

BOOK OF ABSTRACTS

OCTOBER 21-22, 2022

ACADEMY OF SCIENCES AND ARTS
OF THE REPUBLIC OF SRPSKA,

INTERNATIONAL SCIENTIFIC CONFERENCE

OF CHEMISTS,
TECHNOLOGISTS AND
CONFE ENVIRONMENTALISTS
RENCE OF REPUBLIC OF SRPSKA

XIV CONFERENCE OF CHEMISTS, TECHNOLOGISTS AND ENVIRONMENTALISTS OF REPUBLIC OF SRPSKA BOOK OF ABSTRACTS

Publisher:

University in Banjaluka, Faculty of Technology

Editorial board: Borislav Malinovic, PhD, dean

Design and computer processing Pero Sailovic, PhD Msc Branka Ruzicic

> CIP - Каталогизација у публикацији Народна и универзитетска библиотека Републике Српске, Бања Лука

66(048.3)(0.034.2) 661:663/664(048.3)(0.034.2) 677(048.3)(0.034.2) 655(048.3)(0.034.2) 502(048.3)(0.034.2)

CONFERENCE of Chemists, Technologists and Environmentalists of Republic of Srpska (14; Banja Luka; 2022)

Book of Abstracts [Електронски извор] / XIV Conference of Chemists, Technologists and Environmentalists of Republic of Srpska, Banja Luka, October 21-22, 2022; [editorial board Borislav Malinović]. - Onlajn izd. - El. zbornik. - Banja Luka: University in Banjaluka, Faculty of Technology = Tehnološki fakultet, 2022

Sistemski zahtjevi: Nisu navedeni. - Način pristupa (URL): https://savjetovanje.tf.unibl.org/. - El. publikacija u PDF formatu opsega 207 str. - Nasl. sa naslovnog ekrana. - Opis izvora dana 20.10.2022.

ISBN 978-99938-54-96-8

COBISS.RS-ID 137004033

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International scientific conference

"XIV CONFERENCE OF CHEMISTS, TECHNOLOGISTS AND ENVIRONMENTALISTS OF REPUBLIC OF SRPSKA"

under the auspices of



MINISTRY OF SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNOLOGICAL DEVELOPMENT, HIGHER EDUCATION AND INFORMATION SOCIETY

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND WATER MANAGEMENT



ACADEMY OF SCIENCES AND ARTS OF THE REPUBLICA OF SRPSKA

SURFACE CHARACTERISTICS OF POLYURETHANE/ORGANOCLAY NANOCOMPOSITES

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Abstract

Polyurethanes (PUs) are widely used polymers, with specific production able to be aimed at their notable industrial and biomedical applications by carefully changing their ingredients, their ratios and their preparation procedures. The popularity of PU nanocomposites is caused mainly by the simplicity of tuning their functional properties. The choice of nanofillers, for example, clay, graphene oxide, carbon nanotubes, silicon dioxide, nanosilver or nanoferrite is miscellaneous. In this work, PU/clay nanocomposites were prepared by in situ polymerization in the presence of organically modified clay (Cloisite 30B) with clay loading of 0.5 wt.%. We used hyperbranched polyester and 4,4'-methylenediphenyldiisocyanate as hard segment components, poly(dimethylsiloxane) macrodiol as soft segment. The influence of the soft segment content on the properties of nanocomposites was investigated by swelling behavior, crosslinking density, degree of phase separation, water absorption and contact angle measurements as well as surface free energy determination. FTIR results showed the higher degree of phase separation in nanocomposites as soft segment content decreased. Moreover, the results showed that equilibrium swelling degree of PU nanocomposites decreases, while crosslinking density increases with decreasing soft segment content. Hydrophobicity of the PU nanocomposites increases with increasing soft segment content, due to the hydrophobic character of PDMS. Namely, the surface free energy of nanocomposites films decreases in the range of 39.8 to 28.0 mJ/m² with increasing soft segment content, confirming good surface hydrophobicity. Therefore, PU nanocomposites could be considered as promising materials suitable for coating applications.

Keywords: polyurethanes, clay nanofiller, crosslinking density, contact angles, surface free energy.

Acknowledgement: The authors would like to thank the Ministry of Education, Science and Technological Development of the Republic of Serbia (Grant No: 451-03-68/2022-14/200026) and by the Czech Science Foundation (Grant Agency of the Czech Republic, Project No. No: 18-03932S).