Relating and contrasting plain and prefix Kolmogorov complexity

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We present a short proof of Solovay's results from [5] relating plain and prefix complexity:

$$K(x) = C(x) + CC(x) + O(CCC(x))$$

$$C(x) = K(x) - KK(x) + O(KKK(x)),$$

(here CC(x) denotes C(C(x)), etc.).

In [3] a short proof is given that some strings have maximal plain Kolmogorov complexity but not maximal prefix-free complexity. The same proof technique was applied to solve three open problems (see [2]):

- 1) There exist a sequence ω such that $\liminf C(\omega_1 \dots \omega_n) C(n)$ is infinite and $\liminf K(\omega_1 \dots \omega_n) K(n)$ is finite, i.e. the infinitely often C-trivial reals are not the same as the infinitely often K-trivial reals, (i.e. [1, Question 1]).
- 2) The 2-random sequences are exactly those sequences that have infinitely many initial segments with maximal plain complexity. This also holds for prefix complexity. We show that some initial segments of a 2-random sequence with maximal plain do not have maximal prefix complexity (a question from L. Bienvenu).
- 3) We show that there exist no monotone relation between probability and expectation bounded randomness deficiency, (i.e. [4, Question 1]). Because of its simplicity, we present this proof.

If time permits, we discuss an unrelated negative result. Van Lambalgen theorem is shown for Martin-Löf randomness relative to computable measures: a pair of sequences (α, β) is random if and only if α is random and β is random relative to α . We argue that the theorem can not be generalized for randomness relative to a computable measure (a question from A. Shen and H. Takahashi [6]).

References

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