

## Reducing optical losses in focused-ion-beam etched silicon

J. Schrauwen, D. Van Thourhout and R. Baets

*Photonics Research Group, Department of Information technology, Ghent University – IMEC,  
Sint-Pietersnieuwstraat 41, B-9000 Gent, Belgium*

E.J. Klein, F. Ay, W.C.L. Hopman, R.M. De Ridder

*MESA+ Institute for Nanotechnology, University of Twente, PO Box 217, 7500 AE Enschede, The  
Netherlands*

Silicon-on-insulator is rapidly emerging as the material system of interest for future photonic devices for the consumer market. Optical lithography with 248 nm and 193 nm UV lithography on wafer scale is the ideal tool for volume production of photonic components [1]. However, due to the cost of masks and processing it is expensive and often slow to fabricate prototypes of new device concepts with optical lithography.

Therefore one needs prototyping technologies that enable rapid and flexible fabrication of nanophotonic components. The best example nowadays is electron beam lithography. One of the inconveniences however, is the fact that electrons can not directly etch a semiconductor. Therefore one has to work with resist layers and etch with the conventional tools such as plasma etching. This slows down the optimization process and limits the designs to planar structures. An interesting alternative is focused-ion-beam (FIB), where a beam of ions is used instead of an electron beam. In current commercial systems the particle optics enables local sputtering with a spot smaller than 10 nm, enabling fabrication of devices with a smallest feature size  $< 50$  nm [2].

However, it was reported that FIB etching generates high optical losses in silicon [3]. We propose iodine enhanced etching and annealing at high temperatures as techniques to reduce these optical losses after FIB etching. The best results were obtained for 2 hours annealing at 1000°C: optical losses are reduced from several thousands to less than 100 dB/cm; for a typical device length of 10-100  $\mu\text{m}$  the losses will thus be reduced to 0.1-1 dB, which is a tolerable value for most now device concepts.

1. S. Selvaraja, P. Jaenen, S. Beckx, W. Bogaerts, P. Dumon, D. Van Thourhout, R. Baets, LEOS Annual Meeting 2007, United States (2007)
2. W. C. L. Hopman, F. Ay, W. B. Hu, V. J. Gadgil, L. Kuipers, M. Pollnau, and R. M. de Ridder, *Nanotechnology* **18**, 195305 (2007).
3. J. Schrauwen, D. Van Thourhout, and R. Baets, "Focused-ion-beam fabricated vertical fiber couplers on silicon-on-insulator waveguides," *Applied Physics Letters* **89**, 141102 (2006).

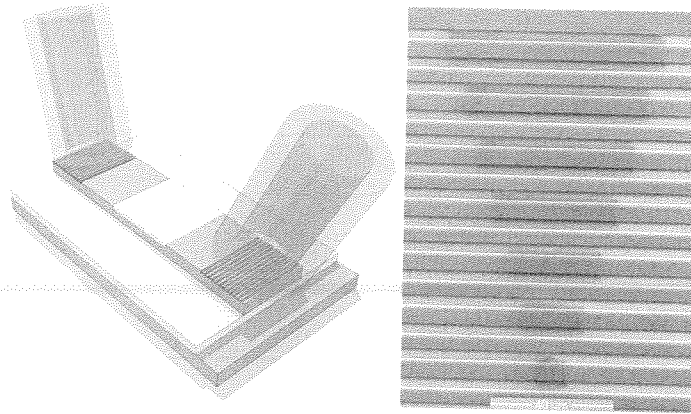


Fig. 1. Left: Principle of the experiment: implantation and etching of prefabricated waveguides; light is coupled from fibers by vertical grating couplers. Right: SEM micrograph of implantations on varying length sections.

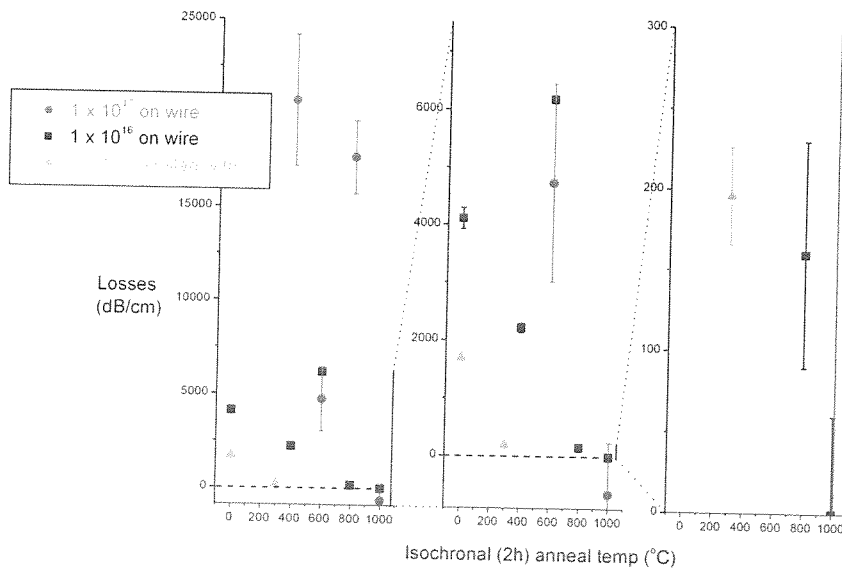


Fig. 2. Optical losses extracted from transmission measurements on wire and slab waveguides. The losses can be reduced to practicable values by both annealing at high temperatures and/or using iodine etch.

2:00 PM (Invited) **Interfacial Mesoscopic Structuring As A Highly Probable Origin Of The Mysterious “LER Fundamental 5nm Limit”**, *Yehiel Gotkis, KLA Tencor*  
2C-2

LER is one of the stumbling blocks in SC technology. Leveling at 5 nm it refuses to show “improving” responses, provoking the term “LER fundamental limit” to appear. Highly interfacial (no bulk) ultra-thin films become dynamically very non-uniform. Phenomena, inducing long-range LER and complicating progress in LER improvement are discussed.

2:30 PM **Contributions Of Resist Polymers To Innate Material Roughness**, *Theodore Fedynyshyn, David Astolfi, Russell Goodman, Susan Cann and Jeanette Roberts\**, *Lincoln Laboratories, MIT, \*Intel Corporation*  
2C-3

We have applied an AFM-based technique to measure intrinsic material roughness (IMR) of different resist polymers to IMR, including polyhydroxystyrene, polymethacrylate and fluorinated polymers. The IMR of these polymers with both EUV and DUV exposure was determined and similarities and differences between exposures at the two wavelengths will be described.

2:50 PM **An Alternative Electron Beam Exposure Mechanism For Hydrogen Silsesquioxane – A Raman And FTIR Study**, *Deirdre Olynick, Andreas Schipotin, Stefano Cabrini and Jim Schuck, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory*  
2C-4

FTIR and Raman spectra of HSQ in baked and exposed samples show the presence of the SiH<sub>2</sub> bond indicating cross-linking during exposure can occur via a redistribution reaction and which does not require hydroxyl groups. Field enhancing plasmonic devices for high resolution Raman studies will also be addressed.

3:10 PM **Improvement In Line Width Roughness (LWR) By Post-Processing**, *Manish Chandhok, Kent Frasure, Steve Putna, Todd Younkin, Willy Rachmady, Uday Shah, Wang Yueh and Melissa Shell, Intel Corporation*  
2C-5

Transistor performance can be impacted when the 3 $\sigma$  LWR is greater than 10% of the gate CD. So, for 22 nm node devices LWR < 2.2 nm is required. We will present post-processing techniques to reduce LWR and show ~2 nm LWR for 40 nm hp features using EUV lithography.

3:30 PM Break

## Poster Session

Plaza Foyer and Broadway Rooms

3:45 pm – 6:30 pm

### Nano-Optic Devices I Session Posters

P-2B-1 **Fabrication Of 200 Nm Period Blazed Transmission Gratings On Silicon-On-Insulator Wafers**, *Minseung Ahn, Ralf Heilmann and Mark Schattenburg, Massachusetts Institute of Technology*

We present progress in the fabrication of 200 nm-period blazed transmission gratings with a 25  $\mu$ m-pitch support mesh on 3-5  $\mu$ m thick SOI wafers. We achieved very high etch anisotropy of about 500-1000 on a <110> silicon wafer using a room temperature etching process in a high concentration KOH solution.

P-2B-2 **Reducing Optical Losses In Focused-Ion-Beam Etched Silicon**, *Jonathan Schrauwen, Roel Baets, Dries Van Thourhout, Edwin J. Klein\*, Feridun Ay\*, Wico C.L. Hopman\* and Rene. M. De Ridder\*, Ghent University, University of Twente*



Focused-ion-beam (FIB) is an interesting alternative for prototyping of photonic components because it can directly etch a semiconductor and reach feature sizes < 50 nm. However, silicon exhibits high optical losses after FIB etching. We propose two techniques to reduce these losses: high temperature annealing and iodine enhanced FIB etching.

**THE 52nd  
INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE  
on  
ELECTRON, ION, and PHOTON BEAM TECHNOLOGY &  
NANOFABRICATION**

*Hilton Portland and Executive Tower  
Portland, Oregon  
May 27 – May 30, 2008*

*Co-sponsored by:*

The American Vacuum Society



*in cooperation with:*

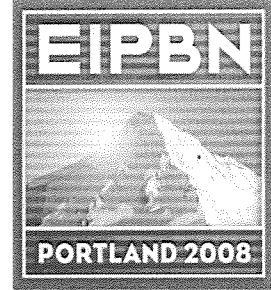
The Electron Devices Society of the Institute of Electrical and Electronic  
Engineers

and

The Optical Society of America

# The 52<sup>nd</sup> International Conference on Electron, Ion, Photon Beam Technology and Nanofabrication

Portland, Oregon May 27–30, 2008



## Affiliates Program

### Commercial session

Tuesday, May 27: 2 pm – 9 pm  
Wednesday, May 28: 8 am – 1 pm (optional)

Conference attendees have the opportunity to become acquainted with your company and products, meet your representatives, and view company information of all kinds. The setting is informal, with refreshments served. This year we will also have the Welcome Reception in the Commercial Exhibit area from 7:00 to 9:30 pm on Tuesday. It is a terrific opportunity to make new contacts, renew existing ones, and gain valuable exposure in a very active community. Many students attend EIPBN, and welcome the opportunity to connect with possible future employers! Two booth sizes are available:

Standard (10 x 10 feet, one 4 x 8 feet poster, mountings provided)	<b>Cost: \$ 800</b>
Large (10 x 20 feet, two 4 x 8 feet posters, mountings provided)	<b>Cost: \$ 1,100</b>

Reservations can be made using our web site, [www.eipbn.org](http://www.eipbn.org), or by contacting the Conference Chair or the Commercial Session Chair (contact information below). Additional rooms are available at the special conference rate by using the hotel registration feature on our web site, or by contacting the hotel directly at 410-385-3000. Please let us know if you require special equipment or arrangements.

### Corporate sponsor

EIPBN has a long tradition of corporate support. Indeed, we rely on the generosity of our corporate affiliates to help us provide a first-rate conference. We will make your corporate name prominent on our web site, in our mailings, and throughout the conference. Contributions are at your discretion, but two special programs are available:

Corporate Sponsor (sponsor a coffee hour or other event)	<b>Donation: \$ 2,500</b>
Corporate Benefactor (sponsor a major conference event)	<b>Donation: \$ 5,000</b>



## Calendar

A list of conferences and schools scheduled within the coming two years and covering topics related to energetic beam interactions with materials and atoms. \* Indicates new or changed information.

- March 9–13, 2008**  
New Orleans, USA
- TMS Annual Meeting: Symposium on **Charged Particle Beam-Induced Radiation Effects in Materials**  
*Information:* G.S. Was  
University of Michigan  
e-mail: [gsw@umich.edu](mailto:gsw@umich.edu)  
<http://cmsplus.tms.org/CMS/CMSPlus.ns?OpenDatabase>
- May 11–15, 2008**  
Santa Fe, New Mexico, USA
- American Conference on Neutron Scattering (ACNS2008)  
*Information:* Simon Billinge  
e-mail: [billinge@pa.msu.edu](mailto:billinge@pa.msu.edu)  
Thomas Proffen  
e-mail: [tproffen@lanl.gov](mailto:tproffen@lanl.gov)  
<http://www.lansce.lanl.gov/acns2008/index.html>
- May 12–16, 2008**  
Siena, Italy
- 37th Int. Symp. of **Archaeometry**  
*Information:* <http://www.inisi.it/eventi/isa2008>
- May 19–25, 2008**  
Zakopane, Poland
- XLII Zakopane School of Physics – “**Breaking Frontiers: Submicron Structures in Physics and Biology**”  
*Information:* Dr. Marta Marszałek  
e-mail: [zakopaneschool2008@ifj.edu.pl](mailto:zakopaneschool2008@ifj.edu.pl)  
<http://www.ifj.edu.pl/zakopaneschool2008>
- May 26–30, 2008**  
Strasbourg, France
- EMRS Spring Meeting, Symposium I. **Front-end Junction and Contact Formation in Future Silicon/ Germanium Based Devices**  
*Information:* Fucio Christiano, LAAS/ CNRS, 7 av du Col Roche, F-31077 Toulouse, France  
e-mail: [Fucio@laas.fr](mailto:Fucio@laas.fr)  
or Peter Pichler, Fraunhofer IISB, Schottkystrasse 10, D-91058 Erlangen, Germany  
e-mail: [pichler@iisb.fraunhofer.de](mailto:pichler@iisb.fraunhofer.de)  
<http://www.emrs-strasbourg.com>
- May 27–30, 2008**  
Portland, Oregon, USA
- The 52nd International Conference on Electron, Ion, and Photon Beam Technology, and Nanofabrication (EIPBN 2008)  
*Information:* Prof. Steven Brueck  
Center for High Technology Materials, University of New Mexico  
1313 Goddard SE, Albuquerque, NM 87106  
Tel.: 505 272 7800  
e-mail: [eipbn08@comcast.net](mailto:eipbn08@comcast.net)  
<http://www.eipbn.org>
- May 28–June 6, 2008**  
Dourdan, France
- CERN Accelerator School on **Beam Dignostics**  
*Information:* S. von Wartburg, CERN Accelerator School  
DSU Division, CERN, CH-1211 Geneva 23  
Fax: +41 2276 75460  
e-mail: [Suzanne.von.Wartburg@CERN.ch](mailto:Suzanne.von.Wartburg@CERN.ch)
- June 2–5, 2008**  
Lyon, France
- Int. Conf. on **Swift Heavy Ions in Matter, SHIM 2008**  
*Information:* Denis Dauvergne, IPN Lyon, 4 rue E. Fermi, F-69622 Villeurbanne Cedex, France  
Tel./fax: +33 4724 46257/31452  
e-mail: [d.dauvergne@ipnl.in2p3.fr](mailto:d.dauvergne@ipnl.in2p3.fr)  
e-mail: [SHIM2008@in2p3.fr](mailto:SHIM2008@in2p3.fr)  
<http://shim2008@in2p3.fr>