

### Serbian Ceramic Society Conference ADVANCED CERAMICS AND APPLICATION IX New Frontiers in Multifunctional Material Science and Processing

Serbian Ceramic Society Institute of Technical Sciences of SASA Institute for Testing of Materials Institute of Chemistry Technology and Metallurgy Institute for Technology of Nuclear and Other Raw Mineral Materials

# **PROGRAM AND THE BOOK OF ABSTRACTS**

Serbian Academy of Sciences and Arts, Knez Mihailova 35 Serbia, Belgrade, 20-21. September 2021. Serbian Ceramic Society Conference ADVANCED CERAMICS AND APPLICATION IX New Frontiers in Multifunctional Material Science and Processing

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Р

## THE CLAY MINERALS FROM GREDA DEPOSIT

<u>A.Radosavljevic-Mihajlovic<sup>1</sup></u>, K.Mihajlovic<sup>2</sup>, I. Kosic<sup>2</sup>, D. Arsenijevic<sup>2</sup>, V. Mitic<sup>3</sup>

 <sup>1</sup>Institute for nuclear Technology and other raw materials, Franche D Epere 86, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia
<sup>2</sup>Faculty of Mining and Geology, University of Belgrade, Djusina 7, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia
<sup>3</sup>University of Nis, faculty of Electronic Engineering, Nis, Serbia : Institute of Technical Sciences of SASA,Knez Mihajlova 35, Belgrade, Serbia.

The term "clay" refers to natural materials composed of fine minerals, which in their composition contain water molecules, which give it the property of plasticity, which is lost by drying processes. The basic physical and chemical characteristics of clay are low permeability, the possibility of cation exchange, thermal structural stability, swelling processes. These characteristic properties appear as a consequence of the crystal structure, in which the layers of SiO<sub>4</sub>, tetrahedra, extend infinitely in two dimensions. In this paper are presented the basic structural and crystallochemical properties of clay from Greda deposit.

#### Р

#### Preparation and Characterization Of Active Carbon Microspheres Obtained From Fructose And Adsorption Application

Sanja S. Krstić, Vladimir M. Dodevski, ĐuroČokeša, Aleksandar B. Devečerski, Radojka T. Vujasin, Ksenija V. Kumrić, Branka V. Kaluđerović

Institute for Nuclear sciences, Centre of Excellence-CextremeLab "Vinča", University of Belgrade, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia

A carbon-rich solid product has been synthesized by hydrothermal treatment from fructose with phosphoric acid (H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>) at temperature of 250°C and pH value of 0.65. The concentration of the precursor was constant, i.e. 2M of fructose in form of aqueous solution. The formation of the carbon-rich solid material through the hydrothermal carbonization of fructose is the consequence of dehydration reactions. Obtained carbon material is made of spherical micrometer-sized particles with the diameter in the 4-7  $\mu$ m. The structure and surface chemical properties of obtained material were characterized by scanning electron microscopy (SEM), Fourier-transform infrared (FTIR) spectra. Investigation of surface area was determined by gravimetric McBain method where adsorption and desorption isotherms of N<sub>2</sub> were measured on carbon material at -196 °C. Adsorption of MB from 200-500 mg/dm <sup>3</sup> from aqueous solutions of investigated dye. Kinetic results were determined by a pseudo second-order equation.