



**British  
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# **A database of sources of information on mineral reaction kinetics**

Internal Report IR/05/051



BRITISH GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

INTERNAL REPORT IR/05/051

# **A database of sources of information on mineral reaction kinetics**

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*Bibliographical reference*

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# Foreword

Predictive geochemical computer modelling is becoming increasingly important for investigating many different scenarios relatively rapidly. Although such models are capable of modelling rate-controlled dissolution and precipitation, there is no standard database of kinetic functions. As a consequence, it is sometimes difficult to locate sources of information to aid modelling.

The aim of this report is to facilitate predictive modelling exercises by providing information on literature sources of mainly mineral reaction rate data. This has been done in the form of a searchable EndNote electronic database.

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## Summary

The rate and magnitude of geochemical reactions can be described by two main processes; thermodynamics which determines the end point of reaction (i.e. approach to equilibrium conditions), and kinetics which determines how rapidly the reaction proceeds. There have been many studies that have investigated equilibrium conditions and have generated a wealth of data. However, for many systems the rate at which the end point of the reaction is reached is of equal, and possibly greater importance (e.g. the behaviour of waste products stored within the geosphere or during weathering).

Predictive geochemical computer modelling is becoming increasingly important for investigating many different scenarios relatively rapidly. Although such models are capable of modelling rate-controlled dissolution and precipitation, there is no standard database of kinetic functions. As a consequence, it is sometimes difficult to locate sources of information to aid modelling.

The overall aim of this report, is to provide information on literature sources of mainly mineral reaction rate data. It is hoped that this will facilitate predictive modelling exercises, or laboratory experimental studies addressing gaps in data coverage. Information on the sources of literature information has been produced in the form of an EndNote electronic database (see Appendix I). This study does not however, go as far as extracting and tabulating all the individual data points within these references.

# 1 Introduction

All chemical reactions proceed in a way that minimises the free energy of the system involved. In other words, reactions will proceed towards chemical equilibrium. The underlying chemistry and physics of such reactions are equally applicable to geochemistry as to industrial chemical processing, and it is possible to use models based upon classical chemistry to describe geochemical reactions, provided that the appropriate basic data are available. The rate and magnitude of chemical reactions can be described by two main processes: thermodynamics which determines the end point of reaction (i.e. approach to equilibrium conditions), and kinetics which determines how rapidly the reaction proceeds.

There have been many studies that have investigated equilibrium conditions and have generated a wealth of data. These data have been assimilated and compiled into a variety of thermodynamic (equilibrium) databases. These databases can be used with various predictive modelling packages to describe the end points of reactions for given pressure and temperature conditions (e.g. EQ3/6 [Wolery 1992], PHREEQE [Parkhurst *et al.*, 1980], PHREEQC [Parkhurst 1985] and PRECIP [Noy 1998]). However, for many chemical systems the rate at which the end point of the reaction is reached is of equal, and possibly greater importance. Understanding the rate at which reactions occur is a key factor in many industrial and natural processes, and once again, chemical theory can provide a basic understanding for this process. It is possible to take this basis and build upon it for use in predictive geochemical models such as those mentioned above, where the issue of timescale is important.

For certain geological systems the assumption of equilibrium conditions is often a valid first approximation. However, many geological processes involve mass transport, and as a consequence dissolution and precipitation processes must have been active. Both of these processes necessitate non-equilibrium conditions and illustrate their importance in natural reactions in the geosphere. For example, weathering often involves the breakdown and dissolution of minerals formed under relatively dry conditions at high temperatures (e.g. feldspars in a granite), and their replacement by minerals that form under wet, low temperature conditions (e.g. clays).

Anthropogenic influences often involve the virtually instantaneous (relative to geological processes) formation of non-equilibrium chemical systems. Examples could include all forms of waste disposal (e.g. landfill, CO<sub>2</sub> injection, nuclear, fly ash), mining operations (e.g. ingress of oxygen into sulphide-rich mine working, leaching of spoil heaps), construction projects (e.g. concrete foundations, building stones), hydrocarbon extraction (e.g. improved oil recovery by seawater or gas injection, steam flooding, caustic flooding). Such systems result in very great chemical disequilibrium and the rapid initiation of chemical reactions. That such reactions do not occur instantaneously highlights the importance of reaction kinetics upon the systems. For example, mining operations can be a source of pollution for tens or hundreds of years until much of the accessible sulphide ore has been oxidised and heavy metals leached away. Similarly, concrete foundations of buildings do not give way immediately, but over tens of years might undergo sulphate attack leading to structural collapse.

The overall progression of reactions such as those highlighted above is most likely to be controlled by the rates at which particular minerals dissolve or precipitate. Investigation of these dissolution/precipitation reactions can thus provide data for inclusion into predictive models that simulate extended timescales. Unfortunately, precipitation reactions are less well



understood compared to dissolution reactions. This may arise because the necessary experiments are more complex than for dissolution experiments. As a consequence of the limited kinetic data available, most relates to dissolution kinetics alone. However, these dissolution reactions can still be very important when considering the release of pollutants or as rate limiting steps in a series of interconnected reactions.

The dissolution rate of a particular mineral will be a function of its atomic structure (i.e. the strength of the bonds that need to be broken) and the particular reaction mechanism. As a consequence, for any given surface area, each mineral will have a maximum (limiting) dissolution rate which can be investigated under 'far from equilibrium' conditions. Study of such reactions can thus give a maximum (i.e. best/worst possible case) rate of reaction that can be used in modelling studies. However, as equilibrium is approached this rate will decrease towards zero. Theories capable of handling chemical systems both 'far from' and 'near to' equilibrium exist, and mathematical functions to describe these are incorporated into various geochemical modelling packages. However, experimental data to parameterise these codes are generally lacking. It is vital therefore, that if accurate predictions are to be made with geochemical modelling packages kinetic data need to be either sourced or generated, and then assimilated before they can be readily utilised.

Predictive computer modelling is becoming increasingly important as many different scenarios can be explored relatively rapidly. However, any model is only as good as its programme and its database of underlying information. In the field of geochemistry much thermodynamic (equilibrium) data already exist, and though far from perfect, can be used to help explain various natural chemical systems. However, many codes based upon thermodynamic data do not adequately explain systems reacting relatively rapidly as they do not address the impact of kinetics upon chemical reactions. The term 'kinetics' could be equally applicable to gas-fluid, fluid-fluid, and gas-mineral reactions as well as fluid-mineral reactions. However, this report will concentrate upon fluid-mineral reactions, and in particular mineral dissolution kinetics. Mineral dissolution has a strong control on solution chemistry as it can both supply pollutant ions to solution, or act to control the source of ameliorating ions to solution.

Some dissolution kinetic data are available, but are limited in extent and not available in any concise, self-consistent database. Some predictive models do allow the user to input specific kinetic functions, but unlike thermodynamic data, no database of dissolution kinetic data is supplied with the code. One drawback to this, is that it is sometimes difficult to locate sources of information in the literature. The overall aim of this report therefore, is to provide information on sources of dissolution kinetics data for use by computer modellers. This has been produced in the form of an EndNote electronic database of sources of literature information (see Appendix I). This study does not however, go as far as extracting and tabulating all the individual data points within these references.

## 2 Some comments on the rates of mineral reactions

Mineral dissolution is influenced by a variety of factors. The most important of these include; temperature, solution composition (in particular pH), surface area available for dissolution, and degree of saturation. Other factors that can have an impact include; the presence of ligands to enhance dissolution by complexing with atoms/molecules at the mineral/solution interface, the presence of inhibitors that reduce dissolution, and for aluminosilicates the presence of dissolved Al.

The vast majority of dissolution rate studies are based on laboratory experiments. Of these, virtually all consider ‘far from equilibrium conditions’ (i.e. the experiments are run in such a way that the mineral under study dissolves at its maximum rate for the conditions of the experiment). A small proportion of studies have considered field systems, and even fewer have considered how dissolution (and precipitation) rate varies with degree of saturation of the solution.

For many experimental studies, a common approach used to describe reaction rates has been to use an expression that takes account of the most important factors influencing dissolution. Other factors affecting dissolution are reported if they can be identified, though there is usually not enough information to form a specific rate expression. The basic rate expression chosen (Lasaga, 1984) is commonly of the form:

$$\text{Rate} = k A (a_{\text{H}^+})^n (1-Q/K) \quad [1]$$

Where

k	=	rate constant
A	=	surface area
$(a_{\text{H}^+})^n$	=	dependence of the dissolution rate upon $a_{\text{H}^+}$ (i.e. pH)
$(1-Q/K)$	=	saturation state of the solution
Q	=	ion activity product
K	=	equilibrium constant

Equation [1] can be simplified if solutions are far from equilibrium:

$$\text{Rate} \approx k A (a_{\text{H}^+})^n \quad [2]$$

Both [1] and [2] are relatively simple rate expressions. More complex expressions (for example that might take account of Al concentration in solution) could be formulated from dissolution studies having a sufficient number of experimental observations.

The presence of the  $(1-Q/K)$  function is to reduce the overall rate value as the solution approaches equilibrium with the mineral being considered (i.e. when  $Q/K = 1$ , the overall rate drops to zero). It does however, assume an appropriate equilibrium constant is being used.

Surface areas are user specified for the particular system being addressed. It is noteworthy that when considering real systems, geometric surface areas may greatly underestimate actual surface areas, as factors such as surface roughness and the presence of open pores are not considered. Similarly, surface areas can change as reaction progresses, temporarily increasing if dissolution causes significant surface roughness, or decreasing as mineral grains are dissolved or get covered with secondary precipitates). The influence of surface area upon mineral dissolution rate is possibly the largest single source of uncertainty in dissolution studies. There is currently much debate amongst geoscientists about what measurements of

surface area actually represent, what proportion of the mineral surface is actively reacting, and how surface area is treated in predictive models.

Derivation of rate constants from laboratory experiments is usually the goal of most studies, and is also the main focus of this review. These constants are expressed as moles of mineral dissolved per unit surface area per unit time. Two common ways of expressing rates are used;  $\text{mol cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$  and  $\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ . These constants are also often expressed as  $\log_{10}$  values, with rate versus pH plots being essentially a log/log plot. This allows a wide range of values to be easily contained within a single diagram.

Dissolution rates are also commonly found to vary proportional to  $\text{H}^+$  ion activity. For example, most minerals have a minimum rate of dissolution under neutral conditions, but this increases towards the extremes of pH (as an example, see Figure 1). This variation is usually expressed as a dependence on  $(a_{\text{H}^+})^n$ , where 'n' is usually a fractional number. As dissolution rates generally increase towards the extremes of pH, then the 'n' will change sign depending on the acidity/alkalinity of the solution. Indeed, for near neutral solutions dissolution rates may be independent of pH, with  $n = 0$ . As  $a_{\text{H}^+}$  and  $a_{\text{OH}^-}$  are directly linked (via the disproportionation of water), it is also viable to use an  $(a_{\text{OH}^-})^n$  expression provided that the rate constant is adjusted accordingly.

As an example of how rate constants and dependence on  $(a_{\text{H}^+})^n$  or  $(a_{\text{OH}^-})^n$  are linked, consider the following. Assume that at a particular temperature, a certain mineral has a log dissolution rate of  $-15 \text{ mol cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$  at pH 11 and  $-14 \text{ mol cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$  at pH 13. As a consequence, 'n' (effectively the gradient of the line between the points in rate versus pH space) would be equal to  $-0.5$ . An extrapolation of this line to pH 0 gives a log dissolution rate of  $-20.5 \text{ mol cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ , and at pH 14 gives a log dissolution rate of  $-13.5 \text{ mol cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ . Thus,  $-20.5 \text{ mol cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$  could be used as a rate constant for  $(a_{\text{H}^+})^n$ , and  $-13.5 \text{ mol cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$  could be used as a rate constant for  $(a_{\text{OH}^-})^n$ . However, it should be noted that dissolution mechanisms may be different at high pH to those at low pH, and extrapolation of alkaline data to pH = 0 is 'meaningless' in terms of reality, but it may be a computational necessity depending on the type of predictive code used.

In recent years there has been increasing interest in investigating mineral dissolution rates in 'real' (i.e. field) situations. A relatively small number of studies have been undertaken and have mainly been confined to silicate minerals under neutral to slightly acidic conditions (e.g. biotite [Murphy *et al.*, 1998], quartz [Schulz and White, 1999], basalt [Benedetti *et al.*, 1992], silicate-rich soil [Drever *et al.*, 1994; Swoboda-Colberg and Drever, 1993], and various other minerals [Velbel, 1993]). These studies have the advantage of being more 'realistic' than rather idealised laboratory experiments, in that they can incorporate various 'environmental' factors such as corroded mineral grains, surface coatings, or partly saturated porewaters. They are however, more complex to interpret. Although there is much variation in the data, dissolution rates for silicate minerals derived from field measurements can be up to 4 orders of magnitude slower than those derived from laboratory measurements.

### 3 Compilation of an EndNote database of reference sources

As of March 2005, over 420 individual sources of information have been entered into the EndNote database. In general terms, references were included if they contained any information on the rates of mineral reactions, and especially if quantitative data were given. Primary sources of data and review articles were included. As the authors of this report have worked in the field of hyperalkaline systems for some years, more data sources relevant to higher pH conditions may have been included than would have otherwise been the case. This may be beneficial, in that there is a general bias towards studies at lower pH conditions.

For each reference included in the library, the following details were included:

- Author
- Title
- Year
- Journal: title, volume, issue and page numbers
- Keywords

The latter point is a very important part of the database, as the keywords are the primary method of interrogating the database and focussing in on the most important references of interest. The key words were split into several different groupings that reflect different aspects of the studies they cover (most of which are experimental). The titles of these groupings are not present in the EndNote database itself, but are included below to aid location of a suitable key word. It worth noting that these keywords have been assembled assuming that the studies used natural materials and far from equilibrium conditions (unless specified).

#### *Type of study*

field study	laboratory study
laboratory versus field study	modelling study
review study	theoretical study

#### *Type of kinetics*

crystallisation kinetics	depolymerisation kinetics
dissolution kinetics	nucleation kinetics
oxidation kinetics	precipitation kinetics
reduction kinetics	

#### *Experimental/field conditions*

acidic	low pH
neutral	mid pH
alkaline	high pH
low temperature	elevated temperature
high temperature	low pressure
elevated pressure	high pressure
near equilibrium	oxidising conditions
reducing conditions	

*Note: 1) For pH, it is assumed that acidic conditions are <5, and alkaline conditions are >9.*

2) For temperature, it is assumed that a 'low temperature' is room temperature or less, elevated temperature (e.g. room temp to 100°C), and a high temperature is >100°C.

3) For pressure, it is assumed that a 'low pressure' is atmospheric pressure, an 'elevated pressure' is just a few bars, and a high pressure is > a few bars.

4) 'Reducing conditions' are assumed to include anoxic and anaerobic conditions.

*Type of laboratory experiments*

batch experiments	column experiments
flow experiments	flow-through experiments
fluidised bed experiments	free drift experiments
mixed flow experiments	pH-stat experiments
rotating disc experiments	

*Note: 'Mixed flow experiments' are essentially the same as those using continuous-flow stirred tank reactors (CSTR).*

*Other experimental techniques*

AFM	atomic force microscopy
colourimetry	depth profiling
FTIR	infra-red
ion beam	interferometry
isotopes	raman
second harmonic generation	SHG
surface titration	XPS
X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy	X-ray reflectivity
zeta potential	

*Other experimental parameters*

activation energy	armouring
chemical affinity	corrosion
depolymerisation	dislocations
hydrolysis	inhibition
ion exchange	ionic strength
leaching	leached layers
ligands	point of zero charge
PZC	reaction mechanisms
saturation state	site potential
stirring	surface areas
surface charge	surface chemistry
surface coatings	surface complexes
surface hydration	surface layers
surface roughness	surface speciation

*Mineral group*

carbonates	clays
elements	feldspars
fluorides	garnets
gels	hydroxides
micas	oxides
phosphates	pyroxenes
silicates	sulphates

sulphides

*Minerals and similar*

adularia  
albite  
almandine  
analcime  
analcite  
anorthite  
apatite  
aragonite  
AsS  
augite  
bauxite  
bentonite  
birnessite  
bytownite  
calcium silicate hydrates  
cement minerals  
chalcopyrite  
cinnabar  
 $\text{Co}_2\text{SiO}_4$   
cristobalite  
diopside  
dolomite  
epidote  
faujasite  
Fe oxide  
FeS  
foshagite  
galena  
glauconite  
gypsum  
hematite  
HgS  
hornblende  
hydrogrossular  
illite  
K-feldspar  
kyanite  
lepidocrocite  
maghematite  
magnetite  
mercury sulphide  
microcline  
monazite  
montmorillonite  
 $\text{MnO}_2$   
Mn oxide  
Nepheline  
oligoclase

zeolites

akaganeite  
 $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$   
aluminia  
andalusite  
anhydrite  
anthophyllite  
apophyllite  
arsenopyrite  
 $\text{As}_2\text{S}_3$   
autunite  
bayerite  
 $\text{BeO}_2$   
brucite  
calcite  
celadonite  
chalcedony  
chlorite  
clinoptilolite  
corundum  
CSH  
disthene  
enstatite  
ettringite  
ferrihydrite  
 $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$   
forsterite  
Friedel's salt  
gibbsite  
goethite  
gyrolite  
heulandite  
hillebrandite  
hydrogarnet  
hydrotalcite  
jadeite  
kaolinite  
labradorite  
leucite  
magnesite  
marcasite  
metacinnabar  
moganite  
monohydrocalcite  
mordemite  
 $\text{MnOOH}$   
 $\text{MnSiO}_3$   
 $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2$   
olivine

opal  
orthoclase  
PbS  
phillipsite  
plagioclase  
prehnite  
pyrrhotite  
realgar  
sanidine  
selenite  
siderite  
silicalite  
smectite  
sphalerite  
Sr-feldspar  
stellerite  
strontianite  
sulphur  
titanite  
tourmaline  
troilite  
uranium oxide  
uranophane  
witherite  
zeolite precursors  
ZnO

*Rocks and similar*

alabaster  
basalt  
dacite  
glass  
lava  
marble  
sandstone  
shells

*Fluids*

acetate  
ascorbate  
benzoate  
citrate  
EDTA  
fulvic acid  
glycine  
humic acid  
malonate  
oxalic acid  
organics  
phosphoric acid  
propionate

orpiment  
paragonite  
perthite  
phlogopite  
portlandite  
pyrite  
quartz  
rutile  
saponite  
sepiolite  
silica  
SiO<sub>2</sub>  
soddyite  
spodumene  
staurolite  
stilbite  
sulfur  
tephroite  
tobermorite  
tricarboaluminate  
UO<sub>2</sub>  
uranium silicate  
willemite  
wollastonite  
zircon  
ZnS

borosilicate  
ceramic  
diorite  
granite  
limestone  
rhyolite  
serpentine  
soil

acetic acid  
ascorbic acid  
catechol  
CO<sub>2</sub>  
formate  
gluconate  
lactate  
lactic acid  
oxalate  
organic acids  
oxine  
phthalate  
pyrophosphate

salicylate  
silicic acid  
tracers

seawater  
supercritical water  
xylose

*Other study information*

Al-polymers  
bacteria  
cementation  
diagenesis  
environmental conditions  
lichen  
microbes  
plants  
synthetic  
upland  
weathering

amorphous  
biogenic  
denudation  
dislocations  
impurities  
lowland  
morphology  
siderophores  
uncertainty  
veins



## 4 Summary

The rate and magnitude of geochemical reactions can be described by two main processes: thermodynamics which determines the end point of reaction (i.e. approach to equilibrium conditions), and kinetics which determines how rapidly the reaction proceeds. There have been many studies that have investigated equilibrium conditions and have generated a wealth of data. However, for many systems the rate at which the end point of the reaction is reached is of equal, and possibly greater importance (e.g. the behaviour of waste products stored within the geosphere or during weathering).

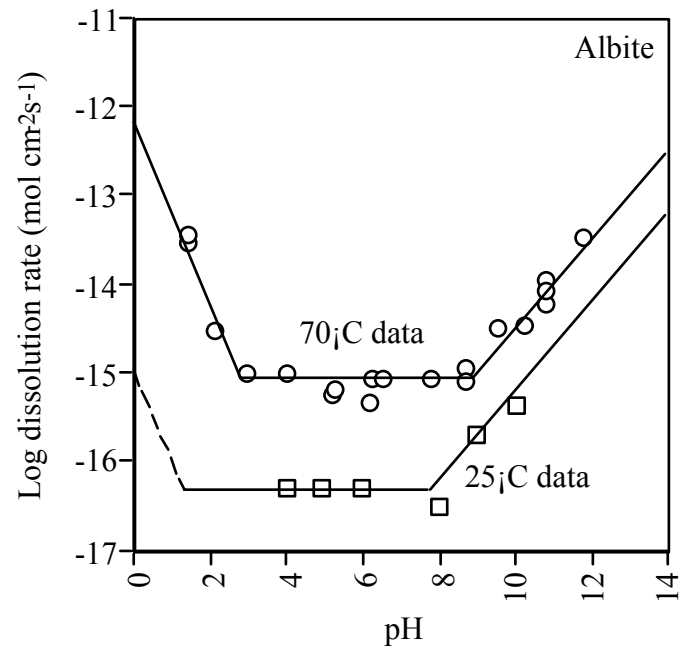
Predictive geochemical computer modelling is becoming increasingly important for investigating many different scenarios relatively rapidly. Although such models are capable of modelling rate-controlled dissolution and precipitation, there is no standard database of kinetic functions. As a consequence, it is sometimes difficult to locate sources of information to aid modelling.

The overall aim of this report, has been to provide information on literature sources of mainly mineral reaction rate data. It is hoped that this will facilitate predictive modelling exercises, or laboratory experimental studies addressing gaps in data coverage. Information on the sources of literature information has been produced in the form of an EndNote electronic database. This study does not however, go as far as extracting and tabulating all the individual data points within these references.

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Figure 1 Dissolution rate of albite as a function of pH and temperature (based upon data in Knauss and Wolery [1986]). Note that dissolution rate increases at higher temperatures and towards the extremes of pH.



# Appendix 1

Listing of information held within the EndNote database

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 253

**Author:** Abraitis, P.K.; Livens, F.R.; Monteith, J.E.; Small, J.S.; Trivedi, D.P.; Vaughan, D.J.; Wogelius, R.A.

**Year:** 2000

**Title:** The kinetics and mechanisms of simulated British magnox waste glass dissolution as a function of pH, silicic acid activity and time in low temperature aqueous systems

**Journal:** Applied Geochemistry

**Volume:** 15

**Pages:** 1399-1416

**Keywords:** glass, amorphous, dissolution kinetics, silicic acid, radioactive waste, borosilicate, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, laboratory study, low pressure, batch experiments, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 57

**Author:** Acker, J.G.; Bricker, O.P.

**Year:** 1992

**Title:** The influence of pH on biotite dissolution and alteration kinetics at low temperature

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 56

**Pages:** 3073-3092

**Keywords:** biotite, dissolution, micas, low temperature

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 290

**Author:** Al, T.A.; Martin, C.J.; Blowes, D.W.

**Year:** 2000

**Title:** Carbonate-mineral/water interactions in sulphide-rich mine tailings

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 64

**Issue:** 23

**Pages:** 3933-3948

**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, siderite, dissolution kinetics, precipitation kinetics, field study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 441

**Author:** Aldushin, K.; Jordan, G.; Rammensee, W.; Schmahl, W.W.; Becker, H.W.

**Year:** 2004

**Title:** Apophyllite (001) surface alteration in aqueous solutions studied by HAFM

**Journal:** 68

**Volume:** 2

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 112

**Author:** Alekseyev, V.A.; Medvedeva, L.S.; Prisyagina, N.I.; Meshalkin, S.S.; Balabin, A.I.

**Year:** 1977

**Title:** Change in the dissolution rates of alkali feldspars as a result of secondary mineral precipitation and approach to equilibrium

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 61

**Issue:** 6

**Pages:** 1125-1142

**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, alkali feldspar, albite, sanidine, dissolution kinetics, analcite, precipitation kinetics, laboratory study, high temperature, high pressure, high pH, near equilibrium, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 193

**Author:** Alekseyev, V.A.; Medvedeva, L.S.; Prisyagina, N.I.; Meshalkin, S.S.; Senin, V.G.; Andrianova, S.I.

**Year of Conference:** 1995

**Title:** Kinetics of feldspar dissolution at 300 °C and pH 9

**Editor:** Kharaka, Y.F.; Chudaev, O.V.

**Conference Name:** 8th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-8

**Conference Location:** Vladivostok, Russia, 15-19 August 1995

**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema

**Pages:** 137-140

**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, albite, K-feldspar, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, high temperature, high pressure, high pH, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 385

**Author:** Alkattan, M.; Oelkers, E.H.; Dandurand, J.-L.; Schott, J.

**Year:** 2002

**Title:** An experimental study of calcite dissolution rates at acidic conditions and 25C in the presence of NaPO<sub>3</sub> and MgCl<sub>2</sub>

**Journal:** Chemical Geology

**Volume:** 190

**Issue:** 1-4

**Pages:** 291-302

**Date:** 4 September 2002

**Keywords:** low temperature, low pressure, low pH, acidic, carbonates, calcite, laboratory study, dissolution kinetics, rotating disk kinetics, inhibition, surface chemistry, surface speciation

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 151

**Author:** Alkattan, M.; Oelkers, R.C.; Dandurand, J.-L.; Schott, J.

**Year:** 1998

**Title:** An experimental study of calcite and limestone dissolution rates as a function of pH from -1 to 3 and temperature from 25 to 80°C

**Journal:** Chemical Geology

**Volume:** 151

**Pages:** 199-214

**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, limestone, dissolution kinetics, low pH, low temperature, elevated temperature, rotating disc experiments, acidic, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 110

**Author:** Altaner, S.P.

**Year:** 1986

**Title:** Comparison of rates of smectite illitization with rates of K-feldspar dissolution

**Journal:** Clays and Clay Minerals

**Volume:** 34

**Issue:** 5

**Pages:** 608-611

**Keywords:** clays, silicates, smectite, K-feldspar, adularia, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, review study, elevated temperature, high temperature, high pressure, high pH, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 97

**Author:** Amrhein, C.; Suarez, D.L.

**Year:** 1988

**Title:** The use of a surface complexation model to describe the kinetics of ligand-promoted dissolution of anorthite

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 52

**Pages:** 2785-2793

**Keywords:** feldspars, silicates, anorthite, dissolution kinetics, oxalate, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, batch experiment, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 106

**Author:** Amrhein, C.; Suarez, D.L.

**Year:** 1992

**Title:** Some factors affecting the dissolution kinetics of anorthite at 25 °C

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 56

**Pages:** 1815-1826

**Keywords:** feldspars, silicates, anorthite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure, batch experiments, low pH, neutral, mid pH, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 98

**Author:** Anbeek, C.

**Year:** 1992

**Title:** The dependence of dissolution rates on grain size for some fresh and weathered feldspars

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 56

**Pages:** 3957-3970

**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, weathering, adularia, microcline, labradorite, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, flow-through experiments, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 254

**Author:** Antoni'c, T.; Ci'zme'k, A.; Kosanovi'c, C.; Suboti'c, B.

**Year:** 1993

**Title:** Dissolution of amorphous aluminosilicate zeolite precursors in alkaline solutions. Part 1 - Kinetics of the dissolution

**Journal:** Journal of the Chemical Society Faraday Transactions

**Volume:** 89

**Issue:** 11

**Pages:** 1817-1822

**Keywords:** zeolite precursors, gels, zeolites, amorphous, elevated temperature, high pH, batch experiments, dissolution kinetics, alkaline, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 255

**Author:** Antoni'c, T.; Ci'zme'k, A.; Suboti'c, B.

**Year:** 1994

**Title:** Dissolution of amorphous aluminosilicate zeolite precursors in alkaline solutions. Part 2 - Mechanism of the dissolution

**Journal:** Journal of the Chemical Society Faraday Transactions

**Volume:** 90

**Issue:** 13

**Pages:** 1973-1977

**Keywords:** zeolite precursors, gels, zeolites, amorphous, elevated temperature, high pH, batch experiments, dissolution kinetics, alkaline, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 231

**Author:** Arakaki, T.; Mucci, A.

**Year:** 1995

**Title:** A continuous and mechanistic representation of calcite reaction-controlled kinetics in dilute solutions at 25°C and 1 atm total pressure

**Journal:** Aquatic Geochemistry

**Volume:** 1

**Pages:** 105-130

**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, dissolution kinetics, batch experiment, free drift experiments, CO<sub>2</sub>, low temperature, low pressure, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 422

**Author:** Arvidson, R.S.

**Year of Conference:** 2002

**Title:** The distribution of dissolution rates on the calcite cleavage surface

**Conference Name:** Denver Annual Meeting

**Conference Location:** Colorado Convention Center: Exhibit Hall

**Volume:** 84-6

**Date:** October 28, 2002

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 404

**Author:** Arvidson, R.S.; Ertan, I.E.; Amonette, J.E.; Luttge, A.

**Year:** 2003

**Title:** Variation in calcite dissolution rates: A fundamental problem?

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 67

**Issue:** 9

**Pages:** 1623-1634

**Date:** September 3, 2002

**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, review, AFM, atomic force microscopy, mid pH, neutral, low temperature, low pressure, flow experiment

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 307

**Author:** Astilleros, J.M.; Pina, C.M.; Fernández-Díaz, L.; Putnis, A.

**Year:** 2000

**Title:** The effect of barium on calcite {1014} surfaces during growth

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 64

**Issue:** 17

**Pages:** 2965-2972

**Keywords:** calcite, carbonates, precipitation kinetics, low temperature, low pressure, laboratory study, batch experiments, AFM, atomic force microscopy, flow experiments, alkaline, high pH, synthetic, inhibition

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 218

**Author:** Awad, A.; Groos, A.F. Koster van; Guggenheim, S.

**Year:** 2000

**Title:** Forsteritic olivine: Effect of crystallographic direction on dissolution kinetics

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 64

**Issue:** 10



**Pages:** 1765-1772

**Keywords:** silicates, fosterite, olivine, dissolution kinetics, low pH, low temperature, elevated temperature, laboratory study, batch experiments, acidic

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 337

**Author:** Azaroual, M.; Plagnes, V.; Matsunaga, I.

**Year of Conference:** 2001

**Title:** Soultz granite - saline water interactions at 175-200°C and 10-50 bar: experimental and thermo-kinetic modeling approaches

**Editor:** Cidu, R.

**Conference Name:** 10th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-10

**Conference Location:** Villasimius, Italy, 10-15 July 2001

**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema, Rotterdam

**Volume:** 1

**Number of Volumes:** 2

**Pages:** 231-234

**Keywords:** modelling study, dissolution kinetics, high temperature, elevated pressure, mid pH, neutral, quartz, K-feldspar, plagioclase, biotite, illite, hematite, calcite, clays, micas, carbonates, feldspars, silicates, oxides

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 249

**Author:** Banerjee, D.; Nesbitt, H.W.

**Year of Conference:** 1999

**Title:** XPS study of reductive dissolution of birnessite by oxalate: rates and mechanistic aspects of dissolution and redox processes

**Conference Name:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 63

**Pages:** 3025-3038

**Keywords:** birnessite, manganese oxide, MnO<sub>2</sub>, dissolution kinetics, oxalate, XPS, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 214

**Author:** Banwart, S.A.; Perez, J.R.; Malmström, M.; Berg, A.; Strömberg, B.

**Year of Conference:** 1996

**Title:** Weathering kinetics and the chemodynamics of pH and redox buffering at the atmosphere-geosphere interface

**Editor:** Bottrell, S.H.

**Conference Name:** Fourth International Symposium on the Geochemistry of the Earth's Surface

**Conference Location:** Ilkley, Yorkshire, UK

**Pages:** 723-727

**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, review study, laboratory versus field study, pyrite, chalcopyrite, anorthite, albite, biotite, sulphides, feldspars, silicates, micas

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 263

**Author:** Barnett, M.O.; Turner, R.R.; Singer, P.C.

**Year:** 2001

**Title:** Oxidative dissolution of metacinnabar (b-HgS) by dissolved oxygen

**Journal:** Applied Geochemistry

**Volume:** 16

**Pages:** 1499-1512

**Keywords:** metacinnabar, cinnabar, HgS, mercury sulphide, sulphides, neutral, mid pH, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure, batch experiments, flow experiments, column experiments, oxidising conditions, oxidation kinetics, dissolution kinetics, low pH, acidic, activation energy, synthetic, stirring

**Reference Type:** Book Section  
**Record Number:** 322  
**Author:** Barrer, R.M.  
**Year:** 1985  
**Title:** Synthesis of zeolites  
**Editor:** Drzaj, B.; Hocevar, S.; Pejovnik, S.  
**Book Title:** Zeolites. Synthesis, structure, technology and application  
**Publisher:** Elsevier  
**Pages:** 1-26  
**Series Title:** Studies in surface science and catalysis 24  
**Keywords:** silicates, zeolites, precipitation kinetics, crystallization kinetics, nucleation kinetics, gels, faujasite, amorphous, activation energy, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 6  
**Author:** Barton, A.F.M; Wilde, N.M.  
**Year:** 1971  
**Title:** Dissolution rates of polycrystalline samples of gypsum and orthorhombic forms of calcium sulphate by a rotating disc method  
**Journal:** Transactions of the Faraday Society  
**Volume:** 67  
**Pages:** 3590-3597  
**Keywords:** sulphates, gypsum, dissolution kinetics, low pressure, low temperature, rotating disc experiments, neutral, mid pH, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 146  
**Author:** Bauer, A.; Gerger, G.  
**Year:** 1998  
**Title:** Kaolinite and smectite dissolution rate in high molar KOH solutions at 35°C and 80°C  
**Journal:** Applied Geochemistry  
**Volume:** 13  
**Issue:** 7  
**Pages:** 905-916  
**Keywords:** silicates, clays, kaolinite, smectite, dissolution kinetics, elevated temperature, high pH, batch experiments, alkaline, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 201  
**Author:** Benedetti, M.; Menard, O.; Noack, Y.  
**Year of Conference:** 1992  
**Title:** Geochemistry of water and chemical weathering rates under a humid tropical climate  
**Editor:** Kharaka, Y.K.; Maest, A.S.  
**Conference Name:** 7th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-7  
**Conference Location:** Park City, Utah, USA, 13-18 July 1992  
**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema  
**Volume:** 1  
**Number of Volumes:** 2  
**Pages:** 545-548  
**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, laboratory versus field study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 346  
**Author:** Benner, S.G.; Blowes, D.W.; Ptacek, C.J.; Mayer, K.U.

**Year:** 2002  
**Title:** Rates of sulfate reduction and metal sulfide precipitation in a permeable reactive barrier  
**Journal:** Applied Geochemistry  
**Volume:** 17  
**Pages:** 301-320  
**Keywords:** sulphides, precipitation kinetics, reducing conditions, low pressure, low temperature, bacteria, field study, activation energy

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 81  
**Author:** Bennett, P.C.  
**Year:** 1991  
**Title:** Quartz dissolution in organic-rich aqueous systems  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 55  
**Pages:** 1781-1797  
**Keywords:** silicates, quartz, dissolution kinetics, organic acids, low temperature, elevated temperature, batch experiments, low pressure, laboratory study, oxalate, citrate, phthalate, salicylate

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 314  
**Author:** Berg, A.; Banwart, S.A.  
**Year:** 2000  
**Title:** Carbon dioxide mediated dissolution of Ca-feldspar: implications for silicate weathering  
**Journal:** Chemical Geology  
**Volume:** 163  
**Pages:** 25-42  
**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, anorthite, plagioclase, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure, mid pH, neutral pH, flow-through experiments, CO<sub>2</sub>, reaction mechanism, surface speciation, oxalate, review study, weathering

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 165  
**Author:** Berger, G.  
**Year of Conference:** 1995  
**Title:** The dissolution rate of sanidine between 100 and 300°C  
**Editor:** Kharaka, Y.K.; Chudaev, O.V.  
**Conference Name:** 8th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction (WRI-8)  
**Conference Location:** Vladivostok, Russia, 15-19 August 1995  
**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema, Rotterdam  
**Pages:** 141-144  
**Keywords:** silicates, sanidine, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, mixed flow experiments, elevated pressure, high temperature, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, acidic, alkaline, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 279  
**Author:** Berger, G.; Beaufort, D.; Lachapagne, J.-C.  
**Year of Conference:** 1998  
**Title:** Dissolution of sanidine up to 300°C near equilibrium at approximately neutral pH  
**Editor:** Arehart, G.B.; Hulston, J.R.  
**Conference Name:** 9th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction (WRI-9)  
**Conference Location:** Taupo, New Zealand, 30 March-3 April 1998  
**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema, Rotterdam  
**Pages:** 823-826  
**Keywords:** silicates, sanidine, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, batch experiments, elevated temperature, high temperature, low pressure, elevated pressure, neutral, mid pH, leached layers

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 132  
**Author:** Berner, R.A.; Morse, J.W.  
**Year:** 1974  
**Title:** Dissolution kinetics of calcium carbonate in sea water IV: Theory of calcite dissolution  
**Journal:** American Journal of Science  
**Volume:** 274  
**Pages:** 108-134  
**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, dissolution kinetics, theoretical study, review study, low pH, mid pH, neutral, acidic

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 332  
**Author:** Betts, J.; Grandstaff, D.E.  
**Year of Conference:** 2001  
**Title:** Glauconite dissolution rates and the chemical evolution of vadose waters in the Hornerstown Formation, Hornerstown, New Jersey  
**Editor:** Cidu, R.  
**Conference Name:** 10th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-10  
**Conference Location:** Villasimius, Italy, 10-15 July 2001  
**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema, Rotterdam  
**Volume:** 1  
**Number of Volumes:** 2  
**Pages:** 363-366  
**Keywords:** silicates, micas, glauconite, dissolution kinetics, field study, weathering, neutral, mid pH, low temperature, low pressure

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 99  
**Author:** Bevan, J.; Savage, D.  
**Year:** 1989  
**Title:** The effect of organic acids on the dissolution of K-feldspar under conditions relevant to burial diagenesis  
**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine  
**Volume:** 53  
**Pages:** 415-425  
**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, K-feldspar, dissolution kinetics, organic acids, batch experiments, elevated temperature, high pressure, laboratory study, low pH, high pH, oxalic acid, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 265  
**Author:** Bildstein, O.; Worden, R.H.; Brosse, E.  
**Year:** 2001  
**Title:** Assessment of anhydrite dissolution as the rate-limiting step during thermochemical sulfate reduction  
**Journal:** Chemical Geology  
**Volume:** 176  
**Pages:** 173-189  
**Keywords:** sulphates, anhydrite, reduction kinetics, armouring, modelling study, elevated temperature, high temperature, theoretical study, reducing conditions, reaction mechanisms

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 187  
**Author:** Blake, R.E.; Walter, L.M.  
**Year:** 1999

**Title:** Kinetics of feldspar and quartz dissolution at 70-80°C and near-neutral pH: Effects of organic acids and NaCl

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 63

**Issue:** 13/14

**Pages:** 2043-2059

**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, labradorite, orthoclase, albite, quartz, dissolution kinetics, elevated temperature, low pressure, mid pH, neutral, organic acids, laboratory study, batch experiments

**Reference Type:** Thesis

**Record Number:** 135

**Author:** Blanchard, I.G.

**Year:** 1994

**Title:** Epidote dissolution kinetics: An experimental study at 250 °C and 500 bars between pH 3.4 and pH 12

**Academic Department:** Earth Sciences

**City:** Leeds

**University:** Leeds

**Number of Pages:** 43

**Thesis Type:** MSc

**Keywords:** silicates, epidote, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, batch experiment, high temperature, high pressure, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 22

**Author:** Blum, A.; Lasaga, A.

**Year:** 1988

**Title:** Role of surface speciation in the low-temperature dissolution of minerals

**Journal:** Nature

**Volume:** 331

**Pages:** 431-433

**Keywords:** surface speciation, low temperature, dissolution kinetics, reaction mechanisms, albite, feldspar, olivine, silicates, feldspars

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 197

**Author:** Blum, A.; Schulz, M.; White, A.

**Year:** 1998

**Title:** Controls on silicate weathering rates in soils

**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine

**Volume:** 62A

**Pages:** 172-173

**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, review study, laboratory versus field study

**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1998 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Toulouse, France

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 113

**Author:** Blum, A.E.; Lasaga, A.C.

**Year:** 1991

**Title:** The role of surface speciation in the dissolution of albite

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 55

**Pages:** 2193-2201

**Keywords:** silicates, albite, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, surface speciation, reaction mechanism, laboratory study, review study, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 87  
**Author:** Blum, A.E.; Yund, R.A.; Lasaga, A.C.  
**Year:** 1990  
**Title:** The effect of dislocation density on the dissolution rate of quartz  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 54  
**Pages:** 283-297  
**Keywords:** quartz, synthetic, dissolution kinetics, dislocations, low temperature, elevated temperature, laboratory study, fluidised bed experiments, low pressure

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 426  
**Author:** Boram, L.H.  
**Year of Conference:** 2003  
**Title:** Feldspar dissolution as a source of cations for carbonate growth in a carbon sequestration context: EQ3/6 modeling and laboratory experiments  
**Conference Name:** AAPG Annual meeting 2003  
**Date:** 2003

**Reference Type:** Book Section  
**Record Number:** 412  
**Author:** Bosbach, D.  
**Year:** 2002  
**Title:** Linking molecular-scale barite precipitation mechanisms with macroscopic crystal growth rates  
**Editor:** Hellmann, R.; Wood, S.A.  
**Book Title:** Water-Rock Interactions, Ore Deposits, and Environmental Geochemistry: A Tribute to David A. Crear  
**Publisher:** The Geochemical Society, Special Publication No. 7, 2002  
**Pages:** 97-110  
**Keywords:** sulphates, precipitation kinetics, barite, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure, AFM, atomic force microscopy, flow experiment, mid pH, neutral

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 40  
**Author:** Bosbach, D.; Jordan, G.; Rammensee, W.  
**Year:** 1995  
**Title:** Crystal growth and dissolution kinetics of gypsum and fluorite: An in situ Scanning Force Microscope study  
**Journal:** Eur. J. Mineral.  
**Volume:** 7  
**Pages:** 267-276  
**Keywords:** sulphates, fluorides, gypsum, fluorite, dissolution kinetics, precipitation kinetics, laboratory study, atomic force microscopy, AFM

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 316  
**Author:** Bosnar, S.; Subotic, B.  
**Year:** 1999  
**Title:** Mechanism and kinetics of the growth of zeolite microcrystals. Part 1: Influence of the alkalinity of the system on the growth kinetics of zeolite A microcrystals  
**Journal:** Microporous and Mesoporous Materials  
**Volume:** 28  
**Pages:** 483-493  
**Keywords:** silicates, synthetic, zeolites, precipitation kinetics, crystallization kinetics, gels, laboratory study, batch experiments, alkaline, high pH, elevated temperature, low pressure, amorphous

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 175  
**Author:** Bourcier, W.L.; Weed, H.C.; Nguyen, S.N.; Nielsen, J.K.; Morgan, L.; Newton, L.; Knauss, K.G.  
**Year of Conference:** 1992  
**Title:** Solution compositional effects on the dissolution kinetics of borosilicate glass  
**Editor:** Kharaka, Y.K.; Maest, A.S.  
**Conference Name:** 7th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-7  
**Conference Location:** Park City, Utah, USA, 13-18 July 1992  
**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema  
**Volume:** 1  
**Number of Volumes:** 2  
**Pages:** 81-84  
**Keywords:** borosilicate, glass, amorphous, dissolution kinetics, elevated temperatures, flow-through experiments, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, acidic, alkaline, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 205  
**Author:** Brady, P.V.  
**Year of Conference:** 1992  
**Title:** Surface complexation and mineral growth: Sepiolite  
**Editor:** Kharaka, Y.K.; Maest, A.S.  
**Conference Name:** 7th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-7  
**Conference Location:** Park City, Utah, USA, 13-18 July 1992  
**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema  
**Volume:** 1  
**Number of Volumes:** 2  
**Pages:** 85-88  
**Keywords:** sepiolite, clays, precipitation kinetics, laboratory study, batch experiments, low temperature, low pressure, high pH, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 243  
**Author:** Brady, P.V.; Dorn, R.I.; Brazel, A.J.; Clark, J.; Moore, R.B.; Glidewell, T.  
**Year:** 1999  
**Title:** Direct measurement of the combined effects of lichen, rainfall, and temperature on silicate weathering  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 63  
**Issue:** 19/20  
**Pages:** 3293-3300  
**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, environmental conditions, field study, low temperature, low pressure, plagioclase, olivine, lichen, weathering, silicates, feldspars

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 82  
**Author:** Brady, P.V.; Walther, J.V.  
**Year:** 1989  
**Title:** Controls on silicate dissolution rates in neutral and basic pH solutions at 25 °C  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 53  
**Pages:** 2823-2830  
**Keywords:** review study, dissolution kinetics, silicates, feldspars, pyroxenes, quartz, anorthite, nepheline, bytownite, chrysotile, forsterite, enstatite, kaolinite, corundum, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, low temperature, elevated temperature, acidic, alkaline, clays, serpentine, olivine

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 93  
**Author:** Brady, P.V.; Walther, J.V.  
**Year:** 1990  
**Title:** Kinetics of quartz dissolution at low temperatures  
**Journal:** Chemical Geology  
**Volume:** 82  
**Pages:** 253-264  
**Keywords:** silicates, quartz, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, batch experiments, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pressure, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, acid, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 309  
**Author:** Brady, P.V.; Walther, J.V.  
**Year:** 1992  
**Title:** Surface chemistry and silicate dissolution at elevated temperatures  
**Journal:** American Journal of Science  
**Volume:** 292  
**Pages:** 639-658  
**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, review study, surface charge, laboratory study, silica, SiO<sub>2</sub>, alumina, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, albite, feldspars, plagioclase, kaolinite, forsterite, olivine, muscovite, mica, silicates, low pH, acidic, mid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline, low temperature, low pressure, elevated temperature, clays, oxides, site potential

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 402  
**Author:** Brandt, F.; Bosbach, D.; Krawczyk-Barsch, E.; Arnold, T.; Bernhard, G.  
**Year:** 2003  
**Title:** Chlorite dissolution in the acid pH-range: A combined microscopic and macroscopic approach  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 67  
**Issue:** 8  
**Pages:** 1451-1461  
**Date:** October 15, 2002  
**Keywords:** chlorite, dissolution kinetics, mixed flow experiments, AFM, atomic force microscopy, low temperature, low pH, mid pH, silicates, micas, laboratory study, acidic, neutral, low pressure

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 206  
**Author:** Brantley, S.L.  
**Year of Conference:** 1992  
**Title:** Kinetics of dissolution and precipitation - Experimental and field results  
**Editor:** Kharaka, Y.K.; Maest, A.S.  
**Conference Name:** 7th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-7  
**Conference Location:** Park City, Utah, USA, 13-18 July 1992  
**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema  
**Volume:** 1  
**Number of Volumes:** 2  
**Pages:** 3-6  
**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, precipitation kinetics, review study, laboratory versus field study

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 340  
**Author:** Brantley, S.L.; Bau, M.; Yau, S.; Alexander, B.; Chesley, J.  
**Year of Conference:** 2001



**Title:** Interpreting kinetics of groundwater-mineral interaction using major element, trace element, and isotopic tracers

**Editor:** Cidu, R.

**Conference Name:** Proceedings of the 10th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-10

**Conference Location:** Villasimius, Italy, 10-15 July 2001

**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema, Rotterdam

**Volume:** 1

**Number of Volumes:** 2

**Pages:** 13-17

**Keywords:** modelling study, field study, tracers, isotopes, dissolution kinetics

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 107

**Author:** Brantley, S.L.; Stillings, L.

**Year:** 1994

**Title:** An integrated model for feldspar dissolution under acid conditions

**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine

**Volume:** 58A

**Pages:** 117-118

**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, review study, weathering, laboratory study, field study, low pH, acidic

**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1994 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Edinburgh, Scotland

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 96

**Author:** Brantley, S.L.; Stillings, L.

**Year:** 1996

**Title:** Feldspar dissolution at 25 °C and low pH

**Journal:** American Journal of Science

**Volume:** 296

**Pages:** 101-127

**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, leached layer, surface chemistry, albite, microcline, review study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 242

**Author:** Brosse, É.; Matthews, J.; Bazin, B.; Gallo, Y. Le; Sommer, F.

**Year:** 2000

**Title:** Related quartz and illite cementation in the Brent sandstones: A modelling approach

**Journal:** Special Publication of the International Association of Sedimentologists

**Volume:** 29

**Pages:** 51-66

**Keywords:** modelling study, review study, elevated temperature, high temperature, high pressure, quartz, K-feldspar, albite, kaolinite, illite, calcite, silicates, feldspars, clays, carbonates

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 380

**Author:** Brown, J.G.; Glynn, P.D.

**Year:** 2003

**Title:** Kinetic dissolution of carbonates and Mn oxides in acidic water: measurement of in situ field rates and reactive transport modeling

**Journal:** Applied Geochemistry

**Pages:** 1225-1239

**Date:** 3 January 2003

**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, dolomite, dissolution kinetics, pyrolusite, low pH, mid pH, neutral, acidic, MnO<sub>2</sub>, oxides, field study, low temperature, low pressure

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 15

**Author:** Bruno, J.; Casas, I.; Puigdomenech, I.

**Year:** 1991

**Title:** The kinetics of UO<sub>2</sub> under reducing conditions and the influence of an oxidised surface layer (UO<sub>2+x</sub>): Application of a continuous flow-through reactor

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 55

**Pages:** 647-658

**Keywords:** oxides, uranium oxide, UO<sub>2</sub>, reducing conditions, flow-through experiments, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, batch experiment, flow experiments

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 282

**Author:** Bullen, T.D.; White, A.F.; Vivit, D.V.; Schulz, M.S.

**Year of Conference:** 1998

**Title:** Granitoid weathering in the laboratory: Chemical and Sr isotope perspectives on mineral dissolution rates

**Editor:** Arehart, G.B.; Hulston, J.R.

**Conference Name:** 9th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction (WRI-9)

**Conference Location:** Taupo, New Zealand, 30 March-3 April 1998

**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema, Rotterdam

**Pages:** 383-386

**Keywords:** granite, dissolution kinetics, weathering, flow experiments, column experiments, isotopes, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure, mid pH, neutral

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 229

**Author:** Busenberg, E.; Clemency, C.V.

**Year:** 1976

**Title:** The dissolution kinetics of feldspars at 25°C and 1 atm CO<sub>2</sub> partial pressure

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 40

**Pages:** 41-49

**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, K-feldspar, plagioclase, low temperature, low pressure, batch experiments, CO<sub>2</sub>, low pH, acidic, laboratory study, dissolution kinetics

**Reference Type:** Book Section

**Record Number:** 116

**Author:** Busenberg, E.; Plummer, L.N.

**Year:** 1986

**Title:** A comparative study of the dissolution and crystal growth kinetics of calcite and aragonite

**Editor:** Mumpton, F.A.

**Book Title:** Studies in Diagenesis

**Publisher:** U.S. Geological Survey

**Volume:** 1578

**Pages:** 139-168

**Series Title:** U.S. Geological Survey Bulletin

**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, aragonite, dissolution kinetics, precipitation kinetics, laboratory study, pH-stat experiments, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 166

**Author:** Cama, J.; Ayora, C.

**Year:** 1998

**Title:** Modelling the dissolution behaviour of a clayey barrier  
**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine  
**Volume:** 62A  
**Pages:** 271-272  
**Keywords:** silicates, smectite, clays, dissolution kinetics, modelling study, flow-through experiments, mid pH, neutral, high pH, elevated temperatures, alkaline  
**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1998 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Toulouse, France

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 167  
**Author:** Cama, J.; Ayora, C.; Lasaga, A.C.  
**Year of Conference:** 1996  
**Title:** The effect of deviation from equilibrium on the dissolution rate and on apparent variations in the activation energy  
**Editor:** Bottrell, S.H.  
**Conference Name:** Fourth International Symposium on the Geochemistry of the Earth's Surface  
**Conference Location:** Ilkley, Yorkshire, UK  
**Pages:** 548-553  
**Keywords:** theoretical study, low pH, dissolution kinetics, activation energy, near equilibrium, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 188  
**Author:** Cama, J.; Ayora, C.; Lasaga, A.C.  
**Year:** 1999  
**Title:** The deviation-from-equilibrium effect on dissolution rate and on apparent variations in activation energy  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 63  
**Issue:** 17  
**Pages:** 2481-2486  
**Keywords:** silicates, kaolinite, clays, dissolution kinetics, theoretical study, review study, low pH, low temperature, elevated temperature, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 267  
**Author:** Cama, J.; Ganor, J.; Ayora, C.; Lasaga, A.C.  
**Year:** 2000  
**Title:** Smectite dissolution kinetics at 80°C and pH 8.8  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 64  
**Issue:** 15  
**Pages:** 2701-2717  
**Keywords:** clays, silicates, smectite, dissolution kinetics, elevated temperature, neutral, mid pH, high pH, mixed flow experiments, flow-through experiments, laboratory study, alkaline, low pressure, saturation state, near equilibrium

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 30  
**Author:** Cama, J.; Ganor, J.; Lasaga, A.C.  
**Year:** 1994  
**Title:** The kinetics of smectite dissolution  
**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine  
**Volume:** 58A  
**Pages:** 140-141  
**Keywords:** silicates, clays, smectite, dissolution kinetics, batch experiments, mixed flow experiments, laboratory study, elevated temperature, mid pH  
**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1994 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Edinburgh, Scotland

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 384  
**Author:** Cama, J.; Metz, V.; Ganor, J.  
**Year:** 2002  
**Title:** The effect of pH and temperature on kaolinite dissolution rate under acidic conditions  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 66  
**Issue:** 22  
**Pages:** 3913-3926  
**Date:** May 6, 2002  
**Keywords:** silicates, kaolinite, clays, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low pH, low temperature, low pressure, acidic, elevated temperature, inhibition, flow-through experiments

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 336  
**Author:** Cama, J.; Querol, X.; Ayora, C.; Sanz, E.; Ganor, J.  
**Year of Conference:** 2001  
**Title:** Dissolution of synthetic zeolites at low temperature - preliminary results  
**Editor:** Cidu, R.  
**Conference Name:** 10th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-10  
**Conference Location:** Villasimius, Italy, 10-15 July 2001  
**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema, Rotterdam  
**Volume:** 1  
**Number of Volumes:** 2  
**Pages:** 247-250  
**Keywords:** silicates, synthetic, zeolites, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, flow-through experiments, low pH, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pressure, acidic

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 168  
**Author:** Cappellen, P. van  
**Year of Conference:** 1996  
**Title:** In situ reaction kinetics in Earth's surficial environments  
**Editor:** Bottrell, S.H.  
**Conference Name:** Fourth International Symposium on the Geochemistry of the Earth's Surface  
**Pages:** 517-519  
**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, field study, laboratory study, laboratory versus field study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 74  
**Author:** Carroll, S.A.; Walther, J.V.  
**Year:** 1990  
**Title:** Kaolinite dissolution at 25°, 60° and 80 °C  
**Journal:** American Journal of Science  
**Volume:** 290  
**Pages:** 797-810  
**Keywords:** clays, silicates, kaolinite, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, review study, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 28  
**Author:** Casas, I.; Gimenez, J.; Marti, V.; Torrero, M.E.; Pablo, J. de  
**Year:** 1994  
**Title:** Kinetic studies of unirradiated UO<sub>2</sub> dissolution under oxidising conditions in batch and flow experiments

**Journal:** Radiochimica Acta

**Volume:** 66/67

**Pages:** 23-27

**Keywords:** oxides, uranium oxide, UO<sub>2</sub>, dissolution kinetics, oxidising conditions, laboratory study, mid pH, low temperature, low pressure, batch experiments, flow experiments, neutral

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 85

**Author:** Casey, W.H.; Lasaga, A.C.; Gibbs, G.V.

**Year:** 1990

**Title:** Mechanisms of silica dissolution as inferred from the kinetic isotope effect

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 54

**Pages:** 3369-3378

**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, hydrolysis, silicates, quartz, synthetic, isotopes, low temperatures, low pressures, low pH, neutral, mid pH, high pH, laboratory study, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 67

**Author:** Casey, W.H.; Sposito, G.

**Year:** 1992

**Title:** On the temperature dependence of mineral dissolution rates

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 56

**Pages:** 3825-3830

**Keywords:** review study, dissolution kinetics, tephroite, andalusite, quartz, Co<sub>2</sub>SiO<sub>4</sub>, kaolinite, willemite, anorthite, nepheline, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, acidic, alkaline, silicates, clays, feldspars, olivine

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 21

**Author:** Casey, W.H.; Westrich, H.R.; Banfield, J.F.; Ferruzzi, G.; Arnold, G.W.

**Year:** 1993

**Title:** Leaching and reconstruction at the surfaces of dissolving chain-silicate minerals

**Journal:** Nature

**Volume:** 366

**Pages:** 253-256

**Keywords:** leaching, silicates, surface hydration, raman, reaction mechanisms

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 103

**Author:** Casey, W.H.; Westrich, H.R.; Massis, T.; Banfield, J.F.; Arnold, G.W.

**Year:** 1989

**Title:** The surface of labradorite feldspar after acid hydrolysis

**Journal:** Chemical Geology

**Volume:** 78

**Pages:** 205-218

**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, labradorite, dissolution kinetics, hydrolysis, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 335

**Author:** Cavé, L.C.; Fey, M.V.; Nordström, D.K.

**Year of Conference:** 2001

**Title:** Dissolution rate of apophyllite. The effects of pH and implications for underground water storage

**Editor:** Cidu, R.

**Conference Name:** 10th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-10

**Conference Location:** Villasimius, Italy, 10-15 July 2001

**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema, Rotterdam

**Volume:** 1

**Number of Volumes:** 2

**Pages:** 251-254

**Keywords:** silicates, apophyllite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low temperature, low pH, acidic, mid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline, low pressure, batch experiments

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 76

**Author:** Chin, P-K.F.; Mills, G.L.

**Year:** 1991

**Title:** Kinetics and mechanisms of kaolinite dissolution: effects of organic ligands

**Journal:** Chemical Geology

**Volume:** 90

**Pages:** 307-317

**Keywords:** silicates, clays, kaolinite, dissolution kinetics, organic acids, low pH, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure, batch experiments, oxalate, malonate, salicylate, phthalate, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 115

**Author:** Chou, L.; Garrels, R.M.; Wollast, R.

**Year:** 1989

**Title:** Comparative study of the kinetics and mechanisms of dissolution of carbonate minerals

**Journal:** Chemical Geology

**Volume:** 78

**Pages:** 269-282

**Keywords:** calcite, aragonite, dolomite, magnesite, witherite, carbonates, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, fluidised bed experiments, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 400

**Author:** Chou, L.; Wollast, R.

**Year:** 1984

**Title:** Study of the weathering of albite at room temperature and pressure with a fluidized bed reactor

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 48

**Pages:** 2205-2217

**Date:** July 30, 1984

**Keywords:** silicates, albite, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, amorphous, laboratory study, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, low temperature, low pressure, acidic, alkaline, weathering, leached layers, fluidised bed experiments

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 327

**Author:** Chou, L.; Wollast, R.

**Year:** 1985

**Title:** Steady-state kinetics and dissolution mechanisms of albite

**Journal:** American Journal of Science

**Volume:** 285

**Pages:** 963-993

**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, albite, plagioclase, dissolution kinetics, reaction mechanisms, leached layers, laboratory study, low pH, acidic, mid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline, low temperature, low pressure, fluidised bed experiments

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 9  
**Author:** Christoffersen, J.; Christoffersen, M.R.  
**Year:** 1976  
**Title:** The kinetics of dissolution of calcium sulphate dihydrate in water  
**Journal:** Journal of Crystal Growth  
**Volume:** 35  
**Pages:** 79-88  
**Keywords:** gypsum, sulphates, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, mid pH, neutral, low temperature, low pressure

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 223  
**Author:** Christoffersen, J.; Christoffersen, M.R.; Johansen, T.  
**Year:** 1996  
**Title:** Some new aspects of surface nucleation applied to the growth and dissolution of fluorapatite and hydroxyapatite  
**Journal:** Journal of Crystal Growth  
**Volume:** 163  
**Pages:** 304-310  
**Keywords:** phosphates, apatite, dissolution kinetics, precipitation kinetics, nucleation kinetics, theoretical study, low pH, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 230  
**Author:** Cizmek, A.; Komunjer, L.; Subotic, B.; Aiello, R.; Crea, F.; Nastro, A.  
**Year:** 1994  
**Title:** Kinetics of zeolite dissolution: Part 4. Influence of the concentration of silicon in the liquid phase on the kinetics of ZSM-5 dissolution  
**Journal:** Zeolites  
**Volume:** 14  
**Pages:** 182-189  
**Keywords:** silicates, zeolites, dissolution kinetics, elevated temperature, high pH, batch experiments, alkaline, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 233  
**Author:** Cizmek, A.; Subotic, B.; Aiello, R.; Crea, F.; Nastro, A.; Tuoto, C.  
**Year:** 1995  
**Title:** Dissolution of high-silica zeolites in alkaline solutions I. Dissolution of silicalite-1 and ZSM-5 with different aluminium content  
**Journal:** Microporous Materials  
**Volume:** 4  
**Pages:** 159-168  
**Keywords:** silicates, zeolites, elevated temperature, high pH, dissolution kinetics, batch experiments, low pressure, alkaline, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 235  
**Author:** Clemency, C.V.; Lin, F.-C.  
**Year:** 1981  
**Title:** Dissolution kinetics of phlogopite. II. open system using an ion-exchange resin  
**Journal:** Clays and clay minerals  
**Volume:** 29  
**Issue:** 2

**Pages:** 107-112

**Keywords:** silicates, phlogopite, micas, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, batch experiments, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 351

**Author:** Coccozza, C.; Tsao, C.C.G.; Cheah, S-F.; Kraemer, S.M.; Raymond, K.N.; Miano, T.M.; Sposito, G.

**Year:** 2002

**Title:** Temperature dependence of goethite dissolution promoted by trihydroxamate siderophores

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 66

**Issue:** 3

**Pages:** 431-438

**Date:** July 13, 2001

**Keywords:** oxides, hydroxides, goethite, siderophores, synthetic, batch experiments, elevated temperature, activation energy, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, mid pH, neutral, low temperature, low pressure

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 56

**Author:** Cornell, R.M.; Schindler, P.W.

**Year:** 1987

**Title:** Photochemical dissolution of goethite in acid/oxalate solution

**Journal:** Clays and Clay Minerals

**Volume:** 35

**Issue:** 5

**Pages:** 347-352

**Keywords:** oxides, hydroxides, goethite, dissolution kinetics, oxalate, laboratory study, low temperature, low pH, low pressure, acidic

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 88

**Author:** Crerar, D.A.; Dove, P.M.

**Year of Conference:** 1990

**Title:** Kinetics of quartz dissolution in electrolyte solutions using a hydrothermal mixed flow reactor

**Conference Name:** Geochemistry of the Earth's Surface and of Mineral Formation - 2nd International Symposium

**Conference Location:** Aix en Provence, France

**Pages:** 301-304

**Keywords:** quartz, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, silicates, mixed flow experiments, high temperature, high pressure, mid pH, neutral

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 457

**Author:** Cubillas, P.; Köhler, S.; Prieto, M.; Chaïrat, C.; Oelkers, E.H.

**Year:** 2005

**Title:** Experimental determination of the dissolution rates of calcite, aragonite, and bivalves

**Journal:** Chemical Geology

**Volume:** 216

**Pages:** 59-77

**Keywords:** laboratory study, dissolution kinetics, low pressure, low temperature, low pH, acidic, mid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline, mixed flow experiments, carbonates, calcite, aragonite, shells, saturation state, surface areas, chemical affinity

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 145



**Author:** Cuevas, J.; Garralon, A.; Ramirez, S.; Leguey, S.  
**Year:** 1998  
**Title:** Kinetic approach to the mineral reaction processes during hydrothermal treatment of a saponitic clay  
**Journal:** Clay Minerals  
**Volume:** 33  
**Pages:** 409-421  
**Keywords:** silicates, clays, saponite, dissolution kinetics, precipitation kinetics, elevated temperature, high temperature, elevated pressure

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 159  
**Author:** Dahlgren, R.A.; Ugolini, F.C.; Casey, W.H.  
**Year:** 1999  
**Title:** Field weathering rates of Mt. St. Helens tephra  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 63  
**Issue:** 5  
**Pages:** 587-598  
**Keywords:** weathering, tephra, ash, field study, low temperature, mid pH, neutral

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 288  
**Author:** Davis, K.J.; Dove, P.M.; Yoreo, J.J. De  
**Year:** 2000  
**Title:** The role of Mg<sup>2+</sup> as an impurity in calcite growth  
**Journal:** Science  
**Volume:** 290  
**Pages:** 1134-1137  
**Keywords:** impurities, calcite, carbonates, precipitation kinetics, inhibition, AFM, atomic force microscopy, laboratory study, low pressure, low temperature, mid pH, neutral

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 261  
**Author:** Deng, T.; Ke, J.  
**Year of Conference:** 2000  
**Title:** Kinetics of disproportionation of elemental sulphur under hydrothermal conditions  
**Editor:** Yanagisawa, K.; Feng, Q.  
**Conference Name:** Joint Sixth International Symposium on Hydrothermal Reactions & Fourth International Conference on Solvo-Thermal Reactions  
**Conference Location:** Kochi, Japan  
**Pages:** 61-63  
**Keywords:** elements, sulphur, laboratory study, high temperature, elevated pressure, batch experiments, dissolution kinetics, mid pH, neutral, sulfur, activation energy

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 452  
**Author:** Descostes, M.; Vitorge, P.; Beaucaire, C.  
**Year:** 2004  
**Title:** Pyrite dissolution in acidic media  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 68  
**Issue:** 22  
**Pages:** 4559-4569  
**Keywords:** sulphides, pyrite, dissolution kinetics, oxidation kinetics, oxidising conditions, low pressure, low temperature, batch experiments, laboratory study, low pH, acidic, reaction mechanisms

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 137

**Author:** Devidal, J.-L.; Schott, J.; Dandurand, J.-L.

**Year:** 1997

**Title:** An experimental study of kaolinite dissolution and precipitation kinetics as a function of chemical affinity and solution composition at 150°C, 40 bars, and pH 2, 6.8 and 7.8

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 61

**Issue:** 24

**Pages:** 5165-5186

**Keywords:** silicates, clays, kaolinite, dissolution kinetics, precipitation kinetics, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high temperature, elevated pressure, acidic

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 174

**Author:** Devidal, J.L.; Dandurand, J.L.; Schott, J.

**Year of Conference:** 1992

**Title:** Dissolution and precipitation kinetics of kaolinite as a function of chemical affinity (T = 150°C, pH = 2 and 7.8)

**Editor:** Kharaka, Y.K.; Maest, A.S.

**Conference Name:** 7th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-7

**Conference Location:** Park City, Utah, USA, 13-18 July 1992

**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema

**Volume:** 1

**Number of Volumes:** 2

**Pages:** 93-96

**Keywords:** kaolinite, silicates, clays, dissolution kinetics, precipitation kinetics, low pH, neutral, mid pH, high temperature, elevated pressure, mixed flow experiments, acidic, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 331

**Author:** Díaz, P.A.; Alvarado, V.; Rodríguez, M.I.

**Year of Conference:** 2001

**Title:** Dissolution of calcite in CaCO<sub>3</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>-H<sub>2</sub>O systems in porous media

**Editor:** Cidu, R.

**Conference Name:** 10th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-10

**Conference Location:** Villasimius, Italy, 10-15 July 2001

**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema, Rotterdam

**Volume:** 1

**Number of Volumes:** 2

**Pages:** 379-382

**Keywords:** calcite, carbonates, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pressure, laboratory study, flow-through experiments, column experiments, neutral, mid pH, low pH, acidic pH, CO<sub>2</sub>, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 323

**Author:** Dibble, W.E.; Tiller, W.A.

**Year:** 1981

**Title:** Kinetic model of zeolite paragenesis in tuffaceous sediments

**Journal:** Clays and Clay Minerals

**Volume:** 29

**Issue:** 5

**Pages:** 323-330

**Keywords:** silicates, zeolites, precipitation kinetics, crystallization kinetics, gels, theoretical study, amorphous

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 298  
**Author:** Dietzel, M.  
**Year:** 2000  
**Title:** Dissolution of silicates and the stability of polysilicic acid  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 64  
**Issue:** 19  
**Pages:** 3275-3281  
**Keywords:** silicic acid, depolymerisation kinetics, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, acidic, depolymerisation

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 392  
**Author:** Dixit, S.; Cappellen, P.V.  
**Year:** 2002  
**Title:** Surface chemistry and reactivity of biogenic silica  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 66  
**Issue:** 14  
**Pages:** 2559-2568  
**Date:** January 18, 2002

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 89  
**Author:** Dove, P.M.  
**Year:** 1994  
**Title:** The dissolution kinetics of quartz in sodium chloride solutions at 25° to 300 °C  
**Journal:** American journal of Science  
**Volume:** 294  
**Pages:** 665-712  
**Keywords:** silicates, quartz, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low temperature, elevated temperature, high temperature, low pressure, high pressure, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 241  
**Author:** Dove, P.M.  
**Year:** 1999  
**Title:** The dissolution kinetics of quartz in aqueous mixed cation solutions  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 63  
**Issue:** 22  
**Pages:** 3715-3727  
**Keywords:** silicates, quartz, dissolution kinetics, neutral, mid pH, high temperature, high pressure, laboratory study, mixed flow experiment

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 91  
**Author:** Dove, P.M.; Crerar, D.A.  
**Year:** 1990  
**Title:** Kinetics of quartz dissolution in electrolyte solutions using a hydrothermal mixed flow reactor  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 54  
**Pages:** 955-969

**Keywords:** silicates, quartz, dissolution kinetics, mixed flow experiment, laboratory study, high temperature, high pressure, mid pH, neutral

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 90

**Author:** Dove, P.M.; Elston, S.F.

**Year:** 1992

**Title:** Dissolution kinetics of quartz in sodium chloride solutions: Analysis of existing data and a rate model for 25 °C

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 56

**Pages:** 4147-4156

**Keywords:** silicates, quartz, dissolution kinetics, review study, low temperature, elevated temperature

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 92

**Author:** Dove, P.M.; Nix, C.J.

**Year:** 1997

**Title:** The influence of the alkaline earth cations, magnesium, calcium, and barium on the dissolution kinetics of quartz

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 61

**Issue:** 16

**Pages:** 3329-3340

**Keywords:** silicates, quartz, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, high temperature, high pressure, mid pH, neutral

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 31

**Author:** Drever, J.I.; Murphy, K.M.; Clow, D.W.

**Year:** 1994

**Title:** Field weathering rates versus laboratory dissolution rates : an update

**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine

**Volume:** 58A

**Pages:** 239-240

**Keywords:** silicates, weathering, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, field study, review study, albite, feldspars

**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1994 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Edinburgh, Scotland

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 220

**Author:** Dron, R.; Brivot, F.

**Year:** 1993

**Title:** Thermodynamic and kinetic approach to the alkali-silica reaction. Part 2: experiment

**Journal:** Cement and concrete Research

**Volume:** 23

**Pages:** 93-103

**Keywords:** silicates, silica, quartz, glass, amorphous, chalcedony, cristobalite, opal, dissolution kinetics, high pH, elevated temperature, laboratory study, batch experiments, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 376

**Author:** Duckworth, O.W.; Martin, S.T.

**Year:** 2001

**Title:** Surface complexation and dissolution of hematite by C1-C6 dicarboxylic acids at pH = 5.0

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 65

**Issue:** 23

**Pages:** 4289-4301

**Date:** May 14, 2001

**Keywords:** oxides, hematite, synthetic, infra-red, batch experiments, organics, organic acids, oxalate, malonate, succinate, glutarate, adipate, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, acidic, mid pH, neutral, surface chemistry, surface complexes, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 59

**Author:** Duebendorfer, E.M.; Frost, B.R.

**Year:** 1988

**Title:** Retrogressive dissolution of garnet: Effect on garnet-biotite geothermometry

**Journal:** Geology

**Volume:** 16

**Pages:** 875-877

**Keywords:** silicates, micas, garnet, biotite, dissolution kinetics, strain-induced dissolution, field study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 399

**Author:** Eisenlohr, L.; Meteva, K.; Gabrovsek, F.; Dreybrodt, W.

**Year:** 1999

**Title:** The inhibiting action of intrinsic impurities in natural calcium carbonate minerals to their dissolution kinetics in aqueous H<sub>2</sub>O-CO<sub>2</sub> solutions

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 63

**Issue:** 78

**Pages:** 989-1002

**Date:** September 24, 1998

**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, mid pH, neutral, limestone, marble, low temperature, low pressure, free drift experiments, batch experiments, impurities, CO<sub>2</sub>

**Reference Type:** Thesis

**Record Number:** 345

**Author:** Fairwood, D.S.

**Year:** 2000

**Title:** Dissolution kinetics and solubility of stilbite and stellerite

**Academic Department:** Department of Environmental Science

**City:** Nottingham

**University:** University of Nottingham

**Thesis Type:** MSc

**Keywords:** stilbite, stellerite, zeolites, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pressure, mid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline, batch experiments

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 259

**Author:** Fehr, K.T.; Zuern, S.G.

**Year of Conference:** 2000

**Title:** Mechanisms of calcium-silicate-hydrates formation under hydrothermal conditions

**Editor:** Yanagisawa, K.; Feng, Q.

**Conference Name:** Joint Sixth International Symposium on Hydrothermal Reactions & Fourth International Conference on Solvo-Thermal Reactions

**Conference Location:** Kochi, Japan

**Pages:** 278-281

**Keywords:** CSH, calcium silicate hydrate, cement minerals, precipitation kinetics, laboratory study, tobermorite, high temperature, elevated pressure, batch experiments, high pH, alkaline, silicates

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 383

**Author:** Fenter, P.; Park, C.; Cheng, L.; Zhang, Z.; Krekeler, M.P.S.; Sturchio, N.C.

**Year:** 2002

**Title:** Orthoclase dissolution kinetics probed by in situ X-ray reflectivity: Effects of temperature, pH, and crystal orientation

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 67

**Issue:** 2

**Pages:** 197-211

**Date:** July 27, 2002

**Keywords:** feldspars, orthoclase, dissolution kinetics, X-ray reflectivity, activation energy, low pH, acidic, elevated temperature, K-feldspar, flow-through experiments, laboratory study, high pH, alkaline, silicates

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 430

**Author:** Ferris, F.G.; Phoenix, V.; Fujita, Y.; Smith, R.W.

**Year:** 2003

**Title:** Kinetics of calcite precipitation induced by ureolytic bacteria at 10 to 20°C in artificial groundwater

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 67

**Issue:** 8

**Pages:** 1701-1722

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 364

**Author:** Fletcher, R.C.; Merino, E.

**Year:** 2001

**Title:** Mineral growth in rocks: Kinetic-rheological models of replacement, vein formation, and syntectonic crystallization

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 65

**Issue:** 21

**Pages:** 3733-3748

**Date:** May 31, 2001

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 153

**Author:** Frogner, P.; Schweda, P.

**Year:** 1998

**Title:** Hornblende dissolution kinetics at 25°C

**Journal:** Chemical geology

**Volume:** 151

**Pages:** 169-179

**Keywords:** silicates, hornblende, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, flow-through experiments, low pH, acidic, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 248

**Author:** Furrer, G.; Gfeller, M.; Wehrli, B.

**Year:** 1999

**Title:** On the chemistry of the Keggin Al<sub>13</sub> polymer: Kinetics of proton-promoted decomposition

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 63

**Issue:** 19/20

**Pages:** 3069-3076

**Keywords:** Al polymers, laboratory study, low pH, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pressure, batch experiments, flow-through experiments, low pressure, acidic

**Reference Type:** Book Section

**Record Number:** 50

**Author:** Furrer, G.; Zysset, M.; Schindler, P.W.

**Year:** 1993

**Title:** Weathering kinetics of montmorillonite: Investigations in batch and mixed-flow reactors (Chapter 10 in 'Geochemistry of Clay-Pore Fluid Interactions')

**Editor:** Manning, D.A.C.; Hall, P.L.; Hughes, C.R.

**Book Title:** Geochemistry of Clay-Pore Fluid Interactions

**City:** London

**Publisher:** Chapman & Hall

**Keywords:** silicates, clays, smectite, montmorillonite, weathering, batch experiments, mixed flow experiments, low pressure, low temperature, low pH, acidic, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 393

**Author:** Gallinari, M.; Ragueneau, O.; Corrin, L.; Demaster, D.J.; Treguer, P.

**Year:** 2002

**Title:** The importance of water column processes on the dissolution properties of biogenic silica in deep-sea sediments I. Solubility

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 66

**Issue:** 15

**Pages:** 2701-2717

**Date:** February 5, 2002

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 32

**Author:** Ganor, J.; Lasaga, A.C.

**Year:** 1994

**Title:** The effects of oxalic acid on kaolinite dissolution rate

**Journal:** Mineralogical magazine

**Volume:** 58A

**Pages:** 315-316

**Keywords:** silicates, clays, kaolinite, oxalic acid, dissolution kinetics, organic acids, elevated temperature, mixed-flow experiments, low pH, laboratory study, low pressure, acidic

**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1994 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Edinburgh, Scotland

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 334

**Author:** Ganor, J.; Metz, V.

**Year of Conference:** 2001

**Title:** To stir or not to stir - implications for silicate dissolution experiments

**Editor:** Cidu, R.

**Conference Name:** 10th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-10

**Conference Location:** Villasimius, Italy, 10-15 July 2001

**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema, Rotterdam

**Volume:** 1

**Number of Volumes:** 2

**Pages:** 271-274

**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, flow-through experiments, silicates, clays, kaolinite, low pH, acidic, low pressure, low temperature, elevated temperature, stirring,

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 163

**Author:** Ganor, J.; Mogollón, J.L.; Lasaga, A.C.

**Year:** 1999

**Title:** Kinetics of gibbsite dissolution under low ionic strength conditions

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 63

**Issue:** 11/12

**Pages:** 1635-1651

**Keywords:** synthetic, hydroxides, gibbsite, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, low pH, flow-through experiments, column experiments, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 455

**Author:** Ganor, J.; Roueff, E.; Erel, Y.; Blum, J.D.

**Year:** 2005

**Title:** The dissolution kinetics of a granite and its minerals - Implications for comparison between laboratory and field dissolution rates

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 69

**Issue:** 3

**Pages:** 607-621

**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low pressure, low temperature, low pH, acidic, flow experiments, flow-through experiments, silicates, feldspars, micas, plagioclase, microcline, biotite

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 192

**Author:** Gas'kova, O.L.; Kolonin, G.R.

**Year of Conference:** 1995

**Title:** Theoretical modeling of mineral dissolution at sulphide mine dumps and tailings: A kinetic approach

**Editor:** Kharaka, Y.F.; Chudaev, O.V.

**Conference Name:** 8th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-8

**Conference Location:** Vladivostok, Russia, 15-19 August 1995

**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema

**Pages:** 149-152

**Keywords:** sulphides, pyrite, galena, sphalerite, chalcopyrite, dissolution kinetics, oxidation kinetics, review study, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, acidic

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 179

**Author:** Gautelier, M.; Schott, J.; Dandurand, J.-L.

**Year of Conference:** 1996

**Title:** Dissolution kinetics of dolomite in hydrochloric acid

**Conference Name:** 1996 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference

**Conference Location:** Heidelberg, Germany, March 31 - April 4, 1996

**Publisher:** Cambridge Publications

**Pages:** 195

**Series Title:** Journal of Conference Abstracts

**Keywords:** carbonates, dolomite, dissolution kinetics, mixed flow equipment, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pH, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article



**Record Number:** 273  
**Author:** Gautier, J.-M.; Oelkers, E.H.; Schott, J.  
**Year:** 2001  
**Title:** Are quartz dissolution rates proportional to B.E.T. surface areas?  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 65  
**Issue:** 7  
**Pages:** 1059-1070  
**Keywords:** silicates, quartz, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, surface areas, high temperature, high pressure, mixed flow experiments, surface roughness, mid pH, neutral

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 181  
**Author:** Gautier, J.-M.; Schott, J.; Oelkers, E.H.  
**Year:** 1998  
**Title:** An experimental study of quartz precipitation and dissolution rates at 200°C  
**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine  
**Volume:** 62A  
**Pages:** 509-510  
**Keywords:** silicates, quartz, dissolution kinetics, precipitation kinetics, high temperature, high pressure, mid pH, neutral, laboratory study  
**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1998 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Toulouse, France

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 156  
**Author:** Gérard, F.; Fritz, B.; Clément, A.; Crovisier, J.-L.  
**Year:** 1998  
**Title:** General implications of aluminium speciation-dependant kinetic dissolution rate law in water-rock modelling  
**Journal:** Chemical Geology  
**Volume:** 151  
**Pages:** 247-258  
**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, silicates, micas, modelling study, albite, K-feldspar, feldspars, muscovite, low pH, mid pH, neutral pH, high pH, low temperature, high temperature, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 407  
**Author:** Gerson, A.R.; O'Dea, A.R.  
**Year:** 2003  
**Title:** A quantum chemical investigation of the oxidation and dissolution mechanisms of galena  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 67  
**Issue:** 5  
**Pages:** 813-822  
**Date:** August 20, 2002  
**Keywords:** galena, sulphides, activation energy, theoretical study, dissolution kinetics, oxidation kinetics, PbS, reaction mechanisms

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 330  
**Author:** Ghiara, M.R.; Petti, C.; Lonis, R.  
**Year of Conference:** 2001  
**Title:** Experimental study on clinoptilolite and mordenite crystallization  
**Editor:** Cidu, R.  
**Conference Name:** 10th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-10  
**Conference Location:** Villasimius, Italy, 10-15 July 2001

**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema, Rotterdam

**Volume:** 1

**Number of Volumes:** 2

**Pages:** 709-712

**Keywords:** silicates, clinoptilolite, mordenite, zeolites, glass, amorphous, laboratory study, high temperature, elevated pressure, batch experiments, high pH, alkaline, precipitation kinetics

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 389

**Author:** Giammar, D.E.; Hering, J.G.

**Year:** 2002

**Title:** Equilibrium and kinetic aspects of soddyite dissolution and secondary phase precipitation in aqueous suspension

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 66

**Issue:** 18

**Pages:** 3235-3245

**Date:** April 22, 2002

**Keywords:** silicates, soddyite, dissolution kinetics, flow-through experiments, uranium silicate, batch experiments, low temperature, low pressure, laboratory study, neutral, mid pH

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 24

**Author:** Gin, S.; Godon, N.; Mestre, J.P.; Vernaz, E.Y.

**Year:** 1994

**Title:** Experimental investigation of aqueous corrosion of R7T7 nuclear glass at 90°C in the presence of organic species

**Journal:** Applied Geochemistry

**Volume:** 9

**Pages:** 255-269

**Keywords:** nuclear, glass, amorphous, corrosion, organic acids, dissolution kinetics, low pH, mid pH, elevated temperature, laboratory study, batch experiments, low pressure, acidic, neutral

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 333

**Author:** Gin, S.; Jégou, C.

**Year of Conference:** 2001

**Title:** Limiting mechanisms of borosilicate glass alteration kinetics: Effect of glass composition

**Editor:** Cidu, R.

**Conference Name:** 10th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-10

**Conference Location:** Villasimius, Italy, 10-15 July 2001

**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema, Rotterdam

**Volume:** 1

**Number of Volumes:** 2

**Keywords:** borosilicate, glass, amorphous, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, elevated temperature, low pressure, high pH, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 42

**Author:** Gislason, S.R.; Heaney, P.J.; Oelkers, E.H.; Schott, J.

**Year:** 1997

**Title:** Kinetic and thermodynamic properties of maganite, a novel silica polymorph

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 61

**Issue:** 6

**Pages:** 1193-1204

**Keywords:** silicates, silica, moganite, dissolution kinetics, mixed flow experiments, laboratory study, low pH, elevated temperature, elevated pressure, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 378

**Author:** Gislason, S.R.; Oelkers, E.H.

**Year:** 2003

**Title:** Mechanism, rates, and consequences of basaltic glass dissolution : II. An experimental study of the dissolution rates of basaltic glass as a function of pH and temperature

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 67

**Issue:** 20

**Pages:** 3817-3832

**Date:** February 18, 2003

**Keywords:** glass, basalt, amorphous, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, mixed flow experiments, low temperature, acidic, high pH, alkaline, low pH, mid pH, neutral, elevated temperature, high temperature, activation energy

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 388

**Author:** Giudici, G. De

**Year:** 2002

**Title:** Surface control vs. diffusion control during calcite dissolution: Dependence of step-edge velocity upon solution pH

**Journal:** American Mineralogist

**Volume:** 87

**Pages:** 1279-1285

**Date:** 2002

**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, low pressure, flow experiments, low pH, acidic, neutral, mid pH, laboratory study, AFM, atomic force microscopy

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 269

**Author:** Giudici, G.D.; Zuddas, P.

**Year:** 2001

**Title:** In situ investigation of galena dissolution in oxygen saturated solution: Evolution of surface features and kinetic rate

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 65

**Issue:** 9

**Pages:** 1381-1389

**Keywords:** galena, sulphides, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, AFM, atomic force microscopy, flow experiments, low pH, low temperature, oxidising conditions, acidic, low pressure, surface layers

**Reference Type:** Thesis

**Record Number:** 447

**Author:** Glover, E.

**Year:** 2003

**Title:** Dissolution kinetics of stilbite and stellerite at pH 8-12.5

**Academic Department:** School of Life and Environmental Sciences

**City:** Nottingham

**University:** University of Nottingham

**Number of Pages:** 14

**Keywords:** silicates, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, acid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline, batch experiments, stillbite, stellerite, zeolites

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 180  
**Author:** Golubev, S.V.; Pokrovsky, O.S.; Savenko, V.S.  
**Year:** 1998  
**Title:** Kinetics of calcium and magnesium phosphates precipitation from seawater  
**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine  
**Volume:** 62A  
**Pages:** 533-534  
**Keywords:** precipitation kinetics, apatite, phosphates, low temperature, mid pH, neutral  
**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1998 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Toulouse, France

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 391  
**Author:** Gonzalez, E.; Ballesteros, M.C.; Rueda, E.H.  
**Year:** 2002  
**Title:** Reductive dissolution kinetics of Al-substituted goethites  
**Journal:** Clays and Clay Minerals  
**Volume:** 50  
**Issue:** 4  
**Pages:** 470-477  
**Date:** 2002  
**Keywords:** oxides, hydroxides, goethite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, mid pH, neutral, low temperature, low pressure, elevated temperature, reducing conditions, batch experiments, laboratory study, activation energy, synthetic, EDTA

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 95  
**Author:** Gout, R.; Oelkers, E.H.; Schott, J.; Zwick, A.  
**Year:** 1997  
**Title:** The surface chemistry and structure of acid-leached albite: New insights on the dissolution mechanism of the alkali feldspars  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 61  
**Issue:** 14  
**Pages:** 3013-3018  
**Keywords:** silicates, albite, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, mixed flow experiments, laboratory study, low pH, high temperature, high pressure, raman, surface chemistry, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 216  
**Author:** Grasby, S.E.; Hutcheon, I.  
**Year:** 1999  
**Title:** Chemical dynamics and weathering rates of a carbonate basin Bow River, southern Alberta  
**Journal:** Applied Geochemistry  
**Volume:** 15  
**Issue:** 1  
**Pages:** 67-77  
**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, weathering rates, denudation, field study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 83  
**Author:** Gratz, A.J.; Bird, P.  
**Year:** 1993  
**Title:** Quartz dissolution: Theory of rough and smooth surfaces  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 57  
**Pages:** 977-989  
**Keywords:** silicates, quartz, dissolution kinetics, surface roughness, theoretical study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 84  
**Author:** Gratz, A.J.; Bird, P.  
**Year:** 1993  
**Title:** Quartz dissolution: Negative crystal experiments and a rate law  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 57  
**Pages:** 965-976  
**Keywords:** silicates, quartz, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, surface areas, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 86  
**Author:** Gratz, A.J.; Bird, P.; Quiro, G.B.  
**Year:** 1990  
**Title:** Dissolution of quartz in aqueous basic solution, 106-236 °C: Surface kinetics of 'perfect' crystallographic faces  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 54  
**Pages:** 2911-2922  
**Keywords:** silicates, quartz, dissolution kinetics, high temperature, high pressure, laboratory study, batch experiments, high pH, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 123  
**Author:** Greenberg, J.; Tomson, M.  
**Year:** 1992  
**Title:** Precipitation and dissolution kinetics and equilibria of aqueous ferrous carbonate vs temperature  
**Journal:** Applied Geochemistry  
**Volume:** 7  
**Pages:** 185-190  
**Keywords:** carbonates, siderite, dissolution kinetics, precipitation kinetics, laboratory study, elevated temperature, elevated pressure, batch experiments, reducing conditions

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 379  
**Author:** Guidry, M.W.; Mackenzie, F.T.  
**Year:** 2003  
**Title:** Experimental study of igneous and sedimentary apatite dissolution: Control of pH, distance from equilibrium, and temperature on dissolution rates  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 67  
**Issue:** 16  
**Pages:** 2949-2963  
**Date:** April 8, 2003  
**Keywords:** phosphates, apatite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low temperature, neutral, mid pH, low pH, acidic, fluidised bed experiments, mixed flow experiments, weathering, near equilibrium, activation energy, low pressure

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 366

**Author:** Hamilton, J.P.; Brantley, S.L.; Pantano, C.G.; Criscenti, L.J.; Kubicki, J.D.  
**Year:** 2001  
**Title:** Dissolution of nepheline, jadeite and albite glasses: Toward better models for aluminosilicate dissolution  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 65  
**Issue:** 21  
**Pages:** 3683-3702  
**Date:** June 20, 2001  
**Keywords:** silicates, nepheline, jadeite, albite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, batch experiments, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, mid pH, glass, amorphous, feldspars, leached layers, leaching, surface layers, reaction mechanisms, pyroxenes, neutral, high pH, alkaline, dissolution

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 195  
**Author:** Hamilton, J.P.; Pantano, C.G.; Brantley, S.L.  
**Year:** 1998  
**Title:** The dissolution behaviour of crystalline and amorphous albite in acidic and basic environments at 25°C  
**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine  
**Volume:** 62A  
**Pages:** 565-566  
**Keywords:** silicates, albite, feldspar, dissolution kinetics, amorphous, laboratory study, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, low temperature, low pressure, acidic, alkaline  
**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1998 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Toulouse, France

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 268  
**Author:** Hamilton, J.P.; Pantano, C.G.; Brantley, S.L.  
**Year:** 2000  
**Title:** Dissolution of albite glass and crystal  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 64  
**Issue:** 15  
**Pages:** 2603-2615  
**Keywords:** silicates, albite, amorphous, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low pH, mid pH, neutral, low temperature, low pressure, batch experiments, acidic, flow-through experiments, XPS, X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy, mixed flow experiments, surface layers, leached layers, synthetic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 429  
**Author:** Harouiya, N.; Oelkers, E.H.  
**Year:** 2004  
**Title:** An experimental study of the effect of aqueous fluoride on quartz and alkali-feldspar dissolution rates.  
**Journal:** Chemical Geology  
**Volume:** 205  
**Pages:** 155-167

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 70  
**Author:** Hawkins, D.B.  
**Year:** 1981  
**Title:** Kinetics of glass dissolution and zeolite formation under hydrothermal conditions  
**Journal:** Clays and Clay Minerals  
**Volume:** 29  
**Issue:** 5  
**Pages:** 331-340

**Keywords:** glass, amorphous, dissolution kinetics, zeolites, laboratory study, high temperature, high pressure, mordenite, phillipsite, clinoptilolite, batch experiments

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 7

**Author:** Hayes, D.; Cody, R.D.

**Year:** 1987

**Title:** Gypsum dissolution using a soxhlet extractor

**Journal:** Journal of Sedimentary Petrology

**Volume:** 57

**Issue:** 4

**Pages:** 772-773

**Keywords:** sulphates, gypsum, dissolution kinetics, mid pH, neutral, low pressure, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Book Section

**Record Number:** 69

**Author:** Hayhurst, D.T.; Sand, L.B.

**Year:** 1977

**Title:** Crystallization kinetics and properties of Na, K-phillipsites

**Editor:** Katzer, J.R.

**Book Title:** Molecular sieves II

**Publisher:** American Chemical Society Symposium Series

**Volume:** 40

**Pages:** 219-232

**Keywords:** silicates, zeolites, phillipsite, precipitation kinetics, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure, high temperature, high pressure, batch experiments

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 313

**Author:** Hayward, P.J.; Doern, D.C.; George, I.M.

**Year:** 1990

**Title:** Dissolution of a sphene glass-ceramic, and of its component sphene and glass phases, in Ca-Na-Cl brines

**Journal:** Journal of the American Ceramic Society

**Volume:** 73

**Issue:** 3

**Pages:** 544-551

**Keywords:** silicates, sphene, glass, ceramic, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, batch experiments, low temperature, high temperature, low pressure, neutral, mid pH, amorphous, elevated temperature

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 108

**Author:** Hellmann, R.

**Year:** 1994

**Title:** A leached layer hydrolysis model: a better way to understand feldspar dissolution at elevated temperatures and pressures?

**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine

**Volume:** 58A

**Pages:** 400-401

**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, leached layer, elevated temperature, high temperature, high pressure, review study

**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1994 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Edinburgh, Scotland

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 102

**Author:** Hellmann, R.; Eggleston, C.M.; Hochella, M.F. Jr.; Crerar, D.A.

**Year:** 1990  
**Title:** The formation of leached layers on albite surfaces during dissolution under hydrothermal conditions  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 54  
**Pages:** 1267-1281  
**Keywords:** silicates, albite, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, leached layer, high temperature, high pressure, laboratory study, flow experiments

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 131  
**Author:** Herman, J.S.; White, W.B.  
**Year:** 1985  
**Title:** Dissolution kinetics of dolomite: Effects of lithology and fluid flow velocity  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 49  
**Pages:** 2017-2026  
**Keywords:** carbonates, dolomite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, batch experiments, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 318  
**Author:** Heydemann, A.  
**Year:** 1966  
**Title:** Über die chemische Verwitterung von Tonmineralen (experimentelle Untersuchungen) (in German)  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 30  
**Pages:** 995-1035  
**Keywords:** silicates, smectite, kaolinite, illite, montmorillonite, clays, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low pH, acidic, mid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline, low temperature, low pressure

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 390  
**Author:** Higgins, S.R.; Jordan, G.; Eggleston, C.M.  
**Year:** 2002  
**Title:** Dissolution kinetics of magnesite in acidic aqueous solution: A hydrothermal atomic force microscopy study assessing step kinetics and dissolution flux  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 66  
**Issue:** 18  
**Pages:** 3201-3210  
**Date:** April 2, 2002  
**Keywords:** carbonates, magnesite, dissolution kinetics, acidic, laboratory study, AFM, atomic force microscopy, low pH, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pressure, flow experiments, activation energy

**Reference Type:** Book Section  
**Record Number:** 411  
**Author:** Higgins, S.R.; Stack, A.G.; Knauss, K.G.; Eggleston, C.M.; Jordan, G.  
**Year:** 2002  
**Title:** Probing molecular-scale adsorption and dissolution-growth processes using nonlinear optical and scanning probe methods suitable for hydrothermal applications  
**Editor:** Hellman, R.; Wood, S.A.  
**Book Title:** Water-Rock Interactions, Ore Deposits, and Environmental Geochemistry: A Tribute to David A. Crear  
**Publisher:** The Geochemical Society, Special Publication No. 7, 2002  
**Pages:** 111-128



**Keywords:** sulphates, barite, dissolution kinetics, precipitation kinetics, AFM, atomic force microscopy, SHG, elevated temperature, low pressure, mid pH, neutral, flow experiment, second harmonic generation, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 283

**Author:** Hinsinger, P.; Barros, O.N.F.; Benedetti, M.F.; Noack, Y.; Callot, G.

**Year:** 2001

**Title:** Plant-induced weathering of a basaltic rock: Experimental evidence

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 65

**Issue:** 1

**Pages:** 137-152

**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, weathering, basalt, laboratory experiments, low temperature, low pressure, neutral, mid pH, plants

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 258

**Author:** Hirano, N.; Hayashi, Y.; Tsuchiya, N.; Nakatsuka, K.

**Year of Conference:** 2000

**Title:** Dissolution behaviour of quartz by supercritical water

**Editor:** Yanagisawa, K.; Feng, Q.

**Conference Name:** Joint Sixth International Symposium on Hydrothermal Reactions & Fourth International Conference on Solvo-Thermal Reactions

**Conference Location:** Kochi, Japan

**Pages:** 298-301

**Keywords:** silicates, quartz, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, supercritical water, high temperature, high pressure, batch experiments

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 194

**Author:** Hodson, M.E.

**Year:** 1998

**Title:** Measurements of internal and external surface area in feldspars - implications for mineral dissolution studies

**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine

**Volume:** 62A

**Pages:** 634-635

**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, sanidine, perthite, microcline, dissolution kinetics, surface areas, laboratory study

**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1998 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Toulouse, France

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 150

**Author:** Hodson, M.E.

**Year:** 1999

**Title:** Micropore surface area variation with grain size in unweathered alkali feldspars: Implications for surface roughness and dissolution studies

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 62

**Issue:** 21/22

**Pages:** 3429-3435

**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, surface roughness, surface areas, laboratory study, sanidine, perthite, microcline

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 418  
**Author:** Hodson, M.E.  
**Year of Conference:** 2002  
**Title:** Is BET surface area proportional to reactive surface area?  
**Conference Name:** Geochemistry of Crustal Fluids  
**Conference Location:** Seefeld in Tirol, Austria  
**Pages:** 86-87  
**Keywords:** surface areas, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, hornblende, anorthite, orthoclase, silicates, feldspars, acidic, low pH, flow experiments, low temperature, low pressure

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 438  
**Author:** Hodson, M.E.  
**Year:** 2003  
**Title:** The influence of Fe-rich coatings on the dissolution of anorthite at pH 2.6.  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 67  
**Issue:** 18  
**Pages:** 3355-3363

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 16  
**Author:** Holdren, G.R. Jr.; Adams, J.E.  
**Year:** 1982  
**Title:** Parabolic dissolution kinetics of silicate minerals: An artifact of nonequilibrium precipitation processes  
**Journal:** Geology  
**Volume:** 10  
**Pages:** 186-190  
**Keywords:** silicates, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low pressure, low temperature, mid pH, neutral

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 237  
**Author:** Holmes, P.R.; Crundwell, F.K.  
**Year:** 2000  
**Title:** The kinetics of the oxidation of pyrite by ferric ions and dissolved oxygen: An electrochemical study  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 64  
**Issue:** 2  
**Pages:** 263-274  
**Keywords:** pyrite, sulphides, dissolution kinetics, oxidation kinetics, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, laboratory study, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 104  
**Author:** Huang, W-L.; Longo, J.M.  
**Year:** 1992  
**Title:** The effect of organics on feldspar dissolution and the development of secondary porosity  
**Journal:** Chemical geology  
**Volume:** 98  
**Pages:** 271-292  
**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, oligoclase, K-feldspar, anorthite, organics, laboratory study, elevated temperature, high pressure, low pH, mid pH, neutral, acidic

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 260

**Author:** Huber, M.; Fehr, K.T.; Zuern, S.G.  
**Year of Conference:** 2000  
**Title:** Kinetics of Al-tobermorite formation under hydrothermal conditions  
**Editor:** Yanagisawa, K.; Feng, Q.  
**Conference Name:** Joint Sixth International Symposium on Hydrothermal Reactions & Fourth International Conference on Solvo-Thermal Reactions  
**Conference Location:** Kochi, Japan  
**Pages:** 274-277  
**Keywords:** CSH, calcium silicate hydrate, cement minerals, precipitation kinetics, laboratory study, tobermorite, hydrogarnet, hydrogrossular, high temperature, elevated pressure, batch experiments

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 286  
**Author:** Huertas, F.J.; Caballero, E.; Cisneros, C.J. de; Huertas, F.; Linares, J.  
**Year:** 2001  
**Title:** Kinetics of montmorillonite dissolution in granitic solutions  
**Journal:** Applied Geochemistry  
**Volume:** 16  
**Pages:** 397-407  
**Keywords:** silicates, montmorillonite, clays, smectite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low temperature, elevated temperature, mid pH, neutral, low pressure, batch experiments, activation energy

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 65  
**Author:** Huertas, F.J.; Chou, L.; Wollast, R.  
**Year:** 1998  
**Title:** Mechanism of kaolinite dissolution at room temperature and pressure: Part 1. Surface speciation  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 62  
**Issue:** 3  
**Pages:** 417-431  
**Keywords:** silicates, clays, kaolinite, dissolution kinetics, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, surface speciation, low pressure, low temperature, laboratory study, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 244  
**Author:** Huertas, F.J.; Chou, L.; Wollast, R.  
**Year:** 1999  
**Title:** Mechanism of kaolinite dissolution at room temperature and pressure. Part II: kinetic study  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 63  
**Issue:** 19/20  
**Pages:** 3261-3275  
**Keywords:** silicates, kaolinite, clays, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, low pressure, batch experiments, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, laboratory study, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 374  
**Author:** Huertas, F.J.; Chou, L.; Wollast, R.  
**Year:** 2001  
**Title:** Kaolinite dissolution rates in batch experiments at room temperature and pressure: Reply to "On the interpretation of closed system mineral dissolution experiments," Comment by Eric H. Oelkers, Jacques Schott, and Jean-Luc Devidal  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 65  
**Issue:** 23

**Pages:** 4433-4434

**Date:** June 11, 2001

**Keywords:** silicates, clays, kaolinite, dissolution kinetics, batch experiments, low pH, low temperature, acidic, low pressure, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 12

**Author:** Hull, A.B.; Hull, J.R.

**Year:** 1987

**Title:** Geometric modelling of dissolution kinetics: Application to apatite

**Journal:** Water Resources Research

**Volume:** 23

**Issue:** 4

**Pages:** 707-714

**Keywords:** phosphates, apatite, modelling study, dissolution kinetics, review study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 287

**Author:** Icenhower, J.P.; Dove, P.M.

**Year:** 2000

**Title:** The dissolution kinetics of amorphous silica into sodium chloride solutions: Effects of temperature and ionic strength

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 64

**Issue:** 24

**Pages:** 4193-4203

**Keywords:** silicates, amorphous, silica, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, elevated temperature, high temperature, low pressure, batch experiments, flow-through experiments, mixed flow experiments, neutral, mid pH, high pressure, low temperature, activation energy, ionic strength, synthetic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 312

**Author:** Iwasaki, A.; Sano, T.

**Year:** 1997

**Title:** Dissolution behavior of silicalite crystal

**Journal:** Zeolites

**Volume:** 19

**Pages:** 41-46

**Keywords:** silicates, zeolites, silicalite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, batch experiments, alkaline, high pH, high temperature, elevated pressure, activation energy

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 305

**Author:** Iwasaki, H.; Iwasaki, F.; Marina, E.A.; Balitsky, V.S.

**Year of Conference:** 2000

**Title:** Influence of the degree of supersaturation on growth rates of hydrothermally grown quartz

**Conference Name:** Joint Sixth International Symposium on Hydrothermal Reactions & Fourth International Conference on Solvo-Thermal Reactions

**Conference Location:** Kochi, Japan

**Keywords:** silicates, quartz, precipitation kinetics, saturation state, laboratory study, high temperature, high pressure, neutral, mid pH, high pH, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 349

**Author:** Jacobson, A.D.; Blum, J.D.; Chamberlain, C.P.; Poage, M.A.; Sloan, V.F.

**Year:** 2002  
**Title:** Ca/Sr and Sr isotope systematics of a Himalayan glacial chronosequence: Carbonate versus silicate weathering rates as a function of landscape surface age  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 66  
**Issue:** 1  
**Pages:** 13-27  
**Date:** June 28, 2001  
**Keywords:** carbonates, silicates, weathering, field study, dissolution kinetics, upland

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 219  
**Author:** Janzen, M.P.; Nicholson, R.V.; Scharer, J.M.  
**Year:** 2000  
**Title:** Pyrrhotite reaction kinetics: reaction rates for oxidation by oxygen, ferric iron, and for nonoxidative dissolution  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 64  
**Issue:** 9  
**Pages:** 1511-1522  
**Keywords:** pyrrhotite, sulphides, low pH, batch experiments, laboratory study, dissolution kinetics, oxidation kinetics, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 284  
**Author:** Jeschke, A.A.; Vosbeck, K.; Dreybrodt, W.  
**Year:** 2001  
**Title:** Surface controlled dissolution rates of gypsum in aqueous solutions exhibit nonlinear dissolution kinetics  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 65  
**Issue:** 1  
**Pages:** 27-34  
**Keywords:** gypsum, sulphates, synthetic, alabaster, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, batch experiments, low temperature, low pressure, mid pH, neutral, inhibition

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 371  
**Author:** Jimenez-Lopez, C.; Caballero, E.; Huertas, F.J.; Romanek, C.S.  
**Year:** 2001  
**Title:** Chemical, mineralogical and isotope behavior, and phase transformation during the precipitation of calcium carbonate minerals from intermediate ionic solution at 25C  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 65  
**Issue:** 19  
**Pages:** 3219-3231  
**Date:** May 4, 2001  
**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, monohydrocalcite, precipitation kinetics, low temperature, low pressure, batch experiments, mid pH, neutral, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 443  
**Author:** Jimenez-Lopez, C.; Romanek, C.S.  
**Year:** 2004  
**Title:** Precipitation kinetics and carbon isotope partitioning of inorganic siderite at 25°C and 1 atm  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 68

**Issue:** 3

**Pages:** 557-571

**Keywords:** carbonates, precipitation kinetics, siderite, laboratory study, mid pH, neutral, low temperature, low pressure, free drift experiments, reducing conditions, batch experiments, pH-stat experiments, isotopes

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 377

**Author:** Jordan, G.; Higgins, S.R.; Eggleston, C.M.; Knauss, K.G.; Schmahl, W.W.

**Year:** 2001

**Title:** Dissolution kinetics of magnesite in acidic aqueous solution, a hydrothermal atomic force microscopy (HAFM) study: Step orientation and kink dynamics

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 65

**Issue:** 23

**Pages:** 4257-4266

**Date:** June 8, 2001

**Keywords:** carbonates, magnesite, dissolution kinetics, acidic, laboratory study, AFM, atomic force microscopy, low pH, elevated temperature, flow experiments, low pressure

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 246

**Author:** Jordan, G.; Higgins, S.R.; Eggleston, C.M.; Swapp, S.M.; Janney, D.E.; Knauss, K.G.

**Year:** 1999

**Title:** Acidic dissolution of plagioclase: In-situ observations by hydrothermal atomic force microscopy

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 63

**Issue:** 19/20

**Pages:** 3183-3191

**Keywords:** silicates, plagioclase, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, labradorite, anorthite, high temperature, high pressure, low pH, laboratory study, AFM, atomic force microscopy, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 5

**Author:** Jordan, G.; Rammensee, W.

**Year:** 1996

**Title:** Dissolution rates and activation energy for dissolution of brucite (001) : A new method based on the micropictography of crystal surfaces

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 60

**Issue:** 24

**Pages:** 5055-5062

**Keywords:** hydroxides, brucite, dissolution kinetics, activation energy, low temperature, low pressure, laboratory study, low pH, atomic force microscopy, AFM, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 186

**Author:** Jove, C.F.; Oelkers, E.H.; Schott, J.

**Year:** 1998

**Title:** An experimental study of the effect of mineral dissolution reactions on the reactive surface and permeability of sandstone

**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine

**Volume:** 62A

**Pages:** 727-728

**Keywords:** silicates, quartz, sandstone, laboratory study, flow experiments, low temperature, elevated temperature, high pH, surface areas, alkaline

**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1998 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Toulouse, France

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 256  
**Author:** Kacirek, H.; Lechert, H.  
**Year:** 1975  
**Title:** Investigations on the growth of zeolite type NaY  
**Journal:** Journal of Physical Chemistry  
**Volume:** 79  
**Issue:** 15  
**Pages:** 1589-1593  
**Keywords:** silicates, synthetic, zeolites, faujasite, precipitation kinetics, laboratory study, batch experiments, low temperature, high pH, low pressure, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 311  
**Author:** Kacirek, H.; Lechert, H.  
**Year:** 1976  
**Title:** Rates of crystallization and a model for the growth of NaY zeolites  
**Journal:** Journal of Physical Chemistry  
**Volume:** 80  
**Issue:** 12  
**Pages:** 1291-1296  
**Keywords:** amorphous, elevated temperature, low pressure, silicates, synthetic, zeolites, faujasite, precipitation kinetics, crystallization kinetics, gels, laboratory study, batch experiments, alkaline, high pH, activation energy

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 154  
**Author:** Kalinowski, B.E.; Faith-Ell, C.; Schweda, P.  
**Year:** 1998  
**Title:** Dissolution kinetics and alteration of epidote in acidic solutions at 25°C  
**Journal:** Chemical geology  
**Volume:** 151  
**Pages:** 181-197  
**Keywords:** silicates, epidote, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, low pH, mid pH, neutral, flow-through experiments, acidic, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 3  
**Author:** Kalinowski, B.E.; Schweda, P.  
**Year:** 1996  
**Title:** Kinetics of muscovite, phlogopite and biotite dissolution and alteration at pH 1-4, room temperature  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 60  
**Issue:** 3  
**Pages:** 367-385  
**Keywords:** silicates, micas, muscovite, phlogopite, biotite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 306  
**Author:** Kile, D.E.; Eberl, D.D.; Hoch, A.R.; Reddy, M.M.  
**Year:** 2000  
**Title:** An assessment of calcite crystal growth mechanisms based on crystal size distributions  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 64

**Issue:** 17

**Pages:** 2937-2950

**Keywords:** calcite, carbonates, precipitation kinetics, low temperature, low pressure, laboratory study, batch experiments, synthetic, mid pH, high pH, neutral, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 173

**Author:** Klammer, D.

**Year of Conference:** 1992

**Title:** Dissolution of nepheline in an open system

**Editor:** Kharaka, Y.K.; Maest, A.S.

**Conference Name:** 7th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-7

**Conference Location:** Park City, Utah, USA, 13-18 July 1992

**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema

**Volume:** 1

**Number of Volumes:** 2

**Pages:** 97-99

**Keywords:** silicates, nepheline, dissolution kinetics, elevated temperature, low pH, mid pH, neutral, acidic, laboratory study, batch experiments

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 185

**Author:** Klewicki, J.K.; Morgan, J.J.

**Year:** 1998

**Title:** Rates of dissolution of MnOOH by ligands: pyrophosphate, ethylenediaminetetraacetate, and citrate

**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine

**Volume:** 62A

**Pages:** 791-792

**Keywords:** oxides, hydroxides, dissolution kinetics, organics, pyrophosphate, phosphate, EDTA, citrate, laboratory study, low temperature, mid pH, neutral

**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1998 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Toulouse, France

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 94

**Author:** Knauss, K.G.; Wolery, T.J.

**Year:** 1986

**Title:** Dependence of albite dissolution kinetics on pH and time at 25 °C and 70 °C

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 50

**Issue:** 11

**Pages:** 2481-2497

**Keywords:** silicates, albite, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pressure, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, flow-through experiments, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 80

**Author:** Knauss, K.G.; Wolery, T.J.

**Year:** 1988

**Title:** The dissolution kinetics of quartz as a function of pH and time at 70 °C

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 52

**Issue:** 1

**Pages:** 43-53

**Keywords:** silicates, quartz, dissolution kinetics, elevated temperature, laboratory study, flow-through experiments, low pressure, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, acidic, alkaline



**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 4  
**Author:** Knauss, K.G.; Wolery, T.J.  
**Year:** 1989  
**Title:** Muscovite dissolution kinetics as a function of pH and time at 70°C  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 53  
**Pages:** 1493-1501  
**Keywords:** silicates, micas, muscovite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, elevated temperature, flow-through experiments, low pH, acidic, mid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline, low pressure

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 43  
**Author:** Knowles-VanCappellen, V.L.; Cappellen, P. Van; Tiller, C.L.  
**Year:** 1997  
**Title:** Probing the charge of reactive sites at the mineral-water interface: Effect of ionic strength on crystal growth kinetics of fluorite  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 61  
**Issue:** 9  
**Pages:** 1871-1877  
**Keywords:** fluorides, fluorite, precipitation kinetics, batch experiments, mid pH, low temperature, low pressure, neutral, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 439  
**Author:** Kohler, S.J.; Dufaud, F.; Oelkers, E.H.  
**Year:** 2003  
**Title:** An experimental study of illite dissolution kinetics as a function of pH from 1.4 to 12.4 and temperature from 5 to 50°C.  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 67  
**Issue:** 19  
**Pages:** 3583-3594  
**Keywords:** clays, silicates, illite, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pressure, batch experiments, laboratory study, low pH acidic, mid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 326  
**Author:** Kokot, Z.J.; Wojciechowska, H.  
**Year:** 1993  
**Title:** A rotating disk study on the rates of hydrotalcite dissolution at 25 °C  
**Journal:** Pharmazie  
**Volume:** 48  
**Pages:** 287-289  
**Keywords:** rotating disc experiments, cement minerals, hydrotalcite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure, batch experiments, low pH, acidic

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 257  
**Author:** Kostomarov, D.V.; Demianets, L.N.; Kuzmina, I.P.  
**Year of Conference:** 2000  
**Title:** Growth kinetics of zinc oxide single crystals in mixed KOH+LiOH solutions  
**Editor:** Yanagisawa, K.; Feng, Q.

**Conference Name:** Joint Sixth International Symposium on Hydrothermal Reactions & Fourth International Conference on Solvo-Thermal Reactions

**Conference Location:** Kochi, Japan

**Pages:** 313-317

**Keywords:** oxides, ZnO, precipitation kinetics, laboratory study, high temperature, high pressure, impurities

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 459

**Author:** Kovanda, F.; Kolousek, D.; Cílová, Z.; Hulínský, V.

**Year:** 2005

**Title:** Crystallization of synthetic hydrotalcite under hydrothermal conditions

**Journal:** Applied Clay Science

**Volume:** 28

**Pages:** 101-109

**Keywords:** laboratory study, crystallization kinetics, elevated pressure, high pressure, high temperature, batch experiments, hydroxides, carbonates, hydrotalcite, surface areas

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 47

**Author:** Kraemer, S.M.; Hering, J.G.

**Year:** 1997

**Title:** Influence of solution saturation state on the kinetics of ligand-controlled dissolution of oxide phases

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 61

**Issue:** 14

**Pages:** 2855-2866

**Keywords:** oxides, hydroxides, saturation state, goethite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, batch experiments, mixed flow experiments, ligands, mid pH, low temperature, neutral

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 44

**Author:** Kubicki, J.D.; Blake, G.A.; Apitz, S.E.

**Year:** 1997

**Title:** Molecular orbital calculations for modelling acetate-aluminosilicate adsorption and dissolution reactions

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 61

**Issue:** 5

**Pages:** 1031-1046

**Keywords:** silicates, dissolution kinetics, theoretical study, acetic acid, acetate, organic acids

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 232

**Author:** Lagache, M.

**Year:** 1965

**Title:** Contribution à l'étude de l'altération des feldspaths, dans l'eau, entre 100 et 200°C, sous diverses pressions de CO<sub>2</sub>, et application à la synthèse des minéraux argileux (in french)

**Journal:** Bull. Soc. Franç. Minér. Crist.

**Volume:** 88

**Pages:** 223-252

**Keywords:** silicates, dissolution kinetics, high temperature, high pressure, feldspars, albite, labradorite, adularia, batch experiments, laboratory study, CO<sub>2</sub>

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 238

**Author:** Lång, L.-O.

**Year:** 2000  
**Title:** Heavy mineral weathering under acidic soil conditions  
**Journal:** Applied Geochemistry  
**Volume:** 15  
**Pages:** 415-423  
**Keywords:** silicates, low pH, soil, apatite, titanite, hornblende, garnet, epidote, zircon, field study, low temperature, low pressure, acidic

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 304  
**Author:** Laptev, Y.V.; Pal'yanova, G.A.; Kolonin, G.R.  
**Year of Conference:** 2000  
**Title:** Experimental and thermodynamic study of CaF<sub>2</sub> dissolution in water and chloride solutions under hydrothermal conditions (extended abstract)  
**Conference Name:** Joint Sixth International Symposium on Hydrothermal Reactions & Fourth International Conference on Solvo-Thermal Reactions  
**Conference Location:** Kochi, Japan  
**Keywords:** fluorides, fluorite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, flow-through experiments, high temperature, high pressure, mid pH, neutral

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 270  
**Author:** Larsen, O.; Postma, D.  
**Year:** 2001  
**Title:** Kinetics of reductive bulk dissolution of lepidocrocite, ferrihydrite, and goethite  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 65  
**Issue:** 9  
**Pages:** 1367-1379  
**Keywords:** oxides, lepidocrocite, ferrihydrite, goethite, dissolution kinetics, reducing conditions, Fe oxide, batch experiments, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, acidic, ascorbic acid, synthetic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 51  
**Author:** Lasaga, A.C.  
**Year:** 1984  
**Title:** Chemical kinetics of water-rock interactions  
**Journal:** Journal of Geophysical Research  
**Volume:** 89  
**Issue:** B6  
**Pages:** 4009-4025  
**Keywords:** review study, dissolution kinetics, silicates, feldspars, pyroxenes, olivine, K-feldspar, nepheline, diopside, enstatite, forsterite, quartz, anorthite, Sr-feldspar, theoretical study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 20  
**Author:** Lasaga, A.C.; Rye, A.M.  
**Year:** 1993  
**Title:** Fluid flow and chemical reaction kinetics in metamorphic systems  
**Journal:** American Journal of Science  
**Volume:** 293  
**Pages:** 361-404  
**Keywords:** fluid flow, reaction kinetics, metamorphic systems, modelling, reaction-transport

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 329  
**Author:** Lea, A.S.; Amonette, J.E.; Baer, D.R.; Liang, Y.; Colton, N.G.  
**Year:** 2001  
**Title:** Microscopic effects of carbonate, manganese, and strontium ions on calcite dissolution  
**Journal:** *Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta*  
**Volume:** 65  
**Issue:** 3  
**Pages:** 369-379  
**Keywords:** calcite, carbonates, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, low pressure, laboratory study, AFM, atomic force microscopy, neutral, mid pH, high pH, alkaline, flow experiments, surface chemistry, inhibition

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 250  
**Author:** Lee, J.-U.; Fein, J.B.  
**Year:** 2000  
**Title:** Experimental study of the effects of *Bacillus subtilis* on gibbsite dissolution rates under near-neutral pH and nutrient-poor conditions  
**Journal:** *Chemical Geology*  
**Volume:** 166  
**Pages:** 193-202  
**Keywords:** oxides, hydroxides, gibbsite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, batch experiments, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, neutral, mid pH, bacteria, microbes, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 147  
**Author:** Lee, M.R.; Hodson, M.E.; Parsons, I.  
**Year:** 1998  
**Title:** The role of intragranular microtextures in chemical and mechanical weathering: Direct comparisons of experimentally and naturally weathered alkali feldspars  
**Journal:** *Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta*  
**Volume:** 62  
**Issue:** 16  
**Pages:** 2771-2788  
**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, flow-through experiments, low pH, low temperature, low pressure, acidic, laboratory study, field study, laboratory versus field study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 398  
**Author:** Lee, Y.-J.; Morse, J.W.  
**Year:** 1999  
**Title:** Calcite precipitation in synthetic veins: implications for the time and fluid volume necessary for vein filling  
**Journal:** *Chemical Geology*  
**Volume:** 156  
**Pages:** 151-170  
**Date:** 6 October 1998  
**Keywords:** carbonates, precipitation kinetics, laboratory study, mid pH, neutral, low temperature, low pressure, flow experiment, morphology, veins

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 266  
**Author:** Lengke, M.F.; Tempel, R.N.  
**Year:** 2001  
**Title:** Kinetic rates of amorphous As<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub> oxidation at 25 to 40°C and initial pH of 7.3 to 9.4  
**Journal:** *Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta*  
**Volume:** 65

**Issue:** 14

**Pages:** 2241-2255

**Keywords:** amorphous, As<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub>, sulphides, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pressure, mid pH, neutral, high pH, oxidation kinetics, mixed flow experiments, oxidising conditions, alkaline, laboratory study, activation energy, synthetic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 406

**Author:** Lengke, M.F.; Tempel, R.N.

**Year:** 2003

**Title:** Natural realgar and amorphous AsS oxidation kinetics

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 67

**Issue:** 5

**Pages:** 859-871

**Date:** September 19, 2002

**Keywords:** realgar, amorphous, sulphides, dissolution kinetics, oxidation kinetics, mid pH, neutral, low temperature, elevated temperature, activation energy, mixed flow experiments, neutral, synthetic, AsS, oxidising conditions, low pressure, laboratory study, reaction mechanisms

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 453

**Author:** Lengke, M.F.; Tempel, R.N.

**Year:** 2005

**Title:** Geochemical modeling of arsenic sulfide oxidation kinetics in a mining environment

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 69

**Issue:** 2

**Pages:** 341-356

**Keywords:** oxidation kinetics, modelling study, review study, low pressure, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pH, acidic, mid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline, sulphides, AsS, As<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub>, orpiment, realgar, amorphous, activation energy, chemical affinity, carbonates, silicates, feldspars, pyroxenes, pyrite, pyrrhotite, enstatite, diopside, augite, wollastonite, jadeite, spodumene, MnSiO<sub>3</sub>, anthophyllite, quartz, albite, anorthite, sanidine, nepheline, microcline, calcite, aragonite, dolomite

**Reference Type:** Thesis

**Record Number:** 342

**Author:** Lenham, J.C.

**Year:** 2001

**Title:** Dissolution kinetics of heulandite and clinoptilolite under high pH conditions

**Academic Department:** Department of Life and Environmental Sciences

**City:** Nottingham

**University:** University of Nottingham

**Thesis Type:** MSc

**Keywords:** silicates, heulandite, clinoptilolite, zeolites, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pressure, mid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline, batch experiments

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 77

**Author:** Lerman, A.; MacKenzie, F.T.; Bricker, O.P.

**Year:** 1975

**Title:** Rates of dissolution of aluminosilicates in seawater

**Journal:** Earth and Planetary Science Letters

**Volume:** 25

**Pages:** 82-88

**Keywords:** silicates, clays, smectite, micas, zeolites, quartz, kaolinite, montmorillonite, bentonite, illite, muscovite, glauconite, analcite, phillipsite, prehnite, clinoptilolite, batch experiments, low temperature, low pressure, mid pH, neutral, dissolution kinetics, seawater

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 184

**Author:** Liang, L.; Gu, B.; Hofmann, A.

**Year:** 1998

**Title:** Kinetics of iron oxide dissolution as enhanced by organic ligands

**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine

**Volume:** 62A

**Pages:** 887-888

**Keywords:** oxides, ferrihydrite, dissolution kinetics, organics, ligands, laboratory study, low pH, low temperature, batch experiments, acidic

**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1998 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Toulouse, France

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 226

**Author:** Liermann, L.; Kalinowski, B.E.; Brantley, S.L.; Ferry, J.G.

**Year:** 2000

**Title:** Role of bacterial siderophores in dissolution of hornblende

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 64

**Issue:** 4

**Pages:** 587-602

**Keywords:** silicates, hornblende, pyroxene, dissolution kinetics, bacteria, laboratory study, low pH, low temperature, batch experiments, microbes, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 236

**Author:** Lin, F.-C.; Clemency, C.V.

**Year:** 1981

**Title:** Dissolution kinetics of phlogopite. I. closed system

**Journal:** Clays and Clay Minerals

**Volume:** 29

**Issue:** 2

**Pages:** 101-106

**Keywords:** silicates, phlogopite, micas, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, CO<sub>2</sub>, dissolution kinetics, batch experiments, surface areas, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 8

**Author:** Liu, S.; Nancollas, G.H.

**Year:** 1971

**Title:** The kinetics of dissolution of calcium sulfate dihydrate

**Journal:** J. Inorg. Nucl. Chem

**Volume:** 33

**Pages:** 2311-2316

**Keywords:** gypsum, sulfates, dissolution kinetics, low pressure, low temperature, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 224

**Author:** Liu, Z.; Dreybrodt, W.

**Year:** 1997

**Title:** Dissolution kinetics of calcium carbonate minerals in H<sub>2</sub>O-CO<sub>2</sub> solutions in turbulent flow: The role of the diffusion boundary layer and the slow reaction  $\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{CO}_2 = \text{H}^+ + \text{HCO}_3^-$

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 61

**Issue:** 14

**Pages:** 2879-2889

**Keywords:** carbonates, marble, limestone, rotating disk experiments, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure, dissolution kinetics, precipitation kinetics, CO<sub>2</sub>

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 61

**Author:** Luce, R.W.; Bartlett, R.W.; Parks, G.A.

**Year:** 1972

**Title:** Dissolution kinetics of magnesium silicates

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 36

**Pages:** 35-50

**Keywords:** silicates, pyroxenes, serpentine, forsterite, enstatite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, low temperature, low pressure, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 130

**Author:** Lund, K.; Fogler, H.S.; McCune, C.C.

**Year:** 1973

**Title:** Acidization-1. The dissolution of dolomite in hydrochloric acid

**Journal:** Chemical Engineering Science

**Volume:** 28

**Pages:** 691-700

**Keywords:** carbonates, dolomite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory, study, rotating disc experiments, low temperature, high temperature, low pressure, high pressure, low pH, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 45

**Author:** Luther, G.W.

**Year:** 1997

**Title:** Comment on 'Confirmation of a sulphur-rich layer on pyrite after oxidative dissolution by Fe(III) ions around pH 2' by K. Sasaki, M. Tsunekawa, T. Ohtsuka and H. Konno

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 61

**Issue:** 15

**Pages:** 3269-3271

**Keywords:** sulphides, pyrite, oxidation kinetics, dissolution kinetics, review study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 405

**Author:** Luttge, A.; Winkler, U.; Lasaga, A.C.

**Year:** 2003

**Title:** Interferometric study of the dolomite dissolution: A new conceptual model for mineral dissolution

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 67

**Issue:** 6

**Pages:** 1099-1116

**Date:** January 18, 2002

**Keywords:** dolomite, carbonates, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, interferometry, low pH, acidic, low temperature, low pressure, flow experiment

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 328  
**Author:** MacInnis, I.N.; Brantley, S.L.  
**Year:** 1992  
**Title:** The role of dislocations and surface morphology in calcite dissolution  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 56  
**Pages:** 1113-1126  
**Keywords:** calcite, carbonates, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pressure, laboratory study, rotating disk experiments, neutral, mid pH, morphology, activation energy, dislocations

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 291  
**Author:** Made, B.; fritz, B.  
**Year of Conference:** 1990  
**Title:** The comparison of weathering solutions on granitic rocks: Comparison between field observations and water-rock interaction simulations based on thermodynamic and kinetic laws  
**Conference Name:** 2nd International Symposium on the Geochemistry of the Earth's Surface and of Mineral Formation  
**Conference Location:** Aix en Provence, France, July 2-8 1990  
**Pages:** 100-103  
**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, weathering, granite, theoretical study, modelling study, biotite, K-feldspar, anorthite, albite, muscovite, quartz, silicates, micas, feldspars, activation energy, low temperature, low pressure

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 172  
**Author:** Made, B.; Fritz, B.  
**Year of Conference:** 1992  
**Title:** Theoretical approach and modelling of the dissolution and precipitation of minerals under kinetic control  
**Editor:** Kharaka, Y.K.; Maest, A.S.  
**Conference Name:** 7th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-7  
**Conference Location:** Park City, Utah, USA, 13-18 July 1992  
**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema  
**Volume:** 1  
**Number of Volumes:** 2  
**Pages:** 101-105  
**Keywords:** theoretical study, dissolution kinetics, precipitation kinetics

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 68  
**Author:** Malengreau, N.; Sposito, G.  
**Year:** 1997  
**Title:** Short-time dissolution mechanisms of kaolinite tropical soils  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 61  
**Issue:** 20  
**Pages:** 4297-4307  
**Keywords:** silicates, clays, kaolinite, dissolution kinetics, weathering, batch experiments, low temperature, low pressure, laboratory study, low pH, mid pH, neutral, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 48  
**Author:** Malmstrom, M.; Banwart, S.  
**Year:** 1997  
**Title:** Biotite dissolution at 25°C: The pH dependence of dissolution rate and stoichiometry



**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 61

**Issue:** 14

**Pages:** 2779-2799

**Keywords:** silicates, micas, biotite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, flow experiments, low pH, acidic, mid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 27

**Author:** Malmstrom, M.; Banwart, S.; Lewenhagen, J.; Duro, L.; Bruno, J.

**Year of Conference:** 1994

**Title:** The dissolution of biotite and chlorite at 25°C in the near neutral pH region

**Conference Name:** Fourth international conference on the chemistry and migration behaviour of actinides and fission products in the geosphere

**Pages:** 55-61

**Keywords:** silicates, micas, biotite, chlorite, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, low pressure, neutral, mid pH, flow-through experiments, batch experiments, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Thesis

**Record Number:** 341

**Author:** Mann, N.

**Year:** 1999

**Title:** Dissolution kinetics of zeolites in the heulandite group

**Academic Department:** Department of Environmental Science

**City:** Nottingham

**University:** University of Nottingham

**Thesis Type:** MSc

**Keywords:** silicates, heulandite, clinoptilolite, zeolites, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pressure, low pH, acidic, mid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline, batch experiments

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 294

**Author:** Manning, D.A.C.; Rae, E.I.C.; Small, J.S.

**Year:** 1991

**Title:** An exploratory study of acetate decomposition and dissolution of quartz and Pb-rich potassium feldspar at 150°C, 50MPa (500 bars)

**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine

**Volume:** 55

**Pages:** 183-195

**Keywords:** silicates, quartz, K-feldspar, feldspars, orthoclase, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, organics, acetate, batch experiments, high temperature, high pressure, mixed flow experiments, mid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 415

**Author:** Marchand, A.M.E.; Haszeldine, R.S.; Smalley, P.C.; Macaulay, C.I.; Fallick, A.E.

**Year:** 2001

**Title:** Evidence for reduced quartz-cementation rates in oil-filled sandstones

**Journal:** Geology

**Volume:** 29

**Issue:** 10

**Pages:** 915-918

**Date:** October 2001

**Keywords:** silicates, quartz, precipitation kinetics, modelling study, elevated temperatures, cementation

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 234  
**Author:** Margolis, H.C.; Moreno, E.C.  
**Year:** 1992  
**Title:** Kinetics of hydroxyapatite dissolution in acetic, lactic, and phosphoric acid solutions  
**Journal:** Calcified Tissue International  
**Volume:** 50  
**Pages:** 137-143  
**Keywords:** phosphates, apatite, dissolution kinetics, low pH, organic acids, organics, acetic acid, lactic acid, phosphoric acid, batch experiments, low temperature, low pressure, acidic, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 58  
**Author:** Marshall, C.E.  
**Year:** 1962  
**Title:** III. Reactions of feldspars and micas with aqueous solutions  
**Journal:** Economic Geology  
**Volume:** 57  
**Pages:** 1219-1227  
**Keywords:** weathering, silicates, feldspars, micas, review study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 105  
**Author:** Massard, P.  
**Year:** 1992  
**Title:** Irreversible thermodynamics of silicate mineral dissolution: experimental study of an albite  
**Journal:** Applied Geochemistry  
**Issue:** Supplementary Issue 1  
**Pages:** 167-177  
**Keywords:** silicates, albite, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, low pH, mid pH, neutral, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pressure, laboratory study, acidic, batch experiments

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 302  
**Author:** Matsunaga, I.; Sasaki, M.; Sugita, H.; Tao, H.  
**Year of Conference:** 2000  
**Title:** Anhydrite precipitation experiment under hydrothermal conditions (extended abstract)  
**Conference Name:** Joint Sixth International Symposium on Hydrothermal Reactions & Fourth International Conference on Solvo-Thermal Reactions  
**Conference Location:** Kochi, Japan  
**Keywords:** sulphates, anhydrite, precipitation kinetics, laboratory study, flow-through experiments, high temperature, high pressure, mid pH, neutral

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 274  
**Author:** McGuire, M.M.; Edwards, K.J.; Banfield, J.F.; Hamers, R.J.  
**Year:** 2001  
**Title:** Kinetics, surface chemistry, and structural evolution of microbially mediated sulfide mineral dissolution  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 65  
**Issue:** 8  
**Pages:** 1243-1258  
**Keywords:** sulphides, pyrite, marcasite, arsenopyrite, dissolution kinetics, microbes, low pH, low pressure, elevated temperature, oxidising conditions, acidic, surface coatings, surface speciations, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Book Section  
**Record Number:** 410  
**Author:** Mellott, N.P.; Brantley, S.L.; Pantano, C.G.  
**Year:** 2002  
**Title:** Topography of polished plates of albite crystal and glass during dissolution  
**Editor:** Hellmann, R.; Wood, S.A.  
**Book Title:** Water-Rock Interactions, Ore deposits, and Environmental Geochemistry: A Tribute to David A. Crear  
**Publisher:** The Geochemical Society, Special Publication No. 7, 2002  
**Pages:** 83-95  
**Keywords:** albite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low pH, high pH, low temperature, low pressure, AFM, atomic force microscopy, acidic, alkaline, silicates, feldspars, surface roughness, amorphous, synthetic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 368  
**Author:** Metz, V.; Ganor, J.  
**Year:** 2001  
**Title:** Stirring effect on kaolinite dissolution rate  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 65  
**Issue:** 20  
**Pages:** 3475-3490  
**Date:** May 30, 2001  
**Keywords:** silicates, clays, kaolinite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, flow-through experiments, elevated temperature, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, acidic, stirring

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 403  
**Author:** Millot, R.; Gaillardet, J.; Dupre, B.; Allegre, C. J.  
**Year:** 2003  
**Title:** Northern latitude chemical weathering rates: Clues from the Mackenzie River Basin, Canada  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 67  
**Issue:** 7  
**Pages:** 1305-1329  
**Date:** September 9, 2002  
**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, field study, carbonates, silicates, low temperature, low pressure, lowland, upland, isotopes

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 191  
**Author:** Mogollon, J.L.; Ganor, J.; Soler, J.M.; Lasaga, A.C.  
**Year:** 1996  
**Title:** Column experiments and the full dissolution rate law of gibbsite  
**Journal:** American Journal of Science  
**Volume:** 296  
**Pages:** 729-765  
**Keywords:** hydroxides, gibbsite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low temperature, low pH, column experiments, synthetic, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 36  
**Author:** Mogollon, J.L.; Perez, D.A.; Monaco, S. Lo; Ganor, J.; Lasaga, A.C.  
**Year:** 1994  
**Title:** The effect of pH, HClO<sub>4</sub>, HNO<sub>3</sub> and Delta G<sub>r</sub> on the dissolution rate of natural gibbsite using column experiments

**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine

**Volume:** 58A

**Pages:** 619-620

**Keywords:** hydroxides, gibbsite, dissolution kinetics, column experiments, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, laboratory study, acidic

**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1994 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Edinburgh, Scotland

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 228

**Author:** Mogollón, J.L.; Pérez-Díaz, A.; Monaco, S.L.

**Year:** 2000

**Title:** The effects of ion identity and ionic strength on the dissolution rate of gibbsitic bauxite

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 64

**Issue:** 5

**Pages:** 781-795

**Keywords:** hydroxides, gibbsite, bauxite, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, low pH, flow experiments, column experiments, acidic, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 338

**Author:** Moore, C.H.

**Year of Conference:** 2001

**Title:** Examination of the effect of uncertainty in thermodynamic and kinetic data on computer simulations of complex systems

**Editor:** Cidu, R.

**Conference Name:** 10th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-10

**Conference Location:** Villasimius, Italy, 10-15 July 2001

**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema, Rotterdam

**Volume:** 1

**Number of Volumes:** 2

**Pages:** 197-200

**Keywords:** uncertainty, modelling study, dissolution kinetics, theoretical study, precipitation kinetics

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 122

**Author:** Morse, J.W.

**Year:** 1974

**Title:** Dissolution kinetics of calcium carbonate in sea water. III: A new method for the study of carbonate reaction kinetics

**Journal:** American Journal of Science

**Volume:** 274

**Pages:** 97-107

**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, pH-stat experiment, batch experiments, low temperature, low pressure

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 417

**Author:** Morse, J.W.; Arvidson, R.S.

**Year:** 2002

**Title:** The dissolution kinetics of major sedimentary carbonate minerals

**Journal:** Earth-Science Reviews

**Volume:** 58

**Issue:** 1-2

**Pages:** 51-84

**Date:** July 2002

**Keywords:** calcite, carbonates, dissolution kinetics, review study, mid pH, neutral, low temperature, aragonite, dolomite, magnesite, reaction mechanisms, low pH, acid, alkaline, saturation state, activation energy, elevated temperature, inhibition, surface areas, surface chemistry, surface complexes

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 37

**Author:** Mountain, B.W.; Williams-Jones, A.E.

**Year:** 1994

**Title:** Experimental simulations of fluid-rock interaction: the effect of surface area on the rate of alteration

**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine

**Volume:** 58A

**Pages:** 631-632

**Keywords:** diorite, high pressure, high temperature, laboratory study, flow experiments, neutral, mid pH, surface areas

**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1994 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Edinburgh, Scotland

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 114

**Author:** Muir, I.J.; Nesbitt, H.W.

**Year:** 1991

**Title:** Effects of aqueous cations on the dissolution of labradorite feldspar

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 55

**Pages:** 3181-3189

**Keywords:** silicates, labradorite, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, leached layers, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, depth profiling, acidic

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 425

**Author:** Murakami, T.; Ito, J.; Utsunomiya, S.; Kasama, T.

**Year of Conference:** 2002

**Title:** Biotite dissolution under an anoxic condition: implication for behavior during anoxic weathering

**Conference Name:** Denver Annual Meeting

**Conference Location:** Colorado Convention Center: C2051

**Volume:** 54-3

**Date:** October 28, 2002

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 442

**Author:** Murakami, t.; Ito, J.; Utsunomiya, S.; Kasama, T.; Kozai, N.; Ohnuki, T.

**Year:** 2004

**Title:** Anoxic dissolution processes of biotite: implications for Fe behaviour during Archean weathering

**Journal:** Earth and Planetary Science Letters

**Volume:** 224

**Pages:** 117-129

**Keywords:** silicates, micas, biotite, dissolution kinetics, low pressure, neutral, mid pH, batch experiments, laboratory study, reducing conditions, CO<sub>2</sub>, low pH, acidic, oxidising conditions, high temperature, elevated temperature, weathering

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 138

**Author:** Murakami, T.; Kogure, T.; Kadohara, H.; Ohnuki, T.

**Year:** 1998

**Title:** Formation of secondary minerals and its effect on anorthite dissolution

**Journal:** American Mineralogist

**Volume:** 83  
**Pages:** 1209-1219  
**Keywords:** silicates, anorthite, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, elevated temperature, high temperature, low pH, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 66  
**Author:** Murphy, S.F.; Brantley, S.L.; Blum, A.E.; White, A.F.; Dong, H.  
**Year:** 1998  
**Title:** Chemical weathering in a tropical watershed, Luquillo Mountains, Puerto Rico: II. Rate and mechanism of biotite weathering  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 62  
**Issue:** 2  
**Pages:** 227-243  
**Keywords:** silicates, biotite, dissolution kinetics, field study, review study, low pressure, low temperature

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 62  
**Author:** Murphy, W.M.; Helgeson, H.C.  
**Year:** 1989  
**Title:** Thermodynamic and kinetic constraints on reaction rates among minerals and aqueous solutions. IV. Retrieval of rate constants and activation parameters for the hydrolysis of pyroxene, wollastonite, olivine, andalusite, quartz and nepheline  
**Journal:** American Journal of Science  
**Volume:** 289  
**Pages:** 17-101  
**Keywords:** silicates, pyroxenes, wollastonite, olivine, andalusite, quartz, nepheline, review study, theoretical study, dissolution kinetics

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 204  
**Author:** Murphy, W.M.; Pabalan, R.T.; Prikryl, J.D.; Goulet, C.J.  
**Year of Conference:** 1992  
**Title:** Dissolution rate and solubility of analcime at 25°C  
**Editor:** Kharaka, Y.K.; Maest, A.S.  
**Conference Name:** 7th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-7  
**Conference Location:** Park City, Utah, USA, 13-18 July 1992  
**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema  
**Volume:** 1  
**Number of Volumes:** 2  
**Pages:** 107-110  
**Keywords:** silicates, analcime, analcite, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, laboratory study, batch experiments, high pH, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 25  
**Author:** Nagano, T.; Nakashima, S.; Nakayama, S.; Senoo, M.  
**Year:** 1994  
**Title:** The use of colour to quantify the effects of pH and temperature on the crystallisation kinetics of goethite under highly alkaline conditions  
**Journal:** Clays and Clay Minerals  
**Volume:** 42  
**Issue:** 2  
**Pages:** 226-234

**Keywords:** colourimetry, oxides, hydroxides, goethite, high pH, crystallisation kinetics, laboratory study, elevated temperature, low pressure, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 190

**Author:** Nagy, K.L.; Cygan, R.T.; Hanchar, J.M.; Sturchio, N.C.

**Year:** 1999

**Title:** Gibbsite growth kinetics on gibbsite, kaolinite, and muscovite substrates: Atomic force microscopy evidence for epitaxy and an assessment of reactive surface area

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 63

**Issue:** 16

**Pages:** 2337-2351

**Keywords:** hydroxides, gibbsite, precipitation kinetics, laboratory study, elevated temperatures, low pH, mixed flow experiments, acidic

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 71

**Author:** Nagy, K.L.; Lasaga, A.C.

**Year of Conference:** 1990

**Title:** The effect of deviation from equilibrium on the kinetics of dissolution and precipitation of kaolinite and gibbsite

**Conference Name:** Geochemistry of the Earth's Surface and of Mineral Formation - 2nd International Symposium

**Conference Location:** Aix en Provence, France

**Pages:** 283-285

**Keywords:** clays, silicates, hydroxides, kaolinite, gibbsite, precipitation kinetics, dissolution kinetics, elevated temperature, low pressure, laboratory study, low pH, flow-through experiments, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 78

**Author:** Nagy, K.L.; Lasaga, A.C.

**Year:** 1992

**Title:** Dissolution and precipitation kinetics of gibbsite at 80 °C and pH 3: The dependence on solution saturation state

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 56

**Pages:** 3093-3111

**Keywords:** hydroxides, gibbsite, low pH, elevated temperature, low pressure, dissolution kinetics, precipitation kinetics, mixed flow experiments, acidic

**Reference Type:** Book Section

**Record Number:** 75

**Author:** Nagy, K.L.; Steefel, C.I.; Blum, A.E.; Lasaga, A.C.

**Year:** 1990

**Title:** Dissolution and precipitation kinetics of kaolinite: initial results at 80 °C with application to porosity evolution in a sandstone

**Editor:** Meshri, I.D.; Ortoleva, P.J.

**Book Title:** Prediction of Reservoir Quality Through Chemical Modeling

**Publisher:** American Association of Petroleum Geologists

**Volume:** 49

**Pages:** 85-101

**Keywords:** silicates, clays, kaolinite, dissolution kinetics, precipitation kinetics, elevated temperature, mixed flow experiments, low pH, laboratory study, low pressure, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 445

**Author:** Nakayama, S.; Sakamoto, Y.; Yamaguchi, T.; Akai, M.; Tanaka, T.; Sato, T.; Iida, Y.

**Year:** 2004

**Title:** Dissolution of montmorillonite in compacted bentonite by highly alkaline aqueous solutions and diffusivity of hydroxide ions.

**Journal:** Applied Clay Science

**Volume:** 27

**Pages:** 53-65

**Keywords:** silicates, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, high pH, high temperature, low pressure, alkaline, clays, montmorillonite, batch experiments, elevated temperature, smectite

**Reference Type:** Book Section

**Record Number:** 11

**Author:** Nancollas, G.H.; Amjad, Z.; Koutsoukos, P.

**Year:** 1979

**Title:** Calcium phosphates - speciation, solubility and kinetic considerations

**Editor:** Jenne, E.A.

**Book Title:** Chemical modelling in aqueous systems

**Pages:** 475-497

**Keywords:** phosphates, apatite, precipitation kinetics, laboratory study, low pressure, low temperature, mid pH, neutral

**Reference Type:** Thesis

**Record Number:** 343

**Author:** Naylor, J.A.

**Year:** 2000

**Title:** The dissolution kinetics of apophyllite under alkaline pH conditions

**Academic Department:** School of Biological Sciences

**City:** Nottingham

**University:** University of Nottingham

**Thesis Type:** MSc

**Keywords:** silicates, apophyllite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low temperature, elevated temperature, mid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline, low pressure, fluidised bed experiments

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 276

**Author:** Nesbitt, H.W.; Skinner, W.M.

**Year:** 2001

**Title:** Early development of Al, Ca, and Na compositional gradients in labradorite leached in pH 2 HCl solutions

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 65

**Issue:** 5

**Pages:** 715-727

**Keywords:** silicates, labradorite, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, depth profiling, laboratory study, low pH, low pressure, low temperature, XPS, X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy, acidic, leached layers, leaching, batch experiments

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 162

**Author:** Nickel, E.

**Year:** 1973

**Title:** Experimental dissolution of light and heavy minerals in comparison with weathering and intrastatal solution

**Journal:** Contributions to Sedimentology

**Volume:** 1



**Pages:** 1-68

**Keywords:** silicates, phosphates, garnets, oxides, albite, feldspars, muscovite, micas, quartz, apatite, almandine, disthene, epidote, hornblende, rutile, staurolite, tourmaline, zircon, dissolution kinetics, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, low temperature, mixed flow experiments, acidic, alkaline, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 315

**Author:** Nikolakis, V.; Vlachos, D.G.; Tsapatsis, M.

**Year:** 1998

**Title:** Modeling of zeolite crystallization: the role of gel microstructure

**Journal:** Microporous and Mesoporous Materials

**Volume:** 21

**Pages:** 337-346

**Keywords:** silicates, zeolites, precipitation kinetics, crystallization kinetics, nucleation kinetics, gels, modelling study, amorphous, theoretical study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 320

**Author:** Norton, F.H.

**Year:** 1937

**Title:** Accelerated weathering of feldspars

**Journal:** The American Mineralogist

**Volume:** 22

**Pages:** 1-14

**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, orthoclase, anorthite, albite, plagioclase, dissolution kinetics, weathering, laboratory study, high temperature, high pressure, mid pH, neutral

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 144

**Author:** Nugent, M.A.; Brantley, S.L.; Pantano, C.G.; Maurice, P.A.

**Year:** 1998

**Title:** The influence of natural mineral coatings on feldspar weathering

**Journal:** Nature

**Volume:** 395

**Pages:** 588-591

**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, field study, laboratory study, surface coatings

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 281

**Author:** Nugent, M.A.; Maurice, P.; Brantley, S.L.

**Year of Conference:** 1998

**Title:** The field dissolution rate of feldspar in a Pennsylvania (USA) spodosol as measured by atomic force microscopy

**Editor:** Arehart, G.B.; Hulston, J.R.

**Conference Name:** 9th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction (WRI-9)

**Conference Location:** Taupo, New Zealand, 30 March-3 April 1998

**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema, Rotterdam

**Pages:** 387-390

**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, weathering, plagioclase, silicates, feldspars, albite, oligoclase, field study, AFM, atomic force microscopy, low pressure, low temperature, mid pH, neutral

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 271

**Author:** Oelkers, E.H.

**Year:** 2001

**Title:** An experimental study of forsterite dissolution rates as a function of temperature and aqueous Mg and Si concentrations

**Journal:** Chemical Geology

**Volume:** 175

**Pages:** 485-494

**Keywords:** silicates, forsterite, olivine, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low pH, low temperature, elevated temperature, mixed flow experiments, acidic, low pressure, activation energy, reaction mechanisms

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 365

**Author:** Oelkers, E.H.

**Year:** 2001

**Title:** General kinetic description of multioxide silicate mineral and glass dissolution

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 65

**Issue:** 21

**Pages:** 3703-3719

**Date:** May 17, 2001

**Keywords:** oxides, glass, amorphous, hydroxides, basalt, quartz, hematite, enstatite, albite, mucovite, kaolinite, review study, theoretical study, reaction mechanisms, dissolution kinetics, leached layers, surface complexes, chemical affinity, near equilibrium, feldspars, pyroxenes, forsterite, anorthite, clays, silicates

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 367

**Author:** Oelkers, E.H.; Gislason, S.R.

**Year:** 2001

**Title:** The mechanism, rates and consequences of basaltic glass dissolution: I. An experimental study of the dissolution rates of basaltic glass as a function of aqueous Al, Si and oxalic acid concentration at 25C and pH = 3 and 11

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 65

**Issue:** 21

**Pages:** 3671-3681

**Date:** March 19, 2001

**Keywords:** glass, basalt, amorphous, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, mixed flow experiments, low pH, low temperature, acidic, high pH, alkaline, low pressure, oxalic acid

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 387

**Author:** Oelkers, E.H.; Poitrasson, F.

**Year:** 2002

**Title:** An experimental study of the dissolution stoichiometry and rates of a natural monazite as a function of temperature from 50 to 23°C and pH from 1.5 to 10

**Journal:** Chemical Geology

**Volume:** 191

**Issue:** 1-3

**Pages:** 73-87

**Keywords:** phosphates, apatite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, high temperature, neutral, mid pH, elevated temperature, low pressure, high pressure, batch experiments, mixed flow experiments, activation energy, low pH, acidic, high pH, alkaline, monazite

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 424

**Author:** Oelkers, E.H.; Pokrovsky, O.; Schott, J.

**Year of Conference:** 2002

**Title:** An experimental study of magnesite dissolution and precipitation rates

**Conference Name:** Denver Annual Meeting  
**Conference Location:** Colorado Convention Center: A205  
**Volume:** 135-1  
**Date:** October 29, 2002

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 33  
**Author:** Oelkers, E.H.; Schott, J.  
**Year:** 1994  
**Title:** Experimental study of kyanite dissolution rates as a function of Al and Si concentration  
**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine  
**Volume:** 58A  
**Pages:** 659-660  
**Keywords:** silicates, kyanite, dissolution kinetics, low pH, elevated temperature, elevated pressure, laboratory study, mixed flow experiments, acidic  
**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1994 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Edinburgh, Scotland

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 212  
**Author:** Oelkers, E.H.; Schott, J.  
**Year of Conference:** 1995  
**Title:** The dependence of silicate dissolution rates on their structure and composition  
**Editor:** Kharaka, Y.K.; Chudaev, O.V.  
**Conference Name:** 8th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-8  
**Conference Location:** Vladivostok, Russia, 15-19 August 1995  
**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema  
**Pages:** 153-156  
**Keywords:** review study, dissolution rates, silicates, feldspars, K-feldspar, albite, plagioclase, clays, kaolinite, kyanite, muscovite

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 178  
**Author:** Oelkers, E.H.; Schott, J.  
**Year of Conference:** 1996  
**Title:** An experimental study of enstatite dissolution as a function of solution composition and temperature  
**Conference Name:** 1996 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference  
**Conference Location:** Heidelberg, Germany, March 31 - April 4, 1996  
**Publisher:** Cambridge Publications  
**Pages:** 442  
**Series Title:** Journal of Conference Abstracts  
**Keywords:** silicates, pyroxenes, enstatite, dissolution kinetics, mixed flow experiments, low pH, low temperature, elevated temperature, high temperature, laboratory study, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 152  
**Author:** Oelkers, E.H.; Schott, J.  
**Year:** 1998  
**Title:** Does organic acid adsorption affect alkali-feldspar dissolution rates?  
**Journal:** Chemical Geology  
**Volume:** 151  
**Pages:** 235-245  
**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, organic acids, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 160  
**Author:** Oelkers, E.H.; Schott, J.  
**Year:** 1999  
**Title:** Experimental study of kyanite dissolution rates as a function of chemical affinity and solution composition  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 63  
**Issue:** 6  
**Pages:** 785-797  
**Keywords:** silicates, kyanite, dissolution kinetics, mixed flow experiments, low pH, high temperature, acidic, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 275  
**Author:** Oelkers, E.H.; Schott, J.  
**Year:** 2001  
**Title:** An experimental study of enstatite dissolution rates as a function of pH, temperature, and aqueous Mg and Si concentration, and the mechanism of pyroxene/pyroxenoid dissolution  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 65  
**Issue:** 8  
**Pages:** 1219-1231  
**Keywords:** silicates, enstatite, dissolution kinetics, pyroxenes, mixed flow experiments, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, low temperature, elevated temperature, high temperature, laboratory study, low pressure, acidic, alkaline, high pressure, activation energy, reaction mechanisms

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 375  
**Author:** Oelkers, E.H.; Schott, J.; Devidal, J-L.  
**Year:** 2001  
**Title:** On the interpretation of closed system mineral dissolution experiments: Comment on "Mechanism of kaolinite dissolution at room temperature and pressure Part II: Kinetic study" by Huertas et al. (1999)  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 65  
**Issue:** 23  
**Pages:** 4429-4432  
**Date:** March 26, 2001  
**Keywords:** silicates, clays, kaolinite, dissolution kinetics, batch experiments, low pH, low temperature, acidic, low pressure, high pH, alkaline, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Thesis  
**Record Number:** 344  
**Author:** Oldman, L.P.  
**Year:** 1999  
**Title:** Experimental determination of apophyllite dissolution kinetics and solubility  
**Academic Department:** School of Biological Sciences  
**City:** Nottingham  
**University:** University of Nottingham  
**Thesis Type:** MSc  
**Keywords:** silicates, apophyllite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pH, acidic, mid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline, low pressure, batch experiments, fluidised bed experiments

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 247  
**Author:** Pablo, J. de; Casas, I.; Giménez, J.; Molera, M.; Rovira, M.; Duro, L.; Bruno, J.  
**Year:** 1999

**Title:** The oxidative dissolution mechanism of uranium dioxide. I. The effect of temperature in hydrogen carbonate medium

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 63

**Issue:** 19/20

**Pages:** 3097-3103

**Keywords:** oxides, UO<sub>2</sub>, uranium oxide, dissolution kinetics, oxidising conditions, low temperature, elevated temperature, flow through experiments, laboratory study, mid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 431

**Author:** Papadimitriou, S.; Kennedy, H.; Kattner, G.; Dieckmann, G.S.; Thomas, D.N.

**Year:** 2003

**Title:** Experimental evidence for carbonate precipitation and CO<sub>2</sub> degassing during sea ice formation.

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 68

**Issue:** 8

**Pages:** 1749-1761

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 100

**Author:** Pauwels, H.; Zuddas, P.; Michard, G.

**Year:** 1989

**Title:** Behavior of trace elements during feldspar dissolution in near-equilibrium conditions: Preliminary investigation

**Journal:** Chemical geology

**Volume:** 78

**Pages:** 255-267

**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, sanidine, anorthite, labradorite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, batch experiments, high temperature

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 227

**Author:** Pérez, I.; Casas, I.; Martín, M.; Bruno, J.

**Year:** 2000

**Title:** The thermodynamics and kinetics of uranophane dissolution in bicarbonate test solutions

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 64

**Issue:** 4

**Pages:** 603-608

**Keywords:** uranophane, synthetic, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, batch experiments, mixed flow experiments, thermodynamics, BET surface areas, mid pH, neutral pH, elevated pH, silicates, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 19

**Author:** Petit, J.; Dran, J.; Schott, J.; Mea, G. Della

**Year:** 1987

**Title:** Effects of ion implantation on the dissolution of mineral Part II : Selective dissolution

**Journal:** Bull. Mineral.

**Volume:** 110

**Pages:** 25-42

**Keywords:** ion implantation, selective dissolution, dissolution mechanisms, amorphous, silicates, glass

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 17

**Author:** Petit, J.; Dran, J.; Schott, J.; Mea, G. Della  
**Year:** 1989  
**Title:** New evidence on the dissolution mechanism of crystalline silicates by MeV ion beam techniques  
**Journal:** Chemical Geology  
**Volume:** 76  
**Pages:** 365-369  
**Keywords:** silicates, reaction mechanisms, ion beam, surface hydration, dissolution kinetics

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 421  
**Author:** Pierce, E.M.; Serne, R.J.; Icenhower, J.P.; Martin, W.J.  
**Year of Conference:** 2002  
**Title:** Experimental determination of UO<sub>2</sub> (CR) - Dissolution kinetics at high bicarbonate concentrations  
**Conference Name:** Denver Annual Meeting  
**Conference Location:** Colorado Convention Center: Exhibit Hall  
**Publisher:** The Geological Society of America  
**Volume:** 84-9  
**Date:** October 28, 2002  
**Keywords:** UO<sub>2</sub>, oxides, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, reducing conditions, elevated temperature, low pressure, neutral, mid pH, flow-through experiments

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 34  
**Author:** Plettinck, S.; Chou, L.; Wollast, R.  
**Year:** 1994  
**Title:** Kinetics and mechanisms of dissolution of silica at room temperature and pressure  
**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine  
**Volume:** 58A  
**Pages:** 728-729  
**Keywords:** silicates, silica, SiO<sub>2</sub>, amorphous, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, mid pH, batch experiments, laboratory study, acidic, alkaline  
**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1994 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Edinburgh, Scotland

**Reference Type:** Book Section  
**Record Number:** 120  
**Author:** Plummer, L.N.; Parkhurst, D.L.; Wigley, T.M.L.  
**Year:** 1979  
**Title:** Critical review of the kinetics of calcite dissolution and precipitation  
**Book Title:** Chemical Modelling in Aqueous Systems  
**Pages:** 537-573  
**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, dissolution kinetics, precipitation kinetics, review study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 128  
**Author:** Plummer, L.N.; Wigley, T.M.L.  
**Year:** 1976  
**Title:** The dissolution of calcite in CO<sub>2</sub>-saturated solutions at 25 °C and 1 atmosphere total pressure  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 40  
**Pages:** 191-202  
**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, dissolution kinetics, CO<sub>2</sub>, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure, batch experiments

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 119

**Author:** Plummer, L.N.; Wigley, T.M.L.; Parkhurst, D.L.  
**Year:** 1978  
**Title:** The kinetics of calcite dissolution on CO<sub>2</sub>-water systems at 5 °C to 60 °C and 0.0 to 1.0 atm CO<sub>2</sub>  
**Journal:** American Journal of Science  
**Volume:** 278  
**Pages:** 179-216  
**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pressure, batch experiments, pH-stat experiments, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, CO<sub>2</sub>, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 436  
**Author:** Pokrovsky, O.; Schott, J.  
**Year:** 2004  
**Title:** Experimental study of brucite dissolution and precipitation in aqueous solutions: Surface speciation and chemical affinity control.  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 68  
**Issue:** 1  
**Pages:** 31-45

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 199  
**Author:** Pokrovsky, O.S.; Schott, J.  
**Year:** 1998  
**Title:** Surface complexation modelling of the dissolution kinetics of Mg-bearing carbonate minerals  
**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine  
**Volume:** 62A  
**Pages:** 1198-1199  
**Keywords:** carbonates, dolomite, magnesite, modelling study, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, low temperature, low pressure, acidic, alkaline  
**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1998 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Toulouse, France

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 296  
**Author:** Pokrovsky, O.S.; Schott, J.  
**Year:** 2000  
**Title:** Kinetics and mechanism of forsterite dissolution at 25°C and pH from 1 to 12  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 64  
**Issue:** 19  
**Pages:** 3313-3325  
**Keywords:** silicates, forsterite, olivine, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, mixed flow experiments, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, reaction mechanisms, surface complexes, mid pH, neutral, high pH, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 297  
**Author:** Pokrovsky, O.S.; Schott, J.  
**Year:** 2000  
**Title:** Forsterite surface composition in aqueous solutions: A combined potentiometric, electrokinetic, and spectroscopic approach  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 64  
**Issue:** 19  
**Pages:** 3299-3312

**Keywords:** silicates, forsterite, olivine, dissolution mechanisms, laboratory study, surface chemistry, synthetic, leached layers, low pH, acidic, mid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline, batch experiments, column experiments, XPS, zeta potential, surface titration, X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy, PZC, point of zero charge

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 456

**Author:** Pokrovsky, O.S.; Schott, J.; Castillo, A.

**Year:** 2005

**Title:** Kinetics of brucite dissolution at 25°C in the presence of organic and inorganic ligands and divalent metals

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 69

**Issue:** 4

**Pages:** 905-918

**Keywords:** laboratory study, low pressure, low temperature, low pH, acidic, mid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline, mixed flow experiments, hydroxides, brucite, organics, organic acids, inhibition, ligands, fulvic acid, humic acid, ascorbate, citrate, oxalate, acetate, benzoate, phosphate, lactate, catechol, EDTA, salicylate, formate, glycine, xylose, oxine

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 183

**Author:** Pokrovsky, O.S.; Schott, J.; Thomas, F.; Mielczarski, J.

**Year:** 1998

**Title:** Surface speciation of Ca and Mg carbonate minerals in aqueous solutions: a combined potentiometric, electrokinetic, and DRIFT surface spectroscopy approach

**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine

**Volume:** 62A

**Pages:** 1196-1197

**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, dolomite, magnesite, surface speciation, dissolution kinetics, dissolution mechanisms, laboratory study, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, acidic, alkaline

**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1998 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Toulouse, France

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 177

**Author:** Putnis, A.; Prieto, M.; Fernandez-Diaz, L.

**Year of Conference:** 1996

**Title:** What can crystal growth experiments tell us about natural mineral surfaces?

**Conference Name:** 1996 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference

**Conference Location:** Heidelberg, Germany, March 31 - April 4, 1996

**Publisher:** Cambridge Publications

**Pages:** 490

**Series Title:** Journal of Conference Abstracts

**Keywords:** review study, precipitation kinetics, carbonates

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 210

**Author:** Ragnarsdottir, K.V.

**Year of Conference:** 1989

**Title:** Kinetics of dissolution of heulandite at 25°C

**Editor:** Miles, D.L.

**Conference Name:** 6th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-6

**Conference Location:** Malvern, UK, 3-8 August 1989

**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema

**Pages:** 567-568

**Keywords:** silicates, heulandite, zeolites, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, fluidised bed experiments, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, acidic, alkaline



**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 2

**Author:** Ragnarsdottir, K.V.

**Year:** 1993

**Title:** Dissolution kinetics of heulandite at pH 2-12 and 25°C

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 57

**Pages:** 2439-2449

**Keywords:** silicates, heulandite, zeolites, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, low pressure, low temperature, fluidised bed experiments, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 209

**Author:** Richards, H.G.; Savage, D.

**Year of Conference:** 1989

**Title:** Rate of plagioclase dissolution in the Camborne School of Mines experimental hot dry rock geothermal system, Rosemanowes, Cornwall

**Editor:** Miles, D.L.

**Conference Name:** 6th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-6

**Conference Location:** Malvern, UK, 3-8 August 1989

**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema

**Pages:** 577-580

**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, plagioclase, dissolution kinetics, neutral, mid pH, field study

**Reference Type:** Book Section

**Record Number:** 14

**Author:** Rickard, D.

**Year:** 1991

**Title:** Reaction kinetics in ore formation

**Book Title:** Source, Transport and Deposition of metals

**City:** Rotterdam

**Publisher:** Balkema

**Pages:** 3-6

**Keywords:** precipitation kinetics, sulphides

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 350

**Author:** Rickert, D.; Schluter, M.; Wallmann, K.

**Year:** 2002

**Title:** Dissolution kinetics of biogenic silica from the water column to the sediments

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 66

**Issue:** 3

**Pages:** 439-455

**Date:** June 28, 2001

**Keywords:** silicates, amorphous, silica, SiO<sub>2</sub>, feldspar, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, mid pH, neutral, FTIR, infra-red, low temperature, low pressure, biogenic, near equilibrium, activation energy

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 293

**Author:** Rimstidt, J.D.; Barnes, H.L.

**Year:** 1980

**Title:** The kinetics of silica-water reactions

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 44

**Pages:** 1683-1699

**Keywords:** silicates, amorphous, silica, SiO<sub>2</sub>, quartz, cristobalite, dissolution kinetics, precipitation kinetics, review study, laboratory study, high temperature, high pressure, mid pH, neutral, batch experiments, activation energy

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 176

**Author:** Rimstidt, J.D.; Newcomb, W.D

**Year of Conference:** 1989

**Title:** A comparison of pyrite oxidation rates in batch, mixed flow, and plug flow reactors

**Editor:** Miles, D.L.

**Conference Name:** 6th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-6

**Conference Location:** Malvern, UK, 3-8 August 1989

**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema

**Keywords:** sulphides, pyrite, oxidation kinetics, dissolution kinetics, batch experiments, mixed flow experiments, low temperature, low pressure, oxidising conditions, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 55

**Author:** Rimstidt, J.D.; Newcomb, W.D.

**Year:** 1993

**Title:** Measurement and analysis of rate data: The rate of reaction of ferric iron with pyrite

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 57

**Pages:** 1919-1934

**Keywords:** sulphides, pyrite, low temperature, low pressure, mixed flow experiments, batch experiments, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Thesis

**Record Number:** 136

**Author:** Rochelle, C.A.

**Year:** 1990

**Title:** Fluid-rock interaction in the Miravalles geothermal field, Costa Rica. Mineralogical and experimental studies

**Academic Department:** Earth Sciences

**City:** Leeds

**University:** Leeds

**Number of Pages:** 344

**Thesis Type:** PhD

**Keywords:** silicates, epidote, prehnite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, batch experiments, mid pH, neutral, high temperature, high pressure

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 134

**Author:** Rochelle, C.A.; Bateman, K.; MacGregor, R.; Pearce, J.M.; Savage, D.; Wetton, P.D.

**Year:** 1994

**Title:** Migration of cement pore fluids from a radioactive waste repository: experimental studies of chlorite dissolution rates

**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine

**Volume:** 58A

**Pages:** 779-780

**Keywords:** silicates, chlorite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, mixed flow experiments, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pressure, mid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline

**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1994 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Edinburgh, Scotland

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 49  
**Author:** Rochelle, C.A.; Bateman, K.; MacGregor, R.; Pearce, J.M.; Savage, D.; Wetton, P.D.  
**Year:** 1995  
**Title:** Experimental determination of chlorite dissolution rates  
**Journal:** Materials Research Society Symposium Proceedings  
**Volume:** 353  
**Pages:** 149-156  
**Keywords:** silicates, chlorite, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pressure, mixed flow experiments, laboratory study, mid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 435  
**Author:** Rogers, J.R.; Bennett, P.C.  
**Year:** 2004  
**Title:** Mineral stimulation of subsurface microorganisms: release of limiting nutrients from silicates.  
**Journal:** Chemical Geology  
**Volume:** 203  
**Pages:** 91-108

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 301  
**Author:** Ronghua, Z.; Shumin, H.; Xuotong, Z.  
**Year of Conference:** 2000  
**Title:** Kinetics of mineral dissolution in near-critical and supercritical water (extended abstract)  
**Conference Name:** Joint Sixth International Symposium on Hydrothermal Reactions & Fourth International Conference on Solvo-Thermal Reactions  
**Conference Location:** Kochi, Japan  
**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, supercritical water, high temperature, high pressure, elevated temperature, low temperature, albite, magnetite, laboratory study, neutral, mid pH, silicates, feldspars, oxides

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 10  
**Author:** Rose, N.M.  
**Year:** 1991  
**Title:** Dissolution rates of prehnite, epidote and albite  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 55  
**Pages:** 3273-3286  
**Keywords:** silicates, prehnite, epidote, albite, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, laboratory study, batch experiments, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 382  
**Author:** Rosenberg, D.R.; Maurice, P.A.  
**Year:** 2003  
**Title:** Siderophore adsorption to and dissolution of kaolinite at pH 3 to 7 and 22°C  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 67  
**Issue:** 2  
**Pages:** 223-229  
**Date:** July 31, 2002  
**Keywords:** silicates, clays, dissolution kinetics, batch experiments, low pH, low temperature, acidic, microbes, low pressure, siderophores, laboratory study, mid pH, neutral, oxidising conditions

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 225  
**Author:** Rosso, J.J.; Rimstidt, J.D.  
**Year:** 2000  
**Title:** A high resolution study of forsterite dissolution rates  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 64  
**Issue:** 5  
**Pages:** 797-811  
**Keywords:** silicates, forsterite, olivine, low pH, low temperature, laboratory study, mixed flow experiments, dissolution kinetics, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 428  
**Author:** Sak, P.B.; Fisher, D.M.; Gardner, T.W.; Murphy, K.; Brantley, S.L.  
**Year:** 2004  
**Title:** Rates of weathering rind formation on Costa Rican basalt  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 68  
**Issue:** 7  
**Pages:** 1453-1472

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 299  
**Author:** Samson, S.D.; Eggleston, C.M.  
**Year:** 2000  
**Title:** The depletion and regeneration of dissolution-active sites at the mineral-water interface: II. regeneration of active sites on  $\alpha$ -Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> at pH 3 and pH 6  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 64  
**Issue:** 21  
**Pages:** 3675-3683  
**Keywords:** oxides, Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low pH, acidic, mid pH, neutral, mixed flow experiments, low temperature, low pressure, surface chemistry, hematite

**Reference Type:** Book Section  
**Record Number:** 409  
**Author:** Samson, S.D.; Eggleston, C.M.  
**Year:** 2002  
**Title:** Non steady-state dissolution of goethite and hematite in response to pH jumps: the role of adsorbed Fe (III)  
**Editor:** Hellmann, R.; Wood, S.A.  
**Book Title:** Water-Rock Interactions, Ore Deposits, and Environmental Geochemistry: Atribute to David A. Crerar  
**Publisher:** The Geochemical Society, Special Publication No. 7, 2002  
**Keywords:** goethite, hematite, oxides, hydroxides, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, synthetic, mixed flow experiments, pH-stat experiments, low temperature, low pressure, acidic, low pH

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 454  
**Author:** Samson, S.D.; Nagy, K.L.; III, W.B. Cotton  
**Year:** 2005  
**Title:** Transient and quasi-steady-state dissolution of biotite at 22-25°C in high pH, sodium, nitrate, and aluminate solutions  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 69  
**Issue:** 2  
**Pages:** 399-413  
**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, mixed flow experiments, low pressure, low temperature, high pH, alkaline, silicates, micas, biotite

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 46  
**Author:** Sasaki, K.; Tsunekawa, M.; Ohtsuka, T.; Konno, H.  
**Year:** 1997  
**Title:** Reply to the Comment by G.W. Luther on 'Confirmation of a sulphur-rich layer on pyrite after oxidative dissolution by Fe(III) ions around pH 2'  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 61  
**Issue:** 15  
**Pages:** 3273-3274  
**Keywords:** sulphides, pyrite, dissolution kinetics, surface layer, oxidation kinetics, oxidising conditions

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 133  
**Author:** Savage, D.; Bateman, K.; Hill, P.; Hughes, C.; Milodowski, A.; Pearce, J.; Rae, E.; Rochelle, C.  
**Year:** 1992  
**Title:** Rate and mechanism of the reaction of silicates with cement pore fluids  
**Journal:** Applied Clay Science  
**Volume:** 7  
**Pages:** 33-45  
**Keywords:** silicates, albite, feldspars, quartz, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, high pH, elevated temperature, low pressure, high pressure, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 1  
**Author:** Savage, D.; Cave, M.; Haigh, D.; Milodowski, A.; Young, M.E.  
**Year:** 1993  
**Title:** The reaction kinetics of laumontite under hydrothermal conditions  
**Journal:** Eur.J. Mineral.  
**Volume:** 5  
**Pages:** 523-535  
**Keywords:** silicates, zeolites, laumontite, dissolution kinetics, high temperature, high pressure, laboratory study, mid pH, neutral, batch experiments, flow experiments, high pH, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 458  
**Author:** Savage, D.; Noy, D.; Mihara, M.  
**Year:** 2002  
**Title:** Modelling the interaction of bentonite with hyperalkaline fluids  
**Journal:** Applied Geochemistry  
**Volume:** 17  
**Pages:** 207-223  
**Keywords:** modelling study, review study, dissolution kinetics, low pressure, low temperature, elevated temperature, high pH, alkaline, carbonates, silicates, clays, CSH, calcium silicate hydrates, cement minerals, micas, zeolites, calcite, smectite, chalcedony, montmorillonite, SiO<sub>2</sub>, analcite, analcime, quartz, saponite, celadonite, gyrolite, laumontite, leucite, tobermorite, muscovite, bentonite

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 161

**Author:** Savage, D.; Rochelle, C.; Mihara, M.; Moore, Y.; Milodowski, A.; Bateman, K.; Bailey, D.  
**Year of Conference:** 1999  
**Title:** Dissolution of analcite under conditions of alkaline pH  
**Conference Name:** Ninth Annual V.M. Goldschmidt Conference  
**Conference Location:** Cambridge, Massachusetts, 22-27 August 1999  
**Keywords:** silicates, analcite, analcime, leucite, dissolution kinetics, ion exchange, high pH, alkaline, low pressure, low temperature, elevated temperature, batch experiments, fluidised bed experiments

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 262  
**Author:** Savage, D.; Rochelle, C.; Moore, Y.; Noy, D.; Milodowski, A.; Bateman, K.; Bailey, D.; Mihara, M.  
**Year of Conference:** 2001  
**Title:** Experimental and modelling studies to assess cement-bentonite interaction  
**Editor:** Cidu, R.  
**Conference Name:** 10th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction (WRI-10)  
**Conference Location:** Villasimius, Italy, 10-15 July 2001  
**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema, Rotterdam  
**Volume:** 2  
**Number of Volumes:** 2  
**Pages:** 1379-1382  
**Keywords:** silicates, analcite, analcime, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, high pH, alkaline, elevated temperature, low pressure, modelling study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 310  
**Author:** Scheckel, K.G.; Scheinost, A.C.; Ford, R.G.; Sparks, D.L.  
**Year:** 2000  
**Title:** Stability of layered Ni hydroxide surface precipitates - A dissolution kinetics study  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 64  
**Issue:** 16  
**Pages:** 2727-2735  
**Keywords:** hydroxides, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, neutral, mid pH, low temperature, low pressure, Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub>

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 13  
**Author:** Schott, J.; Lasaga, A.C.  
**Year of Conference:** 1988  
**Title:** Kinetic Geochemistry (Chapter 7 Conference proceedings)  
**Editor:** Geochemistry, European Association for  
**Conference Name:** International Congress of Geochemistry and Cosmochemistry  
**Conference Location:** Paris, France  
**Pages:** 75-84  
**Keywords:** silicates, sulphides, clays, chrysothalite, quartz, carbonates, chalcopyrite, albite, feldspars, kaolinite, dissolution kinetics

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 317  
**Author:** Schott, J.; Oelkers, E.H.  
**Year:** 1995  
**Title:** Dissolution and crystallization rates of silicate minerals as a function of chemical affinity  
**Journal:** Pure and Applied Chemistry  
**Volume:** 67  
**Issue:** 6  
**Pages:** 903-910

**Abstract:** dissolution kinetics, silicates, chemical affinity, albite, K-feldspar, anorthite, feldspars, kaolinite, clays, precipitation kinetics, review study, theoretical study, surface complexes, kyanite

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 420

**Author:** Schott, J.; Pokrovsky, O.

**Year of Conference:** 2002

**Title:** New insights on silicate weathering mechanisms from the study of leached layers - the case of wollastonite

**Conference Name:** Geochemistry of Crustal Fluids

**Conference Location:** Seefeld in Tirol, Austria

**Pages:** 37-38

**Date:** 14-19 December 2002

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 158

**Author:** Schulz, M.S.; White, A.F.

**Year:** 1999

**Title:** Chemical weathering in a tropical watershed, Luquillo Mountains, Puerto Rico III: Quartz dissolution rates

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 63

**Issue:** 3/4

**Pages:** 337-350

**Keywords:** silicates, quartz, dissolution kinetics, field study, low temperature, mid pH, neutral

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 292

**Author:** Schwartztruber, J.; Fürst, W.; Renon, H.

**Year:** 1987

**Title:** Dissolution of quartz into dilute alkaline solutions at 90°C: A kinetic study

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 51

**Pages:** 1867-1874

**Keywords:** silicates, quartz, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, high pH, alkaline, elevated temperature, low pressure, batch experiments, reaction mechanism, activation energy, surface complexes

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 208

**Author:** Schweda, P.

**Year of Conference:** 1989

**Title:** Kinetics of alkali feldspar dissolution at low temperature

**Editor:** Miles, D.L.

**Conference Name:** 6th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-6

**Conference Location:** Malvern, UK, 3-8 August 1989

**Publisher:** A. A. Balkema

**Pages:** 609-612

**Keywords:** silicates, sanidine, microcline, feldspars, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 35

**Author:** Schweda, P.; Kalinowski, B.

**Year:** 1994

**Title:** Dissolution rates and alteration of muscovite, phlogopite and biotite at pH 1 to 4, room temperature

**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine

**Volume:** 58A  
**Pages:** 817-818  
**Keywords:** micas, silicates, muscovite, phlogopite, biotite, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, laboratory study, dissolution kinetics, batch experiments, acidic  
**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1994 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Edinburgh, Scotland

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 148  
**Author:** Seimbille, F.; Zuddas, P.; Michard, G.  
**Year:** 1998  
**Title:** Granite-hydrothermal interaction: a simultaneous estimation of the mineral dissolution rate based on the isotopic doping technique  
**Journal:** Earth and Planetary Science Letters  
**Volume:** 157  
**Pages:** 183-191  
**Keywords:** silicates, micas, K-feldspar, biotite, plagioclase, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, isotopes

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 171  
**Author:** Shiraki, R.; Brantley, S.L.  
**Year of Conference:** 1992  
**Title:** Precipitation kinetics of calcite at elevated temperatures  
**Editor:** Kharaka, Y.K.; Maest, A.S.  
**Conference Name:** 7th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-7  
**Conference Location:** Park City, Utah, USA, 13-18 July 1992  
**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema  
**Volume:** 1  
**Number of Volumes:** 2  
**Pages:** 111-114  
**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, precipitation kinetics, laboratory study, elevated temperature, elevated pressure, mid pH, neutral, batch experiments

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 52  
**Author:** Sidhu, P.S.; Gilkes, R.J.; Cornell, R.M.; Posner, A.M.; Quirk, J.P.  
**Year:** 1981  
**Title:** Dissolution of iron oxides and oxyhydroxides in hydrochloric and perchloric acids  
**Journal:** Clays and Clay Minerals  
**Volume:** 29  
**Issue:** 4  
**Pages:** 269-276  
**Keywords:** oxides, hydroxides, Fe oxide, dissolution kinetics, magnetite, maghematite, hematite, goethite, lepidocrocite, akaganeite, low pH, low temperature, low pressure, laboratory study, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 126  
**Author:** Sjöberg, E.L.; Rickard, D.  
**Year:** 1983  
**Title:** The influence of experimental design on the rate of calcite dissolution  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 47  
**Pages:** 2281-2285  
**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, rotating disc experiments, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, acidic, alkaline



**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 124  
**Author:** Sjöberg, E.L.; Rickard, D.T.  
**Year:** 1984  
**Title:** Temperature dependence of calcite dissolution kinetics between 1 and 62 °C at pH 2.7 to 8.4 in aqueous solutions  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 48  
**Pages:** 485-493  
**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pressure, low pH, mid pH, neutral, rotating disc experiments, acidic

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 207  
**Author:** Sjöberg, L.  
**Year of Conference:** 1989  
**Title:** Kinetics and non-stoichiometry of labradorite dissolution  
**Editor:** Miles, D.L.  
**Conference Name:** 6th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-6  
**Conference Location:** Malvern, UK, 3-8 August 1989  
**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema  
**Pages:** 639-642  
**Keywords:** silicates, labradorite, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 449  
**Author:** Skidmore, M.; Sharp, M.; Tranter, M.  
**Year:** 2004  
**Title:** Kinetic isotopic fractionation during carbonate dissolution in laboratory experiments: implications for detection of microbial CO<sub>2</sub> signatures using delta<sup>13</sup>C-DIC.  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 68  
**Issue:** 21  
**Pages:** 4309-4317  
**Keywords:** carbonates, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, batch experiments, low temperature, weathering, isotopes, CO<sub>2</sub>, low pressure

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 38  
**Author:** Small, J.S.; Manning, D.A.C.  
**Year:** 1994  
**Title:** On-line monitoring of clay precipitation in sandstone porespace under flow conditions  
**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine  
**Volume:** 58A  
**Pages:** 852-853  
**Keywords:** silicates, clays, precipitation kinetics, sandstone, flow experiments, laboratory study, elevated temperature, elevated pressure  
**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1994 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Edinburgh, Scotland

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 325  
**Author:** Soler, J.M.; Lasaga, A.C.  
**Year:** 1998  
**Title:** An advection-dispersion-reaction model of bauxite formation  
**Journal:** Journal of Hydrology

**Volume:** 209

**Pages:** 311-330

**Keywords:** modelling study, review study, dissolution kinetics, silicates, albite, microcline, quartz, phlogopite, gibbsite, kaolinite, paragonite, muscovite, plagioclase, micas, clays, feldspars, low pH, acidic, mid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline, precipitation kinetics, bauxite, oxides, weathering

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 125

**Author:** Sonderegger, J.L.; Brower, K.R.; LeFebvre, V.G.

**Year:** 1976

**Title:** A preliminary investigation of strontianite dissolution kinetics

**Journal:** American Journal of Science

**Volume:** 276

**Pages:** 997-1022

**Keywords:** carbonates, strontianite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, batch experiments, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pH, mid pH, neutral, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 324

**Author:** Steefel, C.I.; Lichtner, P.C.

**Year:** 1998

**Title:** Multicomponent reactive transport in discrete fractures II: Infiltration of hyperalkaline groundwater at Maqarin, Jordan, a natural analogue site

**Journal:** Journal of Hydrology

**Volume:** 209

**Pages:** 200-224

**Keywords:** modelling study, review study, dissolution kinetics, precipitation kinetics, carbonates, silicates, micas, cement minerals, sulphates, calcite, muscovite, kaolinite, chalcedony, sepiolite, clays, CSH, calcium silicate hydrates, brucite, ettringite, hillebrandite, hydrogarnet, hydrogrossular, foshagite, tobermorite, portlandite, tricarboaluminate, hydrotalcite, gypsum, Friedel's salt, low temperature, low pressure, high pH, alkaline, hydroxides

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 427

**Author:** Stephens, J.C.; Hering, J.G.

**Year:** 2004

**Title:** Factors affecting the dissolution kinetics of volcanic ash soils: dependencies on pH, CO<sub>2</sub>, and oxalate

**Journal:** Applied Geochemistry

**Volume:** 19

**Pages:** 1217-1232

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 272

**Author:** Stewart, B.W.; Capo, R.C.; Chadwick, O.A.

**Year:** 2001

**Title:** Effects of rainfall on weathering rate, base cation provenance, and Sr isotope composition of Hawaiian soils

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 65

**Issue:** 7

**Pages:** 1087-1099

**Keywords:** field study, isotopes, basalt, lava, dissolution kinetics, weathering, low temperature, low pressure, environmental conditions, lowland, upland

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 101  
**Author:** Stoessel, R.K.; Pittman, E.D.  
**Year:** 1990  
**Title:** Secondary porosity revisited: The chemistry of feldspar dissolution by carboxylic acids and anions  
**Journal:** American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin  
**Volume:** 74  
**Issue:** 12  
**Pages:** 1795-1805  
**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, organic acids, elevated temperature, high pressure, laboratory study, acetate, oxalate, propionate, malonate, acetic acid, oxalic acid, microcline, organics

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 448  
**Author:** Sugita, H.; Matsunaga, I.; Yamaguchi, T.; Tao, H.  
**Year of Conference:** 2001  
**Title:** Measurement of quartz dissolution rates with a flow-through type autoclave reactor  
**Editor:** Cidu, R.  
**Conference Name:** Tenth International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction, 2001  
**Conference Location:** Italy  
**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema  
**Volume:** 1  
**Keywords:** silicates, quartz, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, mid pH, neutral, high temperature, high pressure, precipitation kinetics, activation energy, flow-through experiments, column experiments

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 53  
**Author:** Sulzberger, B.; Suter, D.; Siffert, C.; Banwart, S.; Stumm, W.  
**Year:** 1989  
**Title:** Dissolution of Fe(III) (hydr)oxides in natural waters; Laboratory assessment on the kinetics controlled by surface coordination  
**Journal:** Marine Chemistry  
**Volume:** 28  
**Pages:** 127-144  
**Keywords:** oxides, hydroxides, Fe oxide, dissolution kinetics, hematite, low pH, organics, acetate, citrate, oxalate, ascorbate, acidic, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 157  
**Author:** Sutheimer, S.H.; Maurice, P.A.; Zhou, Q.  
**Year:** 1999  
**Title:** Dissolution of well and poorly crystallized kaolinites: Al speciation and effects of surface characteristics  
**Journal:** American Mineralogist  
**Volume:** 84  
**Pages:** 620-628  
**Keywords:** silicates, clays, kaolinite, dissolution kinetics, batch experiments, low pH, low temperature, acidic, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 129  
**Author:** Svensson, U.; Dreybrodt, W.  
**Year:** 1992  
**Title:** Dissolution kinetics of natural calcite minerals in CO<sub>2</sub>-water systems approaching calcite equilibrium  
**Journal:** Chemical geology  
**Volume:** 100  
**Pages:** 129-145

**Keywords:** carbonates, dissolution kinetics, near equilibrium, laboratory study, batch experiments, low pressure, low temperature, CO<sub>2</sub>

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 203

**Author:** Swoboda-Colberg, N.G.; Drever, J.I.

**Year of Conference:** 1992

**Title:** Mineral dissolution rates: A comparison of laboratory and field studies

**Editor:** Kharaka, Y.K.; Maest, A.S.

**Conference Name:** 7th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-7

**Conference Location:** Park City, Utah, USA, 13-18 July 1992

**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema

**Volume:** 1

**Number of Volumes:** 2

**Pages:** 115-118

**Abstract:** dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, field study, laboratory versus field study, low pH, low temperature, fluidised bed experiments, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 321

**Author:** Swoboda-Colberg, N.G.; Drever, J.I.

**Year:** 1993

**Title:** Mineral dissolution rates in plot-scale field and laboratory experiments

**Journal:** Chemical Geology

**Volume:** 105

**Pages:** 51-69

**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, field study, laboratory versus field study, low pH, acidic, low temperature, low pressure, fluidised bed experiments, soil, silicates, feldspars, plagioclase, K-feldspar, micas, chlorite, muscovite, biotite, hornblende, weathering

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 416

**Author:** Tai, C.Y.; Hsu, H.

**Year:** 2001

**Title:** Crystal growth kinetics of calcite and its comparison with readily soluble salts

**Journal:** Power Technology

**Volume:** 121

**Pages:** 60-67

**Date:** 2001

**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, precipitation kinetics, crystallisation kinetics, laboratory study, mid pH, neutral, low temperature, low pressure, mixed flow experiments, fluidised bed experiments, pH-stat experiments, high pH, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 170

**Author:** Talman, S.J.; Gunter, W.D.

**Year of Conference:** 1992

**Title:** Rates of dolomite dissolution in CO<sub>2</sub> and HCl bearing solutions from 100-200°C

**Editor:** Kharaka, Y.K.; Maest, A.S.

**Conference Name:** 7th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-7

**Conference Location:** Park City, Utah, USA, 13-18 July 1992

**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema

**Volume:** 1

**Number of Volumes:** 2

**Pages:** 119-122

**Keywords:** dolomite, carbonates, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, high temperatures, elevated pressures, low pH, mixed flow experiments, acidic, CO<sub>2</sub>

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 117

**Author:** Talman, S.J.; Wiwchar, B.; Gunter, W.D.; Scarfe, C.M.

**Year of Conference:** 1989

**Title:** Dissolution kinetics of calcite in CO<sub>2</sub>-H<sub>2</sub>O systems at 210 °C

**Editor:** Miles, D.L.

**Conference Name:** Water-Rock Interaction 6

**Conference Location:** Malvern, U.K.

**Publisher:** Balkema

**Pages:** 673-674

**Keywords:** carbonates, dissolution kinetics, elevated temperature, elevated pressure, CO<sub>2</sub>, low pH, acidic, calcite, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Book Section

**Record Number:** 121

**Author:** Talman, S.J.; Wiwchar, B.; Gunter, W.D.; Scarfe, C.M.

**Year:** 1990

**Title:** Dissolution kinetics of calcite in the H<sub>2</sub>O-CO<sub>2</sub> system along the steam saturation curve to 210 °C

**Editor:** Spencer, R.J.; Chou, I.-M.

**Book Title:** Fluid-Mineral Interactions: A tribute to H.P. Eugster

**Publisher:** Geochemical Society

**Volume:** Special Publication No. 2

**Pages:** 41-55

**Keywords:** carbonates, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, high temperature, high pressure, CO<sub>2</sub>, batch experiments, low pH, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 252

**Author:** Taylor, A.S.; Blum, J.D.; Lasaga, A.C.

**Year:** 2000

**Title:** The dependence of labradorite dissolution and Sr isotope release rates on solution saturation state

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 64

**Issue:** 14

**Pages:** 23889-2400

**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, labradorite, dissolution kinetics, column experiments, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, acidic, isotopes

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 308

**Author:** Taylor, A.S.; Blum, J.D.; Lasaga, A.C.; MacInnis, I.N.

**Year:** 2000

**Title:** Kinetics of dissolution and Sr release during biotite and phlogopite weathering

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 64

**Issue:** 7

**Pages:** 1191-1208

**Keywords:** silicates, micas, biotite, phlogopite, dissolution kinetics, weathering, isotopes, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, acidic, column experiments

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 264

**Author:** Techer, I.; Advocat, T.; Lancelot, J.; Liotard, J.-M.  
**Year:** 2001  
**Title:** Dissolution kinetics of basaltic glasses: control by solution chemistry and protective effect of the alteration film  
**Journal:** Chemical Geology  
**Volume:** 176  
**Pages:** 235-263  
**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, basalt, glass, amorphous, laboratory study, elevated temperature, low pressure, mid pH, neutral, batch experiments, flow experiments, surface layers, amorphous, armouring, chemical affinity, synthetic, alkaline, high pH, activation energy, surface coatings

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 433  
**Author:** Teng, H.H.  
**Year:** 2004  
**Title:** Controls by saturation state on etch pit formation during calcite dissolution.  
**Journal:** 68  
**Volume:** 2  
**Pages:** 253-262

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 189  
**Author:** Teng, H.H.; Dove, P.M.; DeYoreo, J.J.  
**Year:** 1999  
**Title:** Reversed calcite morphologies induced by microscopic growth kinetics: Insight into biomineralization  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 63  
**Issue:** 17  
**Pages:** 2507-2512  
**Keywords:** calcite, carbonates, precipitation kinetics, laboratory study, low temperature, neutral, mid pH, high pH, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 369  
**Author:** Teng, H.H.; Fenter, P.; Cheng, L.; Sturchio, N.C.  
**Year:** 2001  
**Title:** Resolving orthoclase dissolution processes with atomic force microscopy and X-ray reflectivity  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 65  
**Issue:** 20  
**Pages:** 3459-3474  
**Date:** April 17, 2001  
**Keywords:** feldspars, silicates, orthoclase, dissolution kinetics, AFM, atomic force microscopy, X-ray reflectivity, low pH, acidic, mid pH, neutral, high pH, alkaline, low temperature, low pressure, K-feldspar, flow-through experiments, surface coatings, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 143  
**Author:** Thomas, J.E.; Jones, C.F.; Skinner, W.M.; Smart, R. St.C.  
**Year:** 1998  
**Title:** The role of surface sulphur species in the inhibition of pyrrhotite dissolution in acid conditions  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 62  
**Issue:** 9  
**Pages:** 1555-1565  
**Keywords:** pyrrhotite, sulphides, dissolution kinetics, low pH, low temperature, elevated temperature, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 285

**Author:** Thomas, J.E.; Skinner, W.M.; Smart, R.S.C.

**Year:** 2001

**Title:** A mechanism to explain sudden changes in rates and products for pyrrhotite dissolution in acid solution

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 65

**Issue:** 1

**Pages:** 1-12

**Keywords:** pyrrhotite, sulphides, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, acidic, synthetic, surface charge, reaction mechanisms, reducing conditions, XPS, X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy, elevated temperature

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 401

**Author:** Thomas, J.E.; Skinner, W.M.; Smart, R.S.C.

**Year:** 2003

**Title:** A comparison of the dissolution behavior of troilite with other iron(II) sulfides; implications of structure

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 67

**Issue:** 5

**Pages:** 831-843

**Date:** August 19, 2002

**Keywords:** sulphides, troilite, dissolution kinetics, low pressure, laboratory study, elevated temperature, XPS, X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy, oxidising conditions, reducing conditions, acidic, low pH, FeS

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 169

**Author:** Trotignon, L.; Turpault, M.-P.

**Year of Conference:** 1992

**Title:** The dissolution kinetics of biotite in dilute HNO<sub>3</sub> at 24°C

**Editor:** Kharaka, Y.K.; Maest, A.S.

**Conference Name:** 7th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-7

**Conference Location:** Park City, Utah, USA, 13-18 July 1992

**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema

**Volume:** 1

**Number of Volumes:** 2

**Pages:** 123-125

**Keywords:** silicates, micas, biotite, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, low pH, laboratory study, batch experiments, acidic

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 211

**Author:** Tsuchiya, N.; Nakatsuka, K.

**Year of Conference:** 1995

**Title:** Kinetics and modeling of perthite dissolution in a hydrothermal acid solution

**Editor:** Kharaka, Y.K.; Chudaev, O.V.

**Conference Name:** 8th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-8

**Conference Location:** Vladivostok, Russia, 15-19 August 1995

**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema

**Pages:** 161-164

**Keywords:** silicates, perthite, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, high temperature, high pressure, low pH, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 198  
**Author:** Turpault, M.-P.; Bonnaud, P.  
**Year:** 1998  
**Title:** Dissolution rate of fluor-apatite crystals inserted in acid soils of a forested catchment (Vosges Mountains, NE France)  
**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine  
**Volume:** 62A  
**Pages:** 1557-1558  
**Keywords:** phosphates, apatite, dissolution kinetics, field study, low temperature, neutral, mid pH  
**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1998 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Toulouse, France

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 239  
**Author:** Turpault, M.-P.; Trotignon, L.  
**Year:** 1994  
**Title:** The dissolution of biotite single crystals in dilute HNO<sub>3</sub> at 24°C: Evidence of an anisotropic corrosion process of micas in acidic solutions  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 58  
**Issue:** 13  
**Pages:** 2761-2775  
**Keywords:** silicates, biotite, micas, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, dissolution kinetics, surface areas, laboratory study, acidic

**Reference Type:** Book Section  
**Record Number:** 413  
**Author:** Ullman, W.J.; Welch, S.A.  
**Year:** 2002  
**Title:** Organic ligands and feldspar dissolution  
**Editor:** Hellmann, R.; Wood, S.A.  
**Book Title:** Water-Rock Interactions, Ore Deposits, and Environmental Geochemistry: A Tribute to David A. Crear  
**Publisher:** The Geochemical Society, Special Publication No. 7, 2002  
**Pages:** 3-35  
**Keywords:** low temperature, low pressure, low pH, mid pH, high pH, acidic, neutral, alkaline, review study, silicates, feldspars, reaction mechanisms, ligands, surface complexes, organics, organic acids, albite, K-feldspar, oligoclase, anorthite, microcline, labradorite, bytownite, elevated temperature, high temperature, high pressure

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 155  
**Author:** Valsami-Jones, E.; Ragnarsdottir, K.V.; Putnis, A.; Bosbach, D.; Kemp, A.J.; Cressey, G.  
**Year:** 1998  
**Title:** The dissolution of apatite in the presence of aqueous metal cations at pH 2-7  
**Journal:** Chemical Geology  
**Volume:** 151  
**Pages:** 215-233  
**Keywords:** phosphates, apatite, dissolution kinetics, precipitation kinetics, low pH, mid pH, neutral, low temperature, batch experiments, acidic, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 23  
**Author:** Velbel, M.A.  
**Year:** 1993  
**Title:** Temperature dependence of silicate weathering in nature : How strong a negative feedback on long-term accumulation of atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> and global greenhouse warming?



**Journal:** Geology  
**Volume:** 21  
**Pages:** 1059-1062  
**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, field study, weathering, CO<sub>2</sub>, dissolution kinetics

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 215  
**Author:** Velbel, M.A.  
**Year of Conference:** 1996  
**Title:** Some effects of clay minerals on the kinetics of silicate-mineral weathering  
**Editor:** Bottrell, S.H.  
**Conference Name:** Fourth International Symposium on the Geochemistry of the Earth's Surface  
**Conference Location:** Ilkley, Yorkshire, UK  
**Pages:** 520-523  
**Keywords:** review study, dissolution kinetics, armoring, silicates

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 182  
**Author:** Ventura, M.; Mondragon, D.; Carazo, C.; Casas, I.; Pablo, J. de; Domenech, C.; Ayora, C.  
**Year:** 1998  
**Title:** Dissolution kinetics of high-FeO olivine rock under anoxic conditions  
**Journal:** Mineralogical Magazine  
**Volume:** 62A  
**Pages:** 1587-1588  
**Keywords:** olivine, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, flow experiments, laboratory study, acidic  
**Notes:** Proceedings of the 1998 V.M. Goldschmidt Conference, Toulouse, France

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 127  
**Author:** Walter, L.M.; Morse, J.W.  
**Year:** 1985  
**Title:** The dissolution kinetics of shallow marine carbonates in seawater: A laboratory study  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 49  
**Pages:** 1503-1513  
**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, aragonite, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, pH-stat experiments, seawater

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 200  
**Author:** Walther, J.V.  
**Year:** 1996  
**Title:** Relation between rates of aluminosilicate mineral dissolution, pH, temperature, and surface charge  
**Journal:** American Journal of Science  
**Volume:** 296  
**Pages:** 693-728  
**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, review study, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pressure, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, surface charge, corundum, quartz, kaolinite, albite, acidic, silicates, oxides, feldspars, clays, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 149  
**Author:** Weidler, P.G.; Hug, S.J.; Wetche, T.P.; Hiemstra, T.  
**Year:** 1998  
**Title:** Determination of growth rates of (100) and (110) faces of synthetic goethite by scanning force microscopy

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 62  
**Issue:** 21/22  
**Pages:** 3407-3412  
**Keywords:** oxides, hydroxides, Fe oxide, laboratory study, synthetic, goethite, precipitation kinetics, AFM, atomic force microscopy

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 408  
**Author:** Weisener, C.G.; Smart, R.S.C.; Gerson, A.R.  
**Year:** 2003  
**Title:** Kinetics and mechanisms of the leaching of low Fe sphalerite  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 67  
**Issue:** 5  
**Pages:** 823-830  
**Date:** September 30, 2002  
**Keywords:** sphalerite, sulphides, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low pH, acidic, low temperature, elevated temperature, activation energy, batch experiments, low pressure, oxidising conditions

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 164  
**Author:** Welch, S.A.; Barker, W.W.; Banfield, J.F.  
**Year:** 1999  
**Title:** Microbial extracellular polysaccharides and plagioclase dissolution  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 63  
**Issue:** 9  
**Pages:** 1405-1419  
**Keywords:** silicates, plagioclase, bytownite, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, batch experiments, organics, low pH, mid pH, neutral, low temperature, low pressure, acidic, microbes, bacteria, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 202  
**Author:** Welch, S.A.; Ullman, W.J.  
**Year of Conference:** 1992  
**Title:** Dissolution of feldspars in oxalic acid solutions  
**Editor:** Kharaka, Y.K.; Maest, A.S.  
**Conference Name:** 7th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction - WRI-7  
**Conference Location:** Park City, Utah, USA, 13-18 July 1992  
**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema  
**Volume:** 1  
**Number of Volumes:** 2  
**Pages:** 127-130  
**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, plagioclase, quartz, dissolution kinetics, organics, oxalic acid, oxalate, laboratory study, fluidised bed experiments, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 109  
**Author:** Welch, S.A.; Ullman, W.J.  
**Year:** 1996  
**Title:** Feldspar dissolution in acidic and organic solutions: Compositional and pH dependence of dissolution rate  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 60  
**Issue:** 16  
**Pages:** 2939-2948

**Keywords:** silicates, albite, labradorite, bytownite, plagioclase, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, organic acids, oxalate, oxalic acid, fluidised bed experiments, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, organics, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 245

**Author:** Welch, S.A.; Ullman, W.J.

**Year:** 1999

**Title:** The effect of microbial glucose metabolism on bytownite feldspar dissolution rates between 5° and 35°C

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 63

**Issue:** 19/20

**Pages:** 3247-3259

**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, bytownite, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, low pressure, batch experiments, microbes, bacteria, surface areas, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 319

**Author:** Welch, S.A.; Ullman, W.J.

**Year:** 2000

**Title:** The temperature dependence of bytownite feldspar dissolution in neutral aqueous solutions of inorganic and organic ligands at low temperature (5-35°C)

**Journal:** Chemical Geology

**Volume:** 167

**Pages:** 337-354

**Keywords:** silicates, bytownite, plagioclase, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, batch experiments, low temperature, low pressure, neutral, mid pH, ligands, organics, acetate, oxalate, gluconate, activation energy, elevated temperature, organic acids

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 423

**Author:** Wellman, D.M.; Icenhower, J.P.; Geiszler, K.N.

**Year of Conference:** 2002

**Title:** Dependence of Na-autunite dissolution kinetics on pH

**Conference Name:** Denver Annual Meeting

**Conference Location:** Colorado Convention Center: Exhibit Hall

**Volume:** 84-3

**Date:** October 28, 2002

**Keywords:** autunite, UO<sub>2</sub>, oxides, phosphates, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, synthetic, flow-through experiments, elevated temperature, low pressure, neutral, alkaline, low pH, acidic, mid pH, high pH

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 386

**Author:** White, A.F.

**Year:** 2002

**Title:** Determining mineral weathering rates based on solid and solute weathering gradients and velocities: application to biotite weathering in saprolites

**Journal:** Chemical Geology

**Volume:** 190

**Issue:** 1-4

**Pages:** 69-89

**Date:** 30 October 2002

**Keywords:** field study, weathering, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, low pressure, soil, silicates, micas, biotite, mid pH, neutral

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 240

**Author:** White, A.F.; Blum, A.E.; Bullen, T.D.; Vivit, D.V.; Schulz, M.; Fitzpatrick, J.

**Year:** 1999

**Title:** The effect of temperature on experimental and natural chemical weathering rates of granitoid rocks

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 63

**Issue:** 19/20

**Pages:** 3277-3291

**Keywords:** granite, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, low pressure, laboratory study, dissolution kinetics, flow-through experiments, column experiments, low pH, mid pH, neutral, acidic

**Reference Type:** Book Section

**Record Number:** 414

**Author:** White, A.F.; Blum, A.E.; Schulz, M.S.; Huntington, T.G.; Peters, N.E.; Stonestrom, D.A.

**Year:** 2002

**Title:** Chemical weathering of the Panola Granite: Solute and regolith elemental fluxes and the weathering rate of biotite

**Editor:** Hellmann, R.; Wood, S.A.

**Book Title:** Water-Rock Interactions, Ore Deposits, and Environmental Geochemistry: A Tribute to David A. Crear

**Publisher:** The Geochemical Society, Special Publication No. 7, 2002

**Pages:** 37-59

**Keywords:** weathering, silicates, micas, review study, biotite, neutral, mid-pH, low pressure, low temperature, dissolution kinetics, field study, soil, granite

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 277

**Author:** White, A.F.; Bullen, T.D.; Schulz, M.S.; Blum, A.E.; Huntington, T.G.; Peters, N.E.

**Year:** 2001

**Title:** Differential rates of feldspar weathering in granitic regoliths

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 65

**Issue:** 6

**Pages:** 847-869

**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, weathering, granite, feldspars, plagioclase, K-feldspar, field study, low pressure, low temperature, mid pH, neutral

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 280

**Author:** White, A.F.; Stonestrom, D.A.

**Year of Conference:** 1998

**Title:** Comparisons of short-term and long-term chemical weathering rates in granitoid regoliths

**Editor:** Arehart, G.B.; Hulston, J.R.

**Conference Name:** 9th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction (WRI-9)

**Conference Location:** Taupo, New Zealand, 30 March-3 April 1998

**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema, Rotterdam

**Pages:** 399-402

**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, weathering, granite, field study, low pressure, low temperature, mid pH, neutral

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 139

**Author:** White, A.F.; Yee, A.

**Year:** 1985

**Title:** Aqueous oxidation-reduction kinetics associated with coupled electron-cation transfer from iron-containing silicates at 25°C

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 49  
**Pages:** 1263-1275  
**Keywords:** silicates, micas, biotite, hornblende, low pH, mid pH, neutral, low temperature, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 72  
**Author:** Wieland, E.; Stumm, W.  
**Year:** 1992  
**Title:** Dissolution kinetics of kaolinite in acidic aqueous solutions at 25 °C  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 56  
**Pages:** 3339-3355  
**Keywords:** silicates, clays, kaolinite, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, low pressure, laboratory study, batch experiments, low pH, mid pH, neutral, acidic

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 295  
**Author:** Wieland, E.; Wehrli, B.; Stumm, W.  
**Year:** 1988  
**Title:** The coordination chemistry of weathering: III. A generalization on the dissolution rates of minerals  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 52  
**Pages:** 1969-1981  
**Keywords:** review study, dissolution kinetics, silicates, feldspars, surface complexes, reaction mechanisms, weathering, activation energy, micas, clays, oxides, quartz, pyroxenes, olivines, muscovite, kaolinite, albite, zircon, augite, enstatite, albite, bayerite, forsterite, K-feldspar, diopside, anorthite, point of zero charge, PZC, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, BeO<sub>2</sub>

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 142  
**Author:** Wilkin, R.T.; Barnes, H.L.  
**Year:** 1996  
**Title:** Kinetics of analcime dissolution and precipitation at 175°C and pH 8  
**Journal:** Geological Society of America  
**Volume:** 28  
**Pages:** PA 33  
**Keywords:** silicates, analcime, analcite, dissolution kinetics, precipitation kinetics, high temperature, mid pH, neutral

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 140  
**Author:** Wilkin, R.T.; Barnes, H.L.  
**Year of Conference:** 1997  
**Title:** Temperature- and free energy-dependence of zeolite precipitation and dissolution rates  
**Conference Name:** 7th Annual V.M. Goldschmidt Conference  
**Pages:** 219  
**Date:** 1997  
**Keywords:** silicates, zeolites, dissolution kinetics, precipitation kinetics, analcime, analcite, clinoptilolite, elevated temperature, high temperature, high pH, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 141  
**Author:** Wilkin, R.T.; Barnes, H.L.  
**Year:** 1998

**Title:** Kinetics of the clinoptilolite to analcime reaction

**Journal:** Geological Society of America

**Volume:** 30

**Date:** 1998

**Keywords:** silicates, zeolites, analcime, analcite, clinoptilolite, dissolution kinetics, precipitation kinetics, high temperature, elevated pressure, high pressure, high pH, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 63

**Author:** Wogelius, R.A.; Walther, J.V.

**Year:** 1991

**Title:** Olivine dissolution at 25°C: effects of pH, CO<sub>2</sub> and organic acids

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 55

**Pages:** 943-954

**Keywords:** silicates, olivine, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, acidic, alkaline, organic acids, batch experiments, fluidised bed experiments, CO<sub>2</sub>

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 64

**Author:** Wogelius, R.A.; Walther, J.V.

**Year:** 1992

**Title:** Olivine dissolution kinetics at near-surface conditions

**Journal:** Chemical Geology

**Volume:** 97

**Pages:** 101-112

**Keywords:** silicates, olivine, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, fluidised bed experiments, batch experiments, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, low temperature, low pressure, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 451

**Author:** Wolff-Boenisch, D.; Gislason, S. R.; Oelkers, E.H.

**Year:** 2004

**Title:** The effect of fluoride on the dissolution rate of glasses at pH 4 and 25°C

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 68

**Issue:** 22

**Pages:** 4571-4582

**Keywords:** glass, basalt, amorphous, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, mixed flow experiments, low pH, low temperature, acidic, low pressure, rhyolite, lava, dacite

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 450

**Author:** Wolff-Boenisch, D.; Gislason, S.R.; Oelkers, E.H.; Putnis, C.V.

**Year:** 2004

**Title:** The dissolution rates of natural glasses as a function of their composition at pH 4 and 10.6, and temperatures from 25 to 74°C

**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta

**Volume:** 68

**Issue:** 23

**Pages:** 4843-4858

**Keywords:** glass, basalt, amorphous, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, mixed flow experiments, low pH, low temperature, acidic, high pH, alkaline, low pressure, elevated temperature, rhyolite, lava

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 111  
**Author:** Wollast, R.  
**Year:** 1967  
**Title:** Kinetics of the alteration of K-feldspar in buffered solutions at low temperature  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 31  
**Pages:** 635-648  
**Keywords:** silicates, feldspars, K-feldspar, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, batch experiments, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Book Section  
**Record Number:** 118  
**Author:** Wollast, R.  
**Year:** 1990  
**Title:** Rate and mechanism of dissolution of carbonates in the system  $\text{CaCO}_3\text{-MgCO}_3$   
**Editor:** Stumm  
**Book Title:** Aquatic chemical kinetics, reaction rates of processes in natural waters  
**Publisher:** John Wiley and Sons  
**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, aragonite, magnesite, dissolution kinetics, review study

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 79  
**Author:** Wood, B.J.; Walther, J.V.  
**Year:** 1983  
**Title:** Rates of hydrothermal reactions  
**Journal:** Science  
**Volume:** 222  
**Pages:** 413-415  
**Keywords:** dissolution kinetics, review study, low temperature, high temperature, elevated temperatures, quartz, sanidine, microcline, adularia, albite, plagioclase, feldspars, phlogopite, muscovite, micas, silicates

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 39  
**Author:** Xiao, Y.; Lasaga, A.C.  
**Year:** 1994  
**Title:** Ab initio quantum mechanical studies of the kinetics and mechanisms of silicate dissolution:  $\text{H}^+(\text{H}_3\text{O}^+)$  catalysis  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 58  
**Issue:** 24  
**Pages:** 5379-5400  
**Keywords:** silicate minerals, dissolution kinetics, theoretical study, reaction mechanisms

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 73  
**Author:** Xie, Z.; Walther, V.  
**Year:** 1992  
**Title:** Incongruent dissolution and surface area of kaolinite  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 56  
**Pages:** 3357-3363  
**Keywords:** silicates, clays, kaolinite, dissolution kinetics, low temperature, surface areas, review study, low pH, mid pH, neutral, high pH, acidic, alkaline

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 222  
**Author:** Yanagisawa, K.; Ioku, K.; Yamasaki, N.  
**Year of Conference:** 1994  
**Title:** Solubility measurement and single crystal growth of calcite under hydrothermal conditions  
**Conference Name:** The First International Conference on Solvo-Thermal Reactions (ICSTR-1)  
**Conference Location:** Takamatsu, Japan  
**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, precipitation kinetics, batch experiments, high temperatures, high pressures, laboratory study

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings

**Record Number:** 221  
**Author:** Yanagisawa, K.; Kageyama, K.; Matsushita, I.; Feng, Q.; Yamasaki, N.  
**Year of Conference:** 1996  
**Title:** Single crystal growth of calcite in carboxylate solutions under hydrothermal conditions - Influence of growth conditions and solvents on growth rate and quality of grown crystals  
**Conference Name:** The Second International Conference on Solvothermal reactions (ICSTR-2)  
**Conference Location:** Takamatsu, Kagawa, Japan  
**Keywords:** carbonates, calcite, precipitation kinetics, high pressure, high temperature, laboratory study, batch experiments

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 41  
**Author:** Yanagisawa, N.; Fujimoto, K.; Nakashima, S.; Kurata, Y.; Sanada, N.  
**Year:** 1997  
**Title:** Micro FT-IR study of the hydration-layer during dissolution of silica glass  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 61  
**Issue:** 6  
**Pages:** 1165-1170  
**Keywords:** silicates, silica, glass, amorphous, dissolution kinetics, high temperature, high pressure, FTIR, laboratory study, mid pH, neutral, surface hydration, surface layers

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 394  
**Author:** Yokoyama, T.; Banfield, J.B.  
**Year:** 2002  
**Title:** Direct determinations of the rates of rhyolite dissolution and clay formation over 52,000 years and comparison with laboratory measurements  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 66  
**Issue:** 15  
**Pages:** 2665-2681  
**Date:** February 15, 2002  
**Keywords:** rhyolite, weathering, dissolution kinetics, laboratory versus field study, laboratory study, flow-through experiments, low temperature, elevated temperature, low pressure, mid pH, neutral, glass, amorphous, clays, precipitation kinetics

**Reference Type:** Journal Article

**Record Number:** 434  
**Author:** Yunmei, Y.; Yongxuan, Z.; William-Jones, A.E.; Zhenmin, G.; Dexian, L.  
**Year:** 2004  
**Title:** A kinetic study of the oxidation of arsenopyrite in acidic solutions: implications for the environment  
**Journal:** Applied Geochemistry  
**Volume:** 19  
**Pages:** 435-444



**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 60  
**Author:** Zhang, H.; Bloom, P.R.; Nater, E.A.  
**Year:** 1993  
**Title:** Change in surface area and dissolution rates during hornblende dissolution at pH 4.0  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 57  
**Pages:** 1681-1689  
**Keywords:** silicates, hornblende, dissolution kinetics, low pH, acetate, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure, surface areas

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 446  
**Author:** Zhang, R.; Shumin, H.; Zhang, Z.  
**Year of Conference:** 2000  
**Title:** Kinetics of mineral dissolution in near-critical and supercritical water - Extended Abstract  
**Conference Name:** Joint Sixth International Symposium on Hydrothermal Reactions & Fourth International Conference on Solvo-Thermal Reactions  
**Conference Location:** Kochi, Japan  
**Pages:** 39  
**Keywords:** silicates, albite, feldspars, dissolution kinetics, laboratory study, low temperature, high temperature, high pressure, flow experiments, supercritical water

**Reference Type:** Journal Article  
**Record Number:** 54  
**Author:** Zinder, B.; Furrer, G.; Stumm, W.  
**Year:** 1986  
**Title:** The coordination chemistry of weathering: II. Dissolution of Fe(III) oxides  
**Journal:** Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta  
**Volume:** 50  
**Pages:** 1861-1869  
**Keywords:** oxides, hydroxides, Fe oxide, goethite, hematite, ferrihydrate, weathering, dissolution kinetics, oxalate, laboratory study, low temperature, low pressure, low pH, mid pH, neutral, acidic, pH-stat experiments

**Reference Type:** Conference Proceedings  
**Record Number:** 278  
**Author:** Zuddas, P.; Giudici, G.D.  
**Year of Conference:** 1998  
**Title:** Kinetics of calcite precipitation: Molar measurements and molecular descriptions  
**Editor:** Arehart, G.B.; Hulston, J.R.  
**Conference Name:** 9th International Symposium on Water-Rock Interaction (WRI-9)  
**Conference Location:** Taupo, New Zealand, 30 March-3 April 1998  
**Publisher:** A.A. Balkema, Rotterdam  
**Pages:** 955-958  
**Keywords:** calcite, carbonates, precipitation kinetics, low temperature, low pressure, laboratory study, seawater