New 1-systems of Q(6,q), q even

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A 1-system  $\mathcal{M}$  of the parabolic quadric Q(6,q) in  $\mathsf{PG}(6,q)$  is a set  $\{L_0, L_1, \ldots, L_{q^3}\}$  consisting of  $q^3 + 1$  lines on Q(6,q) having the property that the tangent space of Q(6,q) at  $L_i$  has no point in common with  $(L_0 \cup L_1 \cup \ldots \cup L_{q^3}) \setminus L_i$ ,  $i = 0, 1, \ldots, q^3$ . We will discuss a method to construct new locally hermitian 1-systems of Q(6,q), q even; for q odd, this was already done in [1]. One of these 1-systems is the spread of the hexagon  $\mathsf{H}(q)$ ,  $q = 2^{2e}$ , which was discovered by A. Offer in [3]. Moreover, we can classify these new 1-systems as the only ones on Q(6,q) which are locally hermitian and semiclassical, but not contained in a 5-dimensional subspace.

Our class of new 1-systems has beautiful applications in a wide range of fields. By projection from the nucleus of Q(6,q) onto a  $\mathsf{PG}(5,q)$  not containing the nucleus, every 1-system of Q(6,q), q even, yields a 1-system of  $W_5(q)$ , hence we have also found a new class of 1-systems of  $W_5(q)$ . In [2], it is explained that every 1-system of  $W_5(q)$  yields a semipartial geometry, while by a corollary in [4], a 1-system of  $W_5(q)$  defines a strongly regular graph and a two-weight code. So our new class of 1-systems provides us with new examples of semipartial geometries, strongly regular graphs and two-weight codes.

## References

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