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MACONDO: THE DENSITY OF TIME

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MACONDO: THE DENSITY OF TIME

Authors: Juan Luis Suárez Antonio Jiménez-Mavillard The repetition of names and surnames in *One Hundred Years of Solitude.*

Time can be cut with a knife in *One Hundred Years of Solitude*. Critics and readers have referred to the density of time in this world created by Marquez. In light of this density, is *One Hundred Years of Solitude* based on a cyclical narrative?

A data analysis based on the interrelations between the characters, whose names and surnames compete with their uniqueness, shows precisely the opposite. García Márquez's narrative is especially linear.

REPEATED NAMES ▶

To differentiate characters such as the José Arcadios and the Aurelianos, we took into account the context given by the other characters with whom they frequently interact.

To reach this conclusion, we examined all the characters throughout the twenty chapters. Characters with unique names are easy to situate in their respective narrative. Whereas repetitive names, which are some of the most important characters, are based on the narrative context. For example, we know that the only José Arcadio that travels to Rome is of the fifth generation.

The main result of the analysis is a flow diagram that represents the number of times characters appear with other characters, and the number of mentions of each character in each chapter.

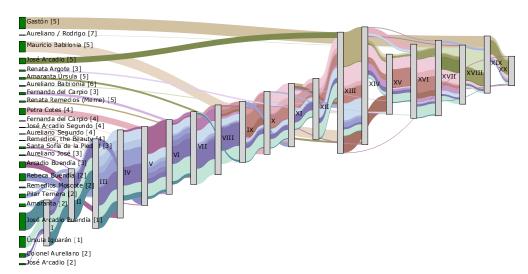


Figure 1. Flow diagram of the Buendía family members. The characters appear in the vertical axis and the chapters are represented as bars placed along the horizontal axis.

The linear family saga is not the only structural feature that contributes to the temporal density of the work. This plot develops as new characters appear on the scene, and more

FLOW DIAGRAM

The width of the path entering a chapter's bar represents the number of times the character is mentioned. Zoom in to see the diagram in detail.

so, as they relate to their own generation and family dynasty. This demonstrates the dynamic of their collective beyond their own personhood. One Hundred Years of Solitude is a narrative of the cohort of characters that inhabit and give life to Macondo.

CHARACTERS GENERATIONS >

The characters appear more frequently among others in the same generational cohort.

The characters make many appearances, and never disappear completely from the narrative. Starting from the first chapter, more characters appear in the text, and in some chapters, there are more than sixteen. There are many references to deceased characters through their personal possessions, which have been inherited by their descendants, or by remembrance. This can be seen when Fernanda realizes that her son Aureliano Segundo resembles his kin in having the habit of disassembling and assembling objects: "Watching him putting in latches and repairing clocks, Fernanda wondered whether or not he too might be falling into the vice of building so that he could take apart like Colonel Aureliano Buendia and his little gold fishes, Amaranta and her shroud and her buttons, Jose Arcadio and the parchments, and Ursula and her memories" (García Márquez, 154).

FOLLOW THE PATH ▶

The purple path represents the appearance and mentions of Coronel Aureliano Buendía.

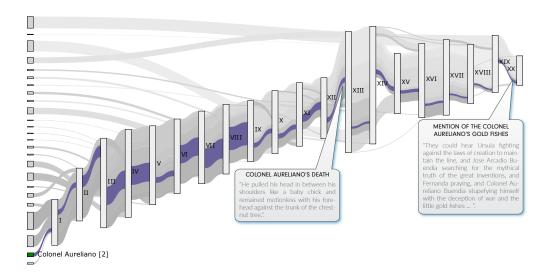


Figure 2. Path of mentions of Coronel Aureliano Buendía.

CONSTRUCTION OF THE TIME

By computing the appearance and mentions of each character, we can understand the construction of the narrative and identify the succession of the Buendias family.

Why, then, the allusion about the cyclical narrative? It can be said it is due to the repetition of the names. Numerous characters share names and/or surnames, which provide a feeling of incomplete repetition and this, in turn, provoke the feeling that we already know some of them in the land of Macondo.

García Márquez's uses his literary devices to exploit the linearity of the saga, and later to expand it thanks to the repetition of names. The result is a masterful densification of time, which endowed the story with as many dimensions as those projected by the vital vicissitudes of the characters in Macondo.

The craftsmanship of Gabo's writing shows his genius, specially when the biographical profiles of each of his characters appear clearly through the design of his temporal space. A space that simultaneously contains life and death, through the mastery of Marquez.

This is the last issue of the volume on Gabriel García Márquez. It is a modest tribute from the Cultureplex Lab to the author on the fifth anniversary of his death. Gabo not only demonstrated his genius through the greatness and versatility of his work, but also

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In the third and fourth publications, the data led us to the journalistic phenomenon in which Gabo became, determined by his impact on the English-speaking media around the world, especially after winning the Nobel Prize.

In this last issue of the volume, we focused on an analysis of data that reflects the architecture of his characters and the greatness of One Hundred Years of Solitude. This whole volume is our tribute to the universal Gabo that transcends time and space.

WORKS CITED

García Márquez, Gabriel (1970). One Hundred Years of Solitude. New York City: Avon Bard Books.

METHODOLOGY

First, we downloaded the text of One Hundred Years of Solitude from Internet Archive. Then, we split the text of the novel into its twenty chapters. Next, we tracked every main character of the novel and counted the number of times that each character appeared in each chapter. Finally, we represented the main characters and their frequencies per chapter in a flow diagram (Sankey diagram) through the tool Plotly.

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