

THE USE OF UHPLC COUPLED TO SINGLE QUAD MS DETECTION IN FRANZ DIFFUSION CELL METHODOLOGIES

Lieselotte Veryser¹, Lien Taevernier¹, Evelien Wynendaele¹, Nathalie Roche² and Bart De Spiegeleer^{1,*}

¹Drug Quality and Registration (DruQuaR) group, Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Ghent University, Ottergemsesteenweg 460, B-9000 Ghent, Belgium.

²Department of Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery, University Hospital Ghent, De Pintelaan 185, B-9000 Ghent, Belgium.

* Corresponding author: bart.despiegeleer@ugent.be (O. Ref.: 2015-202b)

INTRODUCTION and OBJECTIVES

Ultraviolet/visible (UV/VIS) detector

- X
 - High detection limits
 - Lack of selectivity: co-eluting compounds having similar structures and UV spectra

Single quad MS detector

- ✓
 - Easy to use
 - Increased efficiency
 - Additional detection possibilities compared to UV/VIS
 - Scan selected mass range
 - Single ion monitoring (SIM)
 - Identification and quantification of compounds

- ✓ Quantification biologically active compounds in **plant extracts**
- ✓ In cosmetics for topical use

- ✓ **Anacyclus pyrethrum** plant extract containing the **N-alkylamides** (NAAs) pellitorine and anacycline



- ✓ **Spilanthes acmella** plant extract containing the NAA spilanthal



- ✓ Investigation transdermal behavior of *N*-alkylamides using *in vitro* Franz diffusion cell (FDC) experiment
- ✓ Quantification with UHPLC coupled to single quad MS detector

EXPERIMENTAL

- ✓ Investigation transdermal behaviour of *N*-alkylamides using *in vitro* FDC experiment [1]

- ✓ Human skin

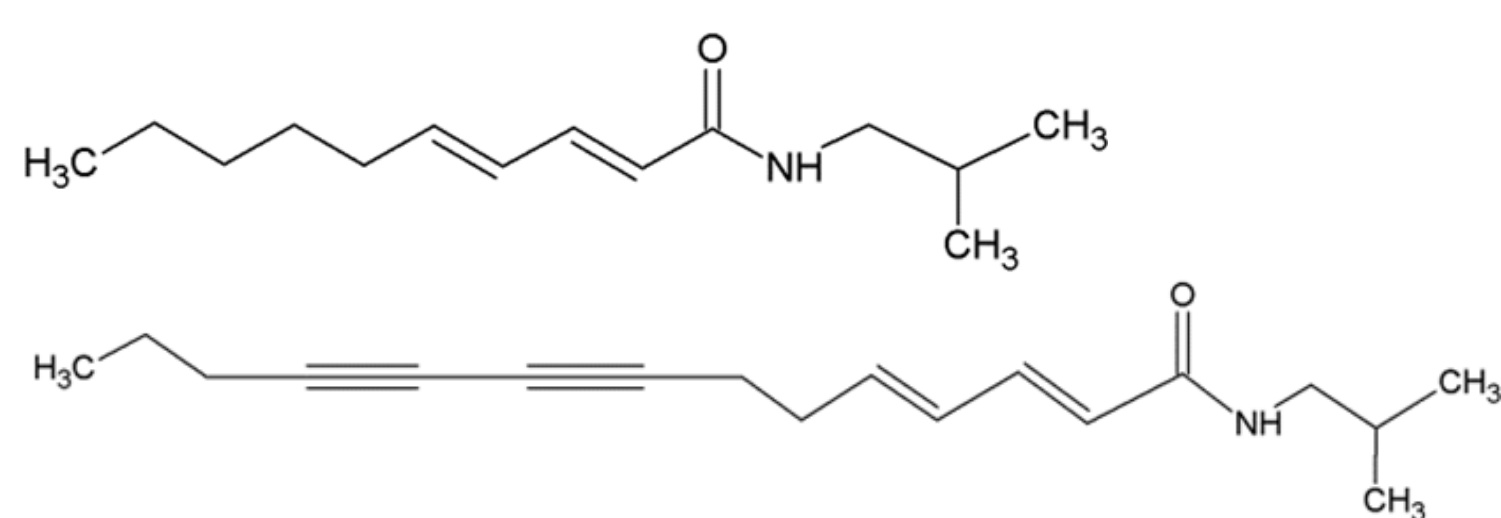
- ✓ Samples analysed with UHPLC-single quad MS/UV

- ✓ **Anacyclus pyrethrum extract**

- Split 1/10 MS/UV
- SIM pellitorine (*m/z* 224.36)
- SIM anacycline (*m/z* 272.40)
- UV 258 nm

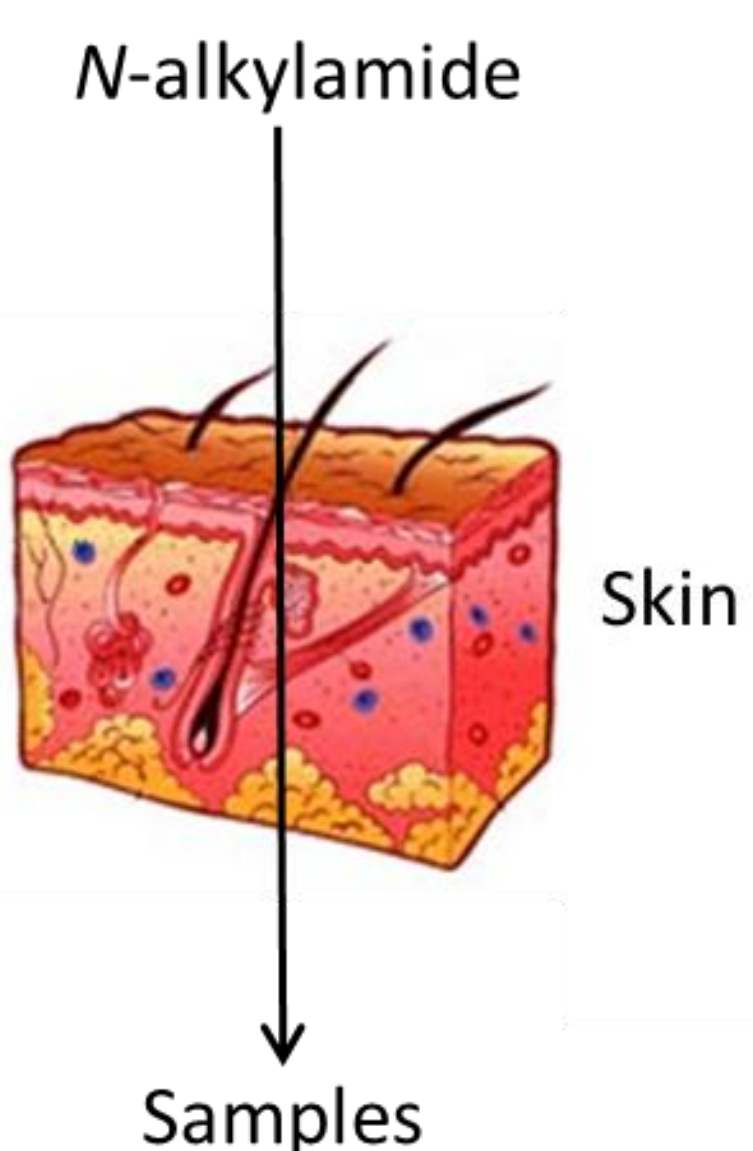
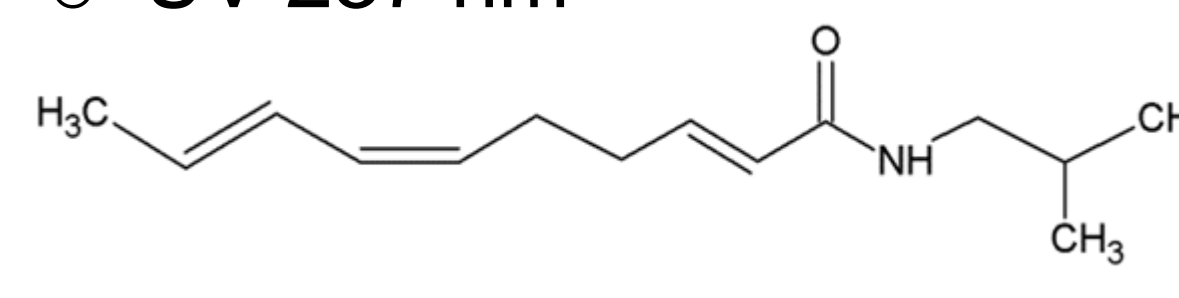
- ✓ Calculation skin parameters:

- Permeability coefficient (K_p), lag time (t_{lag}), flux (J_{ss}), percentage penetrated after 1 day (Q_{1d})



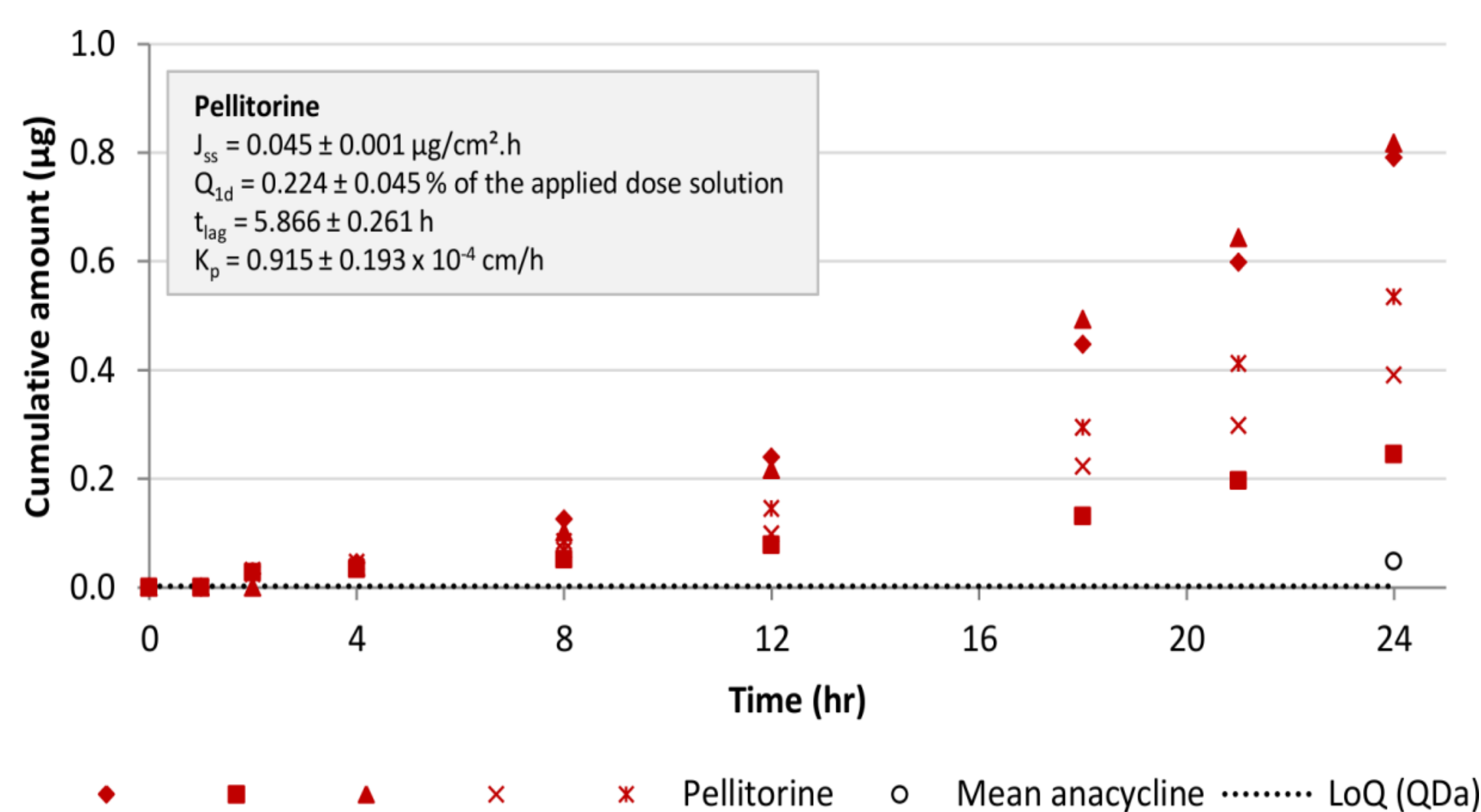
- ✓ **Spilanthes acmella extract**

- SIM spilanthal (*m/z* 222.15)
- UV 237 nm

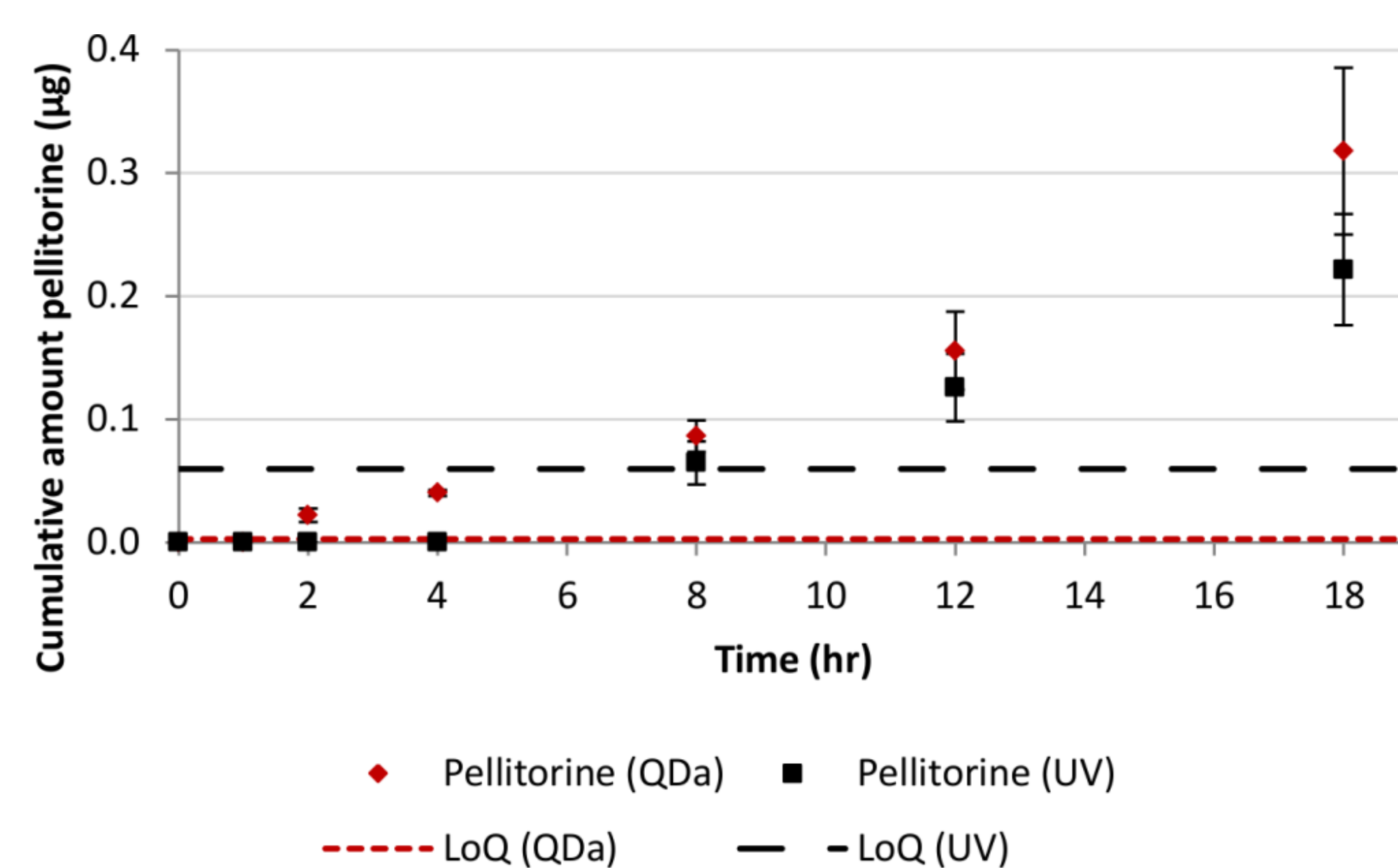


RESULTS and DISCUSSION

1. Transdermal results

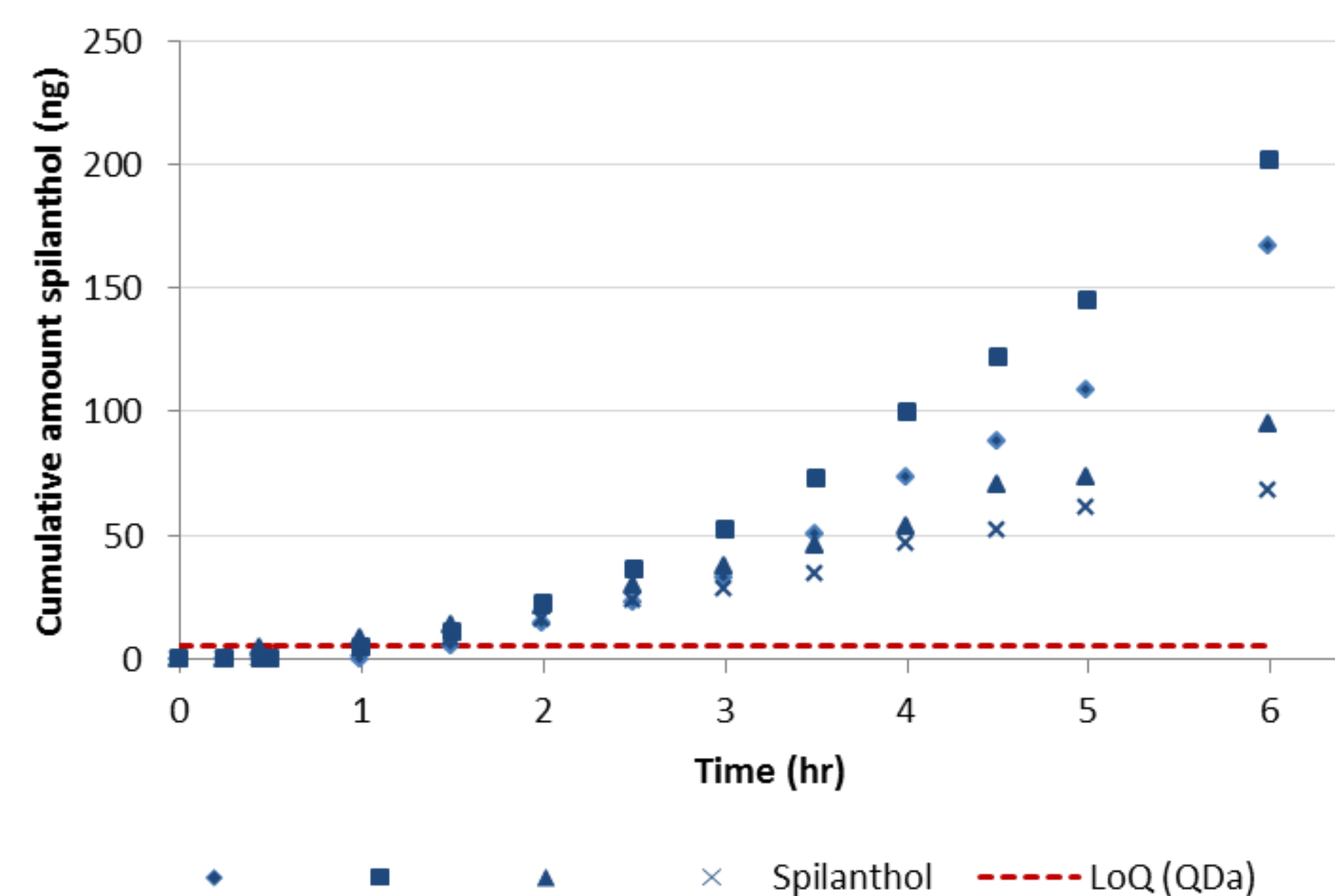
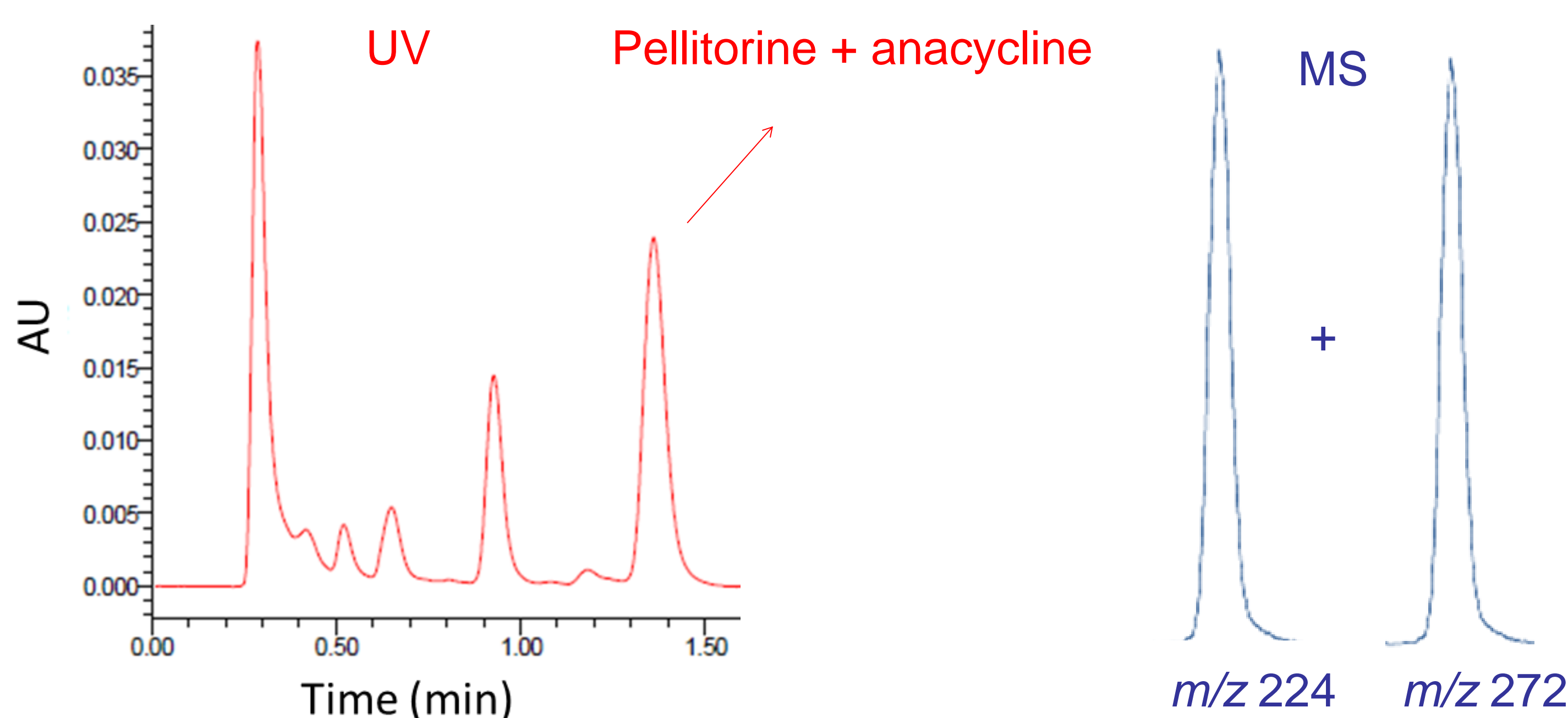


B) Lower LoQ values → better estimation of experimental t_{lag}



2. Advantages single quad MS compared to UV

A) Quantification possible without baseline separation in UV



CONCLUSIONS

- ✓ Quantification of different NAAs in plant extracts possible with UHPLC-single quad, even without baseline separation → better selectivity (versus UV)
- ✓ Low LoQ values are obtained with single quad MS → better estimation of lag time (versus UV)

REFERENCES

[1] Veryser L, Taevernier L, Roche N, Blondeel P, De Spiegeleer. 2015. Implementation of a single quad MS detector in high-throughput transdermal research of plant extracts. *Manuscript submitted for publication.*