scientific superiority. It resembled Jordan, my imagination always reverts in tone the old-fashioned bass, except in to the shore and Greenwich cove, little as the Quaker preaching of those days, and it, probably, resembles in reality the that of Elder Mauchester, who preached oriental scenery of the shores of the saoccasionally in the Court-house, and had cred river of Palestine. for many years, and who was equally distinguished for his stentorial power, for names of those worthy ministers who the perfection of his nasal intoning and broke the bread of life to the Greenwich for the interminable length of his dis- people in the old Congregational Church courses. A story used to be told which in my childhood. illustrates the latter's peculiarity: My were married in 1815 by the Rev. Mr. grandfather's house was near the Court- Rich, who was the pastor for a few house, and in summer every word of the years. He was succeeded by Rev. Daniel elder's came very distinctly into the open Waldo, who was very popular and whom, windows. One afternoon my father, a I recollect very well, Mr. Rich having very little boy, came back about 5 o'clock, left before my recollection. After Mr. leaving the elder preaching. Said his Waldo the pulpit was occupied for sevfather, "James, how came you to leave eral years by Rev. Charles Henry Alden,

At about the same time the Methodists chester preached, the Methodists being then an almost new sect without any house of worship, and just commencing, advanced by rapid strides to phenomenal importance and prosperity. The preacher of that persuasion, whom I first recollect, was the Rev. Mr. Risley, then a young man, but whom I saw in Newport a very few years ago, retired from service from the infirmities of extreme old age, and engaged in some missionary now deceased. Next to him, as I now The choir was entirely volnntary, un- recollect, was Rev. Ephraim K. Avery,

> I should not forget to mention the My father and mother

an Episcopal minister, afterward a chap- as I recollect, on several of the houses in lain in the United States Navy. Mr. Al- Greenwich, with a large square top step den was a nephew of Abner Alden, who with a railing on two sides and a flight was the author of the set of school of steps on the up-hill side; the lower books then in common use, especially side being much higher, owing to the in Greenwich, he (Abner Alden) having sharp grade, was without steps, and the been the first principal of Greenwich two railed sides were supplied with wood-Academy, being the successor in training en seats. The platform at top being the young ideas to Master Maxwell, and about five feet by six, accommodated a Master Boyd, and Master Franklin, near reasonably sized family party. This dethe commencement of this century. Abner scribes not only Mr. Salisbury's stoop, Arnold had been followed in conducting but my grandfather Turner's also. His the Academy by Joseph L. Tillinghast, home is now Mr. Silas afterward the famous Providence lawyer on the corner of Elm street, just and many years member of the General above the Court-house, which was be-Assembly and Representative in Con- sides shaded by the famous old grapegress from Rhode Island from 1837 to vine, as it now is. This grapevine was 1843, under the tuition of whom both my brought from the woods and planted parents were pupils, and most of the gen- there by my father when a small boy, he eration also which preceded mine. Un- having been born in 1789-probably not der the administration of Rev. Mr. Alden less than 90 years ago. I was at school as long as he remained in Greenwich.

pal of the Academy there were a number times seen him sitting in his stoop, which of boys at the school not Greenwich boys, was his constant habit in suitable weathas Frederick Herreshoff, Wm. Dorrance, er, his immense size being a disqualifica-Francis J. Lippitt, Henry L. Bowen, Wm. tion for much active exercise. Magee, of Providence, and Wm. Munro and George Coggeshall, of Bristol, and power of his voice, and it used to be said some others; and I recollect on one occa- that when he read the newspaper aloud sion that Mr. Alden had a stage erected the whole village could benefit by it. in front of the pulpit in the meeting Mr. Salisbury had a farm in Frenchtown house, and exhibited his school in public called the Burrow, and whenever he had in declamation, etc. Probably very few occasion to visit his farm he occupied people now living remember this, but as the body of an old-fashioned chaise, ca it was my first appearance in public it is pacious in size, and intended for two fullfresh in my memory, I being then about 8 grown persons, which would accommoyears of age. After Mr. Alden we had as date him alone with nothing to spare. preceptor Rev. Ebenezer Coleman, and The chaises of the class and date of Mr. later Mr. Henry Edes, Jr., for a short Salisbury's, which were even then sutime, and for a longer time Christopher perseded by the calesche or bellowstop, Robinson, afterwards member of Con- of which there were several in use about gress, who married Miss Elsie Ann Til- Greenwich by the older people, had a linghast, daughter of Judge Joseph J. square top and looked as if they might Tillinghast, one of our most worthy citi- date back to some period not much later zens.

size of Mr. Jonathan Salisbury. He was roughs tobacco boxes. a contemporary of my grandfather and outlived him for several years. He was Mr. Salisbury's, was probably one of the well known in Newport, having been of- earliest of the original buildings in the ten a member of the General Assembly, town, it having the typical stone chimand he could not appear anywhere with- ney, then not entirely extinct, peculiar to out being the subject of general observa- the original New England residences, tion. He was reputed to weigh some, but I think not now represented by any where about 400 pounds. He generally chimney in the neighborhood except that sat in a stoop in front of his house, such of the Governor Greene farmhouse, now

Weaver's.

Mr. Salisbury's house was on the north west corner of Marlborough and King During Mr. Alden's service as princi- streets, and I have many hundreds of

Mr. Salisbury was remarkable for the than the flood, and were opprobiously I have spoken of the extraordinary nicknamed by the boys and the profane

The house on the corner, next below

by a single one on the Island of Rhode per all over town. Many of the present Island, where I remember in my youth substantial citizens of Greenwich are deseveral. This house was occupied by scendants of these venerable worthies, Seneca Spencer, the son of Jeremy Spen- but very few, if any of their progeny, recer, the miller of the Paradise mill, now member them. gone, but which was a conspicuous and beautiful object in my boyhood, when the this ancient burgh, and one which atmiller was James Arnold. I recollect, tracts very early notice by the children to dimly, Seneca, a very old man and the the village, is the Kent County Jail; house and stone chimney very definitely, and in my childhood and early youth it but they all disappeared very early in my was a more marked and conspicuous obcareer.

pile of stones a chimney in those days ones existing at that time probably in could be made to absorb was in a very the County of Kent. They were suplarge house attached, to speak correctly, posed to be very fine works of art by the to such a chimney, stood on the north boys, but they have disappeared so long side of King street, I should judge, al- ago that I am at a loss to determine most precisely where the railroad inter- whether the boys' estimate was a correct sects it. This was unoccupied, as I re- one or not, very likely having no other call it, and disappeared at about the same works of art with which to compare time as the Seneca Spencer house and them, and influenced by the natural and the old Baptist meeting house on the not very reprehensible local pride belonghill.

grandfather of Micah and Thomas Ald- the artist may have been, to whom we rich Spencer, then boys in Greenwich, were indebted for the statues of the maland who afterward lived in Newport, efactors which adorned the front of the Micah having died there four or five jail, but probably the budding village years ago.

pied by my old and valued friend, James archetype and has long ago joined the Pierce, Esq., with whom you were all fa- great majority, whatever footprints he miliar, late living here, and one of your may have left upon the sands of time most esteemed citizens.

Next below this was the house of Capt. Thomas Arnold, commonly called Timbertoe or Old Mommouth. He was a cap- one supposed to represent a murderer, tain and won great credit in the Conti- the other a robber. Both were ornamentnental Army as a brave and enterprising ed with iron wristlets, and fetters, and officer, deriving his familiar nicknames chains, and were painted, the one black, from the fact of losing a leg at the battle the other white, and the jail itself was alof Mommouth. he was the custom-house officer of the teristic statuary, being placed in each port, and was a very familiar object on side over the front entrance, stood out in King street. He also, like Mr. Salisbury, bold relief as guardian augels of this hargenerally occupied a seat in his stoop, bor of refuge, presenting an inviting and which was more properly a portico, hav- exhilarating spectacle to the young ofing a roof, and being on a level instead of fenders a hillside, was not so high above the their first offence against the street. Like Mr. Salisbury, also, Capt. and Tom was distinguished for the stentorian At qualities of his voice, and the two old not gentlemen conversed across the space in- ing interrupted tervening between houses. Indeed, it was currently re- and whether or not. the moral influence ported and generally accepted as true, was good, it was impossible to forget for that Capt. Tom could be heard to whis- long that the sword of justice was im-

Among the time-honored institutions of ject than now, it having two specimens Another specimen of the prodigious of scripture on its exterior front, the only ing to youth, we exaggerated their per-Seneca Spencer, by the way, was the fections. I am not informed as to who Phidias or Praviteles never blossomed The house next below this was occu- into the consummate glory of his Grecian being long since drowned in the waters of oblivion.

> These figures were images of wood, In the decline of his life ways painted yellow, so that the characcommitted for who were peace dignity of the commonwealth. time the railroad bridge, that in existence, nothbeing the view of the their respective building from the centre of the village,

pending in a positive and peremptory There was so much apprehension on ac-

The principal method of egress from Providence County desperadoes, water, and the principal wharf for pack- their confederates, that the Kentish width, only a very narrow passage being time. left out the south side, the moral character of the denizens of the viilage should only place where convicts could serve the transgressor is hard.

The dilapidated ciated with the Greenwich of my child- of the past. hood, is still on exhibition at the R. I. but sadly shorn of its prestine glory.

and its ornamental attachments, may the penal law and the impersonation of have had a beneficial and warning influ- its terrors. ence, and may have contributed to the town, near Hunt ground, and he returned rather high tone which was accredited at a later period to his farm and died afto the society of the town, for, as I rec. ter many years an extremely old man. I ollect, the inhabitants of the village did judge him to have been a very worthy not contribute very largely to the list of and respectable citizen. boarders in Squire Wall's hostelry, but they came mostly from parts more dis- that of Mr. Benjamin Davis, the ship cartant from the salt water. I recollect an penter, who succeeded Mr. Aaron Briggs who was pilloried and whose daughter he had married; his wife whipped at the Head of the Gutter, and has died within a few years, of this time was, as I understood, a sheep stealer and at the house of Capt. William Salisbury, was generally an inmate of the jail. John his wife having been the daughter of Mr. Briggs, a brother of Aaron, was a most and Mrs. Davis and granddaughter of desperate rogue, and was captured by the Mr. Glazier. The estate of Mr. Glazier deputy sheriff, Benjamin Holden, after a was called the old Shipyard. In earlier terrible fight, in which Holden was days and in Mr. Glazier's time an active dreadfully wounded with a knife. And I business had been done in the Shipyard; perfectly recollect seeing workmen in but with the decadence of the shipping front of the jail building a cage of jron interests the Shipyard had become negrods and oak timbers, to be placed in a lected, aud in my recollection it was only cell, for the more efficient securing of Mr. Davis' garden; it occupied a triangu-John Briggs, notwithstanding which John lar space, enclosed by the King street on made his escape from his confinement the south, by Grab street on the west, by and the punishment he so richly mer- a way on the north, (not named in the ited.

manner over the head of the wrong doer, count of the dangerous character of these and Greenwich to the outside world being by threats of forcible rescue on the part of ets being the continuation of King street Guards, then under the command of in the rear of the jail, and the jail occu- Henry E. Turner, my uncle, were ordered pying King street in almost its entire out to guard the jail for a considerable

In those days the County jail was the have been superlatively good and exem- out the terms of imprisonment to which plary, for it was impossible to escape a they were sentenced by the courts until very frequent reminder that the way of the establishment of the State prison in Providence, now removed to Cranston, remains of one of so that at the present day the old-time those wooden figures, so intimately asso- prominence of the County jail is a thing

I have spoken of Squire Wall. He was Historical Society's room in Providence, in my early life the sheriff of the County of Kent and the keeper of the County jail. Perhaps, as I have suggested, the jail and he seemed to me the embodiment of He had been a farmer in the

North from the jail the next estate was Glazier. map) leading to what was then known as Sometime before my recollection the Brown & Turner's wharf, and on the east old Tolbooth was the scene of very great by the salt water, the public assuming excitement. An extensive and desperate whether or not by right or prescription gang of counterfeiters had been broken the privilege of passing through it, from up in the rural districts of Providence one wharf to another, along the line of County, and so many arrests had been the salt water. Fronting on the way at made that the jail in Providence would the north was Mr. Davis' residence, a not accommodate them, and the jail in one-storied, gambrel-roofed cottage, in Greenwich was filled with the overflow, which Mr. Davis reared a large family, he

man of most respectable character. I wich, but was scarcely ever here after hedo not recollect any building of vessels or left, and singular to say, for the last 25any work in the Shipyard, Mr. Davis's years of his life, was never off the Island business probably being conflued to job- of Rhode Island, although no man wasbing work in repairing the few small craft better known to the citizens of the town which constituted the commercial marine of Greenwich and of the surrounding of Greenwich in its days of decline.

tion, had employment in Wickford, where ure. there was more commercial activity than in Greenwich. I used to see him in the wharf (it may be there now) was threatearly morning embarking in his skiff, for ened by the rise of the water, and a quana row to Wickford, alone, sculls being tity of salt, in bags, was stored on thenot then in use. He probably pulled to main floor. My father, while attending Wickford cross-handed with long sweeps to this matter, was engaged, with some in the manner universally practised in hands, in carrying the salt to the upperthose days, or possibly with a single oar floor. While so engaged, the length of at the stern of the boat, which would be the store being from west to east, the an extremely slow process for a trip of water rose so that the east end of the nearly ten miles.

Opposite Mr. Davis's garden, across the diagonal street, named Grab street on the map, was the cooperage of Richard Edwards. This was a business of sufficient magnitude to be sustained during my boyhood, but, as I suppose, it was more a reminiscence of the palmiest days of the molasses trade than a necessary part of the later life of the community, and I so judge because, at that time, there were numerous cooper's shops in Newport, and the docks there were filled with bundles of hoop poles, soaking in preparation for use, principally dependent for support on the trade to the West Indies, as had undoubtedly been the case in Greenwich. Now there is not a single lying at the wharf with spars, sails and cooperage in Newport, and most prob- rigging "all ataunts," ready for sea. They ably, from like causes, none in Green- broke loose, one after the other, and gowich.

great gale of September, 1815, and not with the tide, where no tide had ever until the June following, I of course can been before, stopped there, and when the give no reminiscences of that event from flood subsided were left side by side, my own observations, but it was so fresh high and dry, also, in the ravine in such in the memory of the people, among a manner that the sharp hills constituting whom my childhood was spent, that I the sides of the gully prevented them. may be indulged in some allusions to it. from falling over, and they were launched I spoke of the way leading to Brown & likewise, with their cargo on board, and,. Turner's wharf. The Turner here al- as was said, without breaking bulk and luded to was my father, Col. James V. without serious damage. Turner, later Dr. James V. Turner of Newport, probably scarcely remembered connected with the gale was this: At by any present resident of Greenwich. the outer edge of Pojack flat, where is He died in Newport in 1863, aged 74 now, I think, a beacon, was an iron spinyears, having left Greenwich in 1828, and dle, which was floated up on the Nassauup to that time, when he was 39 years ket shore, and was found there after the

being an industrious and unobtrusive old, had always been a resident of Greencountry or more closely identified with-Mr. Davis, at one time in my recollec- its population previously to his depart-

> But to the point. The store on thebuilding was floated, and the extreme violence of the gale swung that end of the building from six to ten degrees, so that the building stood afterward, at that angle with its original line, as it standsat this time, if it be still in existence. My father and his men were obliged toabandon the store for their own safety.

> Several vessels of considerable size engaged in the West India trade, some of7 them loaded, were lying at the wharves at the time. One, the largest, went onto the Casey wharf, north of the Arnold dock, across which she lay, and when the water subsided she was left high and dry and had to be launched anew.

Two others, not quite as large, wereing north with the gale, as far as the-As I was not born at the time of the pool, turned and went west up the ravine-

One other circumstance worthy of note

gale. The explanation of this extraordinary freak of nature was that great -quantities of wood and lumber, cases of merchandise and other "debris" of various kinds were driven up the bay from the lower points, and the spindle was picked up and carried along with a mass -of that kind of buoyant material.

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