



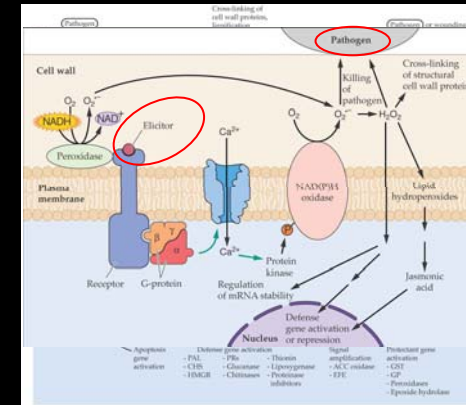
Pseudomonas savastanoi triggers the Hypersensitive Response of *Olea europaea* var. Galega Vulgar suspension cell cultures

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The Hypersensitive Response



Olea europaea L.

Significant importance in Portuguese economy

340,000 acres of olive orchards

40,000 tons of olive oil / year

40% destined for exportation



Pseudomonas savastanoi

(*Pseudomonas syringae* pv. *savastanoi*)

Responsible for the olive knot disease

Originates galls in the stems, shoots and leaves

Drastically reduces productivity and quality of fruits

Enters the plant through wounds, leaf scars or bark cracks made by freezing

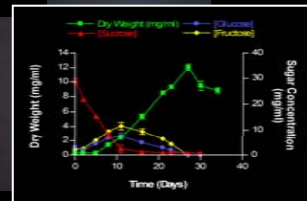
Spread by wind and rain



Establishment of an *in vitro* elicitation system

Establishment of suspension cell cultures of *Olea europaea* var. Galega Vulgar

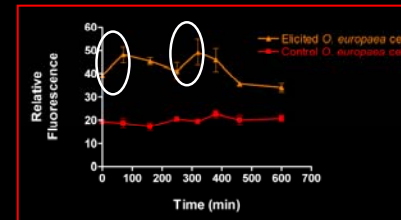
Development of the elicitation system:



cells
and in appropriate
with bacterial
on

ROS production

Spectrofluorimetric quantification using the fluorescent probe H₂DCFDA



Two bursts of ROS production

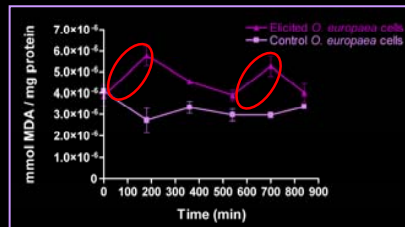
50 min
300 min

Pattern characteristic of the Oxidative Burst of incompatible interactions

Lipid peroxidation

Assessment of the amount of oxidative injury to the cells

MDA quantification using the TBA test



Two peaks in lipid peroxidation levels

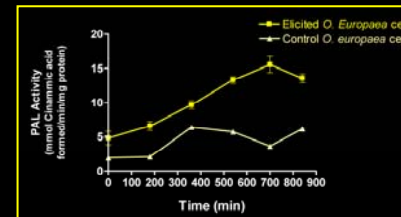
100 min
600 min

Peaks occur immediately after ROS production bursts

PAL Activity

First enzyme of the phenylpropanoid pathway

Spectrophotometrical quantification of trans-cinnamic acid formation



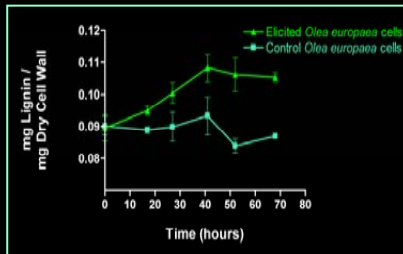
Significant increase in PAL activity in challenged cells

Indicates activation of defense mechanisms

Lignin Content

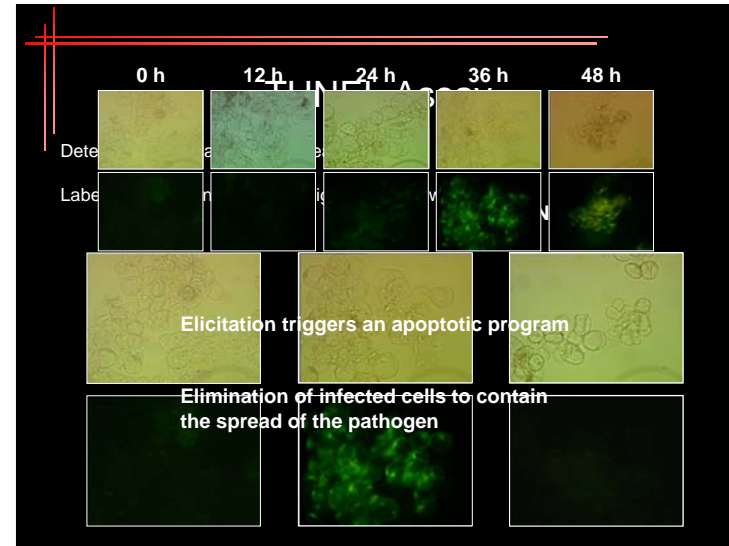
Main component of the cell wall

End product of the phenylpropanoid pathway



Elicited cells show higher lignin content in the cell wall

Reinforcement of the cell boundaries as a resistance process



Conclusions

The interaction between the variety *Galega Vulgar* of *Olea europaea* and the bacteria *Pseudomonas savastanoi* is apparently incompatible

Increased levels of ROS production

Production of secondary metabolites essential to the resistance process

Reinforcement of the cell boundaries

Triggering of programmed cell death

Acknowledgments

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