

Investigating the Impacts of Cloud Computing on Firm Profitability

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Abstract

The advent of cloud computing has been a technical revolution that transformed how organizations access, store, and process information. This research proposes that cloud deployment can have a significant impact on profitability in multiple ways. We argued that one of the most significant ways is by reducing costs by eliminating the need for businesses to invest in and maintain their own IT infrastructure, making it easier for businesses to scale their resources up or down as needed, improving agility, and providing advanced security features and tools. Additionally, cloud deployment can increase profitability through increased scalability, improved collaboration, access to new technologies such as machine learning and big data, and improved customer experience by providing faster and more reliable service. By implementing cloud deployment, businesses can also increase revenue and improve overall operational efficiency and productivity. Using the datasets of 115 firms, this research investigated the impact of various cloud-use matrices on firm profitability. The results indicate that the gross profit margins of firms are increased when services delivered via the cloud, cloud spending, best cloud governance, and the number of cloud-based applications are increased in a more concentrated market with less competition. To increase the positive impact of cloud computing on a business organization, it is important to develop a clear and comprehensive cloud strategy, establish robust security and compliance policies, invest in the necessary resources and expertise for successful cloud migration, and continuously monitor and measure the performance and effectiveness of the cloud solutions. This will help organizations make informed decisions, align their cloud investments with their overall business goals and objectives, mitigate security and compliance risks, ensure a successful cloud migration, and continuously optimize their cloud solutions for maximum value. By taking this holistic approach, businesses can ensure that they get the most value out of their cloud investments and achieve optimal results.

Keywords: Cloud computing, Cloud application, Cloud delivery, Cloud expenditure, Cloud governance, Firm, HHI, Profitability, Regression

Introduction

Cloud computing has changed the corporate landscape by increasing connectivity, efficiency, and sustainability via its capacity to improve collaboration, scalability, security, access to new markets, and sustainability [1]–[3]. Cloud computing allows users to access, store, and process data over the internet. Cloud computing is making it easier for businesses to access and use technology. In the past, companies would have to invest in expensive hardware and software in order to run their operations. With cloud computing, businesses can access the same technology through the internet, which is less expensive and more flexible. This allows companies to focus on their core competencies, rather than worrying about IT infrastructure [4], [5].

Cloud computing is helping to increase collaboration among teams. With cloud-based tools, teams can work together in real-time, regardless of their location. This allows for more efficient communication and faster decision-making, which can lead to increased productivity and better outcomes for the business. Cloud computing is making it easier for businesses to scale their



operations. In the past, companies would have to invest in new hardware and software in order to accommodate growth. With cloud computing, businesses can simply add more resources as they need them, which is much more cost-effective. This allows companies to be more agile and responsive to changing market conditions.

Cloud computing is making it easier for businesses to protect their data. With on-premises solutions, companies would have to invest in expensive security measures in order to protect their data. With cloud computing, businesses can rely on the expertise and resources of cloud providers to keep their data safe [6], [7]. This can help to reduce the risk of data breaches and other security threats.

Cloud computing is making it easier for businesses to access new markets. With cloud-based tools, companies can easily expand into new regions or countries, without having to worry about the costs and complexities of setting up physical operations. This allows companies to reach new customers and increase their revenue potential. Cloud computing is helping to reduce the environmental impact of business operations. By using cloud-based tools, companies can reduce their energy consumption and carbon footprint. This can help to make businesses more sustainable and responsible in their operations, which is becoming increasingly important in today's society.

Cloud Computing and profitability

Reduced costs

Cloud deployment can significantly impact profitability by reducing costs in a variety of ways. One of the most obvious ways is by eliminating the need for businesses to invest in and maintain their own IT infrastructure. Instead of having to purchase and maintain servers, storage devices, and other hardware, businesses can use cloud-based services provided by companies such as Amazon Web Services, Microsoft Azure, and Google Cloud. This can significantly reduce the costs associated with IT infrastructure, as businesses only have to pay for the resources they use, rather than having to purchase and maintain their own equipment [5], [8].

Cloud deployment can reduce costs by making it easier for businesses to scale their resources up or down as needed. With cloud-based services, businesses can easily add or remove resources such as computing power, storage, and memory as their needs change. This can help businesses to avoid overspending on IT resources and can help them to save money on IT costs.

Cloud deployment can also help businesses to improve their agility, which can lead to cost savings in a number of ways. For example, businesses can quickly respond to changes in market conditions and customer needs by quickly adding or removing resources, which can help them to reduce costs associated with downtime or slow service. Additionally, businesses can take advantage of new technologies, such as machine learning and big data, which can help them to gain new insights and improve their operations, leading to cost savings [9], [10]. Cloud-based services typically offer advanced security features and tools that can help businesses to better protect their data and comply with regulations. This can help businesses to avoid costly penalties and reputational damage, which can have a significant impact on their bottom line.

Businesses should reduce costs by implementing cloud deployment as it offers many advantages that can have a significant impact on profitability. By eliminating the need for businesses to invest in and maintain their own IT infrastructure, reducing costs associated with IT resources, improving agility, and providing advanced security features and tools, cloud deployment can help businesses to save money and increase revenue. Additionally, It allows businesses to access new technologies and improve customer experience which can lead to more revenue.

Increased scalability

Scalability refers to the ability of a system, in this case, a business, to handle an increasing amount of work or traffic without negatively impacting performance. Cloud deployment can significantly



impact profitability through increased scalability as it allows businesses to easily scale their resources up or down as needed [11].

Cloud deployment can impact profitability through increased scalability by reducing costs associated with IT resources. With cloud-based services, businesses can easily add or remove resources such as computing power, storage, and memory as their needs change. This can help businesses to avoid overspending on IT resources and can help them to save money on IT costs. For example, a business that experiences a sudden spike in website traffic can quickly add more computing power to handle the increased traffic without having to invest in new servers or other hardware [12].

Cloud deployment can impact profitability through increased scalability by improving the ability to respond to changing market conditions and customer needs. With cloud-based services, businesses can quickly respond to changes in demand by scaling their resources up or down as needed. This can help businesses to reduce costs associated with downtime or slow service and can help them to increase revenue by providing faster and more reliable service to customers [13].

Increased scalability also allows businesses to take advantage of new technologies, such as machine learning and big data, which can help them to gain new insights and improve their operations. With cloud-based services, businesses can easily add or remove resources such as computing power, storage, and memory as their needs change, which can help them to take advantage of new technologies and improve their operations [14]. This can lead to cost savings and can help businesses to increase revenue by providing better products and services to customers.

Cloud deployment can significantly impact profitability through increased scalability by reducing costs associated with IT resources, improving the ability to respond to changing market conditions and customer needs, and allowing businesses to take advantage of new technologies. This can help businesses to save money, increase revenue and improve overall operational efficiency.

Collaboration

Collaboration refers to the process of working together with others to achieve a common goal. Collaboration is important in the business context as it allows teams and individuals to share knowledge, expertise, and resources to complete tasks more efficiently and effectively [15].

Cloud deployment can impact profitability by increasing collaboration is by making it easier for employees to work together on projects. Cloud-based services such as Google Drive, Microsoft OneDrive, and Dropbox allow employees to easily share files and collaborate on documents in real-time. This can lead to more efficient and effective workflows, as employees can easily access and share information, regardless of their location.

Cloud deployment can also impact profitability by increasing collaboration is by enabling remote teams to work together more effectively. Cloud-based services such as Zoom, Microsoft Teams, and Slack allow remote teams to communicate and collaborate in real-time, which can help businesses to reduce costs associated with travel and can help them to increase revenue by allowing employees to work from anywhere [16]. Cloud deployment also allows businesses to take advantage of new technologies, such as machine learning and big data, which can help them to gain new insights and improve their operations. With cloud-based services, businesses can easily share data and collaborate on projects, which can help them to take advantage of new technologies and improve their operations. This can lead to cost savings and can help businesses to increase revenue by providing better products and services to customers.

Cloud deployment can significantly impact profitability by increasing collaboration by making it easier for employees to work together on projects, enabling remote teams to work together more effectively, and providing access to new technologies that can help teams to gain new insights and



improve their operations [17]. This can help businesses to save money, increase revenue and improve overall operational efficiency and productivity.

Access to new technology

Access to new technologies is one of the key ways that cloud deployment can impact profitability. The cloud provides businesses with access to a wide range of cutting-edge technologies that can help them to gain new insights, improve their operations, and increase revenue.

One of the most significant new technologies that businesses can access through cloud deployment is machine learning. Machine learning enables businesses to analyze large amounts of data and identify patterns that can help them to improve their operations and increase revenue. For example, businesses can use machine learning algorithms to predict customer behavior, identify new market opportunities, or optimize their supply chain.

Another important technology that businesses can access through cloud deployment is big data. Big data analytics allows businesses to process and analyze vast amounts of data from multiple sources, which can help them to gain new insights and make more informed decisions. For example, businesses can use big data analytics to identify patterns in customer behavior, optimize their marketing campaigns, or improve their supply chain operations.

Cloud deployment also allows businesses to take advantage of artificial intelligence (AI) technology. AI can help businesses to automate repetitive tasks, improve their customer service, and gain new insights from data. For example, businesses can use AI chatbots to provide customers with 24/7 customer service, or use AI-powered image recognition to automate inventory management.

Cloud deployment also allows businesses to take advantage of the Internet of Things (IoT) technology. IoT allows businesses to connect and collect data from devices and machines, which can help them to improve their operations and increase revenue. For example, businesses can use IoT technology to monitor equipment performance, improve supply chain efficiency, or optimize energy usage.

Cloud deployment can significantly impact profitability through access to new technologies such as machine learning, big data, AI, and IoT. These technologies can help businesses to gain new insights, improve their operations, and increase revenue. Additionally, cloud deployment provides access to new software and tools, which can enable the business to operate more efficiently and effectively.

Customer experience

Cloud deployment can help businesses to improve their customer experience by providing faster and more reliable service. This can have a significant impact on profitability by increasing customer satisfaction and loyalty, which can lead to increased revenue [18]. Cloud deployment can improve customer experience is by providing faster service. Cloud-based services are highly scalable, which means that businesses can easily add or remove resources as needed to handle increased traffic or demand [19]. This can help businesses to provide faster service to customers, which can improve customer satisfaction and loyalty. Additionally, cloud services are often delivered via a global network of data centers, which means that customers can access services from anywhere in the world with minimal latency.

Cloud-based services are typically backed by service level agreements (SLAs) that guarantee a certain level of uptime and performance. This can help businesses to ensure that their services are always available to customers, which can improve customer satisfaction and loyalty. Additionally, many cloud services are designed to be highly fault-tolerant, which means that they can continue to function even if one or more components fail. Cloud deployment can also help businesses to improve their customer experience by providing more personalized service. Cloud-based services can provide



businesses with access to customer data, which can help them to personalize their service and provide more targeted recommendations and offers to customers. Additionally, cloud-based services such as chatbots and virtual assistants can help businesses to provide more personalized customer service by automating routine tasks and providing customers with 24/7 assistance. Cloud deployment can also help businesses to improve customer experience by providing more secure service [20]. Cloud-based services typically offer advanced security features and tools that can help businesses to better protect customer data and comply with regulations. This can help businesses to ensure that customer data is kept safe and secure, which can improve customer trust and satisfaction.

Cloud deployment can help businesses to improve their customer experience by providing faster, more reliable, more personalized, and more secure service. This can have a significant impact on profitability by increasing customer satisfaction and loyalty, which can lead to increased revenue. Additionally, by using cloud deployment, businesses can gain access to new technologies and tools which can help them to understand their customers better and provide more tailored services [21].

Methods

In multiple regression, we presume that the dependent variable is a linear combination of a large number of predictor factors. We may describe the model as follows if x_{nj} is the j^{th} predictor for observation n:

$$y_n = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{n1} + \dots + \beta_D x_{nD} + \epsilon_n.$$

This may be expressed as [22]–[24]:

$$y_n = \boldsymbol{\beta}^{\top} \mathbf{x}_n + \epsilon_n.$$

The minimization of this loss function is easier when dealing with matrices as opposed to sums. Define y and X with.

$$\mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ \dots \\ y_N \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^N, \ \mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}_1^\top \\ \dots \\ \mathbf{x}_N^\top \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times (D+1)},$$

The loss function may be written similarly as:

$$\mathcal{L}(\hat{\boldsymbol{\beta}}) = \frac{1}{2} (\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{X}\hat{\boldsymbol{\beta}})^{\top} (\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{X}\hat{\boldsymbol{\beta}}).$$

We applied the following multivariate regression model:

Profitability_i =
$$\alpha + \beta_1 CloudDelivery_i + \beta_2 CloudExpenditure_i + \beta_3 HHI + \beta_4 CloudApplication_i + \beta_5 CloudGovernance + \varepsilon_i$$



Where,

The dependent variable profitability is measured by Gross profit margin. We included 5 independent variables as follows:

a) Cloud services delivery:

We first measured a firm's use of cloud computing is by the percentage of its IT services that are delivered via the cloud. This can include Software as a Service (SaaS), Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS), and Platform as a Service (PaaS) offerings.

b) Cloud expenditure:

We also measured a firm's use of cloud computing is by its spending on cloud services. This includes costs for cloud infrastructure, software, and data storage.

c) *HHI*:

Competition rate is measured by Herfindahl-Hirschman Index (HHI). It calculates the sum of the squares of the market shares of all firms in the market. A higher HHI indicates a more concentrated market with less competition [25].

d) Cloud applications:

Measured by the number of cloud-based applications that the firm is using. This can give an idea of the extent to which the firm is using cloud computing.

e) Cloud governance:

Measured using the firm's cloud governance practices, including security, compliance, and data management. This can give an idea of how effectively the firm is using cloud computing.

Results

Table 1 and Table 2 report the multiple regression results of this research. It can be seen that the impact of cloud delivery on firm's profitability is positive and statistically significant. This means that if firm deliver services through cloud the profitability increases.

Cloud services delivery is a method of delivering software, infrastructure, and other IT resources through a network of remote servers, typically hosted on the internet. By utilizing cloud services, companies can reduce the costs associated with maintaining and upgrading their own IT infrastructure, as well as improve scalability and flexibility. By leveraging the shared resources of a cloud provider, companies can avoid the upfront costs of purchasing and maintaining their own hardware and software.

Additionally, cloud services can be scaled up or down as needed, allowing companies to pay only for the resources they actually use, rather than maintaining a large IT infrastructure that may not be fully utilized. By using cloud-based tools and applications, employees can access the resources they need from anywhere, at any time, which can increase collaboration and communication. Additionally, cloud services can automate many routine tasks, such as data backups and software updates, freeing up IT staff to focus on more strategic projects. Overall, cloud services can increase the agility of a company, allowing it to respond quickly to market changes and opportunities.



Table 1. Regression results

Dependent Variable: PROFITABILITY

Method: Least Squares

Sample: 1 115

Included observations: 115

Variable	Coefficient	Std. Error	t-Statistic	Prob.
CLOUD_DELIVERY CLOUD_EXPENDITURE HHI CLOUD_APPLICATIONS CLOUD_GOVERNANCE C	0.943674 0.781311 1.039595 0.946900 1.057744 -0.015576	0.080376 0.086756 0.089593 0.092420 0.091036 0.085568	11.74081 9.005799 11.60350 10.24560 11.61895 -0.182031	0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.8559
R-squared Adjusted R-squared S.E. of regression Sum squared resid Log likelihood F-statistic Prob(F-statistic)	0.832956 0.825294 0.906949 89.65867 -148.8649 108.7049 0.000000	Mean depend S.D. depende Akaike info cr Schwarz crite Hannan-Quin Durbin-Watso	nt var iterion rion n criter.	0.162621 2.169846 2.693303 2.836516 2.751432 1.734613

Table 1 and Table 2 also shows that the impact of cloud expenditure on firm's profitability is positive and statistically significant. This means that if firms spends on cloud rather than outdated infrastructure, the profitability increases. Cloud expenditure refers to the money that a company spends on cloud-based services, such as software, infrastructure, and storage. These services are typically delivered through a network of remote servers, hosted on the internet, and are used to support a wide range of business functions, such as data storage, software development, and customer relationship management.

It can be seen from table 1 and table 2 that the impact of HHI on firm's profitability is positive and statistically significant. This means that if the market competition is low the profitability increases. Low market competition refers to a situation in which there are relatively few firms operating in a particular market or industry, and where the competition between them is relatively weak. This can result in a variety of benefits for firms operating in such an environment, including increased profitability.

Low market competition can contribute to a firm's profit through pricing power. When there are relatively few firms operating in a market, each firm may have more control over the prices they charge for their products or services. This can allow them to charge higher prices, which can lead to increased revenue and profits. Additionally, firms may have more flexibility in terms of pricing strategies, such as offering discounts or promotions, without the fear of a significant negative impact on their sales or profitability.



Low market competition can contribute to a firm's profit is through reduced costs. When there are fewer firms operating in a market, there may be less pressure to reduce costs in order to remain competitive. This can allow firms to maintain higher profit margins, as they may not need to invest as much in research and development, marketing, or other costs in order to remain competitive. Additionally, firms may be able to achieve better economies of scale, which can also help to reduce costs and increase profits. Moreover, low market competition can also contribute to a firm's profit by providing them with more opportunities to differentiate themselves from their competitors. When there are fewer competitors, companies can focus on developing and promoting their unique value proposition, which can help them to attract more customers and generate more revenue. Additionally, companies can also focus on building a strong brand reputation, which can also help them to attract more customers and generate more revenue.

Table 2. Scaled Coefficients

Sample: 1 115

Included observations: 115

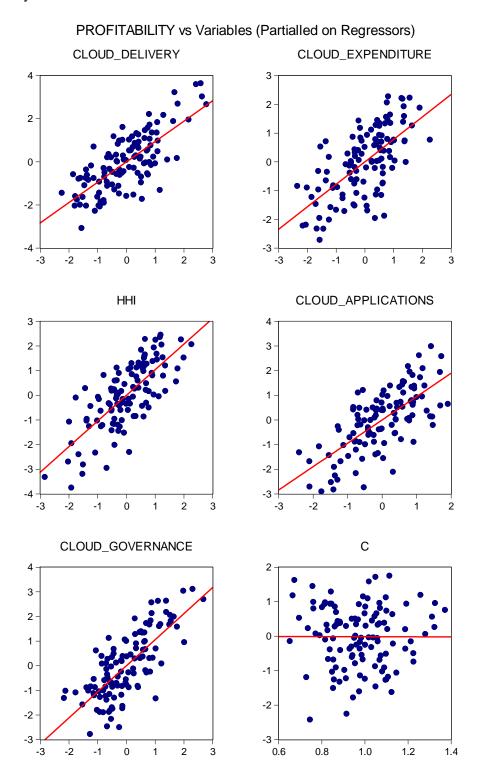
Variable	Coefficient	Standardized Coefficient	Elasticity at Means
CLOUD_DELIVERY CLOUD_EXPENDITURE HHI CLOUD_APPLICATIONS CLOUD_GOVERNANCE C	0.943674	0.461682	0.668055
	0.781311	0.363769	0.054205
	1.039595	0.462719	-0.232336
	0.946900	0.406312	-0.004462
	1.057744	0.464212	0.610319
	-0.015576	NA	-0.095781

Table 1 and table 2 also indicate that using cloud cloud-based applications drives profits. Using cloud-based applications refers to the practice of utilizing software that is hosted on remote servers and accessed over the internet, rather than installed on local computers or servers. These applications can be used to support a wide range of business functions, such as data storage, customer relationship management, and project management. cloud-based applications are often offered on a subscription basis, which allows companies to pay only for the resources they actually use, rather than maintaining a large IT infrastructure that may not be fully utilized. This can lead to significant cost savings over time, which can be invested back into the business or used to increase profitability. Moreover, using cloud-based applications also allows companies to be more agile and respond quickly to market changes and opportunities. They can easily scale up or down as per their business requirement, this help them to be more flexible and adaptable. Additionally, most of the cloud-based applications are continuously updated and improved by their providers, this means companies can always have access to the latest features and functionalities to run their businesses more effectively and efficiently.

Effective cloud governance can also increase the profitability of firms, as seen in table 1 and 2. Cloud governance refers to the set of policies, procedures, and standards that are put in place to ensure the safe, secure, and compliant use of cloud-based services within an organization [26], [27]. It includes a wide range of practices and controls, such as data security, access controls, and incident management, which are designed to protect the integrity, availability, and confidentiality of an organization's data and systems.



Figure 1. firm profitability and various cloud-use matrices



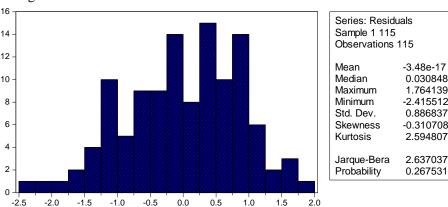
Cloud governance can contribute to a firm's profit through reducing risk. By implementing effective cloud governance practices, organizations can minimize the risk of data breaches, compliance violations, and other security incidents that can result in costly fines and reputational damage. Additionally, proper cloud governance can help organizations to maintain regulatory compliance, which is becoming increasingly important in certain industries such as healthcare, finance and e-commerce. This can help companies avoid costly fines and penalties.



Cloud governance can also contribute to a firm's profit is through ensuring the availability and integrity of data and systems. By implementing effective controls and procedures, organizations can ensure that their data and systems are available when needed, and that they are protected against unauthorized access, modification or deletion. This can help to improve business performance and customer satisfaction, which can ultimately contribute to increased profits. Furthermore, Cloud governance also helps organizations to optimize their cloud usage, which can lead to cost savings. This means that companies can be more effective in terms of their usage of cloud resources, they can avoid unnecessary spending on unused resources, and they can make the most of their cloud investments. This can help to increase their profitability. Additionally, cloud governance also helps companies to be more agile, as they can quickly and effectively respond to new business opportunities and challenges.

The Research -square and adjusted Research -square in Table 1 suggest that the model is well-fit. The figure 1 shows that the directions of each relationship between independent and dependent variable is positive. The figure 2 indicates that the model has satisfied the normality assumption of regression residuals.

Figure 2. Residual diagnostics



Conclusion

Cloud deployment can have a significant impact on profitability by reducing costs, increasing scalability, improving collaboration, and providing access to new technologies. By eliminating the need for businesses to invest in and maintain their own IT infrastructure, businesses can save money on IT costs. Cloud deployment also allows businesses to scale their resources up or down as needed, which can help them to save money on IT costs and respond to changing market conditions and customer needs. Additionally, cloud deployment can improve collaboration by making it easier for employees to work together on projects, enabling remote teams to work together more effectively, and providing access to new technologies that can help teams to gain new insights and improve their operations.

Furthermore, cloud deployment can improve profitability by providing access to new technologies such as machine learning, big data, artificial intelligence, and Internet of Things, that can help businesses to gain new insights, improve their operations, and increase revenue. Additionally, cloud deployment can improve customer experience by providing faster, more reliable, more personalized, and more secure service. This can have a significant impact on profitability by increasing customer satisfaction and loyalty, which can lead to increased revenue.



The findings of this indicate that cloud services, expenditure, governance and low market competition are all factors that can contribute to the profit of a firm. Cloud services delivery allows companies to reduce the costs associated with maintaining and upgrading their own IT infrastructure, as well as improve scalability and flexibility. Additionally, cloud expenditure can lead to cost savings, which can be invested back into the business or used to increase profitability. Cloud governance helps organizations to ensure the availability and integrity of data and systems, and it can also help to reduce risk and maintain regulatory compliance. Low market competition can lead to pricing power, reduced costs, and more opportunities for differentiation, which can ultimately contribute to increased profits.

Business organization should fully understand the capabilities and limitations of the various cloud services and solutions available. This includes understanding the different types of cloud services, such as infrastructure as a service (IaaS), platform as a service (PaaS), and software as a service (SaaS), as well as the specific features and capabilities of each. By fully understanding the options available, organizations can make informed decisions about which cloud services will best meet their needs and help them achieve their business goals.

Another important step is to develop a clear and comprehensive cloud strategy. This should include identifying which business processes and workloads are best suited for the cloud, as well as determining the most appropriate cloud deployment model (public, private, or hybrid). It is also important to establish clear governance, security and compliance policies, as well as procedures for incident management and disaster recovery. By having a clear and comprehensive cloud strategy in place, organizations can ensure that their cloud investments are aligned with their overall business goals and objectives.

It is also crucial to have a robust security and compliance framework in place. Cloud computing can expose organizations to various security and compliance risks, such as data breaches, unauthorized access and violations of regulatory requirements. To mitigate these risks, organizations should implement robust security and compliance measures, such as encryption, access controls, and incident management procedures. Additionally, organizations should conduct regular security assessments and penetration tests to identify and address any vulnerabilities in their cloud environment.

To ensure a successful cloud migration, organizations should also invest in the necessary resources and expertise to plan, design, and execute the migration process. This includes identifying the resources needed to migrate data and applications, as well as the technical and management expertise required to oversee the migration. Organizations should also establish a clear timeline for the migration process and set realistic milestones to track progress.

Organizations should continuously monitor and measure the performance and effectiveness of their cloud solutions. This includes regularly assessing the costs and benefits of their cloud investments, as well as monitoring the performance of their cloud-based applications and services. This will help organizations to identify and address any issues that may arise, as well as make adjustments as needed to ensure that their cloud solutions continue to meet their business needs and goals. By continuously monitoring and measuring the performance of their cloud solutions, organizations can ensure that they are getting the most value out of their cloud investments.



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